THE GERMS OF THE DISEASE IN THE AIR WE BREATHE.

How the Deadly Microbe Attacks the Lung -Its Short and Swift Career-Precautions Which should be Observed by All.

The death records during the long months of the Canadian winter, show human life has no more active or more deadly foe than pneumonia. It is a familiar saying among Canadians that old people die in winter and little children in summer. Of the host of the aged who finished life's journey, a large percentage are stricken down in January, February and March, those being the months in which the pneumomicrobe creates greatest havoc.

IT IS A GERM DISEASE. Comparatively few people are aware that pneumonia is a germ disease, caused by a distinct species of microbe and in no way to be confounded with a severe cold or inflammation of the lung. In winter the atmosphere contains great numbers of these microbes which are inhaled by all classes, the strong throwing them off by reason of their constitutional vigor and the weak falling, in two many cases, victims to the disease. There is little doubt that thousands of disease germs of all kinds are inhaled daily and thrown off without injury by strong organisms.

SYMPTOMS OF THE DISEASE.

suitable for its operations, it begins its work. The symptoms of this disease are well marked, and no physician experiences much difficulty in diagnosing a case of pneumonia. The first manifestations is a marked chill with rigor and shivering, lasting from twenty minutes to an hour. There is an acute pain in the side affected which grows in intensity as the disease advances. In ordinary cases there is a cough and the sputum thrown off is tinged with blood and very tenacious. The temperature goes up to 105 or 104 and continues so during the course of the illness, which is about a week or ten days, when it suddenly falls. This sudden fall is called the crisis of pneumonia, and is quite a distinct feature of the disease. As soon as the crisis occurs the patient changes from a condition of severe pain to on of comparative comfort and proceeds to get well. The cause of all these is sure, a Telford or Macadam road needs manipulations, of course, has been the pneu- the best of care to be in good condition, and | was found guilty and fined sixty dollars and monia microbe which causes an inflammation of the lung or lungs by bringing about an exudation of serum which coagulates within the cells, closes them up and renders the lungs totally useless for respiratory purposes. One lobe of a lung may be affected, or two, or the whole or both lungs.

DRUNKARD'S PNEUMONIA. Especially is pneumonia hard on those

who have been addicted to strong drink. Statistics of death in pneumonia would furnish one of the most striking temperance known. The very young and the aged succumb readily enough to this fell destroyer, but the man of strong frame goes down So commonly has this been observed that a round. very malignant form of pneumonia which there may be little or no coughing ; the turn. prove fatal from endocarditis, or an inflam- a new coating. mation within the heart.

DRUGS OF LITTLE AVAIL.

Pneumonia is essentially a self-limited disease. It runs a fixed course and drugs have little or no effect in checking its career. The headache, the pain in the side, the high fever and the pleurisy continue for about a week. Then if the patient does not die the temperature takes a drop and he gradually recovers. Where a doctor is most useful is in watching the action of the heart, preventing complications, and easing the pain. A physician The patient should be warmly wrapped up, but should be well supplied with fresh air. Stimulants are useful, and a useful method of treatment in the past has been by poulticing the chest. Of late cold water applications have given good results. But people should never attempt to doctor a case of pneumonia. Send for the family physician at once. The heart must be carefully looked after, and every person doesn't understand the action of digitalis and morphia. Inhalations of oxygen, if properly administered, may be of great

A FIELD FOR EXPERIMENT.

fall in temperature or crisis referred to together. above has been the cause of many theories and experiments among medical men. As the surface of the roads, for either of these the disease seems to limit itself it was thought that the microbe threw out a substance which neutralized its own ptomaine or poison. ither this is the case or else | blanket which will keep a road in a filthy the human system manufactures an antitoxin which neutralizes this poison in the allowing it to dry in a few hours. methods as it manufactures the antitoxin in the new diphtheria cure. The road should always be a little higher than medical men argued that as the crisis was | the sides, so that the rain may run into the caused by a serum hostile to the poison of side gutters at once. pneumonia, that crisis might be brought on earlier in the disease if the serum were ters and ditches to clog up, but keep them injected under the skin of the patient. So | clear the whole year through. they tried injections from the serum taken treatment

DEATH RATE IS HIGH

cent. The disease is infectious to a certain inches deep.

degree and is often noticed in veritable epidemics. The germs would seem to form little populous centres of their own and not infrequently two or more members family are stricken at the same time

Since treatment affects the progress of

HOW TO AVOID PNEUMONIA.

pneumonia to such a small degree and as the death rate is so high it is obvious that all precautions should be observed to prevent an attack. Although it is a germ disease and not to be confounded with a cold, it has, nevertheless, been observed that it is usually associated with exposure to cold and damp weather. Old people should be particularly careful to wrap up warmly when going out, and to avoid all sudden draughts and chills. Exposure to severe cold should be avoided. As an organism in good physical condition will throw off the germs, it stands to reason that all should strive to keep up the tone of the system by observing the rules of health which are now sufficiently known to all. Cleanliness, fresh air, exercise and butcher's meat are the means to this end. It has moreover been frequently noticed by the observant physician that people who worry greatly are particularly subject to the disease. Worry of course lowers the vitality and indirectly makes a man reckless so that he is not as careful to avoid exposure as he would be ordinarily. This is a probable explanation of the susceptibility of excitable people to pneumonia. As for drinkers it would indeed be well if they months. Let pneumonia get its grip on a heavy drinker and he is usually a dead man in three days. There is little or no hope for him. When it is considered that drinkers who keep late hours are particularly exposed to cold it will be readily conceded that King Alcohol plays directly into the hands of pneumonia. If, however, Once the germ of pneumonia enters lungs | people make an effort to keep up their health, and observe regular hours, there is

CARE OF MACADAM ROADS.

Instructions Issued by the Road Improvement Association of London, England.

Improved roads are becoming so common in various parts of our country, that the following instructions, issued by the Road Improvement Association of London, England, for the guidance of their roadmen, stable Lindsay at Comber, Ont., on January will be of great service to all who have to do with this class of roads; for one thing unless this care is given them they soon get | costs. out of order, and the work of repairing them is expensive.

1. Never allow a hollow, a rut, or a puddle to remain on a road, but fill it up at once with chips from the stone heap.

2. Always use chips for patching and for all repairs during the summer months.

3. Never put fresh stones on the roads, if by cross-picking and a thorough use of the lectures on record if all the facts were rake the surface can be made smooth and kept at the proper strength and section.

4. Remember that the rake is the most in the pride of his strength if he has useful tool in your collection, and it should undermined his constitution by alcohol. be kept at close hand the whole year

5. Do not spread large patches of stone has been frequently noticed in cases of over the whole width of the road, but coat tion. inebriates has been termed "drunkard's the middle or horse track first, and when pneumonia." In this malignant form, this has worn in, coat each of the sides in

temperature will show but little rise; but | 6. In moderately dry weather and on the pulse is usually bounding. The heart hard roads always pick up the old surface is speedily affected and death results, as into ridges six inches apart, and remove all it does in most cases of pneumonia which large and projecting stones before applying

stone deep, but add a second layer when | in the regatta there. the first has worn in, if one coat be not

8. Never shoot stones on the road and crack them where they lie, or a smooth

surface will be out of the question. 9. Never put a stone upon the road for repairing purposes that will not freely pass in every direction through a two-inch ring, and remember that still smaller stones should be used for patching and for all

slight repairs. 10. Recollect that hard stones should be should always be called as soon as possible. broken to finer gauge than soft, but that the two-inch gauge is the largest that should be used undor any circumstances where no steam roller is employed.

> 11. Never be without your ring gauge; remember Macadam's advice that any stone you cannot easily put in your mouth

> should be broken smaller. 12. Use chips if possible for binding newly laid stones together, and remember that road sweepings, horse droppings, sods or grass and other rubbish when used for this purpose will ruin the best road ever

constructed. 13. Remember that water-worn or rounded stones should never be used upon The curious phenomenon of the sudden steep gradients, or they will fail to bind

14. Never allow dust or mud to lie on will double the cost of maintenance.

15. Recollect that dust becomes mud at the first shower, and that mud forms a wet condition for weeks at a time, instead of

16. Remember that the middle of the

17. Never allow the water-tables, gut-

While all of the above rules are imporfrom convalescent patients who had reached tant and embrace the principles of good or passed the crisis. So far, however, these | road adminstration in a small space, especial experiments have resulted fruitlessly and force should be attached to rules 14 and 15, pneumonia is still one of the deadliest of as upon the observance of these two rules acute diseases and but little amenable to depend in a great measure the usefulness of all Macadam and Telford roads. Yet how frequently do we see these best of roads made offensive by the neglect of these The percentage of mortality in pneumonia simple principles. In too many instances s very high. From statistics compiled it the surface is allowed to become foul with is found that it runs from twenty to thirty horse voidings and an accumulation of dirt per cent, of all cases. In Canada the rate and dust, are seldom scraped or cleaned, would be about twenty per cent. In and being constantly sprinkled, the surface, | 000; assets, \$20,000 southern countries the rate is much higher, which should be hard and clean, becomes ranging from twenty-eight to thirty per foul with a sticky, nasty mud two or three and Leather Bank defaulter, is now in the way of carrying out the Earl of Jer-

THE WEEK'S NEWS.

CANADA.

There is a demand for dwelling houses in wen Sound .

George Hoover, a notorious bandit, has een jailed at Brockville.

Jonas Knechtel, a prominent architect of Berlin, Ont., is dead from typhoid fever.

The late John T. Warrington, jr., of Belleville, left an estate valued at \$26,000.

The assessed value of property in London, Ont., is \$15,328,710; \$250,700 higher than last year.

The Montreal Exhibition Company has endorsed the project of holding a World's Fair in that city in 1896.

The Kingston Dairy school was opened on Thursday, Professor Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, giving the opening lecture.

Przhodda and Happka, the two Poles charged with a vicious attack on Mr. Wildfong, of Berlin, Ont., some days ago, have been committed for trial.

The insurance companies in Winnipeg, which raised the rates twenty-five per cent. on account of the recent fires, have restored them to the old figure. The following telegram has been received

by Hon. Mr. Bowell: "The Canadian Pa cific Telegraph Company will be pleased to drew it mild at least during the winter transmit free all telegrams in connection with the proposed national subscription. (Signed) C. R. Hosmer." The committee on the national testimon-

ial to Lady Thompson consists of Hon. Messrs. Bowell, Ives and Angers. Mr. Foster is treasurer. Mr. Bowell received a letter from a Montreal gentleman subscribing \$1,000 to the fund.

The Quebec Treasury has received a not great danger from this disease. If cheque for fifteen thousand dollars as an people were to make some little effort along | inheritance tax on the late Duncan Mothis line undoubtedly the death records of Intyre's estate in that province. The estate pneumonia for the season 1894-5 would look in the Province of Quebec was appraised at meagre as compared with those of former \$1,045,616.10, but as one-half belongs to Mrs. McIntyre, the succession duty of three per cent. only applies to the balance.

> Mr. John Whyte, of Mitchell, Ont., has had about forty sheep stolen out of a herd of about five hundred, and on Thursday night James Shane, a farmer living about a mile and a quarter from Mitchell, was arrested on the charge of stealing the sheep, of which about twenty-five have been re-

Joseph Truskey was hanged on Friday at Sandwich Ont., for the murder of Con-20th last. Truskey committed the crime in revenge, Constable Lindsay having had him arrested for cruelty to animals in October, 1893, of which charge Truskey

The Rev. E. J. Fessenden, rector of Trinity church, Chippawa, Ont., has commenced an action and issued a writ to recover his salary as the rector of that fits Canadian sealers alone. congregation since 1891. The vestry passed a resolution in 1891 stopping Mr. Fessenden's salary, after their request to have him removed had been refused by the males than males in Sweden. Bishop, but Mr. Fessenden continued in charge, being supported by a few of his Chancellor, is ill and confined to bed, from faithful parishioners.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Brassey is spoken of as the coming Governor of Victoria, Australia.

The Bank of England's rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 per cent.

Glasgow has one underground railway in operation and two more under construc-

A despatch from London says a detective has been specially told off to protect the Queen.

The business troubles at St. John's Nfld., have not had any effect on London commerical circles.

The Prince of Wales will go to Caunes in 7. Never spread stones more than one January to race his yacht, the Britannia,

During the recent floods in the Thames times over. valley soup was made daily at Windsor castle for the sufferers. The inundation was the greatest since 1742.

It is stated on good authority in London that the object of Sir William Van Horne's visit is not financial, but entirely for the benefit of his health.

At the request of Sir Charles Tupper, his private apartments. Mr. William Reynolds-Stephens and Mr. Joseph Whitehead each took a plaster cast

for the purpose of making a bust. Serious depression prevails in the English alkali trade. The United Alkali.

Company's works have been shut down and several thousand men are idle. In view of the agitation concerning the million lire. transatlantic mails, Galway is pressing

her claims as offering the best, the safest, the cheapest, and the quiskest route to the Reichstag when cheers for the Emperor new world. The authorities of Scotland Yard say

there is no truth in the statement regarding the visit to England of a well-known Irish-American extremist, with the view of reviving Fenianism in England.

On Wednesday in Chester, with full line between France and Canada. choral service, Prince Adolphus of Teck was married to Lady Margaret, the third daughter of the Duke of Westminster. The attendance was very fashionable, the dresses elegant, and the gifts magnifi-

UNITED STATES.

business at Carson, Nevada.

The new United States cruiser Minneapolis has been placed in commission.

Adjutant-General Josiah Porter died in New York on Friday night, of apoplexy. Lewis T. Ives, a well-known lawyer and

artist, of Detroit, died on Friday. was hanged at New Bedford, Mass., on Friday.

victory. The charges of cruelty against the officials

of the Elmira, N.Y., reformatory have been

- a rest jail in that city.

Eugene V. Debs, the leader of the grea A. R. U. strike at Chicago, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

A Washington despatch to a Buffalo paper says President Cleveland is a very sick man. Gout is said to be the malady.

The Commercial Bank at St. Joseph, Mo., has gone into the hands of an assignee Assets, \$320,000; liabilities, \$270,000.

President Cleveland has issued an order placing the entire internal revenue service under the provisions of the civil service

Deveaux College at Niagara Falls is said to have been closed owing to an outbreak of typhoid fever in the institution, and over 100 students sent home.

A lone highwayman held up the stage eight miles from Fort Thomas, Arizona, on Friday night, and secured the mail pouch, supposed to contain a large sum of

A number of printers who left Winnipeg recently on account of the introduction of machines have been arrrested in Grand Forks under the alien labour law.

F. S. Fogle, a fireman on the Pennsylvania railroad, was blown from his engine near New Florence by the gale which raged Wednesday night, and was killed by the

John Garvey, the tramp who entered the Astor mansion on Fifth avenue and took a sleep in one of the beds there, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Fifty-two indictments against ex-county officials and members of the Board of Supervisors have been returned by the grand jury of Sioux City, Iowa. The county has been robbed of \$200,000.

David G. Spragg, an insane man, living | ing?" near Ridgeway, Mo., on Tuesday evening killed his wife and two children, fatally wounded his two step children, and then committed suicide.

The clay sewer pipe companies of the United States have combined, with headquarters at Pittsburg. They will act in harmony with the Akron, Ohio, trust, and it is said prices will be advanced.

By a collision of cable cars in the Washington street tunnel, Chicago, on Wednesday evening, one man was killed, seven people seriously injured and others bruised. The cars took fire and there was a general

Before the Lexow Committee in New York on Friday Police Captain Creedon made a confession, implicating a number of the higher police officials. His story caused an immense sensation, and the investigators warmly congratulated him upon his straightforward stand.

In the United States House of Representatives on Thursday Mr. Dingley asked for information as to the working of the Behring Sea regulations for the protection of seal life. He believed that the three hundred thousand dollars of expense annually incurred by the United States bene-

GENERAL.

Late statistics show 148,669 more fe-

Prince Hohenlohe, the new German A conflict has arisen between Brazil, the

Argentine Republic and Uruguay on the subject of quarantine. Father Donza, director of the Vatican observatory, died on Friday of apoplexy,

after an audience with the Pope. Unusually severe and repeated earth" quake shocks have been experienced in

Rangoon, British Burmah. Berlin and Vienna, which are four hundred and thirty miles apart, are now con-

nected by telephone. A report that Field Marshal Yamagata, commander of the first Japanese army, was

dead, is officially declared to be untrue. The Bourse Gazette, of St. Petersburg, says that the new Russian loan of 15,000,-000 roubles has been subscribed for 40

In Prague there lives a Jewess named Sali Rudolf who has attained her one hundred and fifth year. She is in humble circumstances.

It is reported that the Pope is suffering from catarrhal symptoms, and that he has been forbidden by his physicians to leave

The King of Italy has conferred the knighthood of the crown of Italy on of the face of the late Sir John Thompson several members of the Italian colony at Salonica. Six of the new knights are Jews.

The budget for 1895-96 was presented to the Italian Chamber of Deputies on Thursday by Signor Sonnino, Minister of Finance. It shows a deficit of seventy

It is expected that the German Socialist Deputies who remained seated in the were called for will be prosecuted for lesemajeste.

The Dunkirk (France) Chamber of Commerce, in response to an appeal from Montreal, has decided to do everything possible to establish a direct steamship

A British resident in Pekin says the feel ing against foreigners is increasing in bitterness, and he feels convinced that when the Japanese come within sight of the capital every foreigner will be mas-

The Pope is said to be anxious to bring A heavy snowstorm has crippled ranway about a union of the Western Churches, and he intends drawing together at the Vatican a number of Catholic prelates of England and America, in order to confer with them as to the best means of realizing his hopes.

The Court of Enquiry held at Auckland, New Zealaud, has found that the steamer Wairarapa, which was wrecked on Great Daniel M. Robertson, a wife murderer, Barrier island in October, with the loss of more than eighty lives, was lost through the fault of Captain McIntosh, who was The Boston city elections on Tuesday among the drowned.

resulted in an overwhelming Republican In an interview on Friday in London, Mr. W B. Perceval, the Agent-General of dealers, have assigned. Liabilities, \$40,- Zealand will not be backward. Mr. Walter intensity. Pearce, the Agent-General of Natal, said Samuel C. Seely, the New York Shoe he thought there were many obstacles in seys proposals

Tit-Bits.

Perserverance.

She (severely)-How many more times are you going to ask me to marry you? He (calinly)-How many more times are you going to refuse me?

Safe Enough.

Grocer-Well, my little boy, what will

you have? " Fifteen cents' worth of molasses." Grocer—(as he hands the pitcher over the

counter) - Where is your money? "In the pitcher. I put it there so as to be sure not to lose it,"

A Description.

Judge-" Please describe the man you saw talking to the prisoner."

Witness-"I don't know how to do it, ver honor." "Can't describe him? Did he look like any of these lawyers? Did he look like

"No, yer honor, he looked like an intelligent gentleman."

Just Like a Bird.

Mrs. Gusher-" There's my daughter Edith. What a creature she is ! Just like

a bird." Uncle George-" Like a bird? Yes always saying the same things over and over from morning till night.

Temptations Removed.

"Your husband has given up swear"

"Do you think he will adhere to his resolution ?" "Oh, yes. I've made it possible for himto do away with collar buttons by sewing buttons on his shirta."

Combined.

Although the pretty girl be poor, Why she is not to blame : But the pretty girl who's rich is one Who gets there just the same.

An Obstruction.

"Gentlemen," said the conductor, "before leaving this station there is likely to be a delay of several hours." "What's the matter?" cried the passen-

gers in chorus. "Nothing that the company can help," replied the conductor, "but a piece of steak from the restaurant is lodged in the track just ahead of the engine."

The Old Man's Grief.

Miss Scraper (amateur violinist.)-"Did you notice that old man crying while I was playing my sonata ?"

Friend-"Yes, and I spoke to him. He said your playing reminded him of the old days when he was happy." "Was he a violinisc?"

"No, he was a piano-tuner."

Ought to Sympathize. Jinks-"Why are you forever bothering me about that bill I owe you?" Minks-"I need the money."

Jinks-"Then you ought to be able to sympathize with me. I need the money

Reputation Saved.

Dealer-"Where are you going now?" Driver-"To take this barrel of apples, around to Mr. Bickrow's." "Good Lands! You'll ruin me, That barrel hasn't been opened."

"Do you want it opened, sir ?" "Of course, you dunce. If we leave him to do it himself, he may open it at the

In No Danger.

Mr. Nicefello-"Dr. Knowitt says that kissing conveys microbes." Sweet Girl-"I-1 have some carbolic acid up stairs."

Not News.

Jimson (proudly)-"I never deceive m wife-no, sir; I tell her everything." Bilson-"Yes. I knew that long ago." "Wha-how?"

"She tells it all to my wife and my wife tells it to me."

Both at Work.

Mrs. Strongmind-" Here I'm working night and day for the advancement of woman, but I'd like to know what use you are in the world."

Mr. S .- "I am working for the emancipation of man." "Eh ?"How ?" "I am trying to make cotton cheaper."

"So that even the poorest man can afford enough to stop his ears with."

"The idea! What for?"

She Told Him. DeBore-" Is Miss Lilliwhite in ?" Truthful Domestic-" She's out." DeBore-" Hum ! Whom is she out

Truthful Domestic-"Out with you."

A Professional.

Tramp-" No'm, I am not a wood-sawer, mum. I draw. Gimme a square meal and I'll show you."

Housekeeper-" Well, it's worth it to see a man like you do anything at all." Tramp (after the meal)-" Thankee,

mum. Now I'll go and lie down in the sun." "But you promised to draw." "Yes'm. I draw flies."

Why a Bull Hates Red.

The reason why red infuriates members of the ox family is because red is the New Zealand, said that New Zealand is complementary color of green, and the eyes most anxious for direct steamer and cable of cattle being long fixed on herbage while communication with Canada, and if the Im- feeding, when they espy anything red it Benedict & Fowler New York lumber perial Government does her share New impresses their sight with greatly increased

> An English vicar has improved upon the parish mothers' meetings by a meeting of " lady mother "