

**The Muskoka Verdict.**

The Grits are a sanguine people. They felt certain of retaining Mr. Mowat with a larger majority than he formerly had, and they also felt certain that they could carry Muskoka. In both cases they had very good grounds for their expectations.

The whole Province was over-run with office holders, their brothers and their cousins and their uncles, who naturally exerted all the influence they possessed on behalf of their friends. But notwithstanding the pressure brought to bear on the electors from various sources they voted against the Government in sufficient numbers to reduce the majority to seven.

The Muskoka election was therefore made a test. The Government and its friends determined to carry Muskoka if it could be done. A little army of politicians was sent up, with instructions to leave no stone unturned, no means untried, in order to ensure the returns of the Government Candidate. The officials of the Colonization Roads, the Crown Lands Department, the large lumbering companies, and other hangers on, were all running the election.

But when the Conservatives of Muskoka found there was a good chance of getting rid of the Mowat Government, they no longer refused to turn out. They came to the polls like men, worked like heroes, and won the day. The injustice from which they have suffered for years under this Government, and the system of favoritism pursued to the Grits, thoroughly aroused the Conservatives, and they were determined to send one more supporter to assist Mr. Meredith. This accounts for the great change in the vote polled, since the last election. It is not good for a Government to be entrusted with power too long. Abuses are apt to creep in. The Mowat Government is shaky, and the chances are very small that it will weather the breeze.

**Temperance and Grits.**

The temperance cry is becoming a familiar one in Canadian politics, and no one who delights in witnessing the progress and prosperity of the country would desire to see the people indifferent or careless regarding a question of such vast importance.

The Grits have assumed for some years the sole right to be considered the friends and advocates of temperance. As usual, when they thought there was a chance of catching a few Conservative voters, temperance was the main question, politics was only a side issue. As for giving good and substantial reasons why they should get the temperance vote they have not yet attempted.

Conservatives do not stand at the street corners, or climb on top of a house to proclaim to all within hearing that they are temperance men. But as far as living a temperate life is concerned, or even being total abstainers, the party can count as many, if not more, than can be enumerated in the ranks of their opponents.

The present Dominion Government contains more staunch, true temperance men than the Ontario Government, or even the Mackenzie Cabinet did. But to hear the Grits talk, and to read their organs, a resident of some other country would imagine that the Conservative Ministers were heathens and confirmed drunkards.

The refusal of Mr. Blake and several others of his supporters to serve on a Committee appointed to prepare a Bill on temperance legislation shows again, for the hundredth time, that the party only use the question as a political cry. If there was any real temperance in the party they would have been willing to assist in framing the bill. They would have given their ability and experience in behalf of the principles which they profess to be so endeared to.

But although they preach and preach, when a test is made they are found wanting.

The cowardly wretches who attempted to assassinate Lady Dixie will bring the Land Leaguers into still more unpleasant odour. No doubt the League is not the author of all the crimes and fiendish acts committed in its behalf by villains who claim to be its friends. But until it strongly and strenuously exerts itself to condemn and stop such, it is to a very great extent responsible for the result of the agitation it began and played with for so long. It is always a dangerous amusement to play with fire, and these diabolical schemes to blow up Government Offices, Houses of Parliament, and assassinate defenceless women, only too clearly show that strong and severe measures are required to crush these fiends. It is to be hoped the Government will make every possible exertion to discover them, and if found, bring them to a swift and ample punishment, although any punishment seems insufficient for such depraved creatures.

**The Better Way.**

Mr. Charlton's bill, to punish seduction and adultery, as will be seen by reference to our Parliamentary summary on the fourth page, has been reported to the House. The first clause, regarding the punishment for seduction under promise of marriage, was struck out by a large majority. The other clauses were passed. The punishment provided is a term not exceeding two years in penitentiary. There is, no doubt, a great deal of force in the arguments used by those who opposed the passing of the first clause. It is true that by making this a criminal offence, it would afford opportunities for immoral, vindictive women to attempt blackmailing, and in some cases they might succeed. There is also a great and almost insurmountable difficulty in ascertaining the share of guilt of the seducer and the victim. But notwithstanding this there is just as good, if indeed, not stronger reasons why the first clause of the Bill should have been passed. At present the law calls such sins a civil offence, and the penalty can only be placed at a few hundred dollars, and not even this penalty is allowed, if the victim is not residing at home. The fear of a term in penitentiary would greatly lessen this increasing evil. If blackmailing were attempted, the character of the accused, and general conduct would secure an acquittal, and the person bringing an infounded charge should be liable to a heavy penalty. Canadian law protects woman against violence, but against seduction she must and should be her own protector. A promise of marriage is not marriage, and every true woman knows that it is not. The more effectual way to prevent the occurrence of the pitiful and heart-rending stories which shock and startle the whole country every now and then, is for society to recognize that only by the proper education and moral training of the young people, can they be made good men and women, who for loss of honor, purity and self-respect far more than a fine or a term in penitentiary.

**Agricultural Society.**

RICHMOND HILL AND YONGE STREET

**ANNUAL MEETING.**

The annual meeting of the above Society was held in the Lorne Hall, on Wednesday evening last, 21st inst. On motion Mr. Wm. Atkinson was appointed Chairman, and the following officers were elected:

President—Mr. P. Patterson; 1st Vice, Mr. N. Lynett; 2nd vice, Mr. H. Newberry; Secy. and Treasurer, Mr. R. Marsh; Auditors, Messrs. W. Atkinson and D. T. Fairbairn.

The Board of Directors were re-elected, with the exception of two or three persons who had removed from this neighborhood.

The Treasurers' report was read, showing a balance on hand last year of \$15.05, receipts of year \$677.15; disbursements, \$597.83; leaving a balance on hand for this year of \$79.32.

A resolution was carried that the Fair be held on the 24th of May, on the Fair Grounds, in this village, and the meeting adjourned.

The Directors will meet on the second Tuesday in April, at 8 o'clock, p. m.

**Veterans of 1837.**

Mr. Wallace (York), in moving for copies of all correspondence relating to the application of John Stewart, of Woodbridge, one of the volunteers of 1837-8, for assistance, drew the attention of the House to the desirability of making some provision for the volunteers who fought during the eventful years named. John Stewart, mentioned in his motion, was an aged man. He fought during the troubles at Toronto, along the Niagara frontier and at Detroit River, and lost an arm during the campaign. He was dependent upon his friends, and no provision was made for his support by the country he had served. In his (Mr. Wallace's) opinion no country was too poor to look after the men who had served it, and no Government could afford to be deaf to the claims of such persons. The British Government provides for those who were disabled in its service. The United States provided for those who fought for their country during the war, and last Congress voted no less a sum than \$187,000,000 for the relief of those who were wounded. The Government of Canada granted no less a pension than \$2,400 a year to a gentleman who had been clerk of the House. Why, one-twentieth of that sum would make each of the poor veterans of 1837 happy. In his opinion the Government should take this matter up at once, and make provision either by grants of land or money for the support of the deserving, who fought for the people when their services were required.

**Cranberry Marshville.**

The Northern Railway runs through this village, and the mile post is a noted place where lovers frequently meet to tell their loving stories, and spend a pleasant time. Mr. George Law has the contract for hauling the slabs away from the mill, and he is just the man to make it pay. Fresh hands are arriving at the mill almost every day, and others leaving. The old man who nearly frightened the Lawyer of Teston to death last fall, is the man who keeps the engine supplied with water from the marsh. A good many children have been going to school this winter. The larger ones are leaving now, and the Master will soon have a good time again. The Grits of this village are down in the mouth, over the election. They think it a great pity to lose so much of Ontario. Among those who feel so bad is the blacksmith on the corner of the sidewalk, the collector and Larrie, and a couple of Ministers of the Gospel.

WILL O' THE WISD.  
March 19th, 1883.

**Never Give Up.**

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by D. E. Law.

**Trench's Carriage Works.**

RUNNING BY STEAM.

**BUSINESS GROWING RAPIDLY.**

About twenty-five years ago, the business now known as Trench's Carriage Works was started on Yonge Street, in this village. It was principally a jobbing trade, and was a very small affair compared to the business done at the present time. But by pursuing a system of

FAIR, SQUARE DEALING; by giving the public good work, and by adopting every improvement that was devised, the business steadily increased, year by year, until, some six years ago, the old buildings were found too small, and Mr. Trench erected the large,

THREE STOREY BRICK BLOCK, in which the business is now conducted. When these shops (60 x 30 feet) were built, they were considered commodious enough for all the business that would ever be done. They were erected a few feet south of the old frame shop, which was sold to Mr. John Palmer for stables. The first floor of the brick building was used as a blacksmith shop, with a show room at the front, divided from the shop by a partition.

But in a few years, so rapidly did the business increase, the shops proved altogether too small, and a one-storey brick addition (40 x 25) had to be erected, at the east end. This addition was built for a blacksmith shop, and it makes a most convenient and roomy one. Meanwhile Trench's Carriage Works were becoming known all over the county, and although the principal trade was a local one, confined to this section, and the adjoining counties, yet from one end of the Province to the other Trench succeeded in repeatedly

DEFEATING HIS COMPETITORS at village, township, Provincial and other exhibitions. By these means, many handsome orders and contracts were secured, and so great was the rush of work that he has been forced to

REFUSE LARGE CONTRACTS for Toronto, Manitoba, and other markets, in order to ensure the fulfilment of obligations to regular customers. In order to secure every facility for the rapid and satisfactory execution of work, Mr. Trench decided to put in a steam engine, and several

COSTLY LABOR-SAVING MACHINES, of the latest and most improved form. A brick engine room, (10 x 25) was built at the north side of the works, and he purchased a

16 HORSE-POWER STEAM ENGINE, together with a number of machines, from the firm of Goldie & McCulloch, of Galt.

The machinery is principally on the first floor, (part of which is also used as a carpenter's shop,) and includes a Band Saw, 18 feet long, which makes three revolutions per second. The way this saw rips through a board, and cuts it in all conceivable shapes and forms is certainly surprising.

There is also a Rip Saw, which soils through a heavy plank, as if it was the thinnest kind of sawable material, and it did not need to half try.

The Buzz Planer can get away with a hard day's work in a very few hours, and with no trouble to speak of. Its muscles never give out, and it does not stop to take a chew of tobacco, but settles right down to business at the rate of 4,036 revolutions per minute.

The Shaper is an ingenious piece of mechanism, and will put almost any kind of wood in shape in a very short time, and with very little trouble. Our sporting watch, a stop one, was in fair running order, and we endeavored to take the time of this machine. We could not exactly catch it, but the foreman informed us that it was only going at a trifle of some 4,721 revolutions per minute. So rapidly does it revolve, that the eye cannot detect the knives but can only see a light circle where the knives are whirling around. The Sand-paper machine is also a very useful one, and saves a great deal of time in doing work.

On the second floor is the carriage trimming department, carpenter's shop and store room. On the third floor is the painting department.

The total cost of machinery and other improvements is over \$3,000. Mr. Trench has now got his establishment in a shape to turn out a vast amount of work. He has already several large contracts, including some from Toronto firms, and an order for 100 waggon for the North-West. The season's work will exceed 150 carriages and over 60 cutters, which, with the jobbing trade, will amount to over \$20,000, a very large increase over the business done in the old frame shop, some twenty years ago. There are thirteen hands steadily employed, amongst whom are several first-class mechanics, in the different departments. The wages amount to nearly \$6,000 per year. Mr. George Trench has charge of the engine and machinery. He is also foreman of the blacksmith shop, in which there are two skilled artisans, Mr. J. McDonald, general blacksmith, and Mr. W. Cobean, carriage ironer, well-known all over the country for first class workmanship. Mr. Wm. Storey is foreman of the carpenter's shop, and Mr. R. Archer of the painting shop, both of whom are excellent workmen.

We congratulate Mr. Trench on his continued and rapid progress which has attended his business, and congratulate the village on having such an enterprising and popular manufacturer. With the great increase in business, which has taken place for some months, certainly it will not be long before he is compelled to still further enlarge his establishment, purchase additional machinery, and double the power of his engine. We hope such success will attend him in the future, as to render such enlargement actually necessary before long.

A common, and often fatal disease is Jaundice. Regulate the action of the Liver and cleanse the blood with Burdock Blood Bitters, and the worst case may be speedily cured.

**Dynamite Fiends.**

GOVERNMENT OFFICE IN ENGLAND BLOW UP.

**Alarm in Parliament—An Attempt to Demolish the Times Office.**

LONDON, March 15.—A terrific gas explosion occurred in the local government board offices in Westminster at 9 o'clock tonight, destroying much property. The report was heard in the House of Commons and caused much alarm. The explosion was so great that it shook the side galleries and the reporters' gallery. No one was injured. The wildest rumors are afloat. The report resembled the discharge of an eighty ton gun. It is now believed the explosion was caused by dynamite, and that a deliberate attempt was made to blow up the government offices.

The explosion was heard two or three miles away. Yesterday evening a canister containing explosive material was found in the times office with its lighted fuse attached. The explosion was undoubtedly the work of a felon. The adjacent streets are filled with myriads of fragments of glass. Heavy plate glass is lying in heaps on the ground. A stone weighing 200 pounds was projected against King street police station, making a hole the size of a man's head. Five hundred constables are guarding the scene. The building has the appearance of having been bombarded. There is a deep breach, ten feet by three in one room, the floor of which has been literally plowed. Two children sleeping in a house at the corner of King street were thrown from their beds by the explosion. Their faces were badly cut. They were rescued and taken to the police station. Every pane of glass in the vicinity was shattered. A man was arrested at midnight on suspicion of being concerned in the explosion.

**Tuscarora.**

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sir.—I noticed an editorial in your last issue, about a Grit who dismissed some of his employees, because they voted for Major Gray. We have none in our section who did that, but we have men who did all they could to keep good names off the Voters' List. They even sent letters to the Court of Revision, held at Woodbridge, but when the parties who brought the letters were asked to swear as to whom the letters were written by, they did not dare to swear. What will the Grits do, to gain their end, which certainly is destruction.

They are greatly annoyed about "a ring," which they say was formed in No. 4, to get voters on the list. On election day, Archie, of this village, and Billy, from Cranberry Marshville, were the Grit agents, and they asked each voter, as he came to poll his vote, if he was connected with "the ring." If so, they would be sworn. They tried to force a Grit man in the ring, but found they could not corner any one in a circle. Billy sat in the corner all day, with the Book of Lamentations (the Voters' List), in his hand, crying, "is there no balm in Gilead; is there not enough Grits; then why is our party not sustained?"

The Doctor, at two minutes to five, came in with the last voter, and Billy was more grieved than ever. It is a wonder that the Doctor and the Inspector take such a great interest in elections, as it annoys the Grits, and gives them cause for saying a good deal more than they do when strictly confined to religious exercises.

An Irishman, who was looking at Niagara Falls, was asked if he ever saw such a wonderful sight before, all the water falling down. He replied that "there was nothing wonderful about it, but the wonder would be to stop at the top and the Inspector, who was with the Doctor and the Inspector, the Grits are about snuffed out, and they can amuse themselves by pounding sand for the next few years.

**SCRUTATOR,**

Tuscarora, March 20th, '83.

**York Lodge, A. O. U. W., Re-Union.**

York Lodge No. 57, A. O. U. W., held a very pleasant re-union at The Hub, Leader Lane, Toronto, on Monday night. About 35 gentlemen were present, and the evening was provided for by Mr. Bingham, Mr. R. H. Ramsay, master workman of York Lodge, and a number of invited guests were among the number, including Dr. W. D. Widdifield, M. P. P., G. W. Badgerow, M. P. P., ex-Ald. Kent, P. G. Luman, T. C. Irving, J. Curran, (editor of the Workman, Essex Centre) J. C. Graham, J. K. Leslie, P. Routh, Mr. Hopkins of Eglinton, Mr. Colliard, of Parkdale. All these gentlemen are closely identified with the order. Sheriff Moses Springer of Waterloo was also present, a guest of Mr. Badgerow. The different toasts were enthusiastically honored. From the speeches made it was very apparent that the order is in a flourishing condition. Over \$12,000,000 of risks on its members are in vigour. The Hub people know how to take care of such gatherings.

**Markham.**

SHOOTING ACCIDENT.—Robert, son of the late Peter Armstrong, was wounded in the left knee by the accidental discharge of a pistol in his pocket on the 14th inst., at the residence of his uncle, Mr. R. G. Armstrong, of this place. The ball is still in the wound, but under the skill of Dr. Armstrong and the care of his friends he is expected soon to be around again.

A "NOBLE" SALE.—Mr. David Beldam, auctioneer, of Highland Creek, on Tuesday the 14th inst., sold that fifty-acre farm, Lot 34, broken front, P. Pickering, known as the Armstrong property, for the sum of \$5,350, or \$107.00 per acre. Taking into consideration the fact that there were no buildings of any account on the place, the sale is considered a remarkably good one, consequently very much credit is reflected on the Auctioneer for the wide-awake manner in which he conducted himself during the bidding.

He does things up slick out west. A newspaper man lately undertook the responsibility of matrimony, and a few of his intimate friends were so bold as to give him a \$10,000 note, furnished in the most sumptuous manner. In addition to this, they escorted him home from his wedding trip in a palace car. If the fellow ever ceases to be grateful, he should be kicked to death by a mule.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Dissolves the Bowels.—A remedy, which has been tested and proved in a thousand different ways, capable of eradicating poisonous taints from ulcers and healing them up, merits a trial of its capacity for extracting the internal corruptions from the bowels. On rubbing Holloway's Ointment repeatedly on the abdomen, a rash appears, and as it thickens it also invariably subsides. Acting as a derivative, this ointment draws to the surface, releases the tender intestines from all acrid matters, and prevents inflammation, dysentery, and piles, for which blistering was the old-fashioned, though successful treatment, now from its painfulness fallen into disuse, the discovery of this Ointment having proclaimed a remedy possessing equally derivative, yet perfectly painless powers.

**LOCAL ITEMS.**

Court Day to-day, (Thursday). Mr. Sullivan on the bench. Some interesting cases were tried.

Rev. Father Teefy, of St. Michael's College, Toronto, lectured in Bay City, Michigan, on the evening of the 17th, to a crowded house.

GOOD CHANCE.—A garden farm in Vaughan, and 25 acres on Yonge Street, south of this village, is offered for sale. See advertisement.

HANDSOME IN CANADA.—Petley & Petley's new stores, are considered the handsomest in Canada. They will be completed in a few days, and on Monday, April 2nd, they show a handsome stock of New Spring Goods. Read the advertisement.

The ladies will please observe that Crosby has a large and well selected stock of beautiful dress goods: The gentlemen will take notice that his Spring and Summer Tweeds are the finest in town. Read his advertisement.

QUEER.—Saturday night we had a heavy shower of rain, but on Sunday morning Wiggin's Storm came sailing furiously along from Kamscatka, where it had been anchored for a week. There was a steady fall of snow all Sunday and Monday, and the wind made some terrible banks along the roads. Evidently winter is bound to linger in the lap of Spring, this year, just as long as that coy and bewildering maiden will permit him.

PAUL SUNDAY.—On Sunday last, Rev. Father McBrady, of St. Basil's College, Toronto, officiated at Mass, at the R. C. Church, in this village. The blustering stormy weather did not prevent a large attendance. After Mass Father McBrady addressed the congregation. His sermon on the text, "Be ye not conformed to the world," was an eloquent and impressive one, and was listened to throughout with the deepest attention.

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—For the guidance of Public School Teachers, we wish to intimate that, at the next examination for admission to High Schools, a paper will be set on "Drawing," as in Walter Smith's Primary Manual. This paper will be valued at 60 marks. While one-third in this subject is not exacted, credit will be given for the marks obtained in reckoning the total marks required for passing.

JUBILEE SINGERS.—The Ball Family Jubilee Singers are now on a trip through Canada, and are highly spoken of where they have appeared. They will conduct the musical services at Maple next Sunday morning and evening, 25th inst., and at Edgely in the afternoon. On the following Monday evening they have a concert of old plantation songs at Edgely; at Maple on Tuesday; and at Richmond Hill on Wednesday, and Victoria Square on Thursday. These concerts are held under the auspices of the Methodist Church.

Mrs. Langtry visited Toronto last week, and met with crowded houses. The reports say she is a "fair-to-mildling" actress, and a pretty woman. Several of our young Vanderbilts went down to see her. They did not see Freddy, and they think our Canadian girls are as beautiful as the Jersey Lily. It is altogether likely that their opinion is not far astray. Modjeska was also at the Grand this week, for three nights, and entertained large and enthusiastic audiences.

NO MORE SKATING.—On Saturday night last there was a large attendance at the Skating Rink, it being generally understood that the rink would be closed that night for the season. The ice was fair, and all seemed desirous of having a good skate for the last time this winter. Some young fellows made a point of skating with every girl, and wishing them a skating farewell. Mr. McLean has given good satisfaction this winter, and the young people have had a great deal of pleasant exercise and amusement on the rink. Mr. McLean says he will open the rink on the afternoon of Good Friday, if the ice is at all skatable. One more river, etc., and that ends the skating.

NEW COURT HOUSE.—If one-half of what we hear about the York County Court House is correct, it is a great shame that our representatives do not take immediate steps to remedy the grievances complained of. For a number of years the place has been regularly condemned, in no very mild language, and in the last presentment of the Grand Jury, they stated that the Court House is lacking in accommodation, and deficient in ventilation, the Sheriff's office being particularly condemned. They hoped the proposed new Court House would soon be erected. Judge Boyd, in reply, said it was a disgrace that a County of 170,000 people could not have decent and properly located buildings. He hoped the jury would realize their expectations regarding new buildings, but thought only an indictment would definitely decide the matter.

PUBLIC SCHOOL INSPECTION.—Mr. D. Fotheringham, Public School Inspector, paid an official visit to the Public School in this village last week, and after a careful examination in all the Departments, expressed himself as highly satisfied with the condition of the schools in general. He spent over six hours in the Highest Department, and carefully examined the classes in Arithmetic, Composition, Reading, Definitions, Spelling, Writing, and Drawing, in which subjects most of the pupils received very creditable marks. Over forty, of sixty who were present, made over 70 per cent on all the subjects. In arithmetic Edgar Anley, Colvia McLean, John Simms, Arthur Addison, and Maggie Garven made 100 per cent. Master Alex. McDonald also received 100 per cent in Composition. The Inspector's next visit will be towards the close of the year when a full report of the standing of the school will be published.

**LOCAL ITEMS.**

SEFS.—Brown has a splendid assortment of field and garden seeds. His stock of Groceries, etc., is fresh and attractive. He pays the highest price for butter and eggs. See his advertisement.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—The Seventeenth of Old Ireland was a lovely Spring Day this year. It passed over to the majority in a quiet way, in this village, the rain falling heavily about midnight.

EASTER SERVICES.—An appropriate Easter Sermon will be delivered by Rev. P. Addison, in the Methodist Church next Sabbath evening, and suitable Easter Anthems will be sung by the Choir. Services to begin at 6.30 p. m.

A GOOD CONCERT.—Among the many entertainments which are constantly offered the public it is sometimes rather difficult to tell when a first class programme will be presented. The Lacrosse Concert to-morrow evening (Good Friday) promises to be one of the best we have had for many a day. Besides Mrs. Bradley, one of the best singers in Canada, there is a popular comic singer, who will appear in costume, and who is noted for his amusing and entertaining selections: The programme also includes the best local talent. This is a concert which we cannot have the opportunity of attending every week. The Lacrosse Club seldom get up a Concert, this one being the first in some years, but when they do go in for them they evidently desire to excel. For further particulars see bills.

LAW AND MEDICINE.—There was a very fair attendance at the debate which took place in the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church, on Tuesday evening last, on the subject "Resolved that Doctors are more useful to Society than Lawyers." The affirmative view was upheld by Messrs. G. Trench, D. Boyle, G. Palmer, and W. Harrison; while Messrs. A. Linklater, E. Sisley, and D. T. Fairbairn endeavored to show that the law was materially benefited by the legal profession. Some rather ingenious arguments were made use of, and amusing anecdotes related in illustration of certain points. The audience seemed interested in the debate, and highly enjoyed any point made by the speakers on either side. The debate occupied about two hours, and when concluded the Chairman, Rev. J. Campbell, decided that the resolution had been sustained. The next meeting will be held on Tuesday evening, 27th inst., at 7.30 p. m. The speakers are Messrs. D. T. Fairbairn, G. Palmer, A. Linklater, and E. Sisley, on the affirmative; and Messrs. W. Harrison, D. Boyle, G. Trench, and F. Marsh on the negative. The subject for debate is "Resolved that it is for the benefit of Society that women should have an equal chance with man in the pursuits of life."

**Auction Sales.**

MONDAY, March 26.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., at Lot 13, Con. 3, Vaughan, the property of Mr. B. Brullinger. Sale at 1 o'clock. \$10 and under cash, over that amount 8 months credit on approved notes. S. Eckardt, Aucr.

WEDNESDAY, March 28th.—Credit Sale on Lot 8, Con. 6, Vaughan, the property of Mr. Stephen Bennett. Sale at 12 o'clock. Lunch served. Barley and Sums of \$10 and under cash; over that 7 months credit on approved joint notes. Sale without reserve. N. J. Armstrong, Aucr.

**Well as Ever.**

Lottie Howard writes from Buffalo, N. Y.—My system became greatly benefited through arduous professional duties; suffered from nausea, sick headache and biliousness. Tried Burdock Blood Bitters with the most beneficial effect. Am well as ever.

The Yorkville News says:—Mr. H. Reaby, an old resident, died at his residence, opposite Roxburgh Avenue, on Thursday night. He was universally known and respected in the locality, and always had a pleasant word for every one.

**A Rope about our Necks.**

A weak stomach or entangled circulation is like a rope about our necks. We are strung up and unstrung alternately till existence becomes unbearable. Burdock Blood Bitters will arrest all this misery. Burdock Blood Bitters is a boon to the sick. Let us remember this fact.

The latest despatches state that there is good reason to believe the account of the attempt to assassinate Lady Dixie is unreliable.

The funeral of the late Rutolphus Wilson proprietor of the York and Vaughan hotel, out on the Vaughan plank road, took place Monday afternoon at St. James Cemetery. The members of York Lodge No. 156, A. F. & M. A. M. of Eglinton, of which deceased was a member, attended.

Davy & Clark, Druggists, Renfrew, date of June 3rd, write:—"Burdock Blood Bitters, though comparatively a new preparation, has taken the lead in this locality as a blood purifier, our sales of it being equal to that of all other medicines used for the purpose during the past year."

THE MARKETS TORONTO.  
THURSDAY, March 22, 1883.

Wheat fall, new, per bush.	\$ 0 77	43 00
Spring	1 05	1 07
Barley	0 70	0 72
Oats	46	44
Peas	0 73	78
Beans	0 60	60
Butter, 1/2 lb.	15	16
Butter, 1 lb.	30	30
Eggs, fresh, doz.	18	20
Potatoes, per bag	0 75	80
Apples, per barrel	0 50	0 50
Onions, per bag	1 00	0 00
Carrots, per doz.	0 20	0 20
Colery, per doz.	0 20	0 20
Turnips, per bag	0 25	0 25
Carrots, per doz.	0 20	0 20
Beets, per bag	0 20	0 20
Pumpkins, per bag	0 20	0 20
Hay, per ton.	11 00	10 00
Straw, per ton.	0 00	0 00
Wool per lb.	18	20

**TESTON.**

(From our own Correspondent.)  
Messrs. T. Keys and T. Taggart have started a butcher shop, and will, in future, supply the public with fresh beef. The Sons of Temperance are in a prosperous condition, as I understand twelve persons have joined this quarter, and several been blackballed. The blackballing indicates prosperity,—that they have got enough members already.  
Mr. Land is daily receiving orders for new rigs. So much for the N. P.  
Old John has chased another of his boys from home. If he keeps on he will soon have them all away, and then probably he will think more of them when there are none to chase.  
If any one wants a new straw hat, they should come right to this village, on Queen Street, one door south of the Church. SENECA.  
Teston, March 20th, 1883.

**New Advertisements.**

**Farm for Sale!**

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