THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, be hanged at Boston on June 18 for the Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe, Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading

### CANADA.

A new \$12,000 Baptist church has been opened at Petrolia.

Manitoba's contributions to the India famine fund amount to \$13,000. An earthquake shock was felt at Hamilton on Friday morning.

Prohibitionists are organizing for the plebiscite campaign in Quebec. Ald. Hall has been appointed Assess-

ment Commissioner of Hamilton. A new railway from Winnipeg to Port Arthur is projected in Winnipeg.

A couple of Paris residents have been fined \$10 each for using cancelled postage stamps.

The total shortage in the accounts of the late Treasurer Campbell of Brant County is nearly \$25,000.

It is said the G.T.R. will transfer most of their yard work to the Port Huron side of the tunnel.

Rain storms have soaked the western departmental block at Ottawa which was recently damaged by fire. stration on the Queen's birthday in hon- | Steady prices, and increased railway

our of the jubilee celebration. Capt. Prevost, the new Ottawa fire chief, will be tendered a banquet previous to his departure from Montreal.

The Government will send a small exhibit of Canadian cereals and wood pulp to the International Exhibition at | Stockholm. The stamp mill in connection with

the Kingston School of Mining is now crushing ore from different places night | and day. The Dominion Department of Public

Works has been notified that the survey of the Fraser river, in British Columbia, has commenced. The tender of the Kingston Locomo-

tive Works for the construction of two steel barges for the Montreal Transportation Company has been accepted. Mr. Alfred Pichette of Montreal fell from the third storey balcony of his house while engaged in adjusting a

pulley for a clothesline, and was killed. It is said that No. 4 Company, R.R. C.I., of Fredericton, N.B., has been sesected by General Gascoigne to accompany Premier Laurier to England in June.

Prof. Craig, Government Horticulturist, in the course of a lecture in Ottawa on Thursday night, spoke at some length of Untario as a fruit growing province.

The Canadian Indian Famine fund contributions have reached the sum of \$119,000 and another hundred thousand hupees will be cabled to Calcutta in a few days.

An order has been issued from the Militia Department calling in all the old ritles and side arms, and as soon as these are in the new Lee-Enfield weapon will be issued to the different battalions.

Major Wilson Smith presided over a large and influential meeting of Monttion of celebrating the diamond jubicelebration.

the other day in a note case, in which the principal was \$150, and the interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per day | the Venezuelan Congress, endorsed the amounted to \$5,980. The judge regret- | treaty signed by Sir Julian Pauncefote ted that under the law, which did not | and Secretary Olney, and pressed it upprohibit usury, he had to give judg- on the attention of the Congress to ment for the full amount.

said that he still hoped that by lower- sence, but nothing was discovered. Up- ted or by reflected light. The print ing the duty on coal the United States on complaint, the chief of police who or- is then washed over successively with Administration was likely to take the dered the search was discharged. same course, but if it raised the duty it was still open to Canada to retaliate.

Inspector McGlogan of Detroit says that Mr. C. M. Copelland of Winnipeg, recently appointed Y. M. C. A. Secretary for Michigan, will be sent back if he comes to Detroit, and an effort will be made to collect the penalty, of \$1,000 from the Michigan Y. M. C. A. for violating the alien labor

# GREAT BRITAIN.

The London Times commends Canada's generosity towards India. In Mexborough, Yorkshire, last week,

a miner named John Tait sold his wife for half a gallon of beer. Prof. Henry Drummond, the author

of "Natural Law in the Spiritual World," is dead. He was forty-six years of age.

House fund for India famine sufferers amounts to £1,000. The fund has reached £411,000.

The Queen is taking a direct personal part in shaping the policy of Great Britain in the Cretan emergency, as and for the time being had lost sight she did in the German crisis fourteen of him. When the story was told to months ago. Honorary degrees were conferred on

Thursday by Cambridge University

upon Mr. Thos. F. Bayard, retiring United States Ambassador, and upon the retiring French Ambassador, Baron de Courcel. The British imports from Canada increased 166 per cent. in February, and

100 per cent, in the two months of the current year, while British imports from all countries only advanced four

The entire staff of employees at the Devonport dock yard, numbering 5,000, have been ordered to work overtime for the purpose of hastening the completion of the fitting-out of vessels upon which they are engaged.

UNITED STATES.

smallpox. Robert G. Blain, brother of the late James G. Blain, is dead at Washington. The New York Central railroad has declared the quarterly dividend of 1

per cent. Earnings of the N. Y. Central Railroad in February amounted to \$3,300,-460, an increase of \$94,820.

cents a ton.

It is expected that the revised United States tariff will increase the duty on coal importations from 40 cents to 75

Percy Dame, a teller in the Merchants' National Bank at Newburyport, Mass., has confessed to the embezzlement of \$7,500. Thomas M. Bram, mate of the bark Herbert Fuller, has been sentenced to

murder of Capt. and Mrs. (Nash. A bill will be introduced into the New York Senate and Assembly placing under censorship of State officials all the newspapers published in New York

The United States Department of Agriculture reports that 20 per cent. of last year's wheat crop and 44 percent. of the oat crop is still in farmers'

hands. The Baroness Bertha Von Bulow, of kindergarten fame will arrive in the United States the last of this month to make an educational tour of the

country. The 800 employes of the Globe Shipbuilding Company, Cleveland, who have tions in powder form and on the negabeen out on strike for nearly two tive M. Villedieu-Chassagne overthrows weeks have returned to work, winning the dispute.

Secretary Sherman the other day signed the extradition papers authorizing the delivery to the Australian offi- tive. cers of Lee Weller, who is wanted in Australia on a charge of murder.

Business in the United States continues quiet, according to the reports of the chief commercial agencies at New York. At the same time there is D'Arcey, with a view to testing Villea fair, and to some extent increasing dieu-Chassagne's process. Ottawa is to have a military demon- activity in different lines of industry. earnings have increased confidence in menters started in upon their inquirthe satisfactory outlook for trade in ies with decided scepticism, they were the early future. In many directions already the spring demand has commenced with the retailers throughout the country. A more active enquiry is experienced in shoes, headwear, and sagne process was originally suggested clothing generally; while in the West and South Agricultural implements are being enquired for. Despite some decreases, prices are usually well maintained, and prospects are reported as most encouraging.

### GENERAL.

Prince Bismarck is suffering from neuralgia and cannot sleep.

In the Bombay Presidency up to date 14,856 cases of bubonic plague and 12, 204 deaths have been recorded.

The announcement that Japan has adopted the gold standard to premature

Gen Weyler has issued an order diresting that hereafter all women arrested in Cuba who are suspected of aiding

It is stated in Berlin that Vice-Admiral von Hollmann, Secretary of the its acceptance is refused by the Em-

It is stated that Gen. Weyler has received positive orders from Spain to end the Cuban war at once, even by going the insurgents. The elections to the Austrian Reichs-

rath were held on Tuesday, and were held for the first time under universal defeated in Vienna. A young man in Hamburg occupying

a high social position is charged with having masured his wife's life for a large amount, and then put her under

pointed to arrange the details of the Africa, which is within the British sphere, and the British Niger Company Judgment was delivered in Montreal is considering the question of expelling them by force.

President Crespo, in his address to the exclusion of all other business.

Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance in | The residence of Mr. Robert Mason. | in no way differs in outward appearreceiving a deputa ion on Montreal, re- British Consul, in Havana was search- ance from an ordinary positive, and presenting the Canadian coal interests, ed by the Spanish police during his ab- shows no trace of color by transmit-

# FELL AMONG THIEVES.

### The Hobbery of a Toronto Lady in Cleve-Iand.

A despatch from Cleveland, Ohio, says:-Mrs. E. A. Fletcher, a handsome and dignified-looking matron, arrived in Clevelend early on Friday morning. than five minutes before she had a sample of the cold inhospitable manner in which Cleveland treats her guests. In fact, she had not left the Union station before she discovered that her satchel, containing all her belongings, including her extra clothing and cash, had been purloined by a The Queen's gifts to the Mansion sneak thief. She reported her troubles to a policeman, who in turn notified the detective, who is always at the station to take care of just such cases. The latter had been watching a rather suspicious-looking man for some time, the detective he at once suspected the individual referred to, and started on his track. It did not take him long to find him, he being 'traced to a disreputable house on Hamilton street. The man was promptly arrested, and on being threatened with imprisonment, confessed the crime, and told the officer to whom the Canadian visitor's belongings had been sold. The satchel was subsequently restored to the owner, and the thief sent to gaol. Mrs. Fletcher had come here on a visit.

# THIRST FOR KNOWLEDGE.

City Belle-I hope your stay in our city will not be short, Mr. De Science. Mr. De Science (member of the Ornithologists' Union)-Thank you, but my Rochester has four mild cases of sojourn must be brief. I am here attending the Ornthological Convention at the Museum of Natural History, and the

Ornithological-about birds, you

sessions will soon be over.

SKITH OW. Oh, yes, yes. How stupid of me! Do you think they will be worn much next | a little at a time. It was declared that season ?

# GULUKED PHOTOGRAPHY

THE GREAT PROBLEM HAS BEEN PRACTICALLY SOLVED.

A Clever Frenchman Discovered the Secre - Experiments by English Experts -The Inventor can Photograph All the Colors of the Rainbow.

According to information which has photography, which has been so long experimented with, and which has been declared solved so many times, only to discover that the announcement was premature, has been at last solved by M. Villedien-Chassagne, of Paris.

The French experimenter has been at work on various solutions for a long time. It will be remembered that previous efforts to secure chromatic photography have been made with preparaboth of these principles and uses solutions instead of powders and operates upon the positive instead of the nega-

Within the last fortnight experiments have been made in London by Sir H. Trueman Wood, the secretary of the Society of Arts, and Captain W.

While both of the English expericonverted, if mot entirely, still to a very notable degree, to the French inventor's theories. The Villedieu-Chasby Dr. Adrian Bansac, but the recent development of it has gone very far toward destroying all of the details of the Bansac process, leaving only his theory behind.

The demonstration took place in a laboratory of King's College, in London. The gentlemen who were present were Professors Thomson and Herbert Jackson, of King's College; Sir H. Trueman Wood and Captain D'Abney. According to the description of the ex-There is only a bill to that effect before | periments which is given by the secretary of the Society of Arts the colors a wonderful similarity in the photothe insurgents shall be tried by court- graph. Sir H. Trueman Wood says:-

### PRACTICALLY SOLVED.

"To say that Villedieu-Chassagne's Navy, has tendered his resignation, but | process enables photographs to be produced in natural colors would not perhaps be strictly true, since coloring media are introduced, but the result of the process is a photograph in the to the extent of selling the island to colors of nature, a faithful reproduction in color of the object photographed, and so for all practical purposes it may be said that the long sought obsuffrage. The Socialists were badly | ject of photographing in colors has actually been botained."

Villedien-Chassagne insists at present on keeping secret the nature of the real citizens to consider the ques- hypnotic suggestions to commit suicide. recy will be broken, he promises, upon A French force, under white officers, the perfection of the recording of the lee. A number of committees were ap- is occupying the town of Boussa, West invention in the various countries of Europe. A negative is taken on a gelatine plate prepared by treatment with one of his solutions. This is developed and fixed in the ordinary manner. It shows no trace of color. From it a print is taken on glass or paper, the plate or paper being especially prepared by treatment with the same so-

The transparency of the paper print the three colored solutions prepared by Villedieu-Chassagne, of blue, green and red, and the print takes up the appropriate colors in appropriate parts, the three colors giving by their various combinations all varieties of hue. Sir H. Trueman Wood, in comment-

ing upon this phenomenon says:-"How it is that this power is selective absorption is given to the components of the photographic imageprincipally, of course, metallic silver —is, it appears to me, the interesting She had not been in the city more question connected with the 'process. The action is certainly previously unknown, and it will as certainly repay scientific investigation."

The English investigators declined to be convinced by the mere inspection of the finished result, and the inventor demonstrated all the details of the process to them. They took a number of photographs themselves on the day before the experiment.

# SIMPLE COLORING.

of subjects not possessing such brilliant | whole of Africa. tints were equally successful.

The experiments of the Englishmen were confined to gelatine films, but the inventor treated with complete sucsess some paper positives he had brought from Paris. These are described as looking like ordinary silver prints, toned with gold.

Captain D'Abney, in describing the quality of the solutions, declares that "a crimson red, a grass green and a very good blue, all in solution and probably mixed with some other ingredimay call a mordant, in the shape of say, albumen and salt

"The last liquid is brushed copiously over the face of the positive on the silver print and the blue dye applied the coloring must take place in good | curious old Breton customs.

daylight. The blue dye rapidly takes hold of those portions of the surface which represent in monochrome blues in the original.

the blue tint, and the face or hands a faint amount of the same color. The green dye is applied in the same manmake their appearance in the positive as do the red tints. Finally, the print or positive presents a picture in colors, underlying which is the dark brown silver image. It appears that the imcolors, but why it takes them up it is hard to see. I have a portrait done the negative has evidently been retouched with a pencil. It is hard to understand why a pencil mark could be the cause of selective absorption of the does not depend upon the inventor's intervention is quite evident. Were it the negative which took up the color one might understand the matter better."

### COST OF DIFFERENT LIGHTS.

### Expense of the Different Sorts of Artificial Lights.

The director of the electrical company of Cologne has made a comparison of the cost of the different sorts of artificial lights, reduced to the same standard of illuminating power. As the cost of materials for illuminating varies in different localities, he has taken the cost of coal gas at ninety-one cents per thousand cubic feet; of alcohol for use in incandescent lamps, at thirty cents a gallon; of coal oil at fifteen cents a gallon; and of electricity at one and three-fourths cents per hectowatt. Supposing the "manstis" of the incandescent gas burners to last 400 hours, and to cost fifty cents each, and other apparatus to have the average life, he finds the most expensive ordinary light to be that from the incandescent electric lamps, which cost ten cents per hour, for a given amount of illumination. Next pain, and it is now stated that the ulcomes the light from ordinary gas ceration of the ear is gradually extendburners, with openings in the form of slits, which cost six cents for the same | madness or death. illumination. Argand burners, are, light for light, about 20 per cent, more economical than the other sort. Next families must be traced to the close to these come incandescent lamps burning alcohol, which give light at half the price of the ordinary gas burner. Ordinary coal oil lamps give light much of the natural object are produced with | more cheaply, the cost per unit of illumination being little more than onefifth that of an incandescent electric light, but the modern gas lights with incandescent mantels are still more economical, furnishing for one and threequarter cents per hour the same amount of illumination as incandescent electric lamps at ten cents. Electric arc | Maud, to marry her first cousin, Prince lamps are about 10 per cent. more economical still, and are the cheapest sources of artificial light at present known to us.

### BIRTH MONTH STONES.

The very latest craze in many of the fashionable capitals is the wearing of birth-month stones, and, strange to say it emanated in remote Poland. Women there, according to an old legend, are saved all manner of ills month in which they were born; and

January-Garnet; constancy. February-Amethyst; sincerity.

March-Bloodstone; courage, wisdom. from enchantment, innocence.

covers false friends. July-Ruby; corrects evils of mistaken friendship, discovers poison.

felicity. passions.

October-Opal; hope. bad dreams.

# December-Turquoise; prosperity.

### President Kruger's Contemptuous Reference to the Queen.

A TROUBLESOME WOMAN.

ange Free State says:-President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, has arrived here with the view of arranging for a closer union between the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. He was entertained at a public luncheon. and replying to the eulogistic toasts of President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, he said he was not there to controvert the Queen's rights. Time, he The light, they say, upon that oc- added would show he had always decasion was extremely bad, the sky be- fended ther Majesty-(cheers)-and he ing overcast, an dunfavorable atmos- had told his people to respect her. He pheric conditions prevailed. Notwith- expressed the hope that the two Restanding this, however, the positives, publics would form indissoluble ties, Her silv'ry voice he taught to trill which were within twenty-four hours but he never had any idea of the Free after the negative, showed with perfect | State being absorbed by the Transvaal. distinctness, when treated according to Continuing, President Kruger said he the Villedieu-Chassagne process, the knew he had to abide by the London colors of a bunch of flowers which the convention, but the Queen was a trousecretary of the Society of Arts had biesome woman, and it was therefore bought at Covent Garden. The com- necessary to deal with the question of bination of colors in such a subject can union with the utmost caution. He be readily understood. Photographs hoped some day to see a union of the

IALL WEDDINGS ON ONE DAY. At Plongastel, in Brittany, all the one day. In February last 34 couples Iv. were simultaneously joined together in holy matrimony. The ceremony was very pretty, all the brides and bridegrooms wearing Breton costumes, and the coloring is of a very simple nature. | walking in procession round the town. "There are three dyes," he writes- followed by their fathers and mothers, walked twenty squares last Saturday their brothers, their sisters, their ccousins, and their aunts. The wedding break- promised to show her how." fast was laid out in detachments, hardent besides water. There is what we ly a building in the village being exempt from making room for a portion. | cook-books, and asking me all manner What kind of a convention did you a colorless liquid, containing, I should There were 2,000 guests distributed of questions about the desserts and other among the lofts, barns and kitchens; er dishes which I have always had to plates were conspicuous by their absence and a dish of food was supplied master every department of housekeepto every four persons. The festivities img. lasted for a week, and included many

"For instance, a china vase will take ILLNESS OF ROYALTY IN FOUR COUNTRIES OF EUROPE.

ner, and the greens in the original Speculating About the Life of the Czar-A Man of Nerves-Emperor of Germany Never Free From Palu-Close Kinship of Marriage the Cause of the Trouble.

A correspondent, writing from Loncome to this country, the problem of age takes up selectively these three don says that there is no exaggeration whatever in the whispered reports of by him in the manner described, and the feeble health which afflicts the Czar, the next two heirs to the Austrian crown, the Prince of Naples and the Emperor of Germany. Any of these colors. That the success of the process | personages is liable to the sudden grip of the dread enemy.

> As for the Czar, his real trouble is consumption, and a long life for him is impossible. His present illness, ascribed to neuralgia of the face, is really brain worry. It is not caused by the slight wound which he received a few years ago from the attack of a wouldbe assassin in Japan, but by the unfortunate illness which came a few weeks ago to the Empress and frustrated the hope of a male heir to the throne. True, there is the Emperor's brother, but he is slowly dying of consumption, and the Czar himself is of opinion, that were he to die, and the crown devolve upon his little daughter, she and the Empress, who would be Regent would certainly become the speedy prey of the regicide's bullet or bomb. Russia would never submit to the regency of a German princess.

### THE FAULT IS IN MARRIAGE.

The health of the young Prince of Naples has not been improved by his recent marriage to the Princess of Montenegro. As for the Emperor William, he is never entirely free from ling to the brain, and that must mean

The cause, perhaps, of this general condition of affairs in so many royal kinship of the marriages they contract, and the unfortunate laws which prevent crown princes from choosing wives from the ranks of their healthy countrywomen, not of royal lineage. The Queen and the Prince of Wales are ardent reformers in this direction, as is shown by the marriages they have permitted their children to contract. True, the Prince of Wales rather contradicted himself when he allowed his youngest and most delicate daughter, Princess Charles of Denmark, but it is no secret that for a time he strongly proposed the union, on the plea of consanguinity only.

### A NERVOUS CZAR.

Naturally, the reading of the speculations as to what would happen in case of his "going off' has not improved the Czar's nerves. The slightest noise makes him so irritable that no salutes are fired except by his special sanction, and at one or two reviews of troops of recent occurrence there has been scarcefour solutions he employs; but this sec- wearing the guardian charm of the ly any firing. The sound of a bell is said to entirely discompose his Imperial men, too, if given such gems by a | Majesty, and those churches within earwoman are also saved and benefited. shot of the palace where the Emperor Here is the true list. There are var- happens to be staying have of late ieties, but the one given is direct from | ceased to appeal for congregations from clanging steeples.

. The Czar's dislike to loud talking is a matter which is somewhat irritatling to his relations and immediate cour-April-Sapphire or diamond; free tiers. He himself speaks very low, and, unless you stand very close to him, May-Emerald; success in love, dis- a difficulty in the case of such an exalted personage, you cannot hear a word June-Agate; health and prosperity. he says. It is whispered that his Majesty succeeded unwittingly in forcing tears from the eyes of his aunt, the August-Sardonyx; means conjugal Princers of Wales. She is devoted to her nephew and tried in vain to have September-Chrysolite; antidote to long conversations with him. Her Royal madness, frees from sadness and evil Highness is unfortunately very deaf, and the Czar would not raise his voice even for her. Finally conversation be-November-Topaz; fidelity; prevents | came impossible, and the Princess had to content herself with sitting in silence with the young Emperor's hand clasped in her own.

# THE SINGING MASTER.

A songstress sigh'd to be a star, A star divine of singing. A despatch from Bloemfontein, Or- And famous masters, near and far She sought, bright silver bringing.

> Her dearest hopes departed, Homeward, at last, the singer went; Forlorn and broken hearted! She would have died, had not beside,

But, sad to say, her silver spent,

Her way she saw a hermit, Whose hut behind the hills did hide, Till one could scarce discern it. He drew her in and from his soul

He breath'd of song a shower; That through her heart did swell and With dreamy spell and power.

With bird-like ease and rapture; And left her smiling on a hill, The world by song to capture.

'Dear master, stay, for what you've done,

I'll gold and silver borrow:" 'For love I teach and love alone!" Cried singing-master Sorrow!"

# SAD DOMESTIC NEWS.

Daughter-Bridget has become reweddings of the year are celebrated on markably attentive to her duties late-

Mother (sadly)—'I have noticed it. Yes, she has stopped slighting her work, and pa's shirts and collars and cuffs are starched beautifully. She Infternoon to see a woman who had

make myself. She seems determined to

And lately she has begun studying

Alas! It is as I feared. She is going

to be married!