

A Gentle Reminder.

We would once more gently remind our indulgent readers and subscribers that another year has expired and subscription renewals are not coming in as rapidly as they ought. The majority of subscriptions expire July 1st, and we hope those who have not already done so will oblige us by renewing at once by forwarding \$1, and those who are behind for the past year will please spur up, and not forget that the paper is cheaper prepaid than paid afterwards.

Sabbath Desecration.

Canada has long borne unrivalled fame in the matter of Sabbath observance, but it looks now as if she was to be shorn of her glory. In the matter of desecration in Ontario, Toronto seems to be taking the lead, though there are there some good men and true, who are determined that the laws of the land and the laws of God are not to be trampled on with impunity and contempt. This crisis seems to have come when the battle of Sabbath Observance vs non-Observance must be fought, and the battle ground will be all over Ontario, and the result must decide whether Canada and especially Ontario is to be a land where the laws of God are respected and thus retain the crown of honor which has so long adorned her brow, or a land where these higher laws are to be set at defiance and her crown of glory snatched from her brow and trampled in the dust. It is surprising to what an extent and how rapidly the inclination to desecrate the Sabbath has spread in Ontario in a few weeks. The Railway companies are running regular trains to and from Toronto on Sunday. The steamers are running regular Sunday trips to and from places of resort. And even the Dominion Government is not guiltless in this matter, for it has instituted the making up and despatching of Sunday mails. We believe the whole is largely traceable to the introduction of Yankee notions. The Grand Trunk Railway, for the sake of pandering to the desire American excursionists, began running through trains. Then followed special Canadian despatched trains. Then the steamers could not see Sunday railway excursions without grasping at their share of the patronage. Then the Dominion Government (shame to it, say we, for encouraging and following in its course instead of legislating against it) seeing the trains running on Sunday thought it might as well send Sunday mails by them. Thus one thing has led to another, until the crisis has come when Canada must decide whether Sunday is to be kept sacred or whether its desecration is to be winked at. On the one hand is arrayed secularism, avariciousness, profanity, and other evil influences, while on the other is arrayed the church, the ministry, the Bible, religious conviction and all other ennobling influences, and we would gladly say the Government of the country but what can be expected of a Government that will set the example of setting at defiance its own laws. We hope it may arouse itself to better things. Toronto is taking the matter up in earnest, and on Sunday the pulpits resounded with faithful warnings against Sabbath desecrations. We believe in this as in other things, right will triumph, and notwithstanding the influence of the Toronto World, from which we would expect better things, being thrown on the side of wrong, Canada will not be robbed of her crown of glory, but continue a Sabbath loving and a Sabbath keeping country.

No less than twenty two failures of business firms are chronicled in the Monetary Times of last week. Of these the larger proportion are in Manitoba. The total number of failures in Canada for the half year ending June 30th is 746. Don't the N. P. work as it should? Tory papers and Tory politicians told us that once the N. P. was in force tall chimneys would rear up in all directions, trade would flourish and hard times in Canada would be a thing of the past. With wheat at a bare dollar a bushel, barley at fifty cents, and wool at eighteen to twenty cents, the farmers are not growing wealthy as fast as they were led to expect. The only persons prospering just now are the Government contractors and a few bolstered up monopolies, and they are prospering at the expense of the rest of the community.

The town of Pulman, a suburb of Chicago, of ten thousand inhabitants, built and owned by Pulman Car Co., has no saloons. An anti-prohibition paper of Chicago thus describes this mode of working men: "Their homes are large, roomy, and clean; their furniture and carpets new and tasteful; the air they breathe is pure, from moral and physical standpoints; there is absolutely no drunkenness; their children are well-fed, well clothed and healthy; the men and their wives are well dressed and seemingly contented. They have no police, jail or Bridewell, and no saloon-keeper to cheat the children of their food, clothing, and education." Can this be said of the homes of the workmen in any city of saloons on the earth.—Christian Evangelist.

The Sabbath question is again coming to the front, and we shall probably have one of the biggest fights that has occurred for some time. If the Christian sentiment of the country is not thoroughly aroused in respect to it, there will probably before long be a pretty extensive and thorough awakening. The politicians will of course be on the *qui vive*, in order to see what capital they can make out of it. The railroad and steamboat companies will of course take a deep interest in it. And Mammon worshippers generally—especially those who imagine that the devotion of one day in seven to rest and religion is just to deduct so much from their gains—will pitch in on the Anti-Sabbatarian side. But if *Truth* has not mistaken the temper of the Christian public, the issue is not doubtful. Canadians prize their quiet Sabbath highly, and they intend to keep it. The first of a series of public meetings will be held on this subject in the Metropolitan Church. *Truth* expects it to be well attended.—*Truth*.

Sunday was St Swithin's day, and many will be interested to know whether the old adage be true that if St. Swithin's day, July 16th, be fine and without rain there will be no rain for the next forty days, but if any rain falls on that day there will be more or less of it for the next forty days. Sunday was very wet in the morning, and showery during the afternoon. But the next day was fine all day; Tuesday, fine; Wednesday, fine. Thus we see how much truth there is in the adage:

St. Swithin's Day, if thou dost rain
For forty days it will remain;
St. Swithin's Day, if thou be fair,
For forty days 'twill rain nae mair.

The amount of intoxicating liquors consumed in Canada since Confederation is somewhat enormous. 206,412,148 gallons of liquid poison have been swallowed in our fair Dominion, which is equal to 14,000,000 every year, or three and a half gallons per head for every man, woman and child in the country. The duty derived by the Government on this vast amount of (we might say) we was \$64,360,105, but the amount of sorrow, sin and poverty, which this liquor has caused in our country has not yet, or never can be put in figures. How many bright hopes has it blasted? How many homes have been made desolate?

Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Mackenzie were present at the dinner given in London to Lord Dufferin. If these two gentlemen were to sit down together at a public dinner in this country people would not know what to make of it. They would suspect that Mr. Mackenzie was endeavoring to get Sir Charles to go over to the Reformers, or that Sir Charles was planning a coalition by which Sir John Macdonald could be ejected from office and himself installed in his place. There is at least room for doubt, however, that Sir Charles and Mr. Mackenzie walked home arm in arm.

Lord Wolseley traveled in the Duke of Edinburgh's suite to the coronation of the Czar in his ordinary attire, and the astonishment of the Russians was intense when they learned that the quiet looking man in the grey ulster was the victor of Tel-el-Kebir. It seems to have been, in the midst of so much splendor, a capital advertisement. Like the Frenchman whose ribbonless buttonhole made him distinguished, Lord Wolseley's ulster marked him out for special observation where a blazing uniform would have been lost in a crowd of similar trappings.

Just now it looks as if the election petitions against Reform members were going to turn out not quite satisfactory to the Conservatives. The petition against Mr. Awry, of South Wentworth, was dismissed with costs against petitioner. The South Victoria case was also dismissed with costs against petitioner, both the judges congratulating Mr. McIntyre on the purity of the election. The petitions against Messrs. Murray, of North Renfrew, Dowling, of South Renfrew, and Dr. Cascardien, of West Elgin, have been withdrawn.

Hon. A. Mackenzie writes from Venice to Mr. G. W. Badgerow, giving an interesting account of his travels, and a short description of the magnificent sights which greet the traveller on every hand. He travelled from London to Paris; thence to Turin by Mount Cenis Tunnel; thence by Genoa and Pisa to Rome; thence to Florence and Venice. From Venice he goes via Milan to Switzerland over the Alps. He expected to reach London about July 3rd and Edinburgh by the 12th. He sails by the *Urania* on Sept. 1st.

Queen Victoria has ordered a monument to be erected over the remains of John Brown, bearing, among others, the following inscription: "That friend on whose fidelity you count, that friend given you by circumstances over which you have no control was God's own gift." This is a touching tribute to a faithful servant.

The Scott liquor law, passed by a Republican legislature, is every day gaining favor with the people. It promises to be a decided help to the Republican Party in the pending election in Ohio. Though not a prohibitory law, it is much better than the free-ram policy which would prevail if the Democrats were to come into power.

The approaching Luther celebration in Germany has directed attention to the Luther family, and it is learned that the male line became extinct in 1742. But from Luther's daughter has descended the present family of von Saucken, in East Prussia, to which belongs the Progressist members of the Prussian House of Representatives, von Saucken-Tarputschen and von Saucken-Julienfelde. It is said that one member of this family is married to a Berlin banker of Israelitic origin.

The Board of License Commissioners for Toronto have refused no less than seventy applications. But notwithstanding this they have granted a very large number—one hundred and seventy four tavern and ninety eight shop licenses. It is hard to understand how Toronto supports so many drinking places. It must be a very thirsty place.

The increase in the number of Canadian Bankrupts for the past six months is terrible—almost double that of the corresponding period of last year. How is this? Will some person please rise and explain.

Hon. James Young's election in North Brant was carried by a majority of 551, according to the official count, or nine more than the entire vote polled for his opponent.

M. Sheehan, of Oscoda, Mich., writes: "I have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil on horses for different diseases, and found it to be just as you recommended. It has done justice to me every time, and it is the best oil for horses I ever used." Observe that the name, "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil" is on front of the wrapper, as there are imitations of it.

A GENERAL STAMPEDE—Never was such a rush made for any drug stores as is now at R. E. Law's, Richmond Hill, and T. A. Hewitt & Co's, Thornhill for a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and colds. All persons affected with Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs or any affection of the throat or lungs can get a trial bottle of this great remedy free by calling at above drug stores.

Mr. Alexander Robinson, of Exeter, in writing about one of the most popular articles, and one that has done more good to the afflicted than any other medicine has during the short time it has been in existence, says: "I have used four bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, and have been cured of Dyspepsia that troubled me for over ten years. Part of that time I had it very bad, and I was at considerable expense trying to get relief; but this excellent medicine was the only relief I received."

TRUE TO HER TRUST.—Too much cannot be said of the ever faithful wife and mother, constantly watching and caring for her dear ones, never neglecting a single duty in their behalf. When they are assailed by disease, and the system should have a thorough cleansing, the stomach and bowels regulated, blood purified, and malarial poison exterminated, she must know that Electric Bitters are the only sure remedy. They are the best and purest medicine in the world and only cost fifty cents. Sold by R. E. Law, Richmond Hill and T. A. Hewitt & Co., Thornhill.

A FEW HINTS

FOR THE USE OF

AYER'S PILLS
DOSE.—To move the bowels gently, 2 to 4 Pills; thoroughly, 4 to 6 Pills. Experience will decide the proper dose in each case.

For Constipation, or Costiveness, no remedy is so effective as AYER'S PILLS. They insure regular daily action, and restore the bowels to a healthy condition.

For Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, AYER'S PILLS are invaluable, and a sure cure.

Heart-burn, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Flatulency, Dizziness, Head-ache, Numbness, Nausea, are all relieved and cured by AYER'S PILLS.

In Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, and Jaundice, AYER'S PILLS should be given in doses large enough to excite the liver and bowels, and remove constipation. As a cleansing medicine in the Spring, these PILLS are unequalled.

Worms, caused by a morbid condition of the bowels, are expelled by these PILLS.

Eruptions, Skin Diseases, and Piles, the result of Indigestion or Constipation, are cured by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

For Colds, take AYER'S PILLS to open the pores, remove inflammatory secretions, and allay the fever.

For Diarrhoea and Dysentery, caused by sudden colds, indigestible food, etc., AYER'S PILLS are the true remedy.

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and Sciatica, often result from digestive derangement, or colds, and disappear on removing the cause by the use of AYER'S PILLS. Tumors, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, and other disorders caused by debility or obstruction, are cured by AYER'S PILLS.

Suppression, and Painful Menstruation, have a safe and ready remedy in

AYER'S PILLS.

Full directions, in various languages, accompany each package.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

A BIG SHOW!

GREAT

Clearing Sale

OF

DRESS GOODS AT THE CONCRETE

FANCY DRESS GOODS AT HALF PRICE

Immense Reductions

In GREY COTTONS. 20 Yds.

Good Cotton for \$1.00

GROCERIES at Rock Bottom Prices. 15 Lbs. Sugar for \$1.00.

HARVEST TOOLS!

And Hardware of every description at lowest prices.

FRUIT JARS

And everything needed for the fruit season at correct prices.

Call and Examine Before Purchasing Elsewhere. HIGHEST PRICE FOR DAIRY & FARM PRODUCE

W. ATKINSON.

O. E. Comstock, Caledonia, Minn., writes: "I was suffering the most excruciating pains from inflammatory rheumatism. One application of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil afforded almost instant relief, and two bottles effected a permanent cure."

Mother Graves' Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults.

WHY BE DOWNCAST?—True you may be in a miserable condition—you may be weak, palid, and nervous. You cannot sleep at night, nor enjoy your waking hours; yet, why loose heart? Get a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. It will restore you to health and peace of mind.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.—You can be weak, nervous, debilitated, and despondent, disqualified for work of head or hand, or you can enjoy a fair share of health and peace of mind. Burdock Blood Bitters will alleviate your misery and do you a world of good if you will persevere in their use for a few weeks.

Do no violence to the liver and general system by repeated doses of mercury in the shape of calomel and blue pill. Many persons thus dose themselves even without the advice of a physician. The best substitute for such pernicious drugs, and the use of which is never followed by disastrous effects upon the general health is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which permanently tones the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and gives a healthful glow to the cheek.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer never fails in restoring gray hair to its youthful color, lustre, and vitality. Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, endorses it, and all who give it a fair trial unite in grateful testimony to its many virtues.

VOTERS' LIST

1883.

Municipality of the Township of Vaughan, in the County of York.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of "The Voters' List Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered, of the list made, pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that said list was first posted up at my office, at Richmond Hill, on the 18th day of July, 1883, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law. Dated this 18th day of July, 1883.

JAMES M. LAWRENCE, Clerk.

A. WRIGHT & SON, Undertakers, RICHMOND HILL.

FUNERALS FURNISHED

On the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

An assortment of Robes, Coffins, Caskets, &c., constantly kept on hand.

WRIGHT & SON.

LIME FOR SALE

The undersigned has a quantity of fresh lime—about 300 bushels—for sale. For particulars apply to

EZRA CLUBINE, Lot 35, 3rd Con. Vaughan.

FOR SALE!

At the POMONA MILLS, 20 tons of bran, at \$10 per ton.

JOHN RAMSDEN.

BUILDING LOTS

FOR SALE?

Eight Building Lots for Sale on Centre Street East, only \$100 each, 15 per cent. down for pick of the lots; Also Two New Houses, 5 rooms, on Richmond Street.

DR. LANGSTAFF.

FIRST RATE EVIDENCE.—"Often unable to attend business, being subject to serious disorder of the kidneys. After a long siege of sickness, tried Burdock Blood Bitters and was relieved by half a bottle." Mr. B. Turner of Rochester, N. Y., takes the pains to write.

\$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you Men, women, boys, and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. New is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once—easy outfit and terms free. Money made fast and honorably. Address TAUB & Co. Augusta, Maine.

"THE LIBERAL" from now until January 1st, 1884 for 40 cents.

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