New Advertisements.

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RICHMOND HILL, October 18, 1900

MR. COOK'S LETTER.

Some of the party papers are making a great noise about what is termed "Mr. H. H. Cook's arraignment of the Laurier Government," which appeared in several Conservative papers on Wednesday of last week. The alleged "arraignment" shows nothing more than that Mr. Cook, who was once a Liberal Member of Parliament, has broken with his party. He charges the Government with not carrying out pledges made while in opposition. For instance he says that the Liberal leaders promised to reduce the national debt and spend less money than their predecessors. He does not say where the money has been recklessly spent, but claims that they have broken their pledge. Mr. Cook quotes the following paragraph from the Liberal platform to prove that they deceived the people hy not passing a prohibitory measure:

"Whereas public attention is at present much directed to a consideration of the admitedly great evils of intemperance, it is desirable that the mind of the people should be clearly ascertained on the question of prohibition, by means of a Dominion | ronto on Tuesday evening probably plebiscite."

It is only reasonable to suppose that the Liberal leaders meant by the above that they would grant prohibition if they were backed up by a large majority, which they were not.

Mr. Cook is probably to be pitied. He is an old man, and a disappointed man. He admits himself that he applied to the present Government the greatest attention. for a senatorship, but was refused. He wanted the Liberal nomination in East York to contest the constituency against Mr. W. F. Maclean. A few months ago he spoke at Unionville at the annual meeting of the East York Liberal Association, and appeared to be in thorough sympathy with the party. Had he secured the nomination there would have been no "arraignment."

BEWARE THE ELECTION LIE

developing election tastics that are decidedly despicable and have not even the advantage of novelty. They are constantly starting all manner of hams, mutton, poak, apples, oats, unfounded charges against the Government without even an attempt to Great Britain have more than doubled produce proof, and then repeating since 1896. Judged either by exthem with the addition that they must be true, because they are not denied. That particularly absurd story to the effect that instructions have been issued to the Liberal party not to nominate Roman Catholic candidates in Ontario is a case in point. Ministers of the Crown are on every opportunity to have his too busy attending to business and name connected with those who are prosecuting their policy of progress more deservedly popular than the and development, to pay attention to every silly fabrication evolved for the occasion. It will be the part of wisdom for electors to pay little attention to these yarns, unless there is some sort of reliable proof accompanying them.

Day after day The World has repeated the statement that the letter relative to Catholic candidates was written by Hon. Jas. Sutherland. The Globe and Mr. Sutherland have 13 given it a flat denial and asked for proof. If The World can furnish proof let it do so by all means.

RESULTS THAT TELL.

The report which Dr. Saunders of the Experimental Farm has sent in with reference to the Canadian exexhibit of fruit at the Paris Exposition, affords about as conclusive an

answer to Sir Charles Tupper's ponderous manifesto as could well have been devised. This fruit was of the season of 1899, and had been in Grit cold storage for a year, and its condition, both in appearance and flavor, was a veritable surprise to the judges among whom were the leading fruit experts of Europe. The exhibit swept everything before it, and of the six provinces interested, five took gold medals and one a silver medal. These are the practical results of the "monstrous bungling" and "blundering incapacity" of Hon. Sidney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture. No one ever heard of Canadian fruit in the markets of Europe when the trade was dependant upon the cold storage system operated by the Conservative Government and it will require something more than the sophistry of Sir Charles Tupper, spread over half a dozen columns of solid that the Tories will be able to develop practical cold storage and rapid transportation schemes that will be an improvement upon the methods not only advocated but actually put into successful operation under the auspices and intelligent direction of present Liberal Minister. Four years of Grit work has done infinitely more than eighteen years of Tory talk.

THE LAURIER MEETING.

The reception given to the Canadian Premier and his party in Toeclipsed anything of the kind ever attempted in that city. People from the surrounding towns and villages for many miles around came in by thousands, and all classes of citizens turned out to greet the most popular man in the Dominion. The enthusiasm displayed all along the line was marvellous, and the addresses in the different halls were listened to with

Among the speakers in Massey Hall where Sir Wilfrid Laurier made the speech of the evening, were Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. J. S. Fielding, Mr. Arch. Campbell, Mr. N. W. Rowell, the candidates for the different Toronto ridings and others.

RESULTS OF THE PREFERENCE

From 1893 to 1897 the imports of British goods into Canada sank from \$43,000,000 to \$29,400,000. In 1897 both those policies at the same time, the British preference came into force. Opponents of the Government are From 1897 to 1900 the imports of British products have risen from \$29,-400,000 to \$44,600,000. The exports of butter, cheese, eggs, bacon, peas, wheat, flour and potatoes to ports or imports, the preference is a solid success.

> The Mail and Empire evidently thinks there is little hope for Sir Charles Tupper to win on his merits in the coming elections, so is anxious leader of the Opposition. A recent issue of that paper contained the following paragraph:

"It is to be a question between the Laurier-Tarte view of the future of the British Empire and the Chamberlain-Tupper view. One makes for disunion; the other for closer trade and more friendly relations. When such an issue presents itself, what is the sound Canadian to do?"

The idea is to take advantage of Mr. Chamberlain's popularity and success, although it is well known there is the closest bond of unity and friendship betweet Great Britain and the Canadian Government at the present time.

Upon his arrival in Montreal the other day Lord Strathcona was asked his opinion upon the prospects of favorable consideration being given in England to any proposal to grant a preference to colonial imports along the line so persistently harped upon by Sir Charles Tupper. The High Commissioner replied that he did not see the smallest probability of such a type to convince the practical farmer | proposal making headway in England at the present time. To give a preference to colonial food products, Great Britain would have to place a tax upon foreign wheat, and any politician venturing such a suggestion would be instantly met by the cry of "dear bread,.' a cry with such disastrous possibilities attending it that no British statesman would venture to risk it.

> Mr. H. H. Cook, a few days after his noted "arraignment," wrote a letter saying he had been asked by Sir Wilfred Laurier to contribute \$10,000 in return for a senatorship. Sir Wilfred Laurier has given a flat contradiction in the following words: "There is not a shadow of foundation in the charges made by Mr. Cook. never directly or indirectly, through an agent or otherwise, made any demand upon him for any sum of money, big or small, or for anything else. I give the whole charge the most unqualified and emphatic denial, and I challenge the proof of the same." Let us have the proof.

> Sir Charles Tupper, the leader of the Opposition, says that Canadian industries must have high protection. Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, as first lieutenant, says that Manitoba must have free agricultural implements. Mr. W. F. Maclean and The World sees nothing wrong in advocating though the one is diametrically op posite to the other.



What will Happen

Wallace Elected

I will continue to sell the best goods I will continue to sell the best goods for the least price possible; will main- | for the least price possible; will maintain the high standard of my repair tain the high standard of my repairing; will represent goods for just what I ing; will represent goods for just what they are, and endeavor to deserve a they are, and endeavor to deserve a continuance of the generous favor of | continuance of the generous favor of the people of this community.

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the people of this community.

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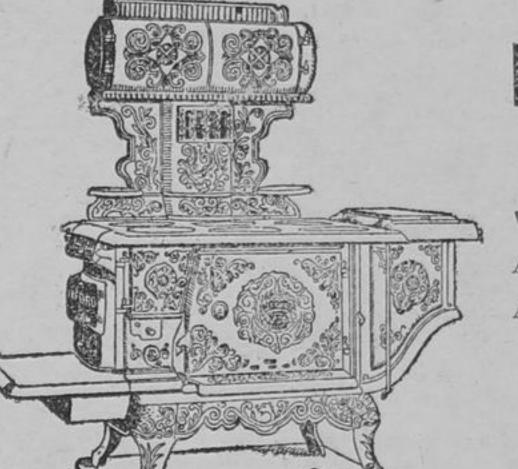
Any customer this presenting Coupon and 50c. at our store Saturday, Oct. 20th, will receive 12lbs Yellow sugar.

American Water White Coal Oil, 20c. gal., or 95c. for 5 gal.

Sarnia White Coal Oil, 18c. gal., or 85c. for 5 gal.

H. C. BAILEY, MAPLE.

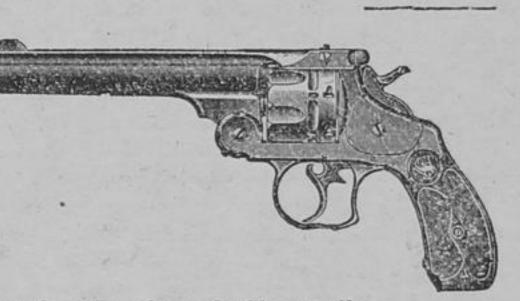
C. Mason has on hand his stock



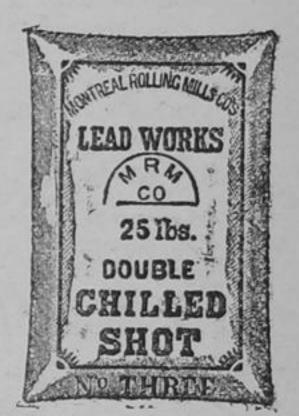
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