

# THE MARKETS

## Prices of Grain, Cattle, etc in Trade Centres.

Toronto, March 11.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern offered at 83½c en route North Bay, and No. 2 Northern at 80½c en route North Bay, without bids. Fifty-eight-lb, red winter offered at 72½c outside, and 53-lb. wheat at 63½c outside, without bids.

Peas—No. 2 white offered at 80c west, with 79c bid.  
Oats—No. 2 white offered at 42c east, with 41½c bid; at 41c high freight, without bids, and at 41½c middle freight to Portland, with 41c bid.

Corn—No. 2 yellow offered at 56½c west, with 56c bid.

Buckwheat—No. 2 wanted at 56 low freight to New York, while it was offered at 56c middle freight to Portland, without bids.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dried apples—The market is quiet here at 5½ to 6c per lb. Evaporated 9½ to 10c.

Hops—Business quiet, with prices steady at 13c; yearlings at 8c.

Honey—The market is steady at 9½ to 10c for strained. Combs \$1.50 to \$2.25 per dozen.

Maple syrups—One gallon tins, 95c to \$1; smaller packages, \$1.05 to \$1.15 per gallon (imperial). Sugar 8 to 9c per lb, as to quality.

Beans—The market is dull. Prices \$1.10 to \$1.30 per bush, as to quality. Hand-picked, \$1.35 to \$1.40.

Cranberries—Market unchanged, with stocks small. Cape Cod, \$9.50 to \$10 per barrel.

Onions—Market steady at \$2.50 to \$3 per barrel.

Hay, baled—The market is firm, with good demand. Timothy quoted at \$10.25 to \$10.50 on track Toronto, for No. 1 and at \$8.50 to \$9 for No. 2.

Straw—The market is quiet. Car lots on track quoted at \$5.50 to \$6, the latter for No. 1.

Poultry—Supply is small and prices steady. We quote fresh killed turkeys, 12 to 12½c per lb; geese, 8 to 9c; chickens, 70 to 90c; old hens, 40 to 50c.

Potatoes—In car lots, on track, 63 to 65c per bag. Small lots, out of store, bring 75c per bag.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—The market is unchanged, with choice qualities in limited supply. Low grades are dull. We quote as follows:—Choice 1-lb prints, 19 to 20c; choice large rolls, 17 to 17½c; secondary grades, in rolls, 15 to 16c; low grades, 12 to 13c; creamery prints, 22 to 24c; do solids, 21 to 22½c.

Eggs—The market is lower to-day. New laid sold during the morning at 22c, and later at 20c per dozen.

Cheese—The market rules firm at 10½ to 11c per lb.

### HOGS AND PROVISIONS.

Dressed hogs are steady. Car lots nominal at \$7.50. Hog products steady. We quote:—Bacon, long clears, sells at 10 to 10½c, in ton and case lots. Mess pork, \$20.50; do short cut, \$21.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, 12½ to 13c; breakfast bacon, 13½ to 14c; rolls, 11c; backs, 13½ to 14c, and shoulders, 10½c.

Lard—The market is unchanged. We quote:—Tierces, 11c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 11½ to 11¾c; compound, 9 to 9½c.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Toledo, March 11.—Wheat—Firm, higher; cash, 84½c; May, 84½c; July 80½c. Corn—March, 60c; May, 62½c; July, 62c. Oats—March, 44½c; May, 44½c; July, 36½c. Cloverseed—Dull, strong; March, \$5.60; April, \$5.55. Detroit, March 11.—Wheat closed—No. 1 white, cash, 86½c; No. 2 red, cash and March, 85c; May, 84½c; July, 80½c.

Buffalo, March 11.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Spring dull; No. 1 Northern, 84½c car loads. Winter opened easy, but closed stronger; No. 2 red, 87½c. Corn—Dull; No. 3 yellow offered at 65½c; No. 2 corn, 64½c; No. 3 do, 64½c. Oats, easy; No. 2 white 49c; No. 3 do 48½c; No. 2 mixed, 46½c; No. 3 do, 46½c. Barley—Nothing doing, Rye, quiet; No. 1, 65c.

Minneapolis, March 11.—Wheat closed—May, 73½c; July, 74½c to 74½c; on track, No. 1 hard, 75½c; No. 1 Northern, 73½c; No. 2 do, 71½ to 72½c.

Duluth, March 11.—Wheat closed—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 Northern, 73½c; No. 2 do, 71c; May, 75c; July, 76½c; Manitoba No. 1 Northern, cash, 71½c; May, 73½c; No. 2 Northern, 68½c. Oats—42c. Corn—61c.

### CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, March 11.—At the Western cattle yards to-day the total receipts were only 27 carloads of live stock, comprising 410 cattle, 600 hogs, 150 sheep and lambs, 10 calves, and a few milch cows.

Owing to the light run prices were well maintained all round, the only change being an advance in lambs. There was an early clearance.

Following is the range of quotations:—

|                        |               |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Cattle.                |               |
| Shippers, per cwt...   | \$4.50 \$5.25 |
| Do., light.....        | 4.25 4.50     |
| Butcher, choice.....   | 4.00 4.25     |
| Butcher, ord. to good. | 3.25 3.75     |

|                              |       |       |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Butcher, inferior ...        | 2.50  | 3.00  |
| Stockers, per cwt....        | 3.00  | 3.50  |
| Sheep and Lambs.             |       |       |
| Choice ewes, per cwt ...     | 3.50  | 3.75  |
| Lambs, per cwt.....          | 4.25  | 5.25  |
| Bucks, per cwt.....          | 2.00  | 2.50  |
| Milkers and Calves.          |       |       |
| Cows, each ...               | 30.00 | 45.00 |
| Calves, each... ..           | 2.00  | 10.00 |
| Hogs.                        |       |       |
| Choice hogs, per cwt... 5.75 | 6.00  |       |
| Light hogs, per cwt ... 5.50 | 5.75  |       |
| Heavy hogs, per cwt... 5.50  | 5.75  |       |
| Sows, per cwt.....           | 3.50  | 4.00  |
| Stags, per cwt.....          | 0.00  | 2.00  |

## FATHER ALONE ESCAPED.

Ten Lives Lost in a Burning Dwelling House.

A Mantano, Que., despatch says:—One of the most dreadful holocausts ever known in this part of the country occurred here on Sunday morning, resulting in the loss of ten lives.

About six o'clock a servant girl returning home from a walk in the village discovered the lower part of the house of Mr. Arthur Bouchard to be in flames. The lower part is used as a grocery store and the upper part as a dwelling house. The girl managed to arouse the family. Mr. Bouchard immediately jumped from an upper window, and was about to be followed by his wife, but she failed in her attempt, and perished, together with her nine children, six boys and three girls, the eldest being a boy of 14 years and the other children as follows:—Girl 12 years, four boys aged 10, 9, 8, and 7 years; two girls 6 and 4, and a boy 2 years.

Bouchard arose about 5 o'clock and lighted a fire in the kitchen and then retired again. It is thought the fire started in the kitchen.

## TO RAISE LAKE ERIE.

United States Wants to Build Dam at Head of Niagara.

A Washington, D.C., despatch says:—The Committee on Rivers and Harbors finished its bill Saturday afternoon, and it will be reported to the House on Monday. Among the general provisions of the bill is one which relates to the building of a dam across the Niagara River at the outlet of Lake Erie. The bill provides for the formation of an international commission to be composed of three members from the United States and three from the Government of Great Britain, to represent the Dominion of Canada. In the event of Great Britain accepting the invitation, the President is authorized to appoint one United States Engineer, one civil engineer, and one lawyer as commissioners from the United States.

The proposition is to raise the water two or three feet above the low-water level of the lake. That will give the increased depth to all the ports of Lake Erie as far west, it is believed, as the Detroit river.

## PEACE OVERLAPS WAR.

Orange Colony Revenue Has Exceeded Expenditure.

A London despatch says:—Saturday's Bloemfontein cablegrams show that despite the warlike disturbances the Orange River Colony has succeeded in so far re-establishing itself that the revenue for the six months ending with December exceeded the expenditure by \$160,000, the largest item of expenditure being for education, \$60,000, and the largest item of revenue, the customs, \$305,000.

How peace is overlapping the area of war is further shown by the fact that Canada, Australia, and New Zealand are supplying, at Mr. Chamberlain's request, 100 teachers to proceed to the former Boer colonies at once, while last Saturday the principal of the New Brunswick Normal College left Southampton on a three-years' engagement as principal of the Normal College at Pretoria.

Yet the war persists almost as vigorously as ever, though, of course, in area gradually lessening under the blockhouse system.

## DOMINION REVENUE.

Increase of \$2,946,300 in Eight Months.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The financial statement of the Dominion for the eight months ending 28th February last shows the revenue to be \$36,566,797, an increase over the same time last year of \$2,946,300.

The expenditure on current account for the same time was \$29,058,067, an increase of \$2,402,223, so that there was a betterment of about half a million so far as current revenue and expenditure are concerned.

The revenue for February was about one-quarter of a million greater than for February, 1901.

The expenditure on the capital account for the eight months was \$8,354,872, over two millions greater than for the same period last year.

## TO EXAMINE BOUNDARY.

U. S. Senate Committee Favors Joint Commission.

A Washington despatch says:—A favorable report was authorized by the Senate Committee on Commerce on the bill authorizing the President to appoint a commission to cooperate with Canada in an examination of the diversion of the boundary waters between the two countries.

# THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

## WHAT OUR MEMBERS ARE DOING AT TORONTO.

### IMMIGRANTS FOR ONTARIO.

Mr. Duff asked—Has the attention of the Government been called to the fact that emigrants from Great Britain at the rate of 4,000 monthly, have been arranged for. Is it the intention of the Government to take any steps to obtain any number of these for Ontario? If so, what?

Hon. Mr. Davis replied that the Government's attention had been drawn to the fact and negotiations opened with the Provincial Emigration Office at Liverpool, and with the Dominion authorities, with a view of securing a share of the immigration for Ontario.

In reply to Mr. Monteith, Hon. Mr. Dryden said an option had been secured on eleven acres as a site for the McDonald School of Domestic Science at Guelph.

### PRIVATE BILLS COMMITTEE.

The Private Bills Committee passed the bill confirming the charter of the Algoma Steel Company, a Clergue concern, with an authorized capital of \$20,000,000.

The bill to incorporate the Northern Electric Company, of Newmarket which proposes to supply light and power in New York and Simcoe Counties, was also reported.

Two Cornwall bills to bonus manufacturing concerns by fixed assessments were amalgamated as one measure and reported.

### POLLING SUBDIVISIONS.

The Attorney-General introduced a bill to amend the Ontario Election Act, providing that where the number of names on the voters' list at one polling subdivision exceeds 300 it may be divided alphabetically into two polling subdivisions; for instance, that one polling place may be provided for voters on the list from A to M, and another for those from N to Z. It is provided that the polling places shall be closed together in order that there may be no inconvenience.

### NEW GAME REGULATIONS.

Hon. Mr. Latchford introduced a bill amending the Ontario Game Protection Act. It provides that the open season for moose, reindeer, and caribou shall in the district south of the C.P.R. main line between Mattawa and Port Arthur remain as at present—that is, from November 1 to November 15, but that in the regions west and north of that section of the C.P.R. the open season shall be from October 15 to November 15.

A special provision is introduced granting an open season for deer kept on preserves from October 15 to November 15.

The close season for quail and wild turkeys is reduced from October 15 to December 1st, instead of to December 15, as at present.

### PROHIBITION BILL.

Hon. G. W. Ross moved the second reading of his prohibition bill at 3:30 o'clock. He declared there would be no change in the basis of the vote, excepting it would be on the votes polled in 1898, instead of at the coming elections. The votes polled in the last election numbered 456,976, and one more than the half of this would enact prohibition. He announced that the vote on the referendum would take place early in November.

### A NEW HOLIDAY.

A sort of an omnibus bill, "to amend the statute law," was given a second reading, after explanation by Mr. Gibson. It provides for a new holiday, "the King's birthday"; provides that a sheriff's salary shall be at least \$1,000; and also that Ontario shall continue to contribute \$1,000 per annum to each of the salaries of the Ontario Court of Appeal judges, after their salaries have been increased by the Dominion, as they will likely be during the present session.

### DEVOLUTION OF ESTATES.

When the Attorney-General's bill to further amend the Devolution of Estates Act came up for a third reading, Mr. Joynt (Grenville) moved that it be referred back to committee. Speaking to his motion Mr. Joynt said the bill was another turn of the screw to force estates into the Probate Court. There was no necessity that a large majority of estates should go into the Probate Court at all, but the effect of section three of this bill would be to play into the hands of legal practitioners who were anxious to make money out of small estates.

The Attorney-General held that the hon. gentleman was entirely wrong in supposing that the bill would play into the hands of the legal profession. It was designed on the contrary to simplify the matter of proving the titles to lands.

Mr. Joynt's motion was lost on division and the bill was given a third reading.

### RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

The railway subsidies were presented, and total \$613,000, including two revotes, and in addition to some land grants. Seven railways in all are subsidized, as follows:

1. To the Pembroke Southern Railway from the Town of Pembroke to a point in the Township of Ross, not exceeding a distance of fifteen miles, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile.
2. To the Bay of Quinte Railway (formerly the Kingston, Napanee, and Western Railway), for such extensions of branches or additions to

its projected and authorized line of railway northerly of the village of Tweed, as will not exceed fifty miles in all, and will enable the said company to connect its line of railway with the iron ore deposits or other mineral lands lying northward of the said village of Tweed, in renewal and extension of the amount granted to the Kingston, Napanee and Western Railway in the year 1893, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile (revote \$90,000) ... \$150,000

3. To the Iroindale, Bancroft, and Ottawa Railway Company from Kinmount Junction to Iroindale (subject to conditions in the Act respecting railways) a distance of ten miles, and from a point thirty-five miles from Iroindale and thence easterly for a distance of ten miles; also from Palmer Rapids to the Town of Renfrew, a distance of about fifty miles, in all a distance not exceeding seventy miles, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile (revote \$30,000) \$210,000

4. To a railway from Dinorwic Station, in the District of Algoma, northerly to Lake Minetackie, a distance of fifteen miles, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile ... \$45,000

5. To the James Bay Railway Company from a point on the Canada Atlantic Railway near Rose Point to a point on the Georgian Bay in the Town of Parry Sound, a distance not exceeding five miles, and from a point on the main line of the James Bay Railway at or near Sudbury, a distance not exceeding 90 miles (in all 95 miles), in addition to subsidies previously granted, a cash subsidy of \$1,000 a mile ... \$95,000

6. To the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon, and Pontypool Railway, from the Village of Bobcaygeon to the Town of Lindsay, a distance not exceeding 16 miles, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile ... \$48,000

7. To the Thunder Bay, Nepegin, and St. Joe Railway, from a point thirty miles east of Port Arthur, a distance of ten miles, a cash subsidy of \$2,000 a mile in addition to 5,000 acres of land per mile. \$20,000

### THE BARBERRY SHRUB.

A second reading was given Mr. Dryden's bill, which provides for the extermination of the barberry shrub, upon the petition of owners or occupants of lands whose crops have been injuriously affected by the proximity of the plant. The measure also prohibits the sale and cultivation of the shrub. Mr. Dryden said evidence had been taken which showed conclusively that barberry was the cause of black rust in wheat.

Dr. Jessop (Lincoln) said there was a good deal of barberry in his own county, but no bad results had been noticed.

Mr. Duff (West Simcoe) and Dr. Barr (Dufferin) testified to the dangerous quality of the barberry and approved the bill.

### HIGHWAYS REPORT.

The annual report of the Good Roads Commissioner, Mr. A. W. Campbell, has been issued, and reports that benefit has resulted from the commutation of the statute labor obligation. Mr. Campbell also alludes to the growing monopolization of highways by electric railways, and thinks that companies should be held responsible for accidents.

### PROTECTING THE GAME.

Hon. Mr. Latchford moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Ontario Game Protection Act. Some of its provisions are:—An open season for moose, reindeer, or caribou south of the C.P.R. main line between Mattawa and Port Arthur, from November 1st to November 15th, both days inclusive; and from October 16th to November 15th north and west of the main line; an open season for quail or wild turkeys from October 15th to December 1st; permission to the owner or occupant of any land to kill cottontail rabbits or license others to kill them, when damage to trees or shrubs has been proved; permission to owners of deer preserves to kill deer on such preserves between October 1st and November 15th upon proof that the deer were put there, bred, or imported by the person killing the same.

### TOLL ROADS.

The Legal Committee passed a bill moved by Mr. Dickenson (South Wentworth) to amend the Toll Roads Appropriation Act by enabling Municipal Councils to purchase toll roads on twenty-year debentures, without submitting a by-law to the people.

### ROYAL TRUST COMPANY.

The bill enabling the Royal Trust Company, a Quebec corporation, to transact business in Ontario was reported. A deposit of \$200,000 is required of the company, and the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council is empowered to demand an increase thereof.

## WANT CANADIAN TEACHERS

Request That Forty Be Sent to South Africa.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The Secretary of State has received an application from Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, asking the services of forty Canadian lady teachers to proceed to South Africa to look after the Boer children in the concentration camps. The engagement is for one year. The salary will be £100, with rations and house or tent accommodation. Passage will be paid both ways. Twenty will be secured in Ontario and twenty in the other provinces. A Normal School certificate is the standard of qualification.

## FARMER SUICIDES.

Jumped Into the Water From a Toronto Dock.

A despatch from Toronto says:—Samuel Miller, a Markdale farmer, deliberately ended his life at five minutes to 10 o'clock on Sunday morning by jumping into the waters of the bay from the Bertram shipyard docks at the foot of Bathurst street.

Neither the man's relatives nor the people in the house where he boarded, 332 Adelaide street west, can assign any reason for his self-destruction. He left a letter, but it does not shed any light on that point.

Deceased, who was a prosperous farmer, living near Markdale, came to Toronto to reside some three months ago, disposing of his farm at the time, and took rooms at 332 Adelaide street west, with his wife and daughter. Tiring of boarding, he decided to rent a house of his own, and with this idea he left home Sunday morning at 9 o'clock for the announced purpose of trying to find a suitable residence.

LEAPED INTO THE WATER.

It was only a few minutes before 10 o'clock that Thomas Thompson, watchman on the Richelieu and Ontario steamer Kingston, and John Wright, 13 Renfrew street, watchman for the Bertram Company, noticed a man walking along the Bertram docks. Some minutes later they saw a figure dart across the dock and take a flying leap into the water, which was open just there, between the steamers Kingston and Montreal.

The body did not rise to the surface, and it was some time before it was recovered by J. R. Richardson, mate of the Chippewa, with a pike-pole.

On the wharf, quite close to the spot from which deceased jumped, was found his coat, and on top of it a note written in lead pencil, and weighted down by a stone. It was merely a request that certain friends in Markdale would take care of his wife and daughter.

Nothing can be suggested as to the cause of Miller's suicide, but a fit of temporary insanity. Before he left home he took from his pocket a large roll of bills, which he left on a table in his room.

Miller is 52 years of age, and is survived by his widow and one daughter.

## ONTARIO MINERALS.

Production During 1901 27 Per Cent Over 1900.

The metallic production in Ontario during the year 1901, according to the report of Mr. Thos. Gibson, Director of the Mining Bureau, was as follows:—

| Quantity.           | Value.              |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Copper, lbs.....    | 9,074,000 \$589,080 |
| Gold, oz.....       | 14,293 244,443      |
| Iron ore, tons..... | 272,538 174,428     |
| Nickel, lbs ...     | 8,882,000 1,859,970 |
| Pig iron, tons ...  | 116,370 1,701,703   |
| Silver, oz.....     | 151,400 84,830      |
| Steel, tons... ..   | 14,471 347,280      |
| Zinc ore, tons....  | 1,500 15,000        |

Total..... \$5,016,734

The value of non-metallic substances mined was \$6,805,791.

The aggregate value of the production shows an increase of 27 per cent. over the previous year.

The chief increases in quantity and value are as follows:

Copper—2,346,000 pounds, or 35 per cent.; \$269,399, or 84 per cent.

Nickel—1,802,000 pounds, or 25 per cent.; \$1,103,344, or 145 per cent.

Iron ore—182,236 tons, or 201 per cent.; \$62,623, or 56 per cent.

Pig iron—53,984 tons, or 86 per cent.; \$765,637, or 82 per cent.

Steel—11,652 tons; \$332,809.

The principal decreases in quantity and value are:

Petroleum—1,948,283 gallons, or 8 per cent.; \$401,105, or 21 per cent.

Natural gas—\$56,640, or 14 per cent.

The values are all calculated upon the selling prices at the mines or works.

## SAIL ON THE SEVENTH.

Preparations for Vice-Royalty's Departure.

A Montreal despatch says:—The Allan Line has been notified from Ottawa that the Governor-General and his daughter, Lady Ruby Elliott, will sail by the company's steamer Parisian on June 7 for Liverpool. Special apartments, luxuriously furnished, will be set apart for the Viceroyal party, who will attend the King's coronation. It has not been definitely decided when Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the other Ministers will sail for England, but it is understood they will either sail by the company's steamer Parisian or Tunisian.

## MOST POWERFUL WARSHIP

One Building for an Unknown Purchaser.

A London despatch says:—Vickers, Sons and Maxim have begun at Barrow the construction of a warship which is described as a semi-battleship and semi-cruiser, having the strength of the former, and the fleetness of the latter. She will be the most powerful armored warship ever built. It is not known who she is being built for.