

# POST OFFICE NOTICE

## RICHMOND HILL POST OFFICE.

Until further notice, Mails will be closed at the above Office as follows:—

**MORNING.**  
Going North, South, East,  
and West, at..... 7.45

**EVENING.**  
Going South, East, and  
West, at..... 6.15

Mail for the North, via Railway,  
leaves once a day, in the morning, as  
above stated.

**ARRIVALS.**  
Morning Mail from South, West  
and East, by Railway, arrives at 10.00  
Evening Mail from Toronto by  
Yonge-street Stage, arrives at 7.00  
Night Mail from North, by Rail-  
way, arrives at..... 8.15

**OFFICE HOURS—** 7 a. m. to  
7.30 p. m.  
**M. TEEFY,**  
Postmaster.  
Richmond Hill, June 23rd, 1884.

### TRAIN TIME.

GOING NORTH.		
Toronto,	8 15	11 45
Thornhill,	8 20	11 50
Richmond Hill,	8 25	11 55
King,	8 30	12 00
Aurora,	8 35	12 05
Newmarket,	8 40	12 10
Holland Landing,	8 45	12 15
GOING SOUTH.		
Holland Landing,	8 15	11 45
Newmarket,	8 20	11 50
Aurora,	8 25	11 55
King,	8 30	12 00
Richmond Hill,	8 35	12 05
Thornhill,	8 40	12 10
Toronto,	8 45	12 15

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—John McClure.

**The York Herald.**  
Richmond Hill, Ont.  
No. 49; Whole No. 1491; Volume 27.  
THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1885.  
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.  
The date printed on each paper denotes the time when the subscription expires.  
We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our Correspondents.

### Successful Emigration to Canada.

The present trouble in the North-West may suppose will have the effect of retarding emigration to Canada. But why so? For, after all, where can a man's life and property be better protected? Even in Great Britain itself recent dastardly crimes show plainly that human life is just as safe in Canada as in the very heart of the world's metropolis. Moreover, the advantages to be had here by laborers, skilled workmen, and the lower middle class of British people generally, are more than enough to counterbalance any danger to life from the present disturbance; and this will soon be put down, and that effectually. The advantages referred to are plain, graphically, and in no exaggerated way, placed before the public in a pamphlet recently written by Prof. Henry Tanner, M. R. A. C., F. C. S., Government Examiner on the Principles of Agricultural, and Director of Education under the Institute of Agriculture, South Kensington, London, England. This little work is prefaced with a very clear map of the Dominion, on the back of which is a plan for a workingman's village, surrounded by farms of from one hundred and sixty to six hundred and forty acres; a scheme which the pamphlet urges very earnestly and for very cogent reasons. It consists mainly of a reproduction in the North-West of the English Village system, without any of its drawbacks, and with prospective advantages to the villagers far greater and more permanent than ever entered the brains of even the most ultra Radical. The work under review is written by one who thoroughly understands agriculture, and who (having visited the North-West in '83 and '84 for the specific purpose of considering its facilities as a farming country) speaks with authority; and if we give somewhat extended notice of his book it is simply because of the value of what he says and of the importance of the subject.

He speaks in general but glowing terms of the manifest prosperity of the farmers of Quebec and Ontario; touches upon the prosperous condition of certain manufacturing in the larger towns; skins lightly over that increasingly prosperous branch of business, canning fruits and vegetables; and at length reaches the Great North-West and finds himself on Major Bell's Farm of sixty-four thousand acres! Even a Canadian farmer accustomed as he is to his many large fields, will open his eyes when he reads about driving "for twenty miles through crops of wheat, oats, and flax, extending as far as the eye can reach"; of a piece of wheat which measures fifteen hundred acres, was sown in two days, and "carried thirty-five bushels per acre of magnificent wheat"; of one hundred and eighty horses, one hundred and thirty men, and fifty self-binding reapers on one farm; of eight hundred acres of grain being cut, bound, and stacked in one day; "and yet this only represents what was done on this farm in '84. All this work and much more, which seems almost fabulous, was accomplished by means of discipline of "almost military regularity." The orders for each day are issued the evening before by telephone from Major Bell's residence to each of the four sections into which the enormous farm is divided. The Qu'Appelle valley lands are spoken of in high terms both for arable

and grazing purposes. From thirty-five to forty bushels of wheat is the yield per acre; whilst both Shorthorn and Hereford Cattle do admirably, the former being preferred on account of the high price of the latter. Near the Fishing Lakes seems to be an almost terrestrial Paradise; for Prof. Tanner, quoting words which exactly describe his own experience, says of the garden of the Roman Catholic Mission, "We found here a garden adorned with flowers which would do honor to any garden in Ontario. I hurriedly made a bouquet of at least twenty varieties. There were growing in the garden cabbages, tomatoes, cucumbers, beans, carrots, beets, onions, vegetable marrow, cauliflowers, etc., all of which were so fine as to lead some of us to say that they were as if grown for an agricultural show." Of the country between Qu'Appelle Fort and the Touchwood Hills he says, "Mile after mile, hour after hour, did our drive extend through lands which deservedly take rank amongst the best portions of this fertile district of the Qu'Appelle. We drove about thirty miles through a district which may be described as a grand area of ornamental lands, having a good turf, and well adapted for tillage and mixed farming." Of the water the wild fruits, and the beauty of the landscape, he speaks in high terms; and tells us that fish and game are found in lavish abundance.

He finds no language too strong to express his ideas of the great advantages of the Canadian Pacific Railway; and, as an example, cites the fact that the Government sections, free for settlers along the line, were practically taken up within nine months after being set apart; and he also mentions the unparalleled energy of the Survey Department of the Government in having lands surveyed and mapped ready for settlers, no fewer than seventy-seven million acres having been done in '83. Even upon some of the most elevated and apparently inferior soils along the line of the C. P. R. experiment has shown that wheat, barley, and oats can be grown successfully. As might be expected, where the road passes through the Rocky Mountains agriculture is almost nil; "but the mineral wealth is exceedingly great, and only 'thinly veiled.' As to the climate of the North-West he gives a statement of one settler who said, "If they would smash up all those thermometers no one would know but that the winters were very enjoyable and the summers most pleasant;" and of another who said, "It is remarkable, but true, that the only persons I ever heard complain much are those who have never spent a winter in Manitoba." Then as to market facilities at each station on the C. P. R. the farmer can sell his produce, and buy stock, implements, etc. In fact, the elevators or granaries on the C. P. R. are very numerous, and very convenient; and here the farmer can dispose of all the grain he has to sell. Some of these elevators have a capacity of one hundred thousand bushels. So much do settlers value the C. P. R. that they are actually going in advance of the road, "ready to welcome its approach," into places which were not that long ago in premeval solitude.

Prof. Tanner devotes a section of his book to the Indians; and from what he says of them and of their treatment by the Dominion Government it is evident to any unprejudiced person that the present trouble is not the result of their voluntary action, but that they must have been enjoined, incited, almost coerced into their present position by one or two scheming malcontents who are bitterly hostile to everything Canadian and to everything British.

The case of that peculiar and industrious people the Menomones, receives attention; and their success is adduced as an illustration of the advantages of the village scheme which the Prof. advocates. The noble conduct of Lady Gordon-Cathart in assisting the Scottish Crofters, the success which has attended their efforts in the North-West, the letters they have written home to their friends, all receive attention, and are of the most encouraging character. Here are facilities which came out two years ago, their only capital being their brawny arms and a borrowed five hundred dollars for each family; and now they are practically independent. The same is true of the East London settlement, though many of the people had never seen the open country until they left London and none of them knew anything about farming. The plan for their emigration originated with Sir Francis de Winton and the Vicar of Bechal Green; and the Baroness Burdett Coutts performed for them a similar kind office to that done for the Crofters by Lady Gordon-Cathart.

For laborers extravagantly high wages are not so much an inducement as the fact that they can live comfortably, save something from their earnings, be better fed than in the Old Country, secure land easily, be free from anxiety as to the wants of old age, and provide for "the comfort and welfare of their families." The advantage of laborers being unmarried is that they can be more easily housed; but, owing to the influx of capital, the time is fast approaching (and in some places has come) when married men will have the preference. Some rather amusing accounts are given of housekeeping by young bachelors; and it is pointed out how desirable it is that capital be invested in comfortable houses, and how profitable such an investment would be to all concerned. Prof. Tanner emphasizes a fact which has not hitherto been sufficiently acted upon, namely, that whilst Canada has plenty of work, of bread, and of land, for healthy, strong, and industrious emigrants, she wants no incapable. He speaks very encouragingly of the children sent out from the "Homes"; but impresses upon the authorities of the little ones before they are thoroughly trained.

Several very complete and lucid tabular statements are given showing the amount of capital that may be profitably invested in working farms of different sizes and the profits to be reasonably

expected; and also in what time the capital, if borrowed, may be repaid. We can only say here that about two thousand dollars are amply sufficient to stock, buy implements, erect buildings, and work a farm of one hundred and sixty acres; thirty-five hundred dollars for a farm of three hundred and twenty acres; and eight thousand five hundred for a farm of six hundred and forty acres. But even those who have not this amount of capital can do with much less; and the case of the Crofters is an example of people doing admirably upon six hundred and forty acre farms with five hundred dollars borrowed capital. Of course, but a small portion of the land can be worked for a few years. In fact many a man has done well whose only capital has been his labor. The tables referred to give full information as to all necessary expenses and all receipts; and are simply invaluable to the intending agricultural immigrant.

The work has evidently been written by a man who is at home with his subject, whose statements may be relied on, and whose schemes determined to do what he can to promote "successful emigration to Canada."

### A Few Words About Trees.

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sir,—We may not hope to see the present summer used to commence a good many plantations throughout the country? Timber of all sorts is growing scarce. In all our wood-working establishments they are of opinion that many of our supplies are running very short. In ten years time, he who has considerable oak, elm, basswood, hickory, maple, or any of the woods of commerce on hand, will be well off.

There is another inducement to action in this matter, namely, that a farmer who protects his farm with a good broad plantation along its exposed side or sides will presently find his farm labor much more remunerative by the possession of shelter. Of those few farmers who possess lines of sheltering plantations, I have not found one who would relinquish them for any money. The universal statement is, "I only wish I had planted them when I first came to the country; then I should not only have had shelter, but I would have been able to sell a good deal of first class timber by this time."

With such plenty of young trees as yet to be found in some of our woods, there is no difficulty in starting a good crop of forest of hickory, maple, or any of the trees who would wish to defer it till fall, when they may have a piece of ground in good order for the purpose. I would suggest a method which I obtained from a very successful tree cultivator. "Trees I plant," said he, "rarely fail to grow. My method is, in June to go to the bush, select such young trees as appear most fit to plant, sharp ends cut a circle round the tree about eight inches from the stem. I tie a string round the tree to show that its roots are cut, and mark a red chalk cross on the south side, to plant it as it stood. I then leave it till fall, when I take the wagon and go for my trees. By this time the summer's growth has started fresh roots inside the circle, and the young tree, properly lifted with a spade, will come up a mass of roots and roots which will cling together, and grow without fail. Then, taking all the earth I can, and planting at once after digging, filling up with soft loam, not hard chunks, and mulching well afterwards, the trees will live, if mice and cattle can be kept away."

Trees planted closely—say four feet each way—by the acre, will grow much more rapidly, and produce much better timber than those grown separately or in lines. The roadside tree grows to branches—the plantation tree to tall, straight sticks of clear timber. Planted in numbers, each tree to overtop the other, and one tree thus helps the other to grow.

Yours, etc.,  
R. W. PHIPPS.  
Toronto, May 7th, 1885.

**Spring and Summer.**  
Prepare the body for the summer by taking Dr. Chase's Liver Cure. No Spring medicine equals it. It stimulates the liver, aids digestion, and purifies the blood. Large bottle and Recipe Book, \$1. Sold by Sanderason Bros.

### Headford

(From our own Correspondent.)

A grand meeting of the Military School took place in the store-room belonging to Jas. Wellman on Wednesday evening, for the purpose of electing new officers and purchasing rifles suitable to defend the town, as it is in great danger of an attack by Yellow Cal! All the members present, it was moved that the President, Mr. Jos. Connors, take the chair. The chairman in a few brief and well chosen remarks congratulated the braves on driving off Yellow Cal! and his band from the Sugar Camp, and the able manner in which they disposed of the syrup, and stated for what reason the meeting had been called. The officers were all re-elected—Walter Maples acting as Sec. and Jas. Wellman as Treas. They have decided on the Winchester rifle in preference to the old muskets they formerly had.

Mr. F. and C. M. of Victoria Square, were in town last week. The former having received a pressing invitation to call upon one of our young ladies. He being rather bashful, called upon the latter, who by his winning smiles and loving ways captivates all the young ladies who fall into his company. They proceeded as far as the school-house, and thought they would turn in to Miss F.'s, and take some lunch before proceeding, as she being a very intimate friend of the lady Mr. F. was in quest of. Fortunately, this young lady had come there to dine that same day. Mr. F. was completely overwhelmed with joy at finding as he expected a prize of such value at his disposal, but after relating his story, the young lady said she knew nothing about it. Mr. F. was stung to the quick to think he had been so foolishly enticed to the school house. Their homeward journey was somewhat quiet in comparison to the morning trip.

Sunday was reported by the inhabitants of Gosserville to have been the most dreary witnessed in ten years, our Church being completely isolated. In the evening some few, who could support a rig went to Richmond Hill to hear Rev. Dr. Stone, but some pedestrians of a more romantic nature plodded their way way to Victoria Square, to hear Rev. W. B. Booth. One of them got left after Church as he thought could see bicycles on his way home.

**PREX-A-BOO.**  
Headford, May 5th, 1885.  
(Crowded out from last issue.)

**Essentially Caught.**  
It is very easy to catch, but not so easy to cure it unless you use Hagar's Pectoral Balsam, the best remedy for all throat, bronchial and lung troubles, coughs, colds and consumptive tendencies.

### LOCAL ITEMS.

THE BEST value in cottons from 40 up, at Crosby's.  
The Rutledge Publishing Co., of Easton, Pa., is a fraud.  
FINE Teas and Coffees at The Cheap Cash House at lowest prices.

THIRD SUNDAY.—Service will be held in St. Mary's Episcopal Church in this village on Sunday next, at 11 a.m.  
COUNCIL.—The next meeting of our village fathers will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday evening next, 18th inst.

INSPECTION.—The Public School Inspector, Mr. D. Fotheringham, was inspecting our schools this week, and reported them in good standing.  
GENERAL Groceries at lowest prices at the Fire Proof.

RETURNED.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. and Mrs. Peter Patterson have returned from their trip to California much improved in health.

SEND THEM IN.—The Secretary of the Agricultural Society is now ready to receive entries for the Spring Fair to be held in this village on the 25th inst. Exhibitors send on your entries!  
MRS. Adamson, of Toronto, Solo Violinist, is a host in herself, and she will perform at the Presbyterian Church Concert in this village, on the evening of the Queen's Birthday, 25th inst. Go and hear her!

FIRST-CLASS Potatoes at The Cheap Cash House, only 30c. per bag.  
NOT IMPROBABLE.—It is reported that Sir Charles's upper will return to Canada, and that Sir Leonard Tilley, who has been ordered to England for the good of his health, will take his place as High Commissioner, Sir Charles re-entering the Cabinet as Minister of Railways.  
HOLD ON! to what? your money until the evening of the 25th inst., Queen's Birthday, and then spend it to advantage by going to the Presbyterian Church Concert and hear Mr. Chas. Kelly, of Collingwood, the popular Baritone Singer and Guitar player, also Mr. Sims Richards, of Toronto, the unequalled Tenor Singer.

GRAND SPRING EXHIBITION.—The eleventh Annual Spring Exhibition of the Richmond Hill and Yonge Street Agricultural Society will be held on the Queen's Birthday, Monday, May 25th, 1885, on the Fair Grounds in the village of Richmond Hill. Over \$8000 will be distributed in prizes to successful competitors. Several special prizes will also be offered. The Richmond Hill Brass Band will be in attendance during the day. Dairy Produce, Ladies' Work, etc., will be exhibited on the grounds. A number of Directors have been appointed to take charge of the various classes, and it is expected that the Fair this year will surpass any thing previous in its history. For Rules and Regulations, Prize List, etc., see posters.

A LARGE NUMBER PLANTED.—Friday last, Arbor Day, was duly recognised in this village. A large number of our citizens gathered together in good time, and after securing several conveyances made for the woods, where the finest and best young trees that could be secured were brought home and planted principally along Yonge Street. A number of those that were planted last year having died, they were replaced with fresh ones, and altogether about 150 were set out. The Maple seemed to hold entire sway to the exclusion of all other varieties, and we are not surprised, as it is, without doubt, the nicest and most beautiful shade tree that can be planted, and we are fully in accord with Danell when he says—  
"All hail to the broad-leaved Maple!  
With its fair and changeful dress—  
A type of our youthful country  
In its pride and loveliness."

FIRST MATCH.—The first Grand Lacrosse Match this season will take place between the Victorias of Parkdale, and Young Canadians, of Richmond Hill, Western District Champions, on the Fair Grounds in this village on Saturday next, 16th inst. Although our lads have not, as yet, had much practice this season, on account of the unfavorable weather, they will, no doubt, give their opponents, who are counted upon as being a first-class Club, a good game, and it is expected that the match will be very exciting and closely contested. The Young Canadians will appear in their new suits, and we trust they will look as nice and neat as they have in former years. The team will be picked from the following list:—A. Pugsley, W. Mager, J. McGonaghy, S. S. Searle, C. Savage, W. Wiley, T. Young, B. Brown, D. Pugsley, M. Palmer, F. Powell, C. Skeele, G. Derry, and J. Piper. Ball to be faced at 2 p.m. The public is invited to attend. Admission to the grounds 15 cents.

PROGRAMME.—The following is the programme which will be carried out at Methodist Church Concert, in this village, on the evening of Queen's Birthday, 25th inst. —Trio—"Ye Shepherds tell me"—Miss Marie C. Strong, Miss Derryman, and Mr. F. Warrington; Song—"The Heaven in the Valley"—Herr Fried; Song—"The Better Land"—Mrs. Celeste V. Keltie; Duet—"Excelsior"—Miss Derryman and Mr. F. Warrington; Song—"Grand old Ocean"—Miss Marie C. Strong; Song—"The Sentimental I"—Mr. F. Warrington; Song—"Swinging"—Miss Derryman; Duet—"Master and School"—Mrs. Celeste V. Keltie and Mr. F. Warrington; Piano Solo—Irish Airs—Mrs. Dight; Song—"Till for Tat"—Miss Derryman; Song—"It was not to be"—Herr Fried; Trio—"Ti Prego O Padri"—Mrs. Celeste V. Keltie, Herr Fried, and Mr. F. Warrington; Recit' air—Fia Jungue O Mio Fernando—Miss Marie C. Strong; Song—"The Boatman's Story"—Mr. F. Warrington; Song—"The touch of a Vanished Hand"—Miss C. V. Keltie; Duet—"Love and War"—Herr Fried and F. Warrington. Don't fail to hear the above talent, or you will miss the treat of the season, as Mrs. Keltie is a concert in herself.

### LOCAL ITEMS.

EXTRA value in fine Dress Goods at The Cheap Cash House.  
MISLAIN—Two Ladies' Rubber Coats mislaid. Any person having such may find an owner by applying to L. B., at this Office.

GREEN grass is beginning to show up, and the trees and shrubs are already budding, and will shortly appear in their spring grandeur should the fine weather continue.  
RICH and poor, young and old, and in fact every person is invited to attend the Presbyterian Concert in this village on the evening of the Queen's Birthday, and enjoy a rare treat.

CLEAN UP.—Householders clean up your backyards, outhouses, etc., at once. The Health Inspector will be visiting you shortly and it is better to do the work voluntarily than under compulsion.

If you want a good Tapestry Carpet for 40c. per yard, go to the Fire Proof.

HURRAH! Our village is at last going to be favored with a visit from the celebrated Mrs. Caldwell, as she will visit at the Presbyterian Concert on the evening of the Queen's Birthday. Don't fail to hear her, it may be your last chance.

THIS SETTLES IT.—Webster tells us in the dictionary proper that "dy-namite" is the way to pronounce it, but the supplementary list says "dy-nam-i-te." Perhaps the better way will be to call it di-n-i-mite when it merely makes a noise, dynamite when it kills somebody.

DETROIT FREE PRESS.—Mrs. Caldwell has a very fine and remarkably flexible soprano voice in respect of flexibility, the finest, perhaps, that has been here in years. It is not easy to over-praise her singing. Go and hear Mrs. Caldwell at the Presbyterian Concert in this place, on the Queen's Birthday, 25th inst.

New Suitings and Trousers, in noble patterns, at The Cheap Cash House.

PHILADELPHIA JOURNAL.—The song, "If England to Herself be True," by Mr. Sims Richards (almost a Sims Reeves) brought down the house. He was brought back the third time, in the second part of the concert, and when he sang "The Star Spangled Banner," the audience went fairly wild with enthusiasm. Mr. Richards sings at the Presbyterian Concert here on the evening of the Queen's Birthday, May 25th.

IMPROVING.—Councillor Savage has had the painters busy as bees around his premises for the last week. His store and residence have undergone a thorough renovating, being painted in a bottled green and dark wine color, and shows off to splendid advantage, making them compare very favorably with any in the village. Sanderson Bros. have been greatly improving their Drug Store lately, both inside and out, by having it nicely painted and fixed up generally. They have placed in the store three magnificent new oval show cases. Mr. Matthew McNair, at the north end, has also been treating his residences to a coat of paint, which gives it a fine appearance. And thus our village gradually improves.

FISHERY LAWS.—The following are the provisions of the fishery laws, which should be read at the present time:—Pickering cannot be caught from 15th April to 15th May. Maskilong cannot be caught from 15th April to 15th May. Bass cannot be caught from the 15th April to 15th May. Net or seine fishing without licenses is prohibited. Nets must be raised from Saturday night until Monday morning of each week. Nets cannot be set nor seines used so as to bar channels or bays. Indians as well as white men are forbidden to fish illegally. Each person found guilty of violating these regulations is liable to fine and costs, or in default of payment is subject to imprisonment. No person shall, during such prohibited times, fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell, or have in possession any of the kinds of fish mentioned above.  
SHEPHERDS from 10c up, at the Fire Proof, best value ever shown in Richmond Hill.

THE ILLUSTRATED WAR NEWS.—We have received the sixth number of the popular Illustrated War News. The front page contains a picture which will be of intense, though mournful, interest to Canadians. It represents the Burial of the Volunteers who fell at the Battle of Fish Creek. A graphic sketch shows the attack of half-breeds on the steamer carrying the first expedition for the relief of Battleford. The commencement of the fight at Duke Lake is given from a sketch furnished by a North-West Mounted Policeman. The advance guard of the Royal Grenadiers passing Humboldt, and the men of "C" Company (Lafantry School) returning from a rabbit run are from sketches from the same source. The entertainment of the 7th Fusiliers, of London, at Port Arthur is shown on page four, also the Ottawa Sharpshooters (G. G. F. G.) at Winnipeg. This number contains the usual two page Supplement, which is a fine one, and represents, in three sketches, Toronto ladies receiving and packing contributions for the soldiers at the front. The paper sells at 15 cents per copy.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Sores, Wounds, Ulcerations, and other diseases affecting the skin, are capable of speedy amendment by this cooling and healing ointment, which has called forth the loudest praise from persons who have suffered for years from bad legs, abscesses, and chronic ulcers, after every hope of cure had long passed away. None but those who have experienced the soothing effect of this Ointment can form an idea of the comfort it bestows by restraining inflammation and allaying pain. Whenever Holloway's Ointment has been used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy for all ulcers, sores, and abscesses. In neuralgia, rheumatism and gout, the same application, properly used, gives wonderful relief.

### Latest War Despatch.

THE GENERAL'S REPORT.  
OTTAWA, May 13.—In the House of Commons the Hon. Minister of Militia this afternoon read the following official despatch from General Middleton, received here at five o'clock this morning:—"BATOCHÉ HOUSE, May 11.  
"I have just made a general attack and carried off the settlement. The men behaved splendidly. Rebels in full flight. Sorry to say have not got Riel. While I was reconnoitering this morning, William Astley, one of Riel's prisoners, galloped up with a bag of truce and handed me a letter from Riel, saying: "If you massacre our families I shall massacre the prisoners." I sent an answer that if he would put the women and children in one place and let me know where it was, not a shot would be fired at them. I then returned to camp and pushed on my advanced parties, who were heavily fired on. I so pushed on until I saw my chance, and ordered a general advance. The men responded nobly, splendidly led by their officer, Col. Stranahan. They drove the enemy out of the rifle pits. After the rifle pits had been carried they forced their way across the plain and seized the houses, and we are now masters of the place. Most of my forces will be bivouacked there.  
"Right in the heat of the action, Astley came back with another message from Riel as follows: "General, your prompt answer to my letter shows I was right in mentioning to you the cause of humanity. We will give our families in one place, as you asked. I don't like war, and if you do not retreat and rescue an infant, the question remains the same concerning the prisoners."  
"Our losses I am afraid are heavy, but not so heavy as might be expected. As yet I find it is five killed and ten wounded.  
"This is all I know of it at present.  
"The prisoners are all released and safe in my camp; among them Jackson, a white man, who was Riel's secretary. He is not wounded seriously."  
MIDDLETON."

A Sad Neglect.  
Neglecting a constipated condition of the bowels is sure to bring ill health and great suffering. Buckdock Blood Purifiers regulate the bowels in a natural manner, purifying the blood and promote a healthy action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

LASKAY.  
(From Our Own Correspondent.)  
I find since Peter Pad has left this part of the country that things are very dull, and we don't get the news of the day to keep us in tune, so I thought in the absence of Peter Pad, I would give you a few notes.  
Some of the farmers around Laskay are troubled with the blues on account of the late spring and the scarcity of feed.  
Bugler is on the war path again, and is thinking of starting on Yanky J. So Yanky had better be looking out for another pugilist, as I find that Happy Frank is in favor of the Bugler.  
We are very sorry to hear that the doctor is going to leave this town. It appears that people here have cut off another doctor, who is moving to Kinghorn, here he thinks he can establish a better practice with a nicer class of people than ever he could at Laskay.  
Spurgeon was around the other evening taking notes.  
One of the dudes of this town is going to the North Shore to fish, and build barb wire fence.  
One of the Rebel agents has been sneaking around here trying to find out the strength of the army here. I find Captain Rowlin is going to place Omaha as the Drill Inspector, on picket for the future. The people of this town think that the rebel spy will soon meet his deserts with such a man as Omaha on picket.  
Britain has been over to King Creek looking after a brass turkey.  
May 11th, 1885.

### THE MARKETS

TORONTO.  
THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1885.  
PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGONS.

Wheat flat, new, per bush	0 80	80 80
Spring	0 25	25 99
Barley	0 55	55 05
Oats,	46	46 01
Feed	50	50 00
Rye	40	40 71
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs.	6 50	70 00
Use of hind quarters, per 100 lbs.	6 00	60 00
Mutton, by the carcass, per 100 lbs.	6 00	60 00
Chickens, per pair	80	1 00
Ducks, per brace	25	40 00
Geese, each	80	1 10
Butter, each	15	20 00
Butter, lbs	18	20 00
large rolls	40	60 00
4 lb. dairy	18	18 00
Eggs, fresh, doz	14	14 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 67	67 00
Apples per barrel	1 25	25 00
Onions, green, per bag	1 00	1 00
Cabbage, per do	25	25 00
Celery, per do	0 25	25 00
Turnips, per bag	0 30	30 00
Carrots, per do	40	40 00
Beets, per bag	40	40 00
Parsnips, per bag	0 50	50 00
Hay, per ton	15	15 00
Straw, per ton	0 60	60 00
Wool per lb.	60	60 00

### New Advertisements.

CENTRAL BANK OF CANADA.  
DIVIDEND NO. 2.  
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on

Monday, 1st day June  
next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th day of May to the 15th day of June. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank on

MONDAY, 15TH DAY JUNE  
next, the chair to be taken at twelve o'clock, noon.  
By order of the Board.  
A. A. ALLEN, Cashier.  
Toronto, April 23rd, 1885.

**STEELE BROS. & CO.,**  
SEED AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,  
Corner Fort & Jarvis Sts., TORONTO.  
**SEED GRAINS.**  
A full line of Seed Wheat, Oats, Barley, Peas, Tares, &c.  
**CLOVER SEEDS.**  
Alsike, Bokhara, Early and Large Late, Lucerne White Dutch and Trefoil Clovers.  
**GRASSES.**  
Orchard, Kentucky Blue, Red Top, Perennial and Italian Rye, Timothy, &c., &c.  
**GRASS MIXTURES.**  
For Alternate Husbandry, Permanent Pastures and Meadows. We make this a special feature in our Agricultural Seed Department. Mixtures prepared for any soil or purpose. None but the finest varieties used.  
DON'T FAIL TO TRY THEM.  
Finest varieties of Turnip, Carrot and Mangel Seeds of unexcelled quality.  
PLEASE DON'T OMIT A CALL WHEN IN THE CITY.

### NOTICE!

Notice is given that the COURT OF REVISION of the Village of Woodbridge,  
For the correction of the Assessment Roll for 1885, will be held in the Mechanics' Institute Hall at the hour of 7.30 o'clock, p. m., on  
MONDAY, JUNE 1ST, 1885.  
JOHN McCLURE, Clerk.  
Woodbridge, May 14th, 1885.

### BOOTS & SHOES.

I beg to call the attention of the public that I intend  
CARRYING ON BUSINESS  
in the old stand and have received a large stock of  
**NEW GOODS**  
To which the public is cordially invited to examine. Boots & Shoes any style and made to order. Repairing neatly and promptly done.  
ROBT. SIVILL,  
Richmond Hill, April 14th, 1885. m-2

### Music.

PROF. W. M. CLARKE,  
Organist Trinity Church, Thornhill, is open to receive pupils in  
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.  
Apply at the Music Store, Richmond Hill. Pianos tuned. Terms moderate.  
COPY OF CERTIFICATE.  
We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that Wm. Mumford Clarke has this day successfully passed his first degree in Music, and therefore he shall be classed as a Professor.  
(W. F. C. HAYTER, L. O. M. D. London, Eng.)  
(J. W. F. BAXTER, M. M.)  
Richmond Hill, April 14th, 1885. m-3

### MISS FLORA COULTER

IS PREPARED TO GIVE  
LESSONS IN MUSIC.  
Richmond Hill, Feb 11th, 1885.

### MISS ETTA BAILEY