THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe, Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading.

CANADA.

A third case of leprosy is reported to exist in Manitoba.

Manitoba's India famine fund amounts to \$17,000. A discovery of hard coal is reported

on the shore of Lake Winnipeg. Brantford is to have a free postal delivery at the close of the year.

A police census of the population of Toronto will be taken on Sunday, April

Mr. Speaker Edgar and ex-Speaker White have been made Privy Councillors.

Safe-crackers stole over \$240 from the T. E. Walker Company's safe at Hamilton.

The London Street Railway Company propose extending their Springbank line towards Byron.

The departmental stores of Montreal are being prosecuted for selling drugs without a license. The Hamilton Radial Railway Com-

pany will extend its beach line to the easterly limits of Burlington. Lord and Lady Aberdeen have accepted an invitation to attend the con-

vocation of Queen's University.

by his foot being caught in a frog not | York. properly packed.

in the field to tender for the fast Atlantic steamship service.

ly, died on Monday night.

ever sailed into the port of Montreal. the coming season between Montreal disaster.

and Liverpool. mitted suicide by hanging himself in become law. the barn.

disappointment in love. She will prob- fight it out between them. ably die.

Dr. Bourinot, of Ottawa, has been appointed honorary fellow of the Royal v. the Buffalo Natural Gas and Fuel Colonial Institute, "in recognition of his usefulness as a writer on Canadian and colonial subjects."

the Government to protect the wood Representatives providing that the pulp manufacturers by an export duty | United States constitution be so amon the wood and taking the duty off ended that Congress shall have ex-

their machinery. It has been decided that the military | divorce feature of the Queen's diamond jubi-

a grand review on June 22. Dr. Smith of the Tracadie, N. B., lazaretto has been instructed to proalleged cases of leprosy among Ice.

landic immigrants there. Philippe Lecours was found guilty of manslaughter at Father Point, the victim being his brother, whom he stabbed with a pocket-knife. The sen-

tence was six years in penitentiary. R. Beaubien, a stonecutter, of Ottawa, has taken an action for three thousand dollars against the Rockland branch of the Stonecutters' Union for alleged illegal suspension two years

regal residence ing of navigation through the great erally are spoken of as good. lakes and the St. Lawrence system. 10 is expected that vessels will be passing through from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario by the middle of April.

Andrew McNeilledge, a married man, 50 years of age, attempted suicide on Thursday at his residence, 31 Marlborough avenue, Toronto, by locking himself in a room and turning on the gas. He was discovered in time to save his life

Dr. Bourinot, honorary secretary of the Royal Society of Canada, has received a letter from the Mayor of Bristol, Eng., stating that two members of the City Council will be present at the Cabot celebration in Halifax, N. S., next June.

A carefully prepared scheme for the incorporation of the Drummond County railway in the Intercolonial system is now occupying the attention of the Dominion Government. It is proposed to complete the necessary link to bring the Intercolonial trains into Montreal over the Grand Trunk tracks.

General Manager Hays, in behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway, has lodged a petition at Ottawa for permission to capitalize the revenue overdraft and to increase the borrowing powers of the company by an issue of a further sum of 4 per cent. consolidated debenture stock, the interest on which shall not exceed £50,000 yearly.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Salisbury, who has been suffering from influenza for the past few days, has almost entirely recovered.

Mr. Gladstone, who is sojourning in the south of France, has just recovered from a mild attack of influenza.

April 16th (Good Friday), April 17th, 19th and 20th, will be observed as holidays in the Liverpool Cotton Exchange. port each other in case of attack. It is rumoured that Mr. Chamber-

lating the London convention.

eign Office estimates, when the Cretan matter is likely to be discussed.

The London Times, referring to the gift of the original log of the Mayflower to the United States, says it is no light thing to part with a document of national interest.

Mr. Gladstone, notwithstanding his great age, has joined the ranks of the wheelmen. He has written to a friend in London, saying that he has fairly mastered the machine.

It is reported in London court circles that the Queen on her return from the South of France, will pay a visit to Mr. William Waldorf Astor, at Cleveden in recognition of his munificence.

ernment propose to deal with the question of contagious disease among the British troops in India, by placing the inspection of women in the hands of women doctors.

The announcement that the United States tariff, will not be retractive has resulted in an inevitable rush of exports to America from England, and for the moment every industry is pushing this work.

While the British steamer Templemore was being towed by the Ulsterend swept the Templemore's deck,kill ing Capt. Swainson, and a seaman, and breaking the legs of four other men.

UNITED STATES. in Missouri after four years of disuse. United States Ambassador Hay will leave New York for London April 14.

There is at present before the New York Senate a bill to prevent dishonest and misleading advertising of goods.

Sylvester Scovel, the newspaper cor-A Coroner's jury at Hamilton decided respondent who was imprisoned for 31 private property must be exterminatthat Charles Curran came to his death days in Cuba, has returned to New ed within a certain time, or it would

Eight Chinamen were captured on Mr. Hugh A. Allan in an interview Wednesday in Malone, N. Y., charged at Montreal said his company was still with illegally crossing the line. They were remanded for a week.

Nothing is known of the fate of the Arsene Turbide, the only survivor of | 100,000 poor people in the flooded lowa party of three lost from the Bird lands of the White, Arkansas and Rocks, N.S., while seal hunting recent- Black Rivers in Arkansas.

Josephine De Rosay's suit against J. News has been received that the Don F. O'Brien at Boston for \$100,000 for minion line has decided to build a new breach of promise of marriage, was on steamer, which will be the largest that | Tuesday settled out of court for \$20,000. The steamer Creole reported at New

It is stated that the Furnace Line, York that she had picked up a boat now running between Manchester and containing dead bodies, believed to be Boston, will establish a route during victims of the St. Nazaire steamship

The Colorado State Senate has pass-On Monday night Clarence Martin, ed the bill providing for the abolition aged 21, employed on the farm of Mr. of capital punishment. The measure William Freeman, Binbrook, Ont., com- now awaits the Governor's signature to

It is the intention of President Mc-A young Montreal girl named Greta | Kinley not to recognize Cuba. The Taylor, tried to commit suicide by policy of his Administration will be to swallowing Paris green on account of let the Spaniards and the insurgents

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals in the case of the United States Company decided that natural gas is a crude mineral, and exempt from duty.

Mr. Howe, of New York, has intro-The Thorold Council has petitioned duced a resolution in the House of clusive power to regulate marriage and

The Supreme Court of the United lee in Montreal shall take the form States declares that railway traffic asof a church parade on June 20th and sociations are a peril to commerce and a violation of the anti-trust law. 'Railroad men everywhere are startled by its force, and an entire change, in the ceed to Winnipeg to investigate two methods of distributing freight traffic may be caused by it. The Joint Traffic Association will fight for its life.

Commercial summaries by Messrs, Dun and Bradstreet, telegraphed from New York, are, on the whole, of a reassuring description. Considering the antagonistic conditions existing both in the United States and in Europe, the the theoretical farmers had insisted was volume of business is fair. The pol- the case. They observed that land covitical situation in Europe has of course been an important factor for depression, while in the States, the legal decision against railway combinations, several serious floods, and the destruc-Sir Donald Smith proposes that Monte tion of the iron ore trust, have of course real should celebrate the diamond jubi- caused hesitancy, if nothing more delee by erecting an establishment for trimental, in trade circles. However, the training of nurses. Mayor Wilson all things considered, business is stead-Smith favors the building of a vice- illy improving, and the number of workers finding employment increases stead-Everything points to the early open- ily week by week, and prospects gen-

GENERAL.

The steamer Iceland arrived at St. John's Nfld., with 22,000 prime seals. It is reported from Bombay that the plague is attacking Europeans residing n that city.

The Swiss Bundesrath has made a proposal to purchase the principal railways in the country.

The Grand Duchess Sophie, wife of the reigning Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar is dead at Berlin. The German Reichstag on Friday, by

a vote of 179 to 49, adopted the proposal for the payment of the members of that body. The Japanese Gold Standard bill has

passed the House of Peers of Japan, and only awaits the signature of the Emperor to become law. A French newspaper says the Gov-

175 torpedo boats in the next eight thistle, but with this exception they years. There are seven hundred men of the British fleet now at Simonstown, South

Africa, suffering from malarial fever, contracted during the recent expedition to Benin. The Transvaal Government has sup-

pressed the publication of the Johannesberg Star, the leading paper in the criticism of the Administration.

by the French on account of discoverand the missionaries were implicated.

The drafts of the treaties between the Transvaal Republic and the Orange Free State give the burghers of each State the franchise in either republic, and the two republics agree to sup-

The Cretan chiefs have rejected the bunched. lain has written a sharp letter to Pre- scheme for autonomy proposed by the sident Kruger, rebuking him for vio- powers, declaring that nothing but annexation to Greece will satisfy them. in the forthcoming debate on the For- ing with the question.

FARMERS HAVE FOUND THAT THE PEST WILL DESTROY ITSELF.

Law Placing a Bounty on 1ts Destruction Repealed-A Scare Which Experience Shows to Have Been Unwarranted.

Ten years ago the Russian thistle

made its appearance in the West. The weed gradually spread in Nebraska until its wondeful vitality threatened apparently the life of more useful plants. There was much discussion of the new It is learned that the British Gov- plant at the time, and the matter was finally referred to the agricultural authorities, and after much careful research the plant was declared to be the Russian thistle, a weed so deadly in its effects that it would soon exterminate all other forms of vegetation if not retarded in its growth. Its fertility was said to be something most extraordinary. Instances were cited where whole acres had been grown over in a single season, and the growth thus more the hawser parted. The flying established had grown in strength annually. The farmers' institutes were at once called on to discuss some measures of relief, and after several years The whipping post has been revived a law was passed in Nebraska that was expected to stop the ravages of the weed. The measure was for the especial protection of the farmers. It provided that all Russian thistle on public highways should be immediately destroyed, and that all such weeds on have to be done by the overseers of the adjacent roads and charged as taxes to the land. Each county set apart funds for the purpose of promoting the work, and thousands of dollars were spent in this direction. The tough thistle did not seem to respond very readily to the artificial methods adopted for its extermination, and apparently thrived as before. The professional farmers, however, declared that the only salvation of the prairie states, where the thistle seemed most to flourish, was constant and unremitting toil in this direction. They contributed lengthy articles showing just how many years would be required for the Russian thistle to exterminate all other forms of vegetable life in Nebraska if not retarded in its course. This alarmed the farmers greatly, and the adjacent states passed similar laws for the destruction of the imported scourge. Some farms were almost

COMPLETELY COVERED

with this peculiar growth, and the owners were almost distracted. In some cases adjacent farmers undertook to build solid boards fences between their farms and those stretches of territory thus afflicted. But this did little good, as the thistle seemed to be blown first in one direction, and then in another, leaving its blighting touch upon everything in some whole neighborhoods. For a year or two it was the principal theme of discussion at the farmers' institutes of the state.

But after much toil and treasure being consumed fighting the alleged pest, to experience a change of heart. Gradually it dawned on some of the more thinking farmers who had been observing closely the growth of the thistle that the plant was not so dangerous as the thistle the following season. Many | phs. leading agriculturists of the state finso menacing as at first supposed, and that it did not retain its hold upon land for more than one season, and after that never returned to the same territory. In fact, they compared it somewhat to smallpox in its action on the attracted the thistle seemed to have line the entire route on either side. no affinity with it after a short contact, and farms were none the worse for noyance of the first year. Many begun quite apparent that this was the case. continuance of the law on the statutes | the usual manner. of Nebraska was quite pronounced, but did not crystalize into anything definite until this session of the Legislature, when the farming element was so much in the majority that the Russian

about the first thing. The national Agricultural Department has not yet agreed to accept as a fact what the farmers of the prairie true. On the contrary, the authorities at Washington think that special conernment will ask a credit of 800,000,000 ditions in the soil of some sections may frames to build 45 large warships and contribute to retard the growth of the are still of the old opinion.

In the meantime Nebraska farmers have gone a step further and found a very good use for the weed that was life. to devastate their farms. In fact they have made

BOTH FOOD AND FUEL

of the dread thistle. The thistles are gathered in great bunches when young Rand, in consequence of that journal's and tender, chopped up and fed to cattle. Hogs particularly find the juicy It is stated that the ex-Queen of Mad- substance quite palatable, and it is said | remarkable feature of this needle is the agascar was banished from the island to produce fat similar to corn. In other sections where wood is scarce and coal ing a conspiracy, in which the ex-Queen | worth \$15 a ton the dried thistles in great bunches are secured for fuel. They | namented with diminutive figures in are baled like hay, compressed, and not only used in residences but in many cases have been used in great quantities by furnaces in mills. The pressed thistles retain the heat a long time. and though frail in the single growth

The thistle grows on the surface from a very small stem, but branches out | ball-like head bounces around over the | ployed.

prairie, blown hither and thither with the slightest breeze. When an obstacle is thrown in their path they soon pile up on the prairie to a great height. When not compressed they burn like chaff, and in some sections hundreds of families rely upon this form of fuel to carry them through the dreary winter.

IN A FIERY FURNACE.

Two Brothers Now Battling for Life-Burned in a Vat Explosion-How the Calamity Occurred.

A despatch from Toronto, says:-George and Percy Holden, brothers, who resided at 218 Brock avenue, are lying in the emergency ward of the General Hospital. Although suffering from terrible injuries, they still have a slight chance to win in their fight for life. Both young men were employed at

the Gutta Percha Rubber Works, West Lodge avenue, Parkdale. About 10 o clock on Friday morning they were superintending a large vat in which varnish is prepared. They found it necessary to open the door of the furnace underneath the vat. The moment they did so, a violent explosion took place. The contents of the vat were scattered over the room, the two men coming in for their share. The varnish caught fire and in an instant the room was a blazing furnace, and the men in the midst of it.

George was the first to recover from the shock, and calling to his brother o follow him he made a wild fire, and threw himself into a pool of water in the yard. When taken out nearly all his clothes were burned. The brother, who was on the other side of the room, could not reach the door, so made his exit through a window. He also ran to the pond and tumbled in breaking the ice as he fell. He suffered worse than his brother. Both men are fearfully burned. Their backs and faces suffered the most. It is not thought that they inhaled the

Drs. Lynd and Harris were quickly summoned. They did everything possible to alleviate the agony of the injured men until they were removed to the hospital in the ambulance.

Fortunately the room in which the explosion took place was a separate building. The fire department soon extinguished the flames. The loss is about \$500, covered by insurance.

MOHAMMED'S COAT.

Sacred Relic to Which the Sultan Annual ly Pays His Devotion.

No more striking illustration of the alarming condition of affairs that prevails just now at Constantinople could be afforded than the fact that the Sultan should have considered it necessary to proceed by water, instead of by land, from his residence at the Yildiz Kiosk to the old seraglio for the purpose of paying his annual devotions to the holy coat of Mohammed, which is preserved in a great gold box in the innermost sanctuary of the imperial treasury The extent to which this garment is venerated by all believers may be estimated by the fact that the principal and most highly cherished some of the farming communities began | title of the Sultan is that of "guardian of the holy mantle." This robe, which it is needless to say is green, was Selim along with the keys of the holy

ally agreed that the plant was not near | Sultan is the most solemn and import- was, "I can stand it, doctor, but and religious function which the Turk- hope it won't worry my mother." Carish ruler is called upon to perform negie lives with his mother at 33 Rethroughout the year, and as a general gent Street. He is getting on in the rule his majesty's progress from the hospital as wel las can be expected. Yildiz Kiosk to the Sublime Porte is marked by a magnificent display of human system. The fertile soil which troops four or five ranks deep, who

his accession to the throne, more than the plant's presence other than the an- | 20 years ago, the Sultan, through dread of assassination, has abandoned the to act along this line. Soon it was customary procession by land, and has gone by water instead, furtively and Then it was shortly discovered that the almost by stealth, the public being led law regulating its extermination was | till the last moment to believe by the not only costly but quite useless. Two | military display that the Sultan was years ago the sentiment against the about to proceed to the old seraglio in

A WONDERFUL NEEDLE.

Queen Victoria has in her possession thistle law was wiped off the books a very interesting needle which was made for her in Buckinghamshire, and which she values as much as some of her most costly heirlooms. It is a minstates have already demonstrated to be | iature of the Roman column of Trojan, and illustrates scenes from Victoria's (C) from 1887 to 1895. He was an aslife instead of incidents in the careers sistant private secretary to the Secof Roman Emperors. These are perfeetly distinct when seen through a magnifying glass, and include the most interesting events in Victoria's young

Of these one depicts the Queen as a young girl before her accession to the throne, when she was at Tunbridge Wells. A second shows her in her coronation robes at Westminster, while a third—and this is the one which Victoria likes best-represents the marriage of the Queen and Albert. The fact that, small as it is, it opens, and contains several smaller needles of the same description, each of which is orrelief.

A CRACK SHOT.

Archduke Francis Ferdinand is one make a fierce flame when heavily of the crack shots of Europe. He shoots weapon quickly and is credited with shovel, killing him instantly. Frost is into bunches as large as a bushel bas- killing 480 head of game in an hour an Englishman, about 26 years, and Sir William Harcourt's attack of in- It is said the powers are rapidly ket. When dried these frail stems are and a half. To perform this feat he is said to have no relatives in this counfluenza will prevent his participating drifting apart in their policies of deal- easily broken by the wind, and the big kept three loaders constantly em- try. Convey admitted the crime and

SEVEN HUNDRED ARMENIANS KILL ED BY THE TURKS.

Sir Philip Currie's Protest-Officials Dismissed and Ordered to be Tried-The Patriarch Resigns.

A despatch from Constantinople says: -Further and probably more accurate details of the recent massacre of Armenians at Tokat, in the Sivas district of Anatolia, have been received at the Armenian Patriarchate here. The first report of the affair was issued by the Government. This declared that fifteen Armenians and three Mussulmans had been killed. Little reliance was placed in the report, for the officials have always made it a rule to under-state the number of persons killed in the various massacres. Later information was received at the Embassies showing that fully 100 defenceless Armenians had fallen victims to the fury of the Moslems at Tokat, and this number, it was thought, was probably correct. The news received at the Patriarchate shows that both statements were incorrect, and that the number of victims was fully 700. It was stated at the Patriarchate that these figures were obtained from reliable persons in Tokat and the vicinity, and that the number of victims stated is without doubt correct. Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador, made a most vigorous protest against the massacre in a note to the Porte, which was said to have been the strongest ever delivered by an Ambassador dash for the open air his clothes on to the Turkish Government. The result of his action was shown, when the Sultan ordered the dismissal and immediate arrest of the Turkish officials in Tokat who are suspected of complicity in the massacre and the appointment of a special commission to try them. It is believed that the British Ambassador will watch the trial closely to see that it does not prove a farce, as so many trials of Moslem officials charged with the murders of Christians have been.

Mgr. Ormanian, the Armenian Patriarch, has made a protest to the Sultan against the murders at Tokat, and has added force to his protest by insisting that the Sultan shall accept his resignation, which was tendered some time ago. At that time the Sultan refused to accept it, and promised the Patriarch that further concessions would be made to the Armenians. His Majesty asked, however, that the granting of these concessions be deferred until after Easter. The massacre of Tokat

followed. Eight Armenians were arrested here on Thursday as a measure of precaution, the Government fearing that the news of the Tokat massacre might precipitate an outbreak. The prisoners are suspected of having been engaged in an attempt to make a demonstration

CRIPPLED FOR LIFE.

Terrible Accident to John Carnegle-In Agony, the Young Man Thought Only of His Mother.

Simpson's Knitting Factory, at the foot of Berkeley Street, Toronto, was the scene of an accident on Friday morning which will leave John Carnegie a cripple for life. The injured boy is only 19 years of age. He was working in the knitting room, when something went wrong with the belting. He stood on a packing case and with a broom endeavored to move the beit. brought to Constantinople by Sultan The broom caught in a wheel, and the shock threw him to the ground. He

fell heavily, fracturing his spine. cities of Medina and Mecca from Cairo, When Dr. Greig arrived he found that ered with the foreign growth one year | where they had been preserved until the injured youth was paralyzed from was in many cases perfectly free from | that time in the keeping of the cali- | the chest down. He informed him of the ultimate result of the accident. The This worship of the mantle by the only reply he got from the poor fellow

THE DUKE OF LEEDS.

This year, for the first time since | H Will Succeed Lord Aberdeen as Gover

nor-General. A despatch from London says that the Duke of Leeds will succeed the Earl of Aberdeen as Governor-General of

Canada in 1898. George Godolphin Osborne, tenth Duke of Leeds, and a Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, was born in 1868 and succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1895. He was educated at Eton and at Trinity College, Cambridge, and was a lieutenant in

the Yorkshire Hussars. He unsuccessfully contested East, on Newmarket, division of Cambridgeshire (C) in 1886, but the following year was more successful, and sat as M.P. for Lambeth, Brixton division, retary of State for the Colonies from 1886 to 1888, and was appointed treasurer of the Queen's Household in 1895, in 1884 he married Lady Katherine Frances Lambton, daughter of the second Earl of Durham, and has four daughters living.

KILLED HIM WITH A SHOVEL.

Farmer Convey Could Not Stand Teasing, and Took the Life of George Frost, His Tormentor.

A Mespatch from Paris, Ont., says: -A terrible tragedy was enacted about five miles west of here on Friday afternoon, when a farmer named Convey, an old man about 65 years of age, young man in his employ. It appears Frost was tormenting the old man, who was down in the cellar shoveling turnips by throwing chaff down on him and Convey, who is of a very paswith smokeless powder, handles his sionate temper, struck him with the was placed under arrest.