

The electors of South Simcoe should not allow any cleverly constructed orations, or plausible addresses about liberalism, moderate views, etc., to withdraw their attention from the questions at issue in this election. It may sound all very well for the President of a Reform Convention to talk about "supporting right and condemning wrong measures," but remember Mr Parkhill has also signified his intention of doing this, and that he is not prejudiced in favor of the Reform Ministry. Mr Wilson honestly believes that the Mowat-Fraser Administration is as good, pure, and able as any the Opposition could form. Is that your opinion, men of South Simcoe? This is a Conservative Riding,—shall it be said, "Why even South Simcoe endorses and approves of our actions,—when South Simcoe is redeemed surely we can carry the other constituencies?"

You have a glorious record of many years standing,—are you prepared to go back on that, and admit that you were in error during the past. Mr Wilson is, without doubt, a clever man, and an able speaker, but even he can not—dare not come forward and defend the acts of the Mowat-Fraser Government, and yet these are the men he is pledged to support on a want of confidence motion. True, he says, "if I feel convinced that Mowat, Fraser & Co are pursuing a course calculated to injure the country, I will vote against them." Yet these sort of men are extremely hard to convince on such points. We know what can be expected from Mowat in the future, judging from his past record. Are you willing, men of South Simcoe, to endorse all his misdeeds, his dishonest transactions, and gross corruption? If you are, signify your approval by sending down Wilson. If you wish to have the Mowat Government overturned, and an era of economy and good government once more inaugurated, do what you can, give your influence in the matter by voting for Parkhill. Wilson will poll a larger vote than many expect, therefore let every one of our friends vote, and work! work! WORK! as hard as if you were confident that Parkhill would not have over one of a majority!

### The 22nd.

attended by about 125 persons. The day was fine and pleasant. On the platform and in the crowd, we noticed W. C. Little, Esq., M. P., A. W. Lander, Esq., M. P., P. E. C. Jones, Esq., M. P., J. J. Fennell, Esq., W. J. Parkhill, John Boddy, R. B. MacCartney, H. Manning, J. W. H. Wilson, J. D. Booth, Col. Banting, Cook, S. Driffill and others.

The meeting was called to order by Sheriff McConkey, returning officer, sometime after the hour of noon.

Mr. Little proposed in a formal manner W. J. Parkhill, Esq., as a fit and proper person to represent the riding in the Local House; considered him well qualified to fill the place vacated by Mr. McDougall; urgently advocated the Conservatives to support him. In doing so, desired not to reflect on Mr. Capreol or Mr. Wilson. Mr Capreol deserved well of the people whom he had served in his day and generation. Mr. Wilson, he was constrained to say he did perform the duties of County Councillor satisfactorily, whilst in the Council, but he did not believe in his political principles. Mr. Parkhill, while not permitted to give it at more length, (cheers were given for the Queen &c., and the meeting then adjourned.)

Our esteemed and highly-respected contemporary, in giving a report of Mr. Parkhill's meeting, held in the Town Hall on Monday evening, the 14th inst., makes Mr. Wright, of the Toronto Nationalist, say—"that at the time of the Red River Rebellion, when D. A. Smith refused to exert his influence in behalf of Scott's life, he was a Reformer." Now, without for a moment supposing our venerated neighbor guilty of a gross perversion, or of a deliberate attempt to deceive, we must say that the above quotation from our neighbor's columns is not in accordance with the facts of the case. Mr. Wright did not say that Smith was a Reformer at that time. What he did say will be found in our report of his speech, in another column, and is as follows:—"that Smith was agent for the Hudson Bay Co., at that time, and having great influence, was requested to intercede with Beil on behalf of Scott's life. He believed that Smith could have saved Scott's life, if he had tried, but although he was pleased with the result, he refused to intercede with Beil for that purpose. At the present time, gentlemen, D. A. Smith is a trusted and honored member of the Reform Party!" We are grieved to see our contemporary thus misleading the public; but we hope the error was not intentional,—was rather due to ignorance.

Vote against the Fraser Mowat Government the men who opposed the Orange Incorporation Bill, by casting your votes for Parkhill, the nominee of the Conservative Convention.

### Parkhill's Meeting at Bradford

Mr. Boulbee on being introduced by the Chairman, referred to Mr. Capreol's position as being somewhat unfortunate, that he was one hundred years before his time. The project was the grandest ever broached in the country. There never will be anything that will give Canada such an impetus as the Georgian Bay Canal. I can reiterate with pleasure that we are destined to be a great country. I do not think it is difficult to find many and sufficient reasons why the Mowat Government should be opposed. The finances of the province are of a fixed character, and do not go on increasing as in the case of the Dominion. The Government should therefore be very careful to confine the expenditure within certain limits, and economize as much as is possible. Let us see whether such has been the case. When Sandfield Macdonald and M. C. Cameron arranged our affairs on a scheme of economy, there were many important matters to settle and put in order. All of these questions are now disposed of. Sandfield had a large and flourishing business at Cornwall when he was called upon to form an Administration. He gave up this lucrative practice and came to Toronto, satisfied with a salary of \$4,000, and an indemnity of \$400. Contrast this with Mowat's actions. He has a large business in Toronto, and he attends to it, when he should be attending to the business of the country. Instead of a salary of \$4,000, he draws \$5,500, and an indemnity of \$800, besides having a large income from his private business as a lawyer. The expense of Government has been largely increased in every department by the Mowat administration, and no apparent reason therefore. I challenge Wilson and every other defender of Mowat to successfully contradict this. I believe Wilson has made an enormous mistake in saying that there was a surplus of \$5,000,000 at the beginning of 1878. I do not believe the Mowat Government has a surplus of \$2 millions at the present moment. They dissipated the surplus of four millions left by Sandfield, about three years after he was defeated, and I do not believe they have since made it up. The history of the manner in which the wealth of our timber districts were squandered is enough to condemn any Government. One of the first acts of the Mowat Government was to sell 5,000 square miles, without having it surveyed or valued. There was no necessity for doing this. The money was not required. But they put the timber up at auction, about six weeks before the House met, and sold it at a ridiculously low figure to some of their friends. When we, on the Conservative side, saw more than half the timber interest thus disposed of, we believed it was time to try and put a stop to such nefarious transactions, in the interests of the country. We moved a resolution declaring that we believed it was inexpedient to dispose of this large and valuable property without a vote of the House of the House on the matter. I apprehend that any class of men or any Government guilty of such corruption, and violation of the Constitution, are not deserving of the confidence of the people. They thus committed the principle that a Government could sell 5,000 square miles of timber without the knowledge or sanction of Parliament. The trifling sum that was realized is now about gone. The opposition then moved another resolution stating that we believed it inexpedient to sell so large a portion of timber lands, without first having it surveyed and explored." They called on their followers to vote this motion down also, and it was done. They thus confirmed the principle that the Government could sell 70 or 80 Counties without having it surveyed or explored. For the benefit of a few friends the interests of the whole country were thus sacrificed.

Wilson says he thinks Mr. Mowat should be supported on account of the improvements he has made in law. If there is in his his exclamation, "cheers for the law." He has bungled them up in the Supreme Court Judges can not agree on the meaning, and I have heard the learned judges say that from the day the session opens "they sit with the perspiration running down their backs, fearing that he will bungle the matter still more." Mr. Wilson has referred to the Mechanics' Lien Act. Well I have not yet seen any good come out of it, but I have seen it do a great deal of harm. Neither the contractors nor their employees are satisfied with the Act. I have seen them come in shoals to our office in Toronto, trying to find out what it means. It is full of flaws. There is a case on hand now, where a contractor engaged in building a church, has so manipulated his affairs by this Act that it will take over thirty suits to decide which set of men should get paid. The Married Woman's Law has also proved a failure, there being three cases where it has covered fraud for every one where good has been done.

In the Central Prison matter, a strong grip, Nathaniel Dicker, a contractor, was given \$60,000 worth of public work, without any tender being taken. M. C. Cameron and I moved a resolution stating that "it was inexpedient to give such a large amount of public work to any contractor without tenders being submitted." This resolution was voted down and the contractor was given large quantities of public work, without letting it go by tender was thereby confirmed. This system is followed the legitimate every department, all the stores for asylums, gaols, etc., being purchased without tender or competition. Now, gentlemen, I apprehend that this is not the way in which the hard-thinking men of this country wish the public business to be carried on. I think they want affairs conducted as under Sandfield, at about one-half the expense.

It is sometimes said M. C. Cameron could not lead a Government satisfactorily, although he might be an honest, conscientious man. I have known him for the past thirty years, and I know that he thinks the business of the country should be carried on as an honest man would carry on his own affairs. He is incapable of such a supposition as selling the Crown lands in the manner Mowat has done. (Applause.) He would not act as a member of the Ministry, act in a lawsuit, on behalf of the Government, and allow his partner to take a \$1,000 for acting on the opposite side. He would

call that dishonest. (Cheers.) This is what Mowat has done, and I say that a person who acts in that way should not remain at the head of the Government. Mowat has been called an "honest politician," but do such actions appear to be honest. I do not believe that the people of this country want their business carried on by such men. (Applause.)

The Orange Bill appears to be popular here, as all the candidates pledge themselves to support it. If Mr. Wilson is elected he will have to support the Government all through. On a motion of want of confidence he would be found on the Government side. Now you can never get the Mowat-Fraser Ministry to pass that Bill. They will support it in the House, and then recommend the Lieut-Governor to throw it out, as they did on a previous occasion. If you wish to secure justice in this matter you must vote for a man pledged to overthrow the Mowat Government. (Applause.)

Although there are no great questions to be dealt with in the Local House, still it is a very important thing, when we have a fixed revenue, to see that our resources are not squandered and our income wasted as they have been in the past. The Crown Lands are fast becoming exhausted, and at the present rate, it is only a question of very short time until direct taxation must be resorted to. I apprehend, however, that any ordinary business man, or thinking farmer, who sees that the present Government are spending one-third more each year than is required to govern this Province, should and will withdraw their support. Gentlemen, I find that such is the case, the public records show it, you can easily ascertain the truth of this for yourself, as I am about to do so, and I am glad to see you voting for Parkhill, and against the Mowat-Fraser Government. (Applause.)

Mr. Wright was then introduced. He had been speaking on the National Policy so long, that he was not sure whether he could say anything interesting on local politics. He would however, just touch on a few words that Wilson had given utterance to. Wilson could not see anything very wrong to the Ministers of the Local House stamping the country on behalf of the Dominion. He seemed to forget that in times past Sandfield was abused and severely condemned for "hunting in couples." So strongly did the Globe and the Reform leaders feel on this question that they almost staked their political existence on them. Their actions at the late elections shows them to be what a prominent statesman once termed the party, "an organized hypocrisy" (applause.) Wilson sees no difference between Douthet and Mowat in stamping the country. There is a very great difference. Mowat shouldered the sins of the Dominion Ministers, and must be held responsible. The Ministers received a yearly salary for attending to public business, and not to canvass and stump the country on behalf of their friends in the Dominion House. Boulbee, however, only received a salary as member for the time Parliament was in session. When the House was not sitting he was at liberty to do as he wished. Is it the action of honest men to receive a salary for attending to a certain work, and then fail to fulfil their agreement.

There was no difference between the two candidates, according to their own statements, except that Parkhill lived a more virtuous life, but yet Wilson goes down to support a Government the leader of which does not live in the riding he represents. This shows the consistency of lawyers, who are paid for (cheers) it is a very strange thing that you do not find any Grits in a strong Conservative Riding. Batter would not melt in their mouths in South Simcoe, but in South Wellington they were no such gentle creatures. Wilson won't vote want of confidence in the Mowat Government. He goes to re-affirm an honest man, to vote down any motion of want of confidence. He says he is in favor of the Orange Bill. The story of the Scotch laird who thought no one would dare to insult him, on a bridge unless he could swim, illustrated Wilson's position. Wilson would not insult (or oppose) the Orangemen of South Simcoe because he could not swim, (or do without their support.) The action of the Mowat Government in the Orange Bill had shown their profession about the Order to be a hollow hypocrisy. The Reformers pretended to be the good friend of the Orange Order, but in reality they were not so. They had just been playing with them. As long as they kept Fraser in the cabinet, the Orangemen would never get justice. He circulated a speech amongst the Catholics, intending to rouse up their passions, that of itself should be sufficient to condemn the party. No Orangeman can get hold of that speech; it is only given to their enemies. If the Orangemen of South Simcoe are true to themselves they will not vote to send a man to Parliament, to support a Government which numbered such a fire brand amongst its members.

The question of non-resident, he noticed, was always brought forward to hide something which the other side did not wish to be seen. Wilson could not point to one question likely to arise prejudicial either to the interest of Bradford or Mulmur.

A gentleman in the audience said "Wilson would be elected." Wright requested him never to prophesy until he knew, and then related the story of an Irishman, who, having enjoyed a hearty laugh in anticipation of the fun he would have in tackling a bull, soon found good and sufficient reason to congratulate himself upon having had his laugh before the battle took place.

Wilson thought all questions about Central Prison etc., were worn out issues, simply because they were worn out against his side. He said the country had passed its verdict of acquittal. But the people said they would give them another trial, and had found out that instead of getting better they were growing worse. The credit of any surplus that the Mowat Government now possess was due to the economy of the Sandfield Government. The surplus is made up to look like \$5,000,000, but there are many items included that should not be. If Sandfield had taken credit for similar items his surplus would have reached seven millions.

Mr. Wright then referred to the timber sales, and how strange it was that the good laws passed by Mowat has all done harm. He instanced the winding up of the Mercer

estate, as a piece of their beautiful work. The Record of the Reform Party on the Orange Question was anything but a creditable one. In reality they had been its greatest enemies. The Reformers rode into power on the Scott Murder, but the real cause of Red River Rebellion and that murder, was the fiery, abusive articles in the Globe. The people up in the North West read that paper, and believed it was telling the truth when it said they would be ruled with a rod of iron, and transmuted over generally. He (the speaker) had been up in that country a few months after Scott's death and ascertained these facts from Returners, D. A. Smith, at that time, agent for the Hudson Bay Co. and having great influence, could have saved Scott's life, if he had tried, but although he was coaxed and pleaded with to use his influence with Beil to that effect, he refused to move either a hand or foot to save the victim. At the present time, gentlemen, D. A. Smith is a trusted and honored member of the Reform Party. (Applause.)

Mr. Cannon had advocated a scheme, which had been taken hold of, would have built up Canada amongst the nations of the earth. He could not say anything against Mr. Capreol. If the other candidates would retire, he would be pleased to see that gentleman elected. He believed that canal would yet be built, and high in the roll of honor will be the name of Mr. Capreol. (cheers) He regretted that the old gentleman did not stand in the Legislative hall to advocate his cause as strongly as he did this evening.

Mr. Wright then appealed to the electors of South Simcoe not to go back on their old glorious record as the banner county, but to return the nominee of their party. If they returned Wilson it would be said that South Simcoe was redeemed. Stick to your colors, now, and vote for Parkhill on the 29th. (Applause.)

Mr. Parkhill replied to Mr. Wilson's remarks about him not being a resident of the riding. He clearly showed that there was no real force or meaning in that cry, that he was not a resident of the County of Simcoe, and that he was well known to be a thorough going doing anything unfair or unjust to any portion of the riding. (cheers.) The meeting then closed, cheers for the Queen, etc.

### Cricket Match.

BRADFORD VS. BARRIE.

On Friday last a cricket match was played in this village between the Barrie and Bradford Societies. Owing to the Barrie eleven not putting in appearance until near one o'clock, there was not sufficient time to complete the two innings. The match was therefore limited to one day's play, and was decided on the first innings. Barrie, by the wicket, and the consequence was that the Bradford players, were lacking in that department. Owing to the Barrie eleven not being able to get on their feet, the Bradford players, and their friends, were lacking in that department. Owing to the Barrie eleven not being able to get on their feet, the Bradford players, and their friends, were lacking in that department. Owing to the Barrie eleven not being able to get on their feet, the Bradford players, and their friends, were lacking in that department.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Vote for Parkhill a man of the people. Store goods selling off at reduced prices. M. H. Keefer.

Collars for sale cheap at the Herald store.

The return cricket match between the Bradford and Barrie Clubs will be played on the grounds of the latter to-morrow (Friday.)

The second term of the Model School, for non-professional teachers, opens on Monday next.

The examination of non-professional teachers, now in attendance at Model Schools in the County, take place in Barrie on Friday and Saturday next.

Aurora boys are forming a football club. They intend playing under the Rugby rules. How would this interesting exercise flourish here?

According to Mr. Wilson's address one would hardly know whether he is Government or Independent. It won't do, the men of South Simcoe are not to be caught with such stuff. Vote for Parkhill.

FALL SHOW.—J. W. Griffin & Co. are now showing a very large assortment of Fall goods. If you go there you will find it the cheapest and best place in the County. Their Millinery show room now is open. Their Tailoring department is flourishing as ever, and everything will be found to be cheap and good.

For years past the public accounts have not been properly audited. The Government of Mowat and Fraser have done all they could to prevent it. Do you believe this is wrong. If you do vote for Parkhill.

Great sale of tea commences at J. W. Griffin & Co's next Saturday. You will get Bk, Green or Japan Teas at prices which are much below present value.

The Executive Committee in connection with the Gospel Temperance Union, held a meeting on Friday last at the residence of Dr. Forrest, when it was decided to commence holding the regular weekly meetings. The first meeting will be held in the Town Hall on the first Friday in November.

SELLING OFF.—W. Pearce is making a genuine sacrifice of all his goods below cost. Owing to the suspension of liquor license he is compelled to dispose of his stock of general groceries at a great sacrifice and considerably under cost prices. Tea, 25 cents; coffee, 30 cents; spices, brown, all to be disposed of. Come and see, and get supplies for the winter.

Our readers, who have given credit to the story of a man up in Peel being the subject of a visitation of the Almighty, may cease being excited, for the whole affair turns out to be a fabrication. We have conclusive proof.

An accident occurred on the H. & N. W. R. at Barrie on Tuesday afternoon last, by which S. Nash, the engine driver had his head badly cut, and sustained severe internal injuries. Jos Hind, the conductor, and John Galt, the fireman, were also injured and broken. The Company will lose about \$35,000, two engine having collided and smashed to pieces.

Richmond Hill and Vicinity.

At the Vaughan Court of Revision, the Reformers came off second best. Some people inquire why the Conservatives have so many more names than the Grits put on. The reason is plain,—Grit assent!

Poor Man(n) had his name struck off Woodbridge list, thus leaving the Liberal without a vote.

Building and other improvements are going on rapidly. A side walk three feet wide has been built from the door of Coun. Ridditt's residence to the shop in which he works. Centre Street, last, petitioned for a sidewalk, one plank wide, but as there was not a Councillor living on that street, they still a ere forced to walk through the mud!

There is some talk of the Reeveship already. The Conservatives intend putting one of their own men in next election, and give our genial friend a rest.

The Grits must have paid another installment on the Band Bill, as the members of that celebrated organization are going to invest in some new instruments before long.

Lawyer Badgerow, of Toronto, has received the nomination of the Reform Convention for East York. As he was one of the members of the celebrated Black Bottle Brigade, he will doubtless make a "long and strong pull" for victory,—or the bottle. Mr. Lane, the present member said the Government wished him to be the Candidate, but he only received six votes, and then retired.

This would seem to indicate that the Reformers of East York had gone back on both Lane and the Government. Robinson is sure of being returned by a large majority.

The temperance party are preparing to fight against the repeal of the Dunkin Act, while the hotel keepers are determined that it shall be repealed.

Wright & Son have been very successful at the Fall Shows this year, having received twelve first prizes. Jonah still holds the stakes.

People are beginning to think that the Gospel Temperance Club has "stopped short, never to go again!"

The Mechanics Institute does not seem to be doing much.

And now British Columbia is happy,—while the limestone city of Kingston is making frantic efforts to buy back the grace and favor of its late chief. Sir John has elected to sit for Victoria, B. C., thereby creating a vacancy in Marquette and a consequent new election. Had it not been for the possible high about qualification, it is more than probable Mr. Quezette, instead of Victoria, would have been honored with the Premier as its representative; but they have a queer law in Manitoba, making residence have something to do with representation—and not a bad law either. If all County members had to be residents, Toronto would have to start a sort of migration association.

### MARRIED

At Bradford, October 23, by Rev. Mr. Philip, Herbert Griffin, of Alliston, to Bolla E. daughter of H. W. Manning, of Bradford.

In Bradford, October 15th, by the Rev. E. W. Parson, Mr. James Notman, to Miss Mary Jane Gilchrist, both of Bradford.

### DEATH

At Montreal, on Wednesday, 23rd inst. 1878. Mowat only daughter of Geo. Barry, aged 12 years.

### EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and properly nourished frames."—Civil Service Gazette. Sold only in packets labelled—"JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, 48, Threadneedle Street, and 170, Piccadilly, London."

### BRADFORD MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, OCT 23, 1878.

Wheat—fall, per bushel	60 40 to 85
Spring, per bushel	60 00 to 75
Barley, per bushel	50 00 to 55
Oats, per bushel	40 00 to 45
Flax, per bushel	30 00 to 35
Hay, per ton	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton	6 00 to 8 00
Butter, per bushel	60 00 to 65
Apples, per bushel	60 00 to 65
Wool, per lb	0 08 to 12
Lard, per lb	0 00 to 00

### New Advertisements.

## For Sale; OR TO LET.

The South Half No 7 in the 11th Cdn. of West Gwillimbury. Possession given immediately.

### Terms Easy

Apply to  
**Robt. B. Macartney,**  
Bradford, Co. Simcoe.

### SOUTH SIMCOE.

## ELECTION

# W Parkhill,

The Nominee of the Liberal-Conservative Convention will address the Electors of South Simcoe at the following places.

ALLANVILLE at 2 p. m.	Friday	Oct 18th
THORNTON	Monday	21st
COOKSTOWN Nominating day		22nd
BRADFORD	Wednesday	24th
W. M. GROVE	Thursday	25th
ALLISTON	Friday	26th
W. B. BERRY at 7 p. m.	Saturday	27th
AIRLIE, at 7 p. m.	Saturday	28th

The above meetings will be held at 10 o'clock p. m., each evening, and Mr. Wilson, the Reform Candidate is invited to attend all meetings.

K. T. BANTING, C. COOKE, W. C. LITTLE  
Secretary. As. Sec. President

### God save the Queen.

## For Sale!

—AT—**A BARGAIN!**

That House and property at present occupied by Dr. Sterling, on Holland St., Bradford, comprising a store and comfortable dwelling house. For terms and etc., apply to W. Spence Bradford, or to John Spence 528 Yonge Street Toronto.

Oct. 10th 1878.

### Auctioneers' Cards.

**Robert Stewart, Esq.,**  
Licensed Auctioneer, and for the County of Simcoe, respectfully solicits your patronage and friendship in all matters relating to real estate, and sales attended on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates.

Residence—Bradford, Ont.

### Miscellaneous.

**D. KEEFER, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,** Sharon, 4th Con. Vaughan. Special attention given to Stair Building. Punctual attention will be given to all orders. Address Maple P. O.

Business you can engage in. \$5 to \$2 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth \$5, free improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

### BRADFORD PURPLE STAR.

O. Y. B. 136, meets every Tuesday night, at 8 o'clock, over the HERALD office, Bingham's Block. Visitors cordially invited.

**JOHN MCKINSTRY,** W. McCULLOUGH  
Master. Secretary.

# J. DOWD,

## BUTCHER,

Having bought out MR. ROGERS, will carry on business in the same premises, and will be glad to see all the old as well as new Customers.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED  
Holland street, Sept. 12, 1878