BOULTBEE'S SPEECH.

recently, on resolution of Mr Mossean recently, on resolution of Mr Mossean portant Parliamentary functions, had said "that the Lieut-Governor's action was that this matter should have been fought unwise and subversive of the position accorded to the advisers of the Crown.' Some able speeches were elicited by this resolution. The following is a

curtailed report of the remarks made by the vital principles of responsible Government; and that when they came to con-MR BOULTBEE said that it seemed to him they never could have an occasion upon which it would be more important for a careful deliberation by the (states of this country than at the present moment. The question they had before them was,—whether the power of the people, as expressed through their representatives, shall prevail, or the power of one man shall be allowed to crush out the freedom of the whole per-ple? This question had been fought out by their ancestors for forty generations; it had beed fought for over the whole world, and the battle had not been in any country so successful as in the empire of Great Britain, where they had the great and inestimable boon of responsible Government They hoped to have it here, and they should ret iin it, and see that it be carried out on occasions like the present. Here in the Dominion they were in a peculiar position. They were a number of scattered Provinces that had been brought together for the purpose of creating a powerful Dominion; they were people of different races, speaking, in many instances, different language; having many and widely devergent interests. And there fore, it was all-important that the men to whom power was entrusted to whom they had confided the guidance, should endeavor to create a national spirit, rather tending towards a higher and nobler feeling, than a debased national sentiment. They should rather endeavour to make their actions bear the impress of statesmanlike thought, than the stamp of petty and dishonourable intri-They would find that the people generally had a disposition to shape their conduct by the example of those placed in char ge over them. We all know how difficult it is to purify a stream polluted at its source. It was most unfortunate, on an occasion like It was most unfortunate, on an occasion like the present, when this Confederation was only just formed, when the scattered Provinces were scarcely ass milated, when the many divergent interests were only approaching divergent interests were only approaching consolidation, that they should have the degrading spectacle of this man, to whom had been confided the honour of the people, the most prejudiced would see the iniquity of the course pursued by the Lieutenantthe trustee of a special trust who had been specially delegated to preside over the deliberations of Parliament, conspiring against his own advisers lying in wait for them, trying to take advantage of some inadvertent action on their part to work them haim. We have the degrading spectac'e of this man sworn to preserve liberties of the people entering into a conspiracy to destroy the many liberties he is sworn to least, for the liberties of the people and he dared not now openly defend such action conserve. It was important that this Parliament should take immediate steps to as this. In Ontario, they had determined as far as they could, and he believed they would not go back on it, that they would secure a better state of things; more especially as, at this very moment, they found the Premier of the Province of Ontario-less daring perhaps, than the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, but the equality pliant tool of a faction-prolonging Par imment beyond the legitimate term of its existance, for the base purpose of party intrigue. They felt it now in Outario, and could, therefore, sympathise with the people of Quebec, He thought that if the representatives of the people in this Parliament assembled, if the estates of this realm did not take any cognisance of this question, if they were unwilling to deal with it and to stamp this action with their supreme condemnation, it would be a very unfortunate thing for this country; but he firmly believed that this Parliament would not neglect to set the seal of severe condemnation on actions like this. He had heard his bon friend from Halton [Mr Macdougall].able and old parliamentarian as he was, say, that this man had been tried twice, that the matter had been tried in the Parliament of Quebec, and that, therefore. it should not be tried again. And that he -Mr Macdougall-although he condemned the act and denounced the man would vote against the resolution. He thought that opinion was not a sound one for if no definite action were taken now they would have no guarantee that therewould not be a repetition of such acts in the future, and besides that, it would enable the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec to escape the penalty which ought attach to crimes such as this.

He had looked carefully into the question

Was a feat which the leader of the Opposition and looked carefully into the question the leader of the Opposition and the friends and a redevious discovered to execute. tion and his friends, endeavored to execute, and come to the conclusion that the action of the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec on the occasion referred to was illegitimate and improper; that it was a violation not only of the letter but of the spirit of responsible Government; that he had not done what he had been delegated to do. He had been sworn to conserve the liberties of the prople. The will of the people had been decidedly in favor of the Ministry then in power; yet he had taken upon himself to dismiss that Ministry and to call in another set of men not possessing the confidence of the country. He had not perhaps studied Parliamentary usage or Constitutional Law so much as a great many other hon gentle-men, but his plain reading of the meaning of responsible Government was- and it was the reading, he thought, understood by the people-that the people through their re: presentatives - shall prevail. He was satisfied, and he was sure the house was satisfied from the arguments they had heard that this Lieutenant-Governor had not, under the circumstances, the right to dismiss the De Boucherville Government. The action was a wrong doing, and that wrong doing was an infringement on the Constitution, by which the rights of the people had been trampled upon and subverted. It was in his opinion, a great injury done to our young Dominion, striking at the very roots of responsible Government. When they come to reflect upon this question, it was less difficult to apprehend the causes than to calculate the consequences which might flow from it. They had, at the time, a Parliament led by the gentlemen now opposite. Those gentlemen came into that Parliament in the strong plentitude of their power, backed up by a large majority, and posses-sing the confidence of the country; but when they found that confidence waning and themselves running aground in the country, they resorted to unworthy means, to prolong their tenure of power, and when there was an impending general election, they refused to take the action generally desired by a large majority of the people of this country, advancing the traitorous argument—whereby to gain some advantage in the election—that the Lieutenant-Governor should be dealt with and tried by the people and Parliament of Quebec. It might be that these gentlemen would deny they entered into any conspiracy with the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, or that they improperly advised him, but they would never purge themselves before the people of this country, unless they gave their

support to the resolution which was before

great crime against the people and against

himself, and it would leave upon him and family, for three or four generations to

come, the stamp of ineffaceable shame.

Mr Letellier had nothing to gain in to

Quebec Constitutional doing, and the people of this country, whether rightly or wrongly, would believe that the gentlemen who now lead the Opposition in Parliament instigated the Lieutenant-Governor to take the course he did. That was the belief—this belief had gone over this country. The leader of This question came up in the House the Opposition abnegating our most imout in the Parliament of Quebec, as it was one which affected that Province only. He [Mr Boultbee], thought that any wrong done to that Province was a wrong done to the whole Dominion, and a blow struck at sider the value of the institutions they had and the labor and trouble they had taken to obtain the Constitution they now enjoyed, they should allow as little time as possible to elapse before counteracting as

far as was possible, the blow struck at these liberties by the action of the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec; and he thought it was imperatively necessary on them to carry this resolution, otherwise there would be a subversion of every principle of popular liberty. The people of Quebec had given their adherence very loyally to the scheme of Confederation, abandoning their old system and ancient They were a brave, chivalrous people, very sensitive to every emotion of honor, and they were willing to join us to build up this great Confederation, based on the noblest principles of the British Constitution, firmly relving on its justly boasted freedom safeguards; and how bitter would it be for them, if they found the expecta-tions they had formed of the becefits that would accrue to them, destroyed by the heinous blow struck at their liberties, one man had power to trample out their freedom. The time had come when the gentleman in the supreme position at Gov-ernment House here was a scion of the noblest anistocracy the world ever saw, versed in the honorable practice of English statesmen, sent by our Gracious Sovereign to superintend our affairs and guide our destines. How should we feel if by some mischance we had instead some miserable trickster, hating our present Government and false to our free institutions, he might come to this House and say, "you are taking some action in regard to the tariff, or otherwise, which seems to me not according to the practice of the of the course pursued by the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec. He was not supprised that the leader of the Opposition declined to deal with the merits of this question. According to the practices of his past life, according to the utterances made by him on every Ontario platform, he dare not deal with it. Bold Tribune of the people he had spent his life until the last five years in battling, by words at

not give up the principle of responsible Government, as long as they had life to fight for it. He followed, as carefully as he could, what the leader of the Opposition had said. That hon, gentleman said it was the daty of the Government, if Governor Letellier had done wrong, to have dismissed him. That was a very pretty argu-ment; but they could hardly expect the gentlemen who had counselled the execution of this move on their behalf to turn round and censure him for so doing. The hon.gentleman said that Governor Letellier dissolved Parliament on the advice of his constitutional advisers. This was too grave a matter to be made a joke of, and in view of the facts, it did seem, viewed in the light of responsible Government, to partake of the character of a farce. He dismissed a Ministry sustained by an overwheleming majority in both Houses, then formed one out of an insignificant minority, then acted on their advice and the hon, member for Lambton calls this acting on the advice of his constitutional advisers. shame ess avowal of a shameful doctrine, The hon, member for Lambton then went on to make some remarks of a Scriptura character in reference to the prophets of Baal. The prophets of Baal, it would be remembered, on the occasion referred to. were called up in a crowd to generally destroy the prophets of the true God. That

and in this way carried out the Biblical history as recorded in the destruction of the prophets of Baal. Hon. gentlemen presented themselves before the people of Canada, and they were nearly as effectively destroyed. There was scarcely a remnant of them left. In reference to the remarks of the hon, member for Halton (Mr. Macdougall), he (Mr Boulthee), understood the hon, gentleman to say that he condemned the action of Mr. Letellier, but, at the same time, he was going to support it. He [Mr]
Boultbee], did not understand that; as he
understood it, if a man did wrong, and deserved to be condemned, they should condemn him. He would simply close by

saying that because he thought the act of the Lieutenani-Governor of Quebec was unconstitutional, because he thought it was an act corruptly conceived with a view to subverting the Constitution of this country, because he thought it was conceived in because he thought it was conceived in fraud. because he unconstitutional, because he thought it was because he thought it was conceived in treachery and shaped in fraud, because he

thought this House should mark this action with most severe condemnation, he should support the resolution.

Mr WHITE (Cardwell), moved the adjournment of the the debate. Motion agreed to and debate adjourned.

Anctioneers' Cards.

N J Armstrong, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of York, Sales attended on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Address, Nobleton, P O

Daniel Kinnee, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of York solicits your putronage and friendly influence. Address, Teston, P O

Jas C Stokes

Licensed Auctioner for York County. Ordes promptly attended to. Rates reasonable. Pat-ronage solicited. Address, King, P O Salem Eckardt,

Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of York, Ontario and Peel. Sales promptly attended. Goods sold on consignment. Unionville, P O Samuel Brown

Licensed Auctioneer for York County, solicits patronage and friendly influence. Rates reasonable. Address, Victoria Square

Thos Poucher, Licensed Auctioneer for York County. solicited. Maple Leaf Hotel, Belford, Ont F Button

the House; the Lieutenant-Governor had no personal interest in such a course as that taken by him. He had committed a Licensed Auctioneer for York Patronage soli cited. Rates moderate Address Cashel, Robt Conway, Licensed Auctioneer for York County. Prattention given to sales. Address Elia, P O

Spring!

GOODS! TOOKS!

> Cheaper Than Ever !

be seen at the Fire Proof Store

EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE

The Tweed Department was never before stocked with such Nice and Cheap Goods The Stock is so large and good that our customers have some difficulty in making their selectiosn. Come and leave your orders early, before the Tailors are too busy

Goods a Specialty Mourning DRESS GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Bleached and Unbleached Canadian Cottons, Prints, Ducks. Drills, Shirtings, Staple and Fancy Tickings, etc, etc, etc.

CROGERIES. CROCKERY. HARDWARE &C.,

Constanly on hand;

Richmond Hill, Feb 6th, 1879 . ISAAC

CROSBY

CARRIES

LOWEST PRICES

FOR GOODS

Is Complete. All new Goods and no Old Stock

A specialty. Window Glasses of all sizes. The usual Stock of

HAND ALWAYS ON

Call on Pete before buying elsewhere.

Richmon d Hill, March 20th, 1879

P G SAVAGE

Goods

ARRIVING

THIS

WEEK

COMPLETE STOCK

Goods,

REYNOLDS & NEWTON

STOCK:

Of English, American, and Canadian Manufacture, -beautiful designs.

BLINDS LARGE ASSORTMENT

Bottom Prices

REYNOLDS & NEWTON Richmond Hill, March 20th, 1879

 ${f FOR}$ THE

A LIVELY, SPICY, Mocal Paper

PER



THE GREATEST WONDER OF

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

The Pills purity the Blood, correct all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels, and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females.

The Ointment is the only reliable remedy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers of however long standing. For Bronchitis, Diptheria, Coughs, Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases it has no equal.

BEWARE OF

NEW YORK COUNTERFEITS.

I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the Public generally to the fact, that certain Houses in New York are sending to many paris of the globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my Pills and Oluthent. These frands bear on their labels some address in New York. I do not allow my medicine to be sold in any part of the United States. I have no agents there. My medicines are only made by me at 533, Oxford Street, London

In the books of directions affixed to the spurious make is a caution, warning the Public against being deceived by counterfeits. Do not be misled by this audacious trict, as they are the counterfeits they pretend to denounce.

These counterfeits are purchased by unprincipled Vendors at one-half the price of my Fills and Cintment, and are sold to you as my genuine

I most earnestly appeal to that sense of justice which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from all honorable persons, to assist me, and the Public, as far as may lie in their power, in denounc fng this shameful Fraud.

fig this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLE AND OINTMENT LONDON," engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, Oxford Stiefet, London, where alone they are Manufactured.

Holloway's Pills and Ointments bearing any other address are counterfeits

terfeits
The Trade Marks of these Medicines are regis
tered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the
British Possessions, who may keep the American
Counterfeits for sale, will be prosecuted 533, Oxford Street, London, Jan 1, 1879

Dental.



Dr A ROBINSON, SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for the favors of the past the years, n ay still be consulted in any branch of the profession, as follows: iaple Voodbridge Anasthetics, as Nitrous Oxide, etc., used vordered, and none but the best material used

R. PORTER, Surgeon Dentist, visits

Lefroy.....Holland Lauding.. 9th of each month

Opposite Algeo's Hotel. HOLLAND STREET, BRADFORD.

The Doctorrespectfully solicits attention to the new process of Filling Teeth with Hard Burnished Gold, By this beautiful operation, cases otherwise hopeless, can be effectually treaten and the diseased tooth, however much decayed, may be completely built up with Solid Gold, and, restored to its original size, shape and usefulnessd

W. C. ADAMS, L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist, has
removed to 87 King street East,
Toronto, over H. & C. Blachford's new shoe store
Best mineral teeth inserted in a manner to suit
each patient. Particular attention given to the
preservation and regulation of the natural teeth,
carefully avoing all unnecessary pain. A. W
SPAULDING, Assistant.

S. ROBINSON, DISPENSING
Yonge street. Yorkville. Ontario. Importer and
dealer in Pure Drugs and Chemicals, French and
English Perfumery, English and American Patent
Medicines, Horse and Cattle Medicine, and Druggist sundries of every description.

Miscellancous,

No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Ca, Portland, Maine.

KNOW

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION Price only \$1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It meats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skilful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jewelled medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent frage to all. Send for it at once. Address PPEABEDY MEDICAL THYSELF MINSTITUTE, No. 4 Bultant St., Boston, Mass.

Tan make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. \$12 per day at home made by the industrions. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costiv outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

ADVICE.

MANHOOD, Womanhood. Free. A warning against imposition. How youth and middle aged (both sexes) may restore their shattered constitutions, especially if arising from early in discretions. Herein lies your only safety, by a professional gentleman of rare ability. High Canadian press testimonials, Mention this paper's Send stamp for answer. See advertisement head ed "Runture." ed "Rupture. Prof J. Y. EGAN Hamilton Ont

DRAIN TILE, OF THE BEST QUALITY AT THOS. NIGHTINGALE'S,

SELLING OFF AT GOST

Ontario House

In returning thanks to the public for the Liberal Patronage received during the past six years, I would inform the inhabitants of Richmond Hill and vicini y that will from this day, until April 1st, sell my stock of

UNDER COST.

FOR CASH ONLY!

The Stock consists of Men's Kip Boots, Stogas, Felt Boots, Gaiters, Over Shoes, Rubbers, Women's Felt Boots, Bebble, Calf Skin, Lace Prunel, Prunel Gaiters, Over Shoes, Slippers and Rubbers, with a general assortment of Youth's and Misses Lace Boots, and Children's Slippers. As I have given

Very Large Spring Order

I am determined to give the Public the benefit of my present stock

Great Rargains in Groceries, Provisions, Hams, Bacon, Lard, &c. Remember n Provisions, or Flour and Feed

I can not nor will not be undersold If you want to buy for Cash and Save Money, give me a trial.

BROWN Richmond Hill, Feb 17th, 1879

PALE HERALD

Book, Stationery and Fancy Goods Store,

Next door to Dewsberry's Harness shop.

FOR SALE AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON COST

SCHOOL BOOKS

In use in the High and Public Schools. - CE

ALL OTHER KINDS OF BOOKS KPT ECONSTANTLY ON HAND Bets, Baskets, Braids, Brushes, Cards.

Chromos, Concertinas, Croquet Sets,

Collars, Dolls, Drums, Engravings, Envelopes, Fans' Picture Frames, Glassware, Gold Paper, Knives, Pens.

THE ELECTORS

Riding of York!



RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED FOR

Robinson,

Conservative Candidate FOR THE

James

Sanderson's

BALSAM OF LIFE;

COUGHS and COLDS

BEST REMEDY IN THE MARKET. Prepared & sold by H Sanderson & Sons,

Corner Yonge and Centre Street East, Richmond Hill

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, EXECUTED

CHEAPLY: AT THE OFFICE OF THE

RICHMOND HILL, ONT

Opposite P. Crosby's Residence: