It is a mistake to speak of the Chinese as mere barbarians. The progress of the world's scientific knowledge has not been kept pace with by their scholars, and their is so pleasant and cleanly to eat off, they shall not grow!

ing to the need for change.

The small feet of the women are the great indication of this being the truth. For countless centuries the feet of the little girls have been tied up in bandages, to keep them always as small as those of natural children at five or six years of age, think, only the rich women who are This has been a barrier to the growth foot-bound. On the contrary, Miss Wilof the intelligence of the women as liams, missionary, of Kalgan, testifies well as to their influence. It is de- that "the women and girls who work signed to prevent them from moving in the fields all day have smaller feet about freely; and as the spread of than the middle-class women have;" made by communication from mind to the women that she sees kneeling to at Amoy, says: "Generally they will Infanticide of female children is the usurper, who, when he found himwomen can understand."

the women of China are naturally un- if you rear only the male and drown only a year or two afterward, when, able to learn. The subordination of the female children." The retribution having established himself on the the women to the men is so absolute that he threatened, however, was that mainland in the German-East Afri- them in a way that is pathetic, though that the small feet are a result of it, "repeated female births follow in can colony, England made quiet re- at times very laughable. Mr. Evans' and the natural consequence of both many cases when the female infants presentations at Berlin against the famous train of half dogs, half wolves, pauses is the stupidity. The Chin- have been drowned!" ese Government made an official appointment of Pung Kwang Yu to give his girls as children; he will say that a discourse on Confucianism to the he has no children when half-a-doz-Chicago World's Fair Congress in en famele offspring are running about 1893, on religion. The mandarin re- his home. A husband may divorce his ferred considerably to the views tak- wife merely at his caprice and for no en of the women in China under that cause; but in no case of even the worst religion, which is the State and the outrages, can a wife so free herself leading faith, though "Buddhism" and from a bad husband. Girls are sold "Tavism" are also forms of religion as slaves, under the pretended name followed by many Chinese. Confuc- of "adoption" by their purchasers. lanism, on which the laws and cus- The marriage of a widow is considered toms are based, teaches that the wife disreputable. The married women is to regard her husband in just the | work very hard, and have to pay their same light as man is to regard God. husbands for their keep, as well as Women are not to be allowed to to find the men in clothing and othlearn anything except from the male er things. Marriage portions are alhead of their own family, and only ways demanded in classes above the what he pleases; and the mandarin very lowest, and a girl who has no stated that the main cause for the money has little chance of honorable native dislike of the missionaries is marriage, but will have to be taken that they try to teach the women to as an "inferior wife" in a polygamous believe in Christianity apart from, fashion. and independent of, their husbands. "In China," he said, "the responsibility of educating the women rests with the head of each family; the primary object is to preserve female modesty. If such a practice as giving religious instruction directly to women and girls is allowed it will have the effect of driving away from the Christians all those who value filial piety, truth, probity, rectitude, and sincerity, or who have any sense of shame!"

stand the impossibility of Chinese wo- mestic matters at any rate are each little grain does a great work men having any independent thoughts final." And another says that it is through the summer days in multior actions, Pung Kwang further informed them that "Chinese law provides that in the case of a female person violating the law the punishment for it is inflicted upon the male head of the family. Chinese law provides that a woman burning incense to anwoman, shall be punished with stripes,

the male head of her house; and this principle is applicable to all violations of law in which the offender is a

female person!" At first sight this may seem like a his child, even if it be a despised girl; "woman's privilege;" but like many other similar special provisions for women, it is in practice the cause of incredible misery to the "protected" moral ideas, especially in regard to females. The foot-binding is a device kindness and humanity are behind hardly unreasonable if the man must those of the Christian nations; but pay the penalty of his wife's or daugh- ed mothers. In one case an old lady they are a most learned people in ter's crimes, to prevent the women was operated on by the doctor for their ancient, mostly useless, ways, going about, acting, and conversing, cataract in the eye. She was dreadand they have made many discoveries and so learning to think, on their own fully afraid of the operation, and in the past, and are highly skilled account; and there has hardly been in her sons actually carried her to the artistically. We need only remem- the history of the world a practice hospital and back home again three ber, to help us to realize this, that that has caused so much agony, so times before she finally went through the favorite beverage of the world protracted and so acute, as the foot- it. Then, for three weeks, during -tea-was discovered by Chinese gar- binding of China. Most of us know which her eye was still under treatdeners; that the silks that are still the misery of an occasional tight boot; ment, they never both left her at the best and most splendid of dress think of the poor little girls whose once, one of them staying in the materials were first spun and woven feet, night and day without rest, are darkened room in attendance on her by them; and that the "china" that deliberately bound up so tightly that | incessantly.

and that has replaced the pewter Mrs. Archibald Little, who has and coarse earthenware plates and founded a Chinese society against jugs of our own forefathers, was, ori- foot-binding, to which a good many Neutral Nations M y Harbour Fugitive ginally, produced amongst the Chinese. leading Chinamen have given in their Since it is universally agreed by names, tells us that it is quite a fre- Portugal's right to grant an asy- I'm lost in joy until I think thinkers on social science that the quent thing for the crushed toes to lum at Lourenzo Marquez has been position of women is at once a test mortify and fall off; and that the called into question by the European Because of time I'm not the slave of the standing in civilizaton of a pain is always so insupportable that newspapers, and in particular by the nation, and a reason for its furth- the tiny children are given opium as English press. That Portugal pos- A wistful waif of wind and wave, er progress, the very low position the only means of enabling them to given to the Chinese women may be sleep. Even then the unhappy little a cause as well as a token, of the in- things cry aloud in the night, so that ferior place amongst the nations that a Chinese mother sleeps with a big China now holds. In this respect the stick beside her in order to get up and leading men of China have for a beat the little one into silence. We few years past been slowly awaken- remember our mothers as the beings to whom we owed our most tender soothing and most ready sympathy; Chinese women remember theirs chiefly as torturers who first inflicted unspeakable agony and then had recourse to violent beating to silence the wails of ceaseless pain.

It is not, as some English people thought and knowledge can only be and Mrs. Little gives a sad picture of mind, the enforced confinement of do all sorts of heavy field-work, bethe small-footed women, joined to cause if they try to stand their tiny their not being able to read, has main- feet sink into the land. No wonder ly kept them narrow-minded and that we are told, "One thing they are ignorant. All the missionary ladies all conscious of, and that is that their state that the Chinese women can-burdens are greater than they can not think. Miss Miller, missionary bear, and that life is full of sorrow." resulted in the defeat and flight of Hsten for a short time, but it is not common, so much so that some twenty self hard pressed by the English landare so dense. If the foreign lady Viceroy stated that not more than 20 man consulate general's, from whence question them as to the meaning of permitted to live; "wherefore," he man-of-war's boat, to one of Emwhat we have said, they reply: 'I am continued "you are now required to peror William's cruisers. There he unable to understand,' and laugh at acquaint yourselves that all male and found refuge and hospitality. Engthe idea of its being supposed that female infants being equally your flesh land did not even demand his surren-

and blood, you may be visited by der, acknowledging the right of Ger-But this does not exactly show that Heaven with some monstrous calamity many to offer him asylum, and it was A Chinese father does not count

Yet while the women are thus degraded, the natural affection of a man of good feelings for his wife, and the influence of personal character in some women, results in a different state of affairs practically. A missionary says :-

"The true state of affairs in many households is well illustrated by the present position of the Emperor and Dowager Empress. In nearly all Chinese families the ruling power is really in the hands of some women, To make Christian hearers under- whose decisions with regard to do- up and ripen that we quite forget how useless to convert the men alone, as plying and adding to the farmer's in that case idol worship will continue harvest. A farmer once planted one in the house just the same; and it is grain of white Australian wheat, and no good to ask the converted husband at harvest time from it had sprung why he does not put a stop to it. All the writers are agreed as to the intense poverty of the majority of the pounds. The single grain spoken of cestors publicly, a sacrilege for a Chinese. "Many of these women nev-

but the actual person beaten shall be satisfying meal from one year's end to another."

Other features that help to modify the sad position of Chinese women are the natural love of a father for and the great respect paid by all Chinese to their ancestors, in which the female parent has some share. A lady doctor in China gives an interesting account of the care that Chinese sons sometimes bestow on afflict-

THE RIGHT OF ASYLUM.

sesses this right is indicputable. But it is subject to one important quali- I am no caged ringed cockatoo. fication. It is the duty of the power which offers asylum to a fugitive ruler to see that its territory is not utilized as a basis for fresh acts of belligerency on the part of its guests, and were, for instance, Mr. Kruger to issue from Lourenzo Marquez proclamations urging the Boers to keep on fighting, England would have valid grounds for demanding the immediate expulsion of Ex-President Kruger or else of his surrender.

neutral powers are relatively rare in modern times, the most recent instance having been that of the Arab Prince, who seized the throne of Zanzibar on the death of the late Sultan in the absence of the lawful heir, and who when called upon by the British suzerain power, to withdraw, deliberately defied the English and trained the guns with which the palace was armed upon the British war-ships in harbor. A few hours' engagement Prince being allowed to use German against the present Sultan.

Emperor Napoleon III. was too cleverly trapped by the Germans at Sedan to enable him to carry out his project of seeking an asylum on Belgian soil, which he subsequently traversed as a prisoner of war on parole on his way to the palace of Wilhelmshohe, which had been assigned to him by Emperor William as a residence during the remainder of the

Ex-President Kruger is now on his way to Holland, where he expects to make his home. The English Government will no more dream of offering | cipal entrance to her house. any objection to his being received there with honor and hospitality than was made by France when England received with analogous distinction and tokens of regard France's various exiled rulers and pretenders, or by Prussia when Austria gave a chivalrous welcome and a most generous reception to the defeated and exiled King of Hanover, to the fugitive Elector of Hesse Cassell, and to the dispossessed Duke of Nassau.

ONE WHEAT GRAIN.

Did you ever stop to think of the responsibilities of a grain of wheat? We are so used to seeing the field sown with wheat and the crop come 1.360 grains of large, fat wheat. He planted 10 acres of this wheat and harvested 177 sacks, each weighing 138 produced 36 stalks, so you see even a terly resented. er know what it is to have a full, grain of wheat helps wonderfully.

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE HAPPY SEA GULL.

In madcap glee I whirl and fly Where storm winds rip and rave, I drift and circle in the sky And skim the purple wave. As happy as the day is long . Am I because my boast Is like the burden of my song I'll ne'er be served on toast.

I shimmer where the beach plums bloom,

Among the shells I bob, And hear the bilious billow boom In symphony and sob. And to its twilight lullaby I flap along the coast, And in my rosy rapture sigh:

I often flap my wings at fate When all is bright or black, And gliding down the sky elate

I'll ne'er be served on toast.

In triumph loud I shriek. And oft when I outsoar the lark And graze the sun almost, I fondly to myself remark: I'll ne'er be served on toast.

When on the brine I rise and sink Or float the clouds above, I'm Aphrodite's dove,

That knows the chain and post-

That mopes from morn till night-I cleave the shining ether through The storm king's acolyte. And such I'll be until this shell So frail shall slip the ghost, Which oft will whistle on the swell: I'll ne'er be served on toast.

SHOES FOR DOGS.

of the North," Egerton R. Young tells welcome. Courteous interrogatories of the importance of carrying a large fall thick and fast. "How art thou? supply of shoes for the dogs when Thy house?"-the nearest approach Cases of rulers of defeated states travelling by dog-train, with the ther- permitted to inquiry after a man's seeking asylum on the territory of mometer from 50 to 60 degrees below wife.

Shoes for the dogs are essential, as a dog's foot is very liable to injury. Sometimes on the rough, sharp ice they cut, their feet so that they bleed very much. At other times in the rough to be the clown as well would be the places they break off the nails from their toes or run sharp spikes through the webbing between their toes. When thus injured they are quite unfitted for work, and speedily let it be known that something is wrong.

An experienced dog will stop and refuse to move until his sore feet are attended to. The wise missionary will have handy a bunch of cotton wool as well as dog shoes. A little of the easy to make them understand, they years ago a proclamation of a native ing force, sought refuge at the Ger- wool, saturated with balsam, gum, is fastened over the wounded part of the wishes to speak she can, but if we to 30 per cent. of the girls born were he was conveyed on board a German foot, then the dog shoe, which is like a long mitten, without the thumb, is drawn on the foot and securely fasten-

ed with a piece of deerskin. The dogs get to be very fond of these shoes, and sometimes resort to queer expedients to get them on. They will sometimes pretend to be very footsore; and if the night be especially cold at the camp, they will howl and whine for would lie down on their backs, and, territory as a basis of ntrigues holding up their four feet, would howl for him or Henry, his native Indian helper, to put on their shoes. Other missionaries have had their dogs do the same thing.

ETIQUETTE AMONG CHINESE.

According to the laws of good socity in China young widows should es in the big tent after the afternoon not remarry. Widowhood is therefore show. Nearly always the teacher is a held in the highest esteem, and the clown, for, strange to say, these makolder the widow, the more agreeable ers of fun really are often good-naher position becomes. Should she tured and good-hearted fellows, who reach 50 years, she may, by applying are well educated as well. These volto the Emperor, get a sum of money unteer teachers get nothing extra for with which to buy a tablet, on which her virtues are named, the tablet being placed over the door at the prin-

Contrary to the practice that prevails in other countries, the deference shown to women in Austria increases with age. No Austrian would ever dream of receiving a lady's extended hand without bowing to kiss it. Children, even when grown, always touch the hands of their parents with their lips before venturing to raise their faces for a kiss. Girls and young married women, no matter how lofty their station, do not consider it beneath their dignity to kiss the hands of ladies who have attained a certain age. Austria, indeed, is the paradise of old ladies. The men are also extremely courteous, not only to ladies, but to

each other. The Arabs show their friendliness when meeting by shaking hands six or eight times: Arabs of rank go beyond this and embrace each other several times. The social etiquette of the desert, or among the Arabs, is a factor in life to be considered seriously if one wishes to live among them without friction. Thus, no greater insult can be offered to an Arab than a friendly inquiry as to the welfare of his wife, to us a natural civility, but to him a gross impertinence, bit-

Sons will never sit at meal with dote. Think it out.

their fathers in the presence of a guest, but will wait upon both until the father, rising, allows them the opportunity of breaking bread with their visitor.

A Turk always stands in the presence of his mother, until invited to sit down, a compliment he pays to no one else.

The Moor pays great respect to his elders, and to see two elderly, or dignified Moors salute is a pretty sight. With measured pace, the eyes of each fixed on those of the other, they approach with a slight inclination, holding the right hands slightly advanced. They press their finger tips together and begin a volley of prescribed salutations, greetings and inquiries, hardly pausing to insert replies, and ejaculating frequently, "God be praised." Then each presses the finger tips which have been honored by contact with those of his friend against his lips and then upon his heart, as he raises his head and redoubles his salutations. The old custom of falling on one another's necks is still in vogue between friends long separated. Inferiors saluting superiors usually kiss the hand, shoulder, top of turban or feet, or the knee or stirrup of a horseman, according to the terms on which they approach. In the extremity of humility, the very feet of one's horse are embraced.

When a Moslem meets a European accompanid by a Moor, though the latter be the servant, he not intrequently ignores the presence of the foreigner, and offers the salutation to his co-religionist only, but if he passes a party of Moors, Jews or Christians, he exclaims, "Peace be on the people of I'sla'm." The way to speed the parting guest is to exclaim, "God give thee peace." To those whose presence has never been desired, it is usual to exclaim in tones sufficiently explicit, "God protect thee." "Be In his interesting book, "The Apostle welcome, at home and at ease," is the

CLOWNS AND CIRCUS BOYS.

The average boy cannot help thinking that to travel with a circus must be the grandest life in the world, but very height of bliss. Even the children who travel with the show envy the clown and want to learn his business. With one of the big shows out this year is a "circus rider" only 8 years old. His father and mother are riders, and where the law allows it he takes part with them in their act. In spangled white he rides a white norse bareback, leaps through hoops, is hoisted to the shoulder of his father and is carried at a swift pace around the ring. This is all fun for himbut what he really wants is to be a clown.

All his spare time he can be found turning "flipflaps," and handsprings and practicing on the parallel bars, for a clown, as everybody knows, must be more skillful at everything than everybody else. Then, too, when he does a clever acrobatic trick it comes as a surprise, and he gets twice as much applause as anybody else.

There are half a dozen or more children with every large circus, and they have small chance of getting an education, except in the winter time, and very few of them attend then. Nearly always, however, there is some man with the circus who is well educated and who cares enough for the children to teach them what he knows and school is kept on the empty benchtheir work as teachers, but they do not expect anything. The idea that they are helping these bright young. sters on in the world is pay enough.

THE SAGACIOUS RAT.

One day a well-fed and sagacious rat came across an object made of stout wires, whose sole occupation seemed to be to take care of a liberal piece of cheese. Having had several years' experience with men and their machinations, the rat looked the ground over with great care, and he was still engaged in this occupation when a mouse appeared and wanted to know what was

"Why, the fact is," replied the rat, "I have more chees here than I can possibly eat at one meal, and as cheese quickly spoils in this climate I was waiting for someone to come along and accept a portion."

"You are very, very generous," said the mouse.

"Don't mention it. Just step inside and pass the cheese out, will you ?" The mouse no sooner nibbled at the bait than there was a crash, and he found himself trapped.

"Ah, that's the way it works, is it ?" queried the rat. "I couldn't just make it out. Um ! I see. Spring there somewhere. Very good idea."

"But I'm caught!" exclaimed the mouse, in great agitation.

"So I observe." "And what's to be done?" "Well, I leave that for you to decide. I let you in on the ground floor, and my responsibilities cease there. Fine day.

Hope we shall have a large harvest." There is a good morai to this anec-