The Slaughter at Odessa Surpassed Mediaeval Persecutions

WORSE THAN KISHINEFF.

'A despatch from Odessa says: Gen. Kaulbars, Commander-in-Chief of this military district, presumably acting under orders from St. Petersburg, began to seriously enforce martial law on Thursday afternoon. This action was gratefully welcomed by the peaceably disposed residents. The garrison was withdrawn from the barracks, pickets were mounted in the streets, strong patrols set to moving, and Maxim guns placed in the chief thoroughfares. The police also were restored to duty. The effect thus far has been wholly satisfactory. The crazy conflict of the rival demoniac mobs has ceased. Five thousand ruffians have had their revolvers taken from them. A stern warning has been given that nobody shall leave their houses after 9 p.m., at which hour all lights must be put out. Those disobeying porches and other prominent places, ates he has arranged to flee, if necing with arms will be summarily fere, although the crowds hooted moment's warning. shot. Sniping shots have been fired them and shouted: "Murderers!" in A German torpedo-boat is anchoroccasionally since nightfall, but there allusion to Wednesday's killing. has been no resumption of the rioting.

The full story of the horrors in the Jewish quarter cannot yet be told. A Red Cross doctor who has been serving there says that the massacre was worse than that at Kishineff. The massacre of Jews continued all day. They were hunted down in the streets and killed and beaten, while their shops were given over to pillage.

The troops wreaked terrible vengeance on the residents of three houses from the balconies of which shots were fired by unknown persons upon soldiers. The latter immediately stormed the houses, and with unheard-of barbarity masacred all the inhabitants. It is persistently asserted that the unknown persons who fired on the troops were disguised policemen, who purposely people. provoked the troops.

firing was uninterrupted the whole Poland on their great holiday for day. Many hundreds have been freedom, but warning them of the ex killed or wounded. The Cossacks istence of elements which are trying eagerly attacked the student militia, to obscure the day's general joy and which was courageously trying to stem the bands who were massacring and pillaging. The Cossacks shared the booty with the rioters.

BODIES STREW STREETS.

The London Standard publishes a despatch from a correspondent at Odessa saying that anarchy and | A despatch from London says: Lit- MAY LOSE bloodshed still reign supreme there. | the hope of an early cessation of the Every shop is bolted and barred. hideous disorders in Russia is to be Mobs are firing indiscriminately. The gathered from the despatches from mob is becoming desperate, and car- various places in that country. St. trigger. The streets are unsafe for haps more owing to the continued following despatch from Tacoma, civilians, owing to the indiscrimin- loyalty of the immense force of Wash :- According to surveys not

the streets, roadways and sidewalks. population, which in many provinci- stands in danger of losing a strip of Everywhere pools of blood meet the al cities are creating a hell of rapine territory fourteen miles wide and be- um, 131 to 14c; do., heavy, 13c; eye, and the walls are bespattered and murder. Odessa continues to tween 200 and 300 miles long, con- rolls, 12c; shoulders, 11c; backs, 15 with it. Jewish women and chil- be the worst outrage spot with taining gold, silver and copper valu- to 151c; breakfast bacon, 15c. dren were strangled and hacked to which London is in direct communi- ed at many millions. pieces in the streets.

six carts full of wounded have just confirmed there will be a terrible list be placed ten marine leagues, or dent. He saw Ger. Kaulbars, the while the destruction of property all bays and inlets north of Portmilitary Governor on Thursday cannot be imagined. English corre- land Canal. Engineers now at work morning, he says, and informed him spondents at Odessa condemn in the are setting monuments only twenty- 2 oats, some being also made at that the citizens regarded him as strongest language the incapacity or one miles from such headwaters. adequate force at his disposal.

stigated by the bureaucracy as a bloody work of the Anarchists. The of the proposed line, while the Unit- report a good demand, both for local last desperate stroke against the correspondents, who go outdoors at ed States engineers have none. constitution.

A VAST DEMONSTRATION.

A despatch from Moscow says:-The rival factions here still retain their antagonism, the Socialists and Republicans generally co-operating questionably not being enforced. against the Bureaucratists, representing the established regime. The Convery unsettled.

sent delegates to the Governor to empty-handed away. ask for the withdrawal of the Cossacks and police while the procession passed the university on the way to the Dorgomillova cemetery, ten miles distant. The delegation guar- A despatch from Odessa says: Alanteed to keep order. The Governor though mob-fighting here has not compelled with the request. A huge been renewed since the reimposition gathering, numbering scores of thou- of martial law on Thursday, the sands a majority wearing red rib. city is still terrorized by the worst bons, escorted the red-drapped coffin classes of the population. Murder in an orderly manner. The proces- and robbery continue unchecked in sion carried red banners. Its pro- some quarters, the Jews being the

four miles from the cemetery.

POLISH DEMONSTATIONS.

A despatch from Warsaw says:-Never since the insurrection of 1863 sacred there. The hospitals, pharhave doings like those of Thursday macies and hotels are full of mutibeen seen here.

Live Poland," have been the watchwords of remarkable demonstrations, which were national in character. Processions headed by men carrying the flag of independent Poland and othere Polish banners formed at the Roman Catholic churches, paraded the streets. The Roman priests, in canonical vestments, marched beneath the flags at the head of each column. It did not matter that the Governor on Wednesday forbade such parades. The demonstrators filed in front of his palace, halted, raised their banners defiantly and sang national songs with the refrain "God Save Poland." Numerous patriotic speeches were made from church

fantry patrol, which demanded that wireless apparatus stationed at inthe paraders surrender their rebel- tervals in order to connect the Gerpersons and wounding many. There Kaiser by this route. were several other clashes, accom- It is well understood that in case panied by bloodshed, but noth- of necessity Emperor Nicholas will ing on a great scale. city is excited and angry. Socialists are not sharing in the na- from there, with the assistance of \$1 to \$1.25. tional movement. Ill-feeling exists between the factions.

Representatives of the bankers and the Polish nobility visited the Governor and appealed to him to withdraw the troops. The barristers have collectively telegraphed to Count de Witte demanding the withdrawal of the soldiery, who, they declare, are defying the Czar's guarantee of personal liberty and massacring the

The city is a dismal sight. The clamation greeting the people of overthrow the foundations of public order. The proclamation appeals to the good sense of the cultured Polish community, hoping that the Poles will give proof of political maturity by refusing obedience to anarchy.

PEACE IS FAR OFF.

ry their guns with finger on the Petersburg is outwardly quiet, per-In the Jewish quarter bodies strew the will of certain elements of the British engineers, the United States short cut, \$22.50. cation by telegraph, but if the rum- | When the international boundary pails, 11c. The military are placing machine ors from Kishineff and other more was established it was decided that guns at various points. Twenty- or less isolated towns are eventually monuments marking the line should passed his door, says the correspon- of victims of the ferocity of mobs, thirty-five miles, from headwaters of the risk of their lives, say that either the authorities have lost their heads or are acting under secret orders from the desperate bureaucracy. It does not seem certain even whether martial law exists, but it is un-

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph, writing on the postitutionalists stand midway, em- litical situation and the strike movebracing with other elements the Mod- ment, says that a large contingent erate Reformers. The position is of reformers who rose against the autocracy are desirous of giving a There were several disturbances on fair trial to the liberties accorded Thursday, particularly between the the nation. On the other hand, the Socialists and Republicans on one Social Democrats, who are the best side and the Bureaucratists. The organized body in the Empire, are principal event, however, was a vast solidly opposed to a cessation of the demonstration at the funeral of struggle, which, they maintain, has Baumann, a reformer, who was shot, ended in a victory for the bourgeoise during the riots early in the week. who would now send the workmen, The organizers of the demonstration who bore the brunt of the battle,

ODESSA TERRORIZED.

gress was slow owing to the enor- chief sufferers. The rioters frequentmous aumbers participating. When ly shoot wantenly at anybody they night will the procession was still see. The markets, restaurants and officers. Thirty-six are reported tario, 114 to 114c; Quebec, 11 to and as yet no deaths had been reshops are closed, and food cannot be wounded or missing.

bought. Hundreds of stores have been looted and wrecked. It is stated that there were 500 casualties on Friday.

The Consulates here are guarded by troops. The German and French Consuls have asked that the German and French guard ships in the Bosphorus be sent here.

Reports have been received of mob deviltry in many towns in Southern Russia, in which Jews have been the principal victims. Nicolaieff, Elizabetpol and Kherson, among others, are believed to be suffering terribly. Kishineff, however, seems to have had the worst experience. It stated that hundreds have been maslated victims. One report states "God Save Poland," and "Long that the town is on fire. Another says it has been completely destroy-

CZAR READY FOR FLIGHT.

A despatch from London says: -There is strong evidence of corn dull, and prices also nominal. the danger of interference Germany in case the revolution- 55 to 56c outside. ary movement in Russia succeeds in a complete overthrow of the dynasty. The Czar has become aware of the disloyalty which now permeates every class of his subjects, including the military and his own household. He is in such personal fear, and so distrusts even his personal associ-

ed opposite Peterhof, and is in wire-The day, however, did not pass less communication with the palace. peacefully. One procession met an in- There are also tenders equipped with lious flags This was refused, where- man coast and Berlin. The Czar is upon the soldiers fired, killing four in daily communication with the

> The quickly sail for Germany, and it is The generally understood that he will \$2.25 per bbl., and cooking apples, the German army, attempt to subdue his empire. The danger of such \$1.60 to \$1.65. an appalling eventuality is not imminent, but the fear of it, as cabled a week ago, is causing grave ap- \$2 per dozen combs. prehension in this and other capi-

PHOPHESIES A MASSACRE,

The correspondent of The London Times at Copenhagen says: Mr. W. The Governor has issued a pro- T. Stead, who arrived on Sunday from Helsingfors, was immediately received in private audience by the dowager Empress of Russia. I had a conversation in the afternoon with Mr. Stead, who said the gravity of the situation in Russia could not be over-estimated. He thought Russia was on the eve of a most gigantic massacre. He believed the reforms had come too late, and he took a most gloomy view of the situation.

United States Has Fears for Its Territory.

The New York Herald publishes the

responsible for the awful condition apathy of Gen. Kaulbars, the mili- | Vigorous protests will be made to | No. 3 being 1c less, and No. 4 2c of the city. Kaulbars replied that tary commander there, and the civil Congress by United States citizens less than the figures mentioned. Peas he had done his utmost with the in- Governor; the latter, it is stated, owning property within the strip. were quoted at 781c affoat for No. has resumed his abandoned func- The general opinion among Alaska 2. Buckwheat firm at 57 to 571c in It is impossible, the correspondent tions. The troops do not seem to miners is that the United States en- store. Manitoba barley was steady adds, to resist the conviction that be entirely under control, although gineers are being "double-crossed" at 48c for No. 3 on track, and 461c the anarchy and bloodshed were in- they do not openly associate in the by British, who have rough sketches for No. 4. Flour-Manitoba millers

JUST WALKED OUT.

Two Prisoners of Portage Reformatory Escape.

A Portage la Prairie, Man., spatch says: Two prisoners at local reformatory, Frank Glover, in bags, \$20 to \$20.50. Manitoba aged 16, and Christian Peterson, aged 18, succeeded in making their escape from here on Wednesday night, and have not been heard of since. Owing to the overcrowded condition of the jail some of the prisoners have been installed be- bushel; hand-picked, \$1.65 to \$1.70. neath the courthouse, and Wednes- Potatoes-New potatoes, in bags of day night, about 6 o'clock, when the wardens were in another part lbs., 60 to 65c. Honey-White clov- Thirty Cases of Smallpox in Petof the building, the two lads walk- er, in comb, 12 to 13c per 1-lb. seced out, and made a bolt for liberty.

Casualties in Africa.

111c.

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 7.-Wheat-No. Ontario white wheat quoted outside at 79 to 80c. and No. 2 red or mixed at 78 to 79c. No. 2 goose at 73 to 74c outside. No. 1 hard is steady at 90c. Georgian Bay ports; No. 1 Northern at 86c, and No. 2 Northern at 84c.

Oats-No. 2 white are quoted at 33 to 34c at outside points.

Barley-With No. 2 quoted at 50 to 51c; No. 3 extra, 48 to 49c, and No. 3 at 45 to 46c at outside points.

Peas-No. 2 quoted at 72 to 73e at outside points.

Corn-The market for Canadian is dull, with prices nominal. American Buckwheat-The market is firm at

Rye-No. 2 quoted at 65 to 66c

Flour-Ninety per cent. patents, made of new wheat for export, quoted at \$3.10 to \$3.20 in buyers' sacks at outside points; do., in bbls., \$3.50 to \$3.60. Manitoba flours unchanged; No. 1 patents, \$4.-90 to \$5; No. 2 patents, \$4.50 to will be arrested. Anybody appear- The troops as a rule did not inter- essary, to German protection at a \$4.70; and strong bakers' at \$4.40 to \$4.60. Manitoba flours, made of new wheat, quoted as follows:-No. patents, \$4.60; No. 2 patents, \$4.40, and strong bakers', \$4.35 on track, Toronto.

> Millfeed-At outside points bran is quoted at \$12.50 to \$13, and shorts at \$16.50 to \$17.50. Manitoba bran, in sacks, \$15.50, and shorts at \$18.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples-Choice stock, \$1.75 to

Beans-Hand-picked, \$1.75; prime,

Honey-The market is steady at 6½ to 7½c for strained. and \$1.50 to

Hops-15 to 18c per lb. Hay-Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at \$8 to \$8.50 on track

here, and No. 2 at \$6 to \$6.50. Straw-\$6 on track, Toronto. Potatoes-Ontario stock, 50 to 60c per bag; and New Brunswick,

70 to 75c per bag on track. Poultry-Turkeys, 14 to 15c per Ib.; ducks and geese, 10 to 11c per Ib., and chickens, 9 to 10c per Ib. Live poultry steady; chickens, 6 to

THE DAIRY MARKETS

Butter-Pound rolls are jobbing at 20 to 22c; tubs, good to choice, 18 to 19½c; and inferior, 16 to 17c. Creamery prints sell at 23 to 24c, and solids at 22 to 221c.

Eggs-Picked selling at 19c per dozen, in case lots; fresh storage, at 20c, and new laid somewhat higher. Cheese-Large cheese, 113 to 12c, and twins 12 to 121c per lb.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon-Long clear, 114c per lb. in

Cured meats—Hams, light to medi-Lard-Tierces, 10½c; tubs, 10¾c;

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 7 .- Grain-Market

for oats continues very strong. Sales were made to-day at 394c for No. 391c and this seems to be the value, and export account. They are quot-\$5 for patents, per bbl, in bags. Onbbls., \$4.20; bags of straight rol- | source of the greatest discontent. lers being \$1.95 to \$2.05, and extra the bran in bulk, \$15 to \$15.50; shorts, bran, in bags, \$16 to \$17; shorts, \$19 to \$20. Hay-No. 1, \$8.50 to \$9 per ton on the track; No. 2, \$7.50 to \$8; clover, \$6 to \$6.50; clover, mixed, \$6 to \$6.50. Beans-Choice primes, \$1.50 to \$1.55 per 80 lbs., 53 to 55c; in bags of 90 tion; extract, 71 to 8c; buckwheat, 6 to 64c. Provisions-Heavy Canadian short-cut pork, \$22; light clear fat backs, \$20.25 to \$20.75;

UNITED STATES MARKETS. Milwaukee, Nov. 7 .- Wheat-No. 1 Northern, 89 to 891c; No. 2 Northern. 86 to 88c; December, 883 to 88%c asked. Rye-No. 1, 73c. Barley-No. 2, 541c; sample, 39 to 54c.

Corn-May, 46 c bid. Duluth, Nov. 7-Wheat-No. 1 Northern, 87c; No. 2 Northern, 85c;

December, 83%c; May, 86c. Minneapolis, Nov. 7.-Wheat-December, 84% to 84%c; May, 88%c; No. 1 hard, 877c; No. 1 Northern. 86%c; No. 2 do., 84%c. Flour-First patents, \$5.15 to \$5.25; second do., \$4.95 to \$5.05; first clears, \$3.70 to \$3.90; second do., \$2.40 to \$2. 50. Bran-In bulk, \$15.50.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, No. 7 .- The process of clearing off the spare stock from the farms before the snow comes is still going on, as was fully evidenced by the heavy arrivals at the City Cattle market again to-day.

Export cattle, choice \$4 00 to \$4 25 do medium 3 85 3 90 do bulls 3 00 3 25 do light 2 75 3 00 do cows 2 75 3 00 Butchers' picked 4 00 4 10 do choice 3 90 4 00 do medium ... 3 30 3 50 do light 2 75 3 00 do bulls 2 00 2 25 Stockers, choice 3 00 3 25 do common ... 2 00 2 25 2 40 do bulls 2 25 Heavy feeders ... 3 50 3 60 3 85 Milch cows, choice .. 40 00 50 00 do common ... 28 00 33 00 Sheep, export, ewes 3 85 4 25 do bucks 3 00 3 50 do culls 3 00 3 50 Lambs, per cwt. 5 25 5 65 Calves, each ... 2 00 10 00 Hogs, selects 5 623 do lights and fats 5 37%

JOSIE CARR SENTENCED

Seven Years in the Receives Penitentiary.

A Toronto despatch says:-Presenting an appearance that she felt her position more, probably, than ever before, little Josie Carr stood up in the dock in the Criminal Assize Court and was sentenced by Judge MacMahon to seven years in the penetentiary on Saturday.

"What have you to say?" asked the clerk.

"I plead guilty to killing the baby," she said. "I put the baby under the culvert because my brother said he would tell my father, and I was afraid of getting a licking. When I went back it was dead. I am sorry for what I have done."

Mr. T. C. Robinette, K. C., made a strong plea for leniency.

SAN JOSE SCALE.

Niagara and Leamington Districts Continue to Suffer.

A Toronto despatch says:-In spite of extensive spraying operations the San Jose scale continues its ravages in Niagara and Leamington fruit districts. Secretary Hodgetts, of the Fruit Growers Association, and Prof. Lochead, of the O. A. C., have returned from a trip of inspection through these districts. They found it had spread to Queenston, where troops concentrated there, than to being made by United States and case lots; mess pork, \$18 to \$18.50; three years ago it was practically unknown.

> In the vicinity of Leamington, in Essex County, and in the town itself, where two years ago there was no sign of it, the scale is bad and the growers are now asking for spraying demonstrations. While there has not been much to encourage the scale fighters in these two districts, it is gratifying to the department to know that the pest has been practically kept out of other parts of the province.

FINNS' DEMANDS GRANTED

Czar Signs Repeal of the Russifying Decree.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:-The Emperor, in a manifesto addressed to the people of Finland, which was signed at Peterhof, after Friday midnight, restores the system of government to a freer basis than existed ing \$4.60 for strong bakers', and before the annulment of the Constitution in February, 1899. The mantario millers are also doing an ac- ifesto cancels all ordinances enacted tive trade in patents at \$4.55 to since that date, including the mili-\$4.70 per bbl.; straight rollers, in tary laws of 1901, which were a

The Czar accepts the resignation of de- bags being \$1.85. Feed-Ontario the entire Senate, which is a nominated body, and at the same time convokes the Finnish Diet to meet on Dec. 20th. It is empowered to regulate the budget, which hitherto has been arranged by the Government without national control. The Diet is further empowered to discuss new laws for wider electoral suffrage.

ALARMING DISCOVERY.

erboro' County Settlement.

A Peterborough despatch says:-Ur. Bell. Provincial Health Inspector, 5 .rived in town on Thursday night afshort-cut, \$18 to \$19; American cut | ter a four days' tour of Williamston and Chandos Townships. He found compound lard, 5% to 6%c; Canadian about thirty cases of smallpox in German Force Sustains Serious pure lard, 10 to 101c; kettle render- that one settlement. All were more ed, 11 to 12c; hams, 12 to 14c; ba- or less of a mild type, and the local A Berlin despatch says:-An official con, 14c; fresh killed abattoir dress- authorities had taken every precaudespatch from German South-west ed hogs, \$8.75 to \$9; alive, \$6.25 to tion to check further spreading. Dr. Africa reports severe fighting on the \$6.50; mixed lots. Eggs-Straight Bell said that there was lots of Orange River. A German force, stock, 18c to 19c; No. 1 candled, 18 smallpox cases from Northumberland under command of Lt.-Col. Semmer- to 181c. Butter-Choicest creamery, County right through to the northius, was attacked by 400 Hottentots, 221 to 221c; undergrades, 21 to ern part of Hastings County. They and lost 18 killed, including three 22c; dairy, 18 to 20c. Cheese-On- were well under control, however, ported.