# THE WEEK'S NEWS

CANADIAN.

The tender of the B.N.A. Bank for the loan of \$100,000 to Kingston has been ac-

cepted. The ice bridge at Niagara Falls remains undisturbed, and visitors still throng the great cataract.

Large petitions were presented at Ottawa from Toronto and Hamilton, praying for the grouping of constituencies and the establishment of cumulative voting.

Mr. Major Spriggs, verger of St. George's cathedral, Kingston, Ont., died suddenly from apoplexy upon his return home from the closing meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew on Saturday.

Mr. Robert Larmour, formerly of the Grand Trunk, has been appointed superintendent of the London and Port Stanley railway under the new lessees.

church, Hamilton, is considering a call from | Russia. the Metropolitan church, Toronto.

point, ten miles east of Halifax. There are the recent visit of the Czarewitch, have beseven men on board, and it is feared the come very friendly. vessel may go to pieces before the crew can be rescued.

Charles Patterson, the Woodstock youth on condition that Germany receive some who was arrested at Niagara Falls charged | compensation in Samoa. with stealing \$100 from Hyacinthe Latremouille , the Hamilton boy, who stole some German Ambassador at St. Petersburg, has \$700 from the Express Company, has been received positive assurances from the Czar allowed to go home under suspended sen- that the Russian squadron will not visit

half a dozen workmen at the ruins of the to the friendly feelings manifested in Berlin Rolland fire in Montreal. Two married towards Russia during the visit of the Czaremen, named Theriault and Lacourt, were witch. The general opinion in St. Petersinstantly killed, and one named Giroux was burg is that Russia is about to sever her fatally injured.

Mr. Angers, Minister of Agriculture, admits that the United States' order scheduling Canadian cattle is a serious blow to the farmers. He hopes, however, that England will soon raise her embargo against to the Protestant Episcopal Church in the this country.

Senator Boulton has given notice of a resolution to the effect that the charter of the Canadian Pacific railway authorizing the construction of its connection through the State of Maine should be cancelled, as it would be a cause of irritation to the Canadian traffic.

The heavy and increasing demand upon the products of the cotton mills in Montreal there are in that State. Maryland has and its neighbourhood has compelled the companies to consider additions to their buildings and machinery. There is a present demand, also, for stock in the several companies, as investors believe that prices will advance with time.

#### BRITISH.

United States of the Sandwhich Islands.

The London Chronicle says that Canada's desire for annexation is less now than it was when Sir John Abbott so petulantly signed the famed manifesto in Montreal in 1849.

leyalty of Canada to the Empire will be greatly stimulated by the introduction of 50 per cent, of the Episcopalians in Kenthe Cummings bill at Washington.

jealous desire upon the part of England to that State. New Orleans contains more retain Canada within the Empire if she does members of the Protestant Episcopal not wish to remain. There is no similarity | Church than all the rest of Louisiana. St. in the cases of Canada and Ireland.

in the House of Commons on Friday night and Cleveland and Cincinnati in Ohio. thinks the cold layer is accounted for by the on the Government's foreign policy did not | More than half of the Episcopalians in Penn- action of the ice and the Arctic current, the please his Radical friends, while Mr. Gladstone administered a snub which tickled of its people who live in Philadelphia. It matic condition of the waters. The origin the Unionists.

A despatch has been received at the Foreign Office in London from Lord Cromer, the British Minister to Egypt, stating that the condition of affairs in that country may compel the landing of all the British troops ordered from England.

victory on Saturday by capturing Huddersfield, which went Liberal in 1885, 1886, and in 1892. The Conservative candidate won by thirty votes.

Lord Salisbury, in a speech delivered on Saturday on the occasion of opening the Liverpool electric railway, said that a tariff on corn was absolutely outside of the dreams of any politician.

## UNITED STATES.

The United States has ratified the Russian

extradition treaty with ameadments.

flood. The steamer La Gascogne, on Saturday, North and South Dakota and Western Minnesota are experiencing the worst blizzard of the winter.

A mad dog ran amuck in Chicago on Saturday night and bit five persons before the police killed it.

Three feet of snow having fallen in Seattle and neighborhood, the people now fear a flood when the thaw comes.

greatly exaggerated in the reports sent out. A bill has been introduced in the Minnesota House of Representatives prohibiting the manufacture or use of hoopskirts within the borders of the State.

John W. Louterbach, an importer of New York, jumped from a window in the 6fth floor of 103 Reade street on Saturday and was instantly killed. Business troubles are said to have been the cause of the act.

Ira N. Terrill, ex-Speaker of the Oklahoma Legislature, who murdered George Embree because the latter testified against would advise citizens not to abate their athim in a land suit, has been sentenced to tention to good sanitary conditions. At the penitertiary for life.

for his missing daughter, Henry Graham, streets, gutters, catch-basins and wasteof Harrison, Mich., perished almost within pipes millions of the tiny germs are imprisreach of his own door. The girl has not oned, and await only milder temperature been found.

last week the mercury hovered between 63 disinfectants; to air them in spite of the and 50 below zero for several days and low temperature, for cold air is not necescattle suffered severely.

graph lines and compelled all the factories sure to come upon the heels of a thaw.

along the river to shut down. Freeport, on the Alegheany river, suffers from an inundation. Boats and much lumber have been destroyed.

GENERAL.

Cholera still prevails in the suburbs of St. Petersburg.

It is reported that 50 persons in Marseilles, France, have died within the last four days from a disease resembling cholera.

It is reported that a riot lasting two days

has taken place at Bogota, Panama, and that 100 men were killed and 500 wounded. Dr. Cornelius Herz, who is wanted in Paris in connection with the Panama scan-

dal, has grown worse of fever, and is now very much depressed. The French Government has voluntarily removed the duties on all classes of Canadian

agricultural products entering at St. Pierre and Miquelon Islands.

The brigantine Edith is ashore at Fax. Germany and Russia, partly as a result of

It is probable that Germany would support an American protectorate over Hawaii

It is reported that Gen. von Warder, France this summer. A special cable des-Several tons of brick and stone fell upon patch says this is the concession of the Czar alliance with France, and ally herself with Germany and Austria:

#### The Protestant Episcopai Churche

A census bulletin giving statistics relating United States shows that the numerical strength of that denomination is chiefly centered in the Atlantic States, from Virginia fo Massachusetts. Over half of all its communicants are found in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Connecticut, which States contain only about 20 per cent. of United States, and would tend to divert the population of the entire country. Connecticut has not much over one-fifth as many inhabitants as Ohio, but it contains about 50 per cent. more Episcopalians than more communicants of the Protestant Episcopal Church than dwell in Illinois, and Virginia leads Missouri more than two to one. Rhode Island, with about one-fourth as many inhabitants as Kansas, has nearly three times as many Episcopalians, and little Delaware contains half as many as live in The Government of New Zealand has Indiana, This denomination is emphatically telegraphed the Marquis of Ripon, strongly and peculiarly urban. It is weak in States protesting against the annexation by the where a comparatively small share of the population lives in large towns, and it flourishes most in great cities. For example, over half of the Episcopalians in Illinois are counting foreigners of nationalities which contribute very little to the membership of the Episcopal Church, does not contain The London Financial Times says the one-fifth of the population of the State in which it is situated. In like manner over tucky are found in Louisville, which has Macmillan's Magazine says there is no less than 10 per cent. of the population of Louis is the great stronghold of the denomi as the Protestant Episcopal Church.

## A Pilgrimage to Jerusalem.

A very considerable body of English church people are preparing to set out upon a pilgrimage to Jerusalem. There are, in are found to the extreme north of Labrador, these times, more pilgrims to Jerusalem on a coast which is surrounded with heavy from Russia than from any other country ice almost all the year round, and where it are marvellous to behold. So large has been | than in any other region, the resort and has been compelled to exercise some super. of the waters. vision of the pilgrimages, and it will not permit pilgrims to leave any Russian seaport on the way to Jerusalem unless they are provided with return tickets. Many of the Englishmen and some of the Americans whom one encounters in Palestine are there Despatches of yesterday state that the In- as curiosity hunters, or archæologists, or dian troubles at the Pine Ridge Agency were literary jobbers, or gobemouches, or globe trotters. The Russians whom one meets there are devotees, pious pilgrims to the places that are hallowed because Jesus Christ lived and suffered there; and their faith and awe while at these places seem to be not less absorbing or intense than the faith and awe of the Roman Catholic pil-

grims who are always to be seen there. Looking to the possible return of cholera in the spring, and the entrance of other contagious diseases which have already appeared on our far southern borders, we present time disease germs are dormant be-While searching in a blizzard on Friday cause of the cold weather, but in the frozen to be set free. All possible precaution fish, if once the fishermen had learned In the Judith cattle country of Montana should be taken to purify houses by use of sarily pure air; to inspect the food-frozen The ice gorge in the beaver river at Rock food being sometimes in a bad state of deplant, Pa., broke the other day, and in run- cay-and to keep the gutters and catchning out washed out a mile of the Pittsburg | basins cleared as well as possible, in order and Lake Erie railroad, carried away tele- to carry off the slush and filth that are

Mr. Nielsen's Study of Sea Temperatures and Cod Habitat. A Voyage Which May Mean Considerable

for Newfoundland-General News

of the Island. A correspondent writes from St. John's New- vegetation, where a rotatory current exist- city. A dog chased a turkey. The owner foundland as follows. - For the first time Mr. ed, and where the temperature of the water of the canine and the owner of the fowl quar-Nielsen, our able and indefatigable superin- at the bottom ranged from 36° to 39° and relled over the occurrence, and one of the tendent of fisheries, was able to visit Labra. the specific gravity was from 1.0260 to 1.- parties deliberately went into his home, got dor in the fall of last year, after the close | 0270, In waters of a temperature below his revolver and came out and shot the of the hatching season at Dildo. It was 35°, a few cod may occasionally be caught, other man dead. Fred Glover, of Lawrence but a flying visit, so that his opportunities but these are only fish passing through Station, was with others engaged in cutting of investigating the fish and fisheries along | these cold regions, in order to get into more | ice at a pond on "the old Ham brickyard," that immense coast were limited. He was agreeable waters, for they do not resort to three miles north of Lawrence Station, for able, however, to make a beginning, and to localities having a low temperature. In the Widdifield's hotel in the village named. collect no inconsiderable amount of valuable | Lofoden fisheries (Norway) the fishermen | The pond is owned by George E. Young, information which can be turned to practi- are trained to use deep sea thermometers whose home is close by. Glover had his The German Generals who have been cal account. A thorough scientific study which are found to be of great service in dog with him, and it chased one of Young's beating the war drum so vigorously on be- of fish-life, together with the physics of the ascertaining the habitat of the fish. It is turkeys. Young came out and asked who half of the Army bill have been silenced, sea, along the Labrador coast, would be a ascertained there that the most successful owned the dog. One word led to another Rev. Jas. Allan, M. A., of the Centenary lest their bellicose utterances should offend work requiring years for its accomplish. fisheries are carried on in localities where between him and Glover, and they threatments, but its importance could hardly be favorable temperatures are found. It is stated that the relations between over-rated. During his brief visit Mr. Nielsen was the guest of Dr. Grenfell, on board the mission ship Albert, having received from the gentleman a courteous invitation to accompany him. He was of course dependent on the movements of the Albert for such opportunities of investigations as he met with; but Dr. Grenfell did all in his power to aid him in the work which he had in hand. Mr. Nielsen has embodied the results of his explorations in a report to the fisheries commission which will be shortly published, and will be read, with much interest. Meantime I am enabled to indicate briefly some of the more important points of his report.

TEMPERATURE OF THE SEA -SINGULAR PHE-NOMENA.

The first thing which attracted his attention was the very low ranges of the temperature of the waters along the Labrador coast, which do not exceed 465 degrees on the surface, even in the warmest days of summer. The Arctic current seems to throw its cold waters with full force against the shores, as well as to a great distance out to sea, in deeper regions along the bottom. Another singular fact presented itself -namely, that in several places along the coast there were found to be colder and warmer layers of water, of various extent, between the lower and upper strata of the sea. For instance, in one case the temperature at the bottom, ing codfish on Labrador. He condemns the in 90 fathoms, was found to be at the low system in the strongest terms. He found point of 294 degrees, but it rose gradually | that, with the exception of a few places, the to 34 ° 7, and in 60 fathoms depth a layer fish are cured in a most slovenly careless of ice-cold water was struck having a manner, which is injurious to the trade and temperature of 30 ° 5, and this extended if not reformed, must prove ruinous. Its to 30 fathoms from the surface where the value in foreign markets is thus seriously water again attained the temperature of depreciated. "The handling, splitting, 34°, and gradually became warmer as washing and drying of the fish, in most burg, Halle, Berlin, St. Petersburg, and the surface was approached. In another places, is bad." When he remonstrated case at a depth of 110 fathoms the with the fishermen and pointed out the intemperature was 31 ° 7, but at 100 fathoms jury they were thus doing to themselves it was raised to 36°, and at 80 fathoms and the trade, their reply was that they got it again dropped to 31°, which degree of as good a price for the ill-cured as for the coldness it kept all the way up until it properly cured fish; that the suppliers when it gradually became warmer again. they got as much for the worst cured as for found in Chicago, although that city, not Thus there are alternate layers of warm and the best, they had no object in spending cold water; 10 fathoms from the bottom | time and labor in curing the fish in a the water is warm enough for codfish to superior way. They knew how to handle live in, while below it is a 10 fathem and cure fish as it should be treated, and deep layer and above is a 65 fathom deep would be glad to do so if only a distinction cod would perish after a time, and for the additional labor required. It is evi-

## one close to the bottom.

QUESTIONS RAISED. It is a puzzling question when we ask whence come these alternate layers of tem-Mr. Labouchere's speech on the address | nation in Missouri, Detroit in Michigan, | perate and ice-cold water? Mr. Nielsen sylvania are found among the 20 per cent. potent elements which here control the cliis the same everywhere, and in spite of the of the warm layers is much more difficult to iact, often commented upon, that the Chris- explain-Are there warm springs of water tian churches flourish most, in proportion coming up from the bottom? Or, contrary to the population, in villages and rural dis- to received beliefs, does the Gulf stream tricts, the Protestant Episcopal denomina- throw out a northern branch? Or does a tion thrives best in large cities. The high warm current come down from the north ? rate of growth in these centers of popula- Or, lastly, do waters at the bottom, where tion, between 1880 and 1890, is doubtless | coufish resort, get heated by fresh waters The English Conservatives won a signal the principal reason why hardly any other of rivers which have been warmed by the religious body in the United States made sun and are poured into the sea? Elabor- instant. Their names are Hans Halte, a such a proportionate growth in that decade, ate investigations extending over years would be required to solve such questions. The facts, however, remain, and are established by careful observations.

CODFISH FOUND FAR NORTH.

Another interesting fact is that codfish of Christendom. The devoutness, the pas- might have been thought that no fish could sionate devotion of these pilgrims of the exist unless some unknown submarine power ancient Greek lite when visiting the is at work to raise the temperature of the Western Pennsylvania is in danger of a Church of the Holy Sepulchre and other waters. Our fishermen are plying their sacred places of Christianity is not sur- avocations farther and farther north every passed by that of the pilgrims of any year and the higher the latitude reached the from New York, took out \$2,500,000 gold. other rite, and the manifestations of it more abundantly they find the fish. More the number of Russian pilgrims to Jerusalem movements of cod, herring and caplin are in recent times that the Czar's Government determined by the meteorological condition

USE OF DEEP SEA THERMOMETERS. Hence it follows that a knowledge of the climatic conditions of the waters is of the last importance to the fishermen who resort | shown them on board, and they were landto these waters. Mr. Neilsen is of opinion | ed at Harbor Grace. that large numbers of industrious and skilful fishermen often lose their whole summer's voyage and waste their time by remaining in localities where they would not think of attempting to fish if they were provided with deep sea thermometers and understood how to use them. These instruments would at once indicate when the condition of the waters was unfavorable for fishing, the temperature being such that no fish would resort to them; and fishermen would thus be warned to move to more favorable localities. The use of this instrument, however, is unknown among our fishermen. "The meteorological condition of waters," says Mr. Neilsen, "has a most important influence on the habits and movements of the fish and bait, and is a factor that should never be neglected in the prosecution of the fisheries on the Labrador coast. I feel therefore certain that the use of the deep sea thermometers would be of the greatest advantage in finding and locating where and how to use them and had by experience obtained a knowledge of the habits and movements of the cod in waters of various temperatures in the different localities on this coast."

FISH AND TEMPERATURE. "

In support of this opinion Mr. Nielsen cites his own experience on Labrador. After bis eighty-first year.

becoming acquainted with the conditions under which fish were found most plentiful, he could at least tell the fishermen who took him around to their fishing grounds, where they were likely to get fish, and where they would not, by dropping his instruments down to the bottom and thus

CODFISH-THEIR POWER OF RESISTING COLD. cod would not be found in as low a temmen believe, from their eating ice.

CURE OF CODFISH ON LABRADOR. Mr. Nielsen's report contains some very important remarks on the methods of curcontinues there is no hope of improvement. What is wanted is that purchasers and shippers of fish should make a distinction in price between the well and ill-cured fish. A speedy improvement would follow if this were done, as an encouragement would thus beheld out to intelligence and industry. The system pursued on Labrador is thoroughly bad and likely to become worse, as good fish can be made on Labrador as anywhere, if pains are taken. At Battle Harbor he saw fish as well cured as the best Newfoundland shore fish.

## A SAD TALE OF THE SEA.

sailors who were taken from the wreck of the Danish brigantine Louise on the 15th Dane, and Hans Zaage, a German. They gave a harrowing account of the disaster which overtook their vessel. The Louise was bound from San Domingo to Havre with a cargo of mahogany. On New Year's day, in a fearful gale, she was thrown on her beam ends; the foremast was broken off, the vessel righted but was waterlogged, and three out of a crew of seven were washed overboard. The remaining four were compelled to take to the rigging. The captain, whose name was Erickson, and who had been ill for some time, dropped dead from the rigging, and a negro sailor soon after met the same fate. The two survivors were fifteen days in the rigging and endured terrible hardships from cold, hunger and thirst. For five days they were without water, and during the last three days on the wreck their food was dried fish, which was soaked with brine. On the 15th instant the Kestrel came in sight and rescued the men, who were in the last stage of exhaustion. The utmost kindness was

## A Wonderful Memory.

Magliabecchi, a Florentine, born 1633, was blessed with a wonderful memory. From early years he was an insatiable reader and became familiar, it is written, with nearly every book extant in Europe at that period. More than this, he could repeat nearly everything that he read. He was of all the literature of the age.'

Learned persons came to him to direct them to any book needed for consultation; volume, page and often the very line, were at his tongue's end. He studied the catalogues of all the famous libraries, both public and private, and so familarized himself with collections of books and valuable manuscripts that he had never seen.

At one period he was librarian to the of by his royal patron concerning a certain

investigation, replied :that is in the library of the Grand Seignior at Constantinople, and the point you are seven, on the seventh shelf on the right hand side as one enters."

Magliabecchi died in Florence in 1714, in

MURDER IN ELGIN COUNTY.

The Quarrel of Two Men Over a Dog and a Turkey Results in a Terrible Trag

A despatch from St. Thomas says .- The annals of crime in the county of Elgin conascertaining the condition of the waters. In tain the record of no more deliberate, these predictions he rarely failed. He al- | cold-blooded murder than that which took ways found the cod most plentiful near a place Wednesday afternoon in the township hilly and uneven bottom with an abundant of Southwold, about fifteen miles from this ened what they would do to each other. Young in the heat of the quarrel, deliberately walked to his house, about ten rods The nature of the codfish varies in dif- distant, got his revolver, went back to ferent countries, in regard to their power | where Glover was and fired four shots at of resisting cold. At the Lofoden Islands, him. The fourth shot pierced Glover's heart and he dropped dead. Young walked perature as on the coast of Labrador. The back to his house, gave the revolver to his effects of the gulf stream are felt at Lofoden | wife, and husband and wife started off to a in raising the temperature, and the fish get | brother's residence, three miles distant, accustomed to it so that if suddenly remov- where Detective Miller found him about an ed to Labrador colder waters they would be | hour after the tragedy. He was brought very uncomfortable and probably would not here and lodged in gaol. The murdered man live. At Dildo hatchery, Newfoundland, is about 21 years of age, and a son of James Mr. Nielsen found that the cod kept in Glover of Lawrence Station. He and his wells to which the sea water had free ac- father are employed by the London Barrel cess, were perfectly healthy as long as company in getting out staves there. They the temperature did not fall below 34 -; moved to the village about four years ago but that as soon as a lower temperature from Port Stanley. The deceased is dewas reached the fish became drowsy and scribed as a quiet inoffensive young man. would not feed, and at 28° they perished | The murderer Geo. E. Young, is a man of quickly by cold. On Labrador, codfish about 25 years of age, and a son of Joseph are often seen in a drowsy, stunned condi- Young farmer, in Southwold. He conducttion by cold, and when in that state they ed a brick and tile yard at the scene of the will not take bait of any kind. The cod | murder. He was married a year and a half picked up dead in these cold waters, are ago, his wife being a daughter of Mr. Carfound when opened to have lumps of ice in | michael, a neighboring Southwold farmer. their stomachs. This is caused by the He was arrested about four months ago and fluid contained in their stomachs freezing discharged on suspended sentences on the after they are dead, and not, as the fisher- charge of obtaining goods on order to which he had forged his father-in-law's name. Dr. Gustin, coroner, will hold an inquest at Lawrence Station to morrow.

#### The Cholera.

It is certain that the Asiatic cholera has continued to exist, and has even been epidemic in parts of Germany and Russia ever since it broke out there in August last. Though its ravages have been greatly and happily reduced everywhere since the winter set in, the reports about it from Hamother places are still disquieting. German science has striven for half a year to exterminate it, but without success. Its sudden appearance within a week at Halle, Altona, and Leipsic has been a surprise to the medical authorities, and its fatality there during reached 15 fathoms below the surface, made no distinction; and that as long as the depth of an unusually cold winter has raised alarm all over Germany. We must trust that this alarm will lead to the adoption of those preventive measures that are now needed even more than they have been at any past time. In the judgment of eminent experts, there is excellent hope that layer containing ice-cold - water in which between good and bad were remunerated the precautions against the entry of cholera into Canada will be as effective and successthis upper layer is even colder than the dent that as long as this state of matters ful this year as they were last year. An authority says that there is no disease more easily managed than cholera, so long as the water supply is kept uncontaminated. Unfortunately, in Toronto, pure water is just the condition that is lacking. For months now our water has been contaminated with all the filth that finds an outlet into the Bay and for some time to come there appears no chance of any relief. Already an increase in disease is announced which the medical health officer attributes to the impure state of the water. It is rapidly becoming a question whether the local or the Dominion government should The brigantine Kestrel arrived recently not step in and compel the city council to at Harbor Grace, having on board two take immediate and effective measures to remedy the present state of things. The big newspapers are astoundingly supine in the premises, but if matters continue much longer as they are the people may reasonably be expected to awake from their apathy, and demand not only protection for themselves and those dependent upon them, but also for the remainder of the country, which should not be submitted to the danger of incurring cholera and other diseases because Toronto's governing powers are incompetent to fulfil the trust reposed in them.

## Safety of a Missing Crew.

The Glasgow ship Gretna was lost a short time ago, and aithough the crew got clear away from their vessel in their own boats, one of these, containing the captain and nine of the crew, became separated and for some time were missing. It now seems that they were rescued by the Japan mail steamer Sakata-Maru in a very exhausted state, having been five days in an open boat. The Gretna, an iron ship of 1711 tons, got ashore on Rifleman shoal, off the China Coast, as she was going from Cardiff to Hong Kong with a cargo of coal. The Sakata-Maru was making for Saigon when a boat was sighted very low in the water. The steamer's course was altered, and the boat picked up. There were ten men in the boat, and they proved to be Captain Webster, of the Gretna, his second officer, and eight sailors. The poor fellows had been five days in their small craft and were then in an exhausted state. They had been tossed about by the waves, and were several times in great danger. The captain of the Sakata-Maru showed the sometimes called "a living, speaking index | shipwrecked men every kindness, and landed them all at Saigon.

After an experience of thirty years the English Government has withdrawn the right of jury trial from its Indian subjects, and loud protests are made throughout the various districts where it was enjoyed. The reason assigned for this step is the impossibility of convicting Hindoos guilty of seri-Grand Duke, and being one day inquired ous offences. In other words, it is impossible "to gett welve honest men in the juryvery rare book, which was needed in some box," a problem in which, according to a celebrated English statesman, the real "There is but one copy in the world, and science of government consists. The jury system is not only of Anglo-Saxon origin, but it is peculiarly suited to the Anglo-Saxon in search of may be found in book number | character, and among no other people has it become so deeply rooted either in their jurisprudence or affections. The fact that it does not operate successfully in India is a reflection on the Hindoos and met on the system.

- THE PARTY OF THE