Trains Blown Up and Precipitated into the River.

NEARLY 3,000 CASUALTIES.

A despatch from Tokio says: Russians at Nagasaki have received a despatch sent from Vladivostock last Thursday, saying that from 9 o'clock Wednesday night a sanguinary conflict had been waged between Cossacks and ex-prisoners from Japan. The wounded were estimated to number 1,500. One-third of them were taken to the hospitals, but the rest were allowed to remain on the streets, which were covered with snow. The weather was bitterly cold. Fearial scenes were witnessed. A train has been long overdue from Harbin. Some trains have been blown up by the rioters and precipitated into the river. There nave been nearly 3,000 casualties in these outrages.

MANY STATIONS BURNED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: 'According to trustworthy messages received here, the mutineers still dominate

Vladivostock. 'he population along the Siberian Railroad are starving. The riotous returning troops have commandeered ad the rolling stock and plundered and Lurned many stations. Telegrams from Russia, says that the inhabitants of sevmany districts show that the gravest fears are entertained of a general uprising of the peasantry in the Spring.

NUNS WITH BOMBS.

found to have bombs in their possession. restored.

A despatch from Gomel says the city is burning. For two days there has been continuous firing on the streets. Many persons have been killed and wounded. The inhabitants are fleeing.

Unsuccessful attempts have been made and chief of police. Cossacks at Kursk atrocities by soldiers at the St. Nicholas knouted a crowd of worshippers. Whole- Lunatic Asylum of 1,000 inmates, where sale arrests continue throughout the 700 perfectly sane persons have been inprovinces.

SAILORS RAID A STORE.

vanoff, the commandant, and demand- reasons unexplained.

| ed that the prisoners be released. Troops scattered them with quick-firing guns. The artillerymen mutinied Tuesday. Gen. Selivanoff went to pacify them. He addressed them, and they were apparently appeased, but as he quitted the battery mutiniers fired at him, wounding him in the neck and chest. His condition is serious. Cossacks have been sent from Nicholsk to quell the mutiny.

REVOLUTION IN CAUCASUS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: A railroad communication with the Caucasus generally has been restored. The revolutionists of Guria and Mingrelia are retiring to the mountains, obstinalely resisting the advance of the troops. The revolutionists who were driven from Kwirlia rallied on Friday and fought a regular battle, andvancing on the troops. Other severe encounters are reported. Several towns besides Kwirila are in flames.

A revolution has broken out in Northern Caucasus. The mountaineers around Ekaterinodar have risen, and are making frequent forays. A large detachment of Cossacks has been sent to restore order.

Advices from Ekaterinoslay, South eral villages in that vicinity have been thin 7c to 8c; fat hens 71/2c to 81/2c, thin rioting and engaged in various excesses, making it necessary to employ artillery to subdue them.

The Government has been relaxing its A despatch to the London Times from repressive measures since Jan. 22. Many on track here, 75c to 85c out of store; received by Mr. Kelso recently he says: St Petersburg says that two nuns who of the persons arrested have been releaswere arrested at Tsarkoe-Selo were ed, and the right of assembly will be

ATROCITIES BY SOLDIERS.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Times cables. The newsat Minsk to assassinate the Governor papers have published columns about terned by the police on account of revolutionary tendencies. The police have a right under the provisions of a minor stage of siege prevailing in all the A despatch from Vladivostock says: large cities of the empire to send any-The sailors here mutinied again Mon- one to a lunatic asylum for an indefiday. They raided a rifle store and held nite period. Soldiers brutally maltreatan armed meeting, after which they ed not only the hapless inmates, but marched to the residence of Gen. Seli- many members of the asylum staff for

HOG RAISING INDUSTRY ish beacon for the highest place on the British market.

BOTH FARMER AND PACKER MUST CO-OPERATE.

Il Would Be a Calamity to Jeopardize So Valuable an Industry.

in Canada has been falling off. Even the output from Canada has reached 13c to 13%c. before the order was issued debarring about \$15,000,000 annually, or 20 per packers from importing United States cent. of the total quantity of bacon imhogs to be slaughtered in bond, difficul- ported by Great Britain. To jeopardize ket is easier in tone and prices have de- bank having sustained a net loss of by was experienced by Canadian pack- so valuable an industry would be noers in procuring sufficient hogs. The thing less than amount of the shortage during the summer and fall is indicated by the fact that packers claim to have been able to secure only from 30 to 50 per-cent, of the capacity of their factories.

Hog raisers, on the other hand, claim that the production is considerably nearer the normal than would appear packing house capacity, rather than a decrease in hog raising. In some of the dairying sections the supplies are reported to be very little, if any, below the normal, while in other districts the shortage is placed at about 20 to 25 per

cent. Enquiries as to the cause of the shortage brought from the packers and producers a variety of replies. The packers claim that for the past three years or more the competition between buyers of hogs has been so keen that top prices have been paid continuously and that these prices have been high enough to give a profit to the producer. They claim, therefore, to be at a loss to understand why there is

A SHORTAGE AT THIS TIME. where no profit was left for the feeder. This, they complain, took place last season when sows would be bred for the supplies of the fall just past, and as coarse grains were high and labor scarce at that time, many brood sows

were sent to the market, Again it is argued that the majority of packers have not encouraged the production of hogs of the bacon type and Forwarded to Tokio - In Effect About New York, Jan. 30 . - Wheat - Spot weight. For a number of years improvement in the hog stock of the country made satisfactory progress, but A despatch from Ottawa says: It is during the past season, at least, the over a month since his Majesty signed producers of the ideal sort have receiv- the treaty between Canada and Japan. ed no encouragement to continue their It has now gone forward to Tokio to Le work; a flat rate has been paid for good signed by his Imperial Majesty the slock brought quite as much as the sort | Canada will immediately secure the less it was for something very choice to save the Falls from destruction by fiction that they were shot while trying that competes with the Irish and Dan- benefit of the minimum tariff of Japan. in the butcher line. There was very power companies.

shortage or the real cause of it, the fact \$1.85 to \$1.95; extra, \$1.65 to \$1.75. remains that unless producers and packstrenuous effort to build up, may be- ille, \$25 to \$27 per ton. come seriously demoralized.

In 1890 there were only two packing 35 houses in the export trade with a weekly capacity of some 3,000 hogs, while in Investigations by the Live Stock ing houses in operation was some 50. pure clover, \$6 per ton in car lots.

A NATIONAL CALAMITY.

If the farmers who have been in the habit of raising hogs will accord the bacon industry a steady, persistent support, begotten of the knowledge that hog raising pays year in and year out. the future has very large possibilities for the Canadian bacon industry. Canais, they say, partly an increase in the dian bacon having already won a place spect, as it increases in quantity and improves in quality it will undoubtedly become a daily necessity of the British consumer. That it may occupy this enviable position both farmer and packer must co-operate, the farmer by producing the steady supply of the right class of hogs, the packer by paying a fairly uniform price from month to month and from year to year; and he must give value per pound according to the quality of the product he received. Let each do his part, and there will be little trouble about the supply of hogs for keeping the factories going at a normal capacity. What appears to be most needed at the present time is that relations of confidence be restored and maintained between packer and farmer Speaking from the standpoint of the through fair dealing and intelligent coproducer, well-informed authorities claim operation. With these and the apprecithat the price has been as uniformly ation on the part of the producer of the high as it should have been. At times possibilities of the industry, hog raising of the year when packers anticipated cannot fail to be one of the most profit-Leavy runs prices dropped to a price able branches of Canadian agriculture. northern, 90%c; winter, No. 2, nothing

Live Stock Branch,

CANADA-JAPAN TREATY.

March 1st.

Toronto, Jan. 30 .- Wheat - Ontario -No. 2 white, 79c; red, 78c to 79c; mixed, 78c; goose, 75c; spring, 74c to 75c at outside points.

Manitoba-No. 1 hard, 89c on track at lake ports; No. 1 northern, 87c; No. 2 northern, 841/2c; No. 3 821/2c; all-rail quotations, North Bay, at 31/2c above these prices.

Flour - Ontario, \$3.10 to \$3.15 bid for export for 90 per cent. patents, at outside points, in buyers' bags; high patents, bags included, at Toronto, \$4; patents, \$4.30; second patents, \$4.10. Millfeed - Bran, in bags, outside, \$17;

Oats-Firm, 351/2c to 36c outside. Barley-No. 2, 48c to 49c; No. 3 extra, 45c to 46c; No. 3, 42c, all outside.

Peas.-79c outside. Rye-70c, outside.

shorts, \$18.

Buckwheat-52%c to 53c, outside. Corn - Canadian, 44%c, Chatham freights; American, No. 3 yellow, 501/2c; mixed, 50c, Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter - Prices are quoted unchanged. Creamery 24c to 25c do solids 23c to 24c do large cmfwypm do large rolls 19c to 20c do inferior 18c to 20c Cheese - Steady to firm at 13c for large and 13%c for twins.

Eggs - 22c to 23c for new-laid, 17c for storage and 15c for limed. Poultry - Fat chickens, 10c to 11c, be to 7c; ducks 12c to 13c, thin 6c to 8c;

geese 10c to 11c; turkeys. 14c to 15c for choice small lots. Potatoes - Ontario, 65c to 75c per bag eastern, 70c to 80c on track and 80c to

90c out of store. Baled Hay - \$8 per ton for No. timothy, in car lots here, and \$6 for

No. 2. Baled Straw - Car lots on track are

quoted unchanged at \$6 per ton. Montreal, Jan. 30. - Grain-A period of inactivity seems to have arrived in the local grain market. Oats continue very strong. Sales were made this morning at 40%c for No. 2 white. The local flour market was steady. Bran continues firm. There is a fair trade before they become hardened in wrongpassing in shorts and mouille at steady doing. Many lads take up with crime prices. Baled hay is somewhat weak in tone and prices are unchanged. The demand is only fair, and the supply is

said to be very large. Peas-79c f.o.b. per bushel. Barley - Manitoba No. 3, 471/2c; No.

4 45%c to 46c. Corn - American mixed, 53c; No.

yellow 53%c ex track. Flour - Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$4.60 to \$4.70; strong bakers', \$4.-! 20; winter wheat patents, \$1.20 to \$4.50; Whatever may be the extent of the straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.10; do., in bags,

Millfeed - Manitoba bran, in bags, ers grapple in sympathetic co-operation \$18; shorts, \$20 per ton; Ontario bran, with the situation, Canada's valuable in bulk, \$14.50 to \$15; shorts, \$20, milled bacon industry which has cost years of mouille, \$21 to \$24; straight grain mou- arrested on Friday night a man for

Rolled Oats - Per bag, \$2.10 to \$2.-

Cornmeal-\$1.30 to \$1.40 per bag. Hay-No. 1, \$8.50 to \$9; No. 2, \$7.25 is declared to be James Mances, former-1905 the weekly capacity of the 16 pack- to \$7.50; clover mixed, \$6 to \$6.50, and ly an American bookmaker, who is Branch of the Dominion Department of 1000. While this limit has not been Cheese — The receipts of cheese this Bank of Liverpool robbery of November Bannerman will enter the new Parlia-

> morning were 352 packages. The mar- recovered from the conspirators, the bie to tell, follows: clined to 22%c to 23c for choice cream- more than \$400,000. While admitting ery. There is no export business pass- his name to be James Mances, the man ing through and the local demand is under arrest asserts that he had no part

for rolls and 19%c to 20%c in tubs. Eggs - The receipts of eggs this morn- held to await word from the British entire force of Laborites and Nationaling were four cases. The market con- authorities, who have been apprised by ists against the Government is hardly tinues steady, with a somewhat weak cable of the arrest. underlone. Prices are unchanged at 26c to 27c for "strictly fresh" and 23c for selects. Limed are selling at from

17c to 19c. Provisions — Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$21; light short cut, \$20; Am- Accidental Discharge of Dynamite Near erican cut clear fat back, \$19 to \$20; compound lard, 6% to 7%c; Canadian pure lard, 10%c to 11c; kettle rendered,

75 for mixed lots.

26%c to 21%c.

BUFFALO MARKETS.

Buffalo, Jan. 30. - Flour - Quiet and steady. Wheat - Spring lower; No. 1 bad the contract. doing. Corn - Unsettled; No. 2 yellow, Dominion Dept. of Agriculture. 47% to 48c; No. 2 corn, 47% nominal. Oats-Dull but steady; No. 2 white, 35%c No. 2 mixed, 34%c. Barley-Steady; Western, 45 to 55c. Rye-No. 2, 71c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

weak; No. 2 red, 85%c f.o.b. elevator; No. 2 red, 90%c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern, 95%c f.o.b. affoat.

CATTLE MARKET.

MARKETS keen demand for the choicest butcher cattle, and as there was so few of the right class offering, some better prices were paid to-day than yesterday.

Butcher - Picked lots in twos and threes sold at from \$4.25 to \$4.40, and one very choice lot of half a dozen butcher heifers, ranging from 1,050 to 1,050 lbs., was sold at \$4.60.

Export - One lot was sold at \$5, bu these were well-finished heavy cattle. and the best on the market. Several sales are reported at around \$4.50.

Stockers - Prices are steady for choice Sheep and Lambs - The market was

firm and prices unchanged. Hogs - The market was strong and 9.) per cent. patents, \$3.60; Manitoba first 25c higher than the highest market last week. Selects, \$7; lights and fats, \$6.25.

SAVED FROM PRISON.

Story of How a Young Fellow of Seventeen Was Saved From Crime.

About a year ago a county magistrate wrote to J. J. Kelso that he had a young fellow about seventeen years of age who had been guilty of house-breaking. He did not like to send him to the Central Prison as his mother was dead, his father was a drunkard, and for ten years | to nothingness, and quite harmless. past he had not known a decent home or kind treatment. "I know you have all you can do helping younger people,' take an interest in this young fellow.' do medium 19c to 20c Word was sent to suspend sentence, remains cast out. get the young man a ticket to Toronto, and give him a letter of introduction. He presented himself in due time, and a situation was obtained for him. After working for a out a month he called to say that he did not like the city, and that if he could only return to the country again he would give no more trouble. He was allowed to go back again with a letter of protection and has been working steadily since that time. In a letter "I like to be here better than in the city but I wish I could see you sometimes to thank you for all you did for me. I think about you when I am at my work and think how glad I might be for I am sure that you were a friend of mine. I feel that I can do nothing but show you my respectableness for you have stood by me. I hope to hear from you soon."

This is the work the Children's Aid Societies all over the Province are trying to do-save the youth of the country love or sympathy shown them, and no one to grieve should they go astray. There is a great field for usefulness right here, and almost any good man or woman inspired by the proper motives can be a friend in need to some neglected youth.

A LONG-SOUGHT ROGUE.

Liverpool Bank Robber Nabbed in New York.

Central office detectives of this city side in Cote des Neiges. whom they declare the police of the world have been searching for more than four years. The prisoner, who was picked up on the street by mere chance, British Liberals Take Power With wanted in connection with the famous

only fair. Dairy butter is in good de- in the affair. After being taken to headmand. Prices are steady at 20c to 21%c quarters and being examined Mances have a majority over all of 83 votes, but was locked up. He will probably be such a thing as a combination of the

THREE KILLED, FOUR DYING.

Keewatin.

A despatch from Keewatin, Ont., says: Government May Pass Bill Framed on 11%c to 11%c; hams, 12c to 13%c ac- On Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock cording to size; bacon, 14%c; fresh-killed a horrible accident happened at 0sterabattoir dressed hogs, \$10 to \$10.25, sund, Ont., 12 miles west of here. At country dressed, \$8.75 to \$9.50 alive; \$7.- that point an immense number of men 23c; undergrades, 22c to 221/2c; dairy, had been put in. This failing to explode, mortally wounding four others.

PRESERVATION OF THE FALLS.

Waterways Commission Advises Co-operation With United States.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The A despatch from St. Petersburg says ... A despatch from St. Petersburg says ... has submitted an interim report to the A lively storm of protest is flowing in Minister of Public Works. One of the against the summary execution of reprincipal points in it is the preservation volutionists even if caught with arms in of Niagara Falls. Although the report their hands, such executions being &has not yet been considered by the Cab- clared contrary to all forms of Russian inet, there is no doubt that the Govern- laws. A despatch just received reports ment will agree to the view of the com- the execution of 45 revolutionists in one Toronto, Jan. 30. — There was per- mission, which is that Canada should village in Livonia Sunday last under compete with the low price American into effect about the 1st of March, when haps no marked advance in prices, un-

NEW CANCER CURE.

Experiments in Edinburgh Show Gratifying Results.

A London despatch says: The efficacy

of the treatment of cancer by inoculations of trypsin has just received a striking demonstration in a series of experiments conducted in the research laboratory of the Edinburgh University under a grant from the Carnegie trust. Among seven or eight cancerous mice, two, for the purpose of the experiment, were injected with a trypsin solution. Twenty-two days from the date of the experiment the "control," that is, the uninoculated mouse, died of cancer. The tumor was found to be as large as the last joint of a man's thumb. One of the mice inoculated with trypsin has died apparently from some injury caused by an accident in the cage, after being ten days under observation, when the tumor was found to be already in an

advanced state of degeneration. On the 22nd day, when the "control" mouse died of the disease, the tumor of cancerous growth in the other trypsis mouse was found to be only as big as a lentil, which is but an apology for a tumor. The growth was in an advanced state of degeneration, shrinking away

The report of the distinguished scientists concludes that the mouse's cure from cancer was not far distant, and a Dairy To. rolls, good to choice 21c to 22c he wrote, " but if it is at all possible microscopical examination confirmed this opinion. Even without further The appeal, although meaning much treatment the tumor in all probability do tubs 21c to 22c trouble and worry, was hard to resist. would have been absorbed shortly or its

AN IMPOSING SPECTACLE.

The Funeral of the Late Hon, Raymond Prefentaine.

A Montreal despatch says: Probably the most imposing state funeral ever witnessed in Montreal, was accorded the remains of Hon. Raymond Prefontaine here on Thursday morning. The heads of the state and the church, the representatives of many foreign countries, the Ottawa and Provincial Governments, Parliaments, and, in short, every branch of public life in the Dominion and Provincial fields, were thoroughly repre-

Despite the cold wave, that rendered great coats necessary, the procession was a very imposing one, while the requiem mass sung by Mgr. Bruchesi was a gorgeous ceremony, the church being fairly abalaze with military uniforms, robed officials of state and the superb vestments of the clergy.

The cortege left the City Hall about 9.30 and a salute of 17 guns was fired by a detachment of the Mounted Field Battery. The 65th Regiment provided the military guard of honor. The streets along which the cortege proceeded were black with people. Long before the procession arrived every point of vantage was seized and occupied. All traffic was stopped. It was as if the whole city joined in a spontaneous tribute of sympathy and sorrow.

The service in St. James' lasted until 11 o'clock, and at noon the last chapter A despatch from New York says. was enacted on the snow-covered hill-

A BIG MAJORITY.

Great Advantage.

A London despatch says: Sir Henry Agriculture have shown that for some reached within from 10,000 to 15,000 morning were nil. The market is quiet 22, 1901, in which the English institumonths past the supply of bacon hogs hogs weekly according to the season, and steady. Prices are unchanged at tion, through forgery and conspiracy. majority ever given to an English Prewas defrauded of more than \$800,000. mier. The composition of the new Butter-The receipts of butter this Subsequently \$380,000 of this amount was Parliament, as near as it is now possi-

Liberals 376 Unionists 160 Nationalists 84 Laborites 59

Thus it will be seen that the Liberals conceivable. To the contrary, the Labor party members and Nationalist members may safely be counted on the Government side on the main issues in Parliament for some time to come.

WILL CHECK USURY.

the Imperial Act.

An Ottawa despatch says: It is statea that the Minister of Justice contemplates are working on the big contract double- the introduction of a bill into Parliament Eggs-New laid, 26c to 27c; selects, tracking the C. P. R. between Winnipeg next session, framed on the Imperial 23c; No. 1 candled, 17c to 18c per doz- and the lakes, a distance of 430 miles. Money Lenders' Act, and designed to It appears that about 30 men were work- put a stop to usury. Under the Imperial Butter-Choicest creamery, 22%c to ing in a rock cutting, and that a charge statute, where a money lender seeks to recover money lent, and the court is the men returned to work, when it sud satisfied that the interest or other de-Cheese-Ontario, 13c to 13%c; Quebec, denly discharged, killing three men and mand in respect of the money actually The loaned is excessive, it may relieve the todies of the killed and injured were person sued for payment of the amount conveyed to Kenora, Ont., where there in excess of such sum as the judge may is a hospital. The men are all Swedes, hold to be reasonable. The court, may, though their names have so far been moreover, order a refund of the excess unascertained. A man named Peterson charges if paid, and may order the lender to indemnify the borrower 'or any securities with which he may have parted in the transaction.

EXECUTING REVOLUTIONISTS.

Protests Against Summary Punishment of Accused Men.