

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF CANADA  
Richmond Hill Station  
Change of time  
effective September 29, 1873:  
Going North 10 A.M., 12.15 P.M., 5.10 P.M.  
Going South 9.15 A.M., 3.45 P.M., 7.27 P.M.

# The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, Feb. 27, 1874.

## VAUGHAN TOWNSHIP CLERK AGAIN.

In our issue of the 6th inst we called attention to the grievous annoyance to which the general public of the Township of Vaughan are subjected through their present Clerk and Treasurer; and also pointed out the risk of having the recent election declared illegal, in consequence of the course taken by the Clerk as Deputy Returning Officer. We argued that it was Mr. Lawrence's duty, as Clerk of the Township, to be at the Town Hall during the election, instead of at Patterson; and we quoted the law in such cases. It appears that Mr. Lawrence tries to impress those with whom he speaks on the subject that he acted under the *Licensing* Statute, and not under the Statute of the Province of Ontario, as will be seen by a communication signed "Fair Play," in another column. Now, it is passing strange that Mr. Lawrence will persist in a wrong, and throw dust in the eyes of his friends. If he does not know, he ought to know, that what we laid down as the law in our issue of the 6th of February is correct. True, it is quoted from the Ontario Statute, because the *Ontario Statute* is referred to by the *Dominion Statute*, as relating to the *polling sub-divisions* for elections for the House of Commons, as well as for the Legislative Assembly; in proof of this, we quote the *Dominion Statute* on the subject, and reproduce our extract from the Ontario Statute, in order that "Fair Play," and our readers generally, may have an opportunity of forming a correct opinion on the premises. 1st. The Statute of the Dominion of Canada, passed on the 23rd May, 1873, entitled "An Act to make temporary provision for the election of members to serve in the House of Commons," section 4, reads as follows:—

"In the Province of Ontario, subject to the special provisions hereinafter made, the qualification of voters at elections for Members of the House of Commons shall be that established by the laws in force in that Province on the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred and six, as the qualification of voters at elections of Members of the Legislative Assembly; and the voters' lists to be used at elections of Members of the House of Commons shall be the same as if such elections were of Members of the Legislative Assembly on the basis of the qualification aforesaid; and the polling subdivisions or wards shall be the same as if such elections were for Members of the Legislative Assembly; and the Returning Officer shall provide a polling place for each sub-division or ward, in the most central and convenient place for such elections."

From this we turn to the law in force in the Province of Ontario on the 23rd day of January 1869, and we find the following, as quoted in our issue of the 6th inst:—

"In Townships divided into polling sub-divisions under this Act, the Township Clerk shall be appointed by the Return Officer to be Deputy Returning Officer for the sub-division in which the Town Hall is situated, if there is a Town Hall in such Township."—32 Vic. chap. 21—section 12.

We leave it now to the judgment of "Fair Play" and our readers to say if taking the extract from the latest *Dominion Election Law*, and comparing it with the Statute of the Province of Ontario, to which the first-named refers—we have, or have not, dealt fairly with the question, and proved that Mr. Lawrence endangered the recent election by acting illegally as Deputy Returning Officer. Mr. Lawrence may say what he pleases, we know that he suits his own convenience in the discharge of his duty, and cares very little what inconvenience and trouble he puts others to by his vanity and blundering. How much longer he will be permitted to do as he pleases, and with the representatives of the people—and must be settled ere long. If any other public servant were to do as the Clerk and Treasurer of Vaughan does, there would be a hue and cry that would make the welkin ring. He interprets the law to suit his own comfort and convenience; he laughs at the idea of expecting a gentleman of his refined taste and social standing being called upon to locate himself at the village of Vellore, for the convenience of the farmers and ratepayers of the Township of Vaughan. Well, if the ratepayers and farmers, who are taxed to keep up the style of this exquisite—we are content to let them do it, but we feel called upon to ventilate the matter for the benefit of such of our readers as take an interest in such "trifles."

## "VERY PLEASING."

The *Economist*, writing in reference to the Public Accounts states:—"It is very pleasing to see such an exhibit as made by the Treasurer of the Province." The Editor, for whom we have a store of regard, forgot to mention that \$300,000 of the receipts of the Province for 1873 was derived from the re-adjustment of the Dominion Debt—a measure introduced by Sir John Macdonald, and a measure that our Dominion member, Mr. McCallin, voted against, notwithstanding that it was supported by so strong a Party man as Mr. Edgar. No doubt Mr. Metcalfe is able to support his vote on this occasion—a pity he has not had the opportunity to do so. Another pleasing feature in the Public Accounts was the taking of the cash balance at the commencement of the year of \$27,948, as part of the receipts. Leave these Grits alone for cooking the accounts to cover their wadded. As Mr. Boulton very truly stated in his speech on the budget, "That if the money gained by the unauthorized sale of the Timber Limits, the Railway Fund and the money received from Ontario, were struck out of the receipts there would not be a sixpence left of the ordinary revenue." We may return to this subject as it is one that ought to interest every ratepayer. We have the most extravagant Government, since the days of Huggins, in power.

## THE LOCAL MEMBER FOR EAST YORK.

Mr. Crosby, the representative in the Ontario Legislature from East York, made a speech the other day and defended Mr. Crooks' Act for doing away with the assessment of Bank stock; in other words, Mr. Crosby would throw the assessment on real estate. If a proper assessment act had been brought in and everything except real estate to be exempted from taxation, we could have understood it. But why Bank Stock alone should be exempted, we cannot realize the reasonableness or justice of it. Farmers are assessed upon their stock and farming implements; parties having salaries over \$400 are assessed—but gentlemen owning Bank Stock, upon which they get dividends of 10 and 12 per cent, must not be assessed. Bank Stock rises in value from 10 to 100 per cent, over par value, yet the original cost must not be assessed.—because Mr. Crosby says "the stringency in the money market may make banks refuse to lend money if you do so." It will make very little difference with the banks so far as granting accommodation is concerned, if they think you are good for the amount they will discount your note; if they do not they won't. If the money market is tight they are able to take advantage of it by charging an increased rate of interest. Mr. Crosby, perhaps, was thinking of the Agency at Markham, and therefore he was desirous of being as liberal as possible. The banks cannot do without the farmers no more than the latter can do without them, and every one should bear an equal share of taxation.

## HAS THE BEST OF IT.

A mamby-pamby article in last week's *Economist*, in reference to Dr. Ryerson and the Educational Department, is truly sickening. For over twenty years has that vile sheet, the *Toronto Globe*, abused the venerable Doctor for whom the *Economist* now has such esteem. They, the Radical Party, it says can now afford to be generous. Having waded into power through abuse and vilification of other men's characters they would now like to shut down. Day after day, morning after morning, were the columns of the *Globe* (that paper from whence the *Economist* sucks its sap) filled with articles of abuse against the Council of Public Instruction, against the Book Depository and everything else in connection with the education of the country. But when they get into power they fail to carry out what they professed when in opposition. Mr. Mowat will not do away with the book shop, notwithstanding 25 per cent. of the sales goes to pay for the salaries. It would be far better to give Dr. Ryerson a retiring allowance, and to give to the schools one dollar for every dollar they spend for prizes, and save the amount of salaries paid the officials. But this will not be done so long as we have hypocrites ruling in the Councils of our country and so long as a Member of the House is brother to the Deputy-Superintendent.

## Correspondence.

### EAST AND WEST YORK SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

To the Editor of the York Herald.  
Sir,—For the information of the readers of your paper who did not attend the Annual Convention of the Sabbath School Association for the East and West Ridings of the County of York, which met in your village on the 17th and 18th inst., allow me to trouble you with a few comments thereon. On the assembling of the delegates, the Rev. W. W. Smith, the President of the Association having taken the chair the convention was opened with devotional exercises, after which the routine business having been gone through, the President addressed the Convention in his usual warm-hearted and genial manner, showing the greater importance attached to the religious training of children now than in earlier times, and impressing upon the delegates the importance of cultivating true Christian characters in the children of the Sabbath Schools. He also dwelt upon the advantages of the Association through the mutual help of the meetings being held in different places in the ridings; and in referring to the work of the Convention warmly enforced the duties of the Superintendent, Scholars, Parents, and the Ministry.

Part of the forenoon session, and also intervals of time during the Convention was spent in hearing verbal reports from delegates as to the progress and prospects of the Sabbath Schools with which they were connected. Many of the delegates felt that their work was prospering and the future looked bright, still could not but express a disappointment in the want of co-operation on the part of many Christian parents.

In the afternoon session, the subject "How to organize a Sabbath School," was taken up by Mr. W. Clary, who would have the Superintendent a willing Christian worker, and his staff of officers and teachers converted persons, if possible, at least of good moral character. During the discussion which followed the Rev. W. Millard, Secretary of the Provincial Sabbath School Association, arrived and entered upon the consideration of the subject by reading a valuable and exhaustive paper on what the organization should be as a denominational school, and where all the material was available for a perfect organization. The next subject, "The duties of the Superintendent" was introduced by Mr. W. Cammer, who strongly insisted upon the Superintendent being a true and pure Christian and lover of the work, punctual in attendance, with strong practical common sense, that he should be personally and intimately known to each of his assistants and scholars; that the whole management should be left in his hands, and that his addresses and prayers should be short, simple and to the point. In the discussion which followed many of the delegates took part and valuable suggestions were given. The Rev. J. Fishburn next presented the subject, "The duties of the Scholars," by urging regularity and punctuality in attendance and careful preparation of the lesson, and that parents should feel it a duty to assist the children therein; that the scholars should love and respect their teachers, and be careful to obey the rules of the school. A number of delegates took part in the discussion of this subject offering many instructive thoughts, which were well received.

After the opening of the evening session the Rev. J. Hunt, of Richmond Hill, presented an address of welcome, expressive of the warmest Christian sympathy with the work of the association, and the pleasure felt by the friends of Richmond Hill in wel-

coming the delegates to their village and their homes. The Rev. W. W. Smith responded on the part of the delegates expressing the pleasure experienced by so happy a reception, and the beauty of so harmonious a gathering of the Christian workers of the County. The next exercise of the evening was the "Senior Class Lesson" conducted by Mr. Harrison, Esq., Rector of Richmond Hill, and Superintendent of the Wesleyan Methodist Sabbath School, who exhibited an interest and ability in his work, quite pleasing and instructive to the delegates and suggestive to many of improvements on the methods adopted by themselves. A discussion followed showing the strong interest felt by the delegates in the matter. K. Marsh, Esq., introduced the next subject, "The Influence of the Sabbath School on Society," offering many thoughts which will animate the delegates to greater efforts in the work of the Sabbath School. After a discussion on the subject in which many of the delegates engaged; "The Pulpit in its relation to the Sabbath School," was brought before the Convention, by the Rev. W. Millard who pointed out how much more should be done in giving the election present some valuable suggestions, which they thought, in regard to their duties, all of which were most pleasantly received by the Reverend gentlemen.

## SECOND DAY.

The first subject for consideration at the forenoon session of the second day was "The duties of the parents to the Sabbath School," which was eloquently introduced by the Rev. J. Hunt, showing that there was no conflict of interest but that every family should have a Dominion Sabbath School which would very naturally aid the efforts of those Christian people who take so deep an interest in the religious instruction of the young and that parents should take more interest in the Sabbath School and that it should be shown by visiting and assisting therein. The discussion on this subject was most interesting and instructive. The Convention was next favored by Miss H. Foster giving an "Infant Class Lesson," which was very interesting to both scholars and delegates and will be the means of causing greater attention to the religious instruction of the youngest children as well as the elder in many localities.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon session of the "Mass Meeting of Sabbath School Scholars" was addressed by the Rev. W. Millard, the Rev. J. Carmichael, and the Rev. J. A. B. Johnson, upon the scholars in eloquent and impressive words their duties and responsibilities. Mr. W. P. H. Fishburn next read an essay on the subject of "Temperance," showing the allurements held out by those engaged in the sale of intoxicating liquors to lead the young from the path of rectitude and the fatal results springing from such temptations. The discussion which followed showed that all were deeply interested in the temperance cause and anxious that the Sabbath School should be made a means, as should also the Church of suppressing the cause as well as the evils of intemperance.

## EVENING SESSION.

In the evening and closing session of the Convention the President in vacating the chair introduced his successor, for the present year, Mr. W. Clary, who in entering upon his duties offered a few remarks, expressive of the honor and also the responsibility connected with the position of President. Excellent addresses were given during the evening by the Rev. J. Carmichael and the Rev. W. W. Smith. The musical part of the Convention was very pleasing owing to the excellent arrangements made by Miss Atkins and Mr. J. Sanjerson who presided at the instrument.

## VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.

To the Editor of the York Herald.  
Sir,—I have just received a copy of the Treasurer's Account with the Municipal Corporation of our Village, for the year ending 31st Dec. 1873, and must say that it is the most unsatisfactory document of the kind I ever saw.

Figures—as every one knows—are capable of being manipulated to a vast extent, and the account is so shaped that it is impossible to understand it. I perceive that \$33.81 has been paid to the Nipissing Railway; but this Account does not show how much has been collected for that purpose, or the amount of property assessed thereon. His Account should state for what purposes the taxes were collected, under proper heads, such as may serve as many heavy doctor's bills.—Civil Service Station. Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each parcel is labelled.—JAMES FRES & CO., HONGKONG CHEMISTS, London.

Manufacture of Cocoa.—We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Fres & Co., manufacturers of diabetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London.—See article in *Gazette's Household Guide*, October 31, 1872. 739-1v

Yours, RATEPAYER.  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 26, '74.

## VAUGHAN TOWNSHIP CLERK.

DEAR SIR,—In the YORK HERALD of the 6th inst., under the heading of "The Clerk of the Township of Vaughan and the Voters' Lists," you charge Mr. Lawrence, among other things, with "blundering in the recent elections, which might have led to very serious consequences," in proof of which you refer to the fact of his "acting as Deputy Returning Officer at Sub-division No. 2, held at Patterson, instead of being at the Township Hall." You quote chapter and verse of the Statute, and then claim that he "endangered the legality of the election, by his acting in direct violation of the law." The explanation which Mr. Lawrence and his friends give is, that you quote the law of the Province of Ontario, relating to the election of members for the Legislative Assembly, while the recent election was for members for the House of Commons; that he acted under the Statutes of the Dominion and not of the Province of Ontario. This seems plausible, and should be made public. As regard your other argument, in reference to the Clerk and Treasurer of the Township, I admit you are correct, and a remedy must be immediately found for to meet the general wishes and convenience of the farmers residing so far away in the rear of the Township.

Yours, &c.,  
VAUGHAN, Feb. 21, '74 FAIR PLAY.

ACCIDENT.—On Monday last, while one of the hands in our office (F. H. Searle), was engaged—as he says—around our Gordon Press, he accidentally got the second finger on his right hand into one of the cog wheels, taking the end completely off. It is now in a fair way for getting better. May it be a warning to all others—some people do get into the Press.

## MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

**Mr. Editor.**  
Sir,—In your last issue I noticed a correspondent calling the attention of our Village Fathers to the state of our Fire Engine, thereby creating an unnecessary alarm in reference to the condition. Being a householder and consequently interested I made inquiry and found that the said engine was never in a better condition, or so available in case of emergency as at present. At the request of the Rector the former Engineer has been taking charge of it and it will remain under his supervision until a proper officer shall be appointed by the Council. Perhaps it would be advisable, as soon as practicable, to form, or reform the company into something more efficient and reliable, more compact and longer lived.

In our Councils talking over matters relative to the interests of our village previous to a session, I can see nothing deserving of censure. They are all new men and all live near together, and being desirous of doing their duty in a proper and expeditious manner when they assemble in the Council Chamber. There is nothing worthy of blame in an occasional consultation as to the best manner of introducing any important matter, or in deciding as to the most comprehensive form of drafting a By-law. Members of higher deliberative assemblies do the same, and in my humble opinion it is a great improvement on the plan pursued by our late Council, who rarely ever knew what was coming before them for consideration until they had taken their seats, and were informed by the Clerk. Judging from the meetings already held we know that when the members of the present Council meet they mean business, and it makes no difference to us, as ratepayers, what their private preliminary arrangements for the despatch of that business may be, as long as their public proceedings conduce to the welfare of the village and the success of the Corporation.  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 25, '74 } CRITIKER.

## Editor's Notes.

A debate will take place in the Richmond Hill Mechanics' Institute on Tuesday evening next, at half past seven o'clock. Subject—"Resolved, that money has more influence than talent. The public are cordially invited."

LANDSTAFF FARMERS' CLUB.—The regular monthly meeting of the Club will take place on Wednesday next. Subject—"Resolved, that a Country Life is more conducive to happiness than a City Life." Leaders; Geo. Wedrick, affirmative; I. Mowshaw, negative. The public are cordially invited.

BACHELORISM PLAYED OUT.—We had the pleasure the other day of seeing the photograph of the son of Mr. A. M. Hood, formerly of Richmond Hill and now of New Market; he is a fine looking and healthy child. May A. M. H. long live to enjoy married life. Bachelors, don't die in despair!

NEW BUSINESS MAN.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that Mr. C. E. Sheppard has started business in the store known as the "Dominion Tea House," Richmond Hill. Mr. S. is an enterprising young man, and it is to be hoped he will do well. May he go on and prosper.

MARRIED.—HORD—COONEY.—At Brampton, on the 8th ult., by the Rev. W. Burns, Mr. James Hord, of Carville, to Mary Eliza, daughter of K. Cooney, near Erin, Chancery.

## AUCTION SALE.

THURSDAY, March 3.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, &c., on lot 14, 4th Con. of Markham, the property of Mr. F. Button, jr.—Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M.

FRIDAY, March 6.—Credit Sale of Standing Timber, Pine and Hardwood, on east half of lot 12, 6 Con. Vaughan. The property of Mr. W. Watson; sale at 12 o'clock. N. C. Armstrong Auctioneer.

Parties getting Sale Bills printed at this office will receive a notice similar to the above, FREE of charge.

## Special Notices.

BREAKFAST.—EPPE'S COCOA.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills.—Civil Service Station. Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each parcel is labelled.—JAMES FRES & CO., HONGKONG CHEMISTS, London.

Manufacture of Cocoa.—We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Fres & Co., manufacturers of diabetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London.—See article in *Gazette's Household Guide*, October 31, 1872. 739-1v

## New Advertisements.

FARM TO RENT, OR SELL.  
Being lots 27 and 28, in the 1ST CON. MARKHAM, YONGE ST. ABOUT 150 ACRES.  
Apply to  
814-4 ABNER ARNOLD.  
Thorahill, Feb. 26, '74

## Photography.

THOS. B. COUPLAND,  
In returning his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons for past favors, would respectfully intimate that he has now got his  
NEW GALLERY!  
Fitted up in first-class style, and that he is now prepared to take all kinds of pictures in the latest style of the art.  
PICTURES FRAMED, COPIED,  
OR  
ENLARGED!  
All work to be  
PAID FOR WHEN ORDERED.  
CHARGES MODERATE.  
Remember the place nearly opposite  
Sanderson's Drug store.  
THOMAS B. COUPLAND,  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 26, '74 Photograph.

PRUNELLA BOOTS  
For 75 cts. per Pair, at  
W. H. MYERS'  
Other Shops sell them at 80 cts.

## "NOW IS YOUR TIME." SELLING OFF AT, AND UNDER COST! G. A. BARNARD

DECS to return his sincere thanks to his Customers for their Liberal Patronage extended to him for the past Twenty-four years, and to inform them that he has decided on

## LEAVING RICHMOND HILL,

And will sell at and

UNDER COST FOR CASH, HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS!  
Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware.

Consisting of a general and well selected stock of

Commencing on Tuesday next, 17th February, until the first of April, the balance then remaining.

As also his Household Furniture, Horses, Waggon, Sleighs, and Outdoor Chattels.

At this is a bona fide sale, parties want cheap goods can rely upon getting

## GREAT BARGAINS!

The Premises, which are Commodious and in good order, with every convenience, will be leased for a term of years.

Richmond Hill, Feb. 12, 1874. 812

## INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of

## NORMAN MILLIKEN!

OF Milliken's Corners, an Insolvent,  
THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that a meeting will be held at my office, No. 7 Exchange Buildings, Wellington Street, Toronto, on Thursday the 5th day of March next, at two o'clock, in the afternoon, for the purpose of examining the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally.  
Dated at Toronto, this 1st day of Feb. 1874.  
W. F. MUNRO,  
12th day of Feb, 1874 } 813-2 Assignee.

## TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

Tenders will be received for the erection and completion of a

## BRICK DWELLING!

By the undersigned up to the

Fifth Day of March, 1874  
Plans and Specifications can be seen at Mr. J. S. Lund's Store, Teston.  
JOHN HADWEN.  
Vaughan Feb, 18, 1874. 813-2

## Ceramics, &c.

## DOMINION TEA HOUSE RICHMOND HILL.

## THE TEA CHEST

CHANGE OF HANDS.  
THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to his numerous friends for their Liberal Patronage, while occupying the store known as the "Tea Chest," Richmond Hill, and would state that he has sold out his interest in the above Establishment to Mr. C. SHEPPARD, and would bespeak their patronage and support for his successor.  
ALEX. MOODIE.

In reference to the above the Subscriber begs to say that he will keep a large and fresh stock of

## FAMILY GROCERIES!

Suitable for the trade of Richmond Hill, and will always endeavor to be up to the times with

## SEASONABLE GOODS

And hopes to receive the continued patronage of the Customers of his Predecessor, by attention to their wants and selling as cheap as it is possible to do.

## FLOUR, BRAN, SHORTS, &c. &c. &c.

Canon Trout, Cod Fish and Labrador Herring.

## GOODS DELIVERED.

CHARLES E. SHEPPARD,  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 19, 1874.

## ASTHMA.

Richmond Hill, Feb. 11, '73.

## RICHMOND HILL SASH AND DOOR FACTORY

MAGER & QUANTZ!  
Manufacturers of Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Shingles, &c. &c. &c.  
Richmond Hill.

Lumber Tongued, Grooved, and Surface Planed, in Short Notice

## W. H. MYERS

AS can be got elsewhere.  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 11, '73.

## A SUPERIOR STOCK!

Which he will warrant to be as

## GOOD AND CHEAP!

Orders Solicited.  
Richmond Hill, Feb. 18, 1874. 813-4f

## P. L. S. YONGE STREET, TORONTO

## RICHMOND HILL.

## P. G. SAVAGE

ANNOUNCES THAT HE HAS ON

A Large and well selected stock of

## STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

And that for CASH he will sell decidedly Cheap to those who may

## FAVOR HIM WITH A CALL

## WINE AND LIQUORS.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE Cannot be equalled

## IN FISH!

We have a large and varied assortment

## CANNED FRUITS, Fish, and Jellies.

Also a large stock of

## P. G. SAVAGE

Has always on hand a complete stock of

## FURNITURE

AND ROOM PAPER, ALSO Oils, Paints, Glass

## and Putty

Flour and Feed kept constantly on hand.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

## PARCELS DELIVERED.

Richmond Hill, Jan. 14, 1874.

## Groceries, &c.

## CALL AT THE

## CENTRAL STORE,

FOR YOUR

## WINTER GOODS

Where you will find a good Assortment

## FANCY FLANNELS,

DRESS GOODS

## BLACK STUFF GOODS,

CANADIAN COTTONS,

## BLANKETS,

TWEEDS,

## DOESKINS.

## FLOWERS,

RIBBONS,

## MANTLES,

SHAWLS,

## COUNTERPANES, and

## FANCY GOODS.

In fact an Immense Stock suitable for the taste of his numerous customers.

## W. M. ATKINSON

Dealer in everything Good and Cheap, Central Store, Richmond Hill.