

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF CANADA
Richmond Hill Station. Change of time
taking effect September 23, 1873.
Going North 8.10 a.m., 12.15 p.m., 5.10 p.m.
Going South 9.25 a.m., 3.49 p.m., 8.27 p.m.

The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, Jan. 16, 1874.

THE MODEL FARM AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

This pet project of the Great Archibald McKellar is found to be a palpable failure. Tell it not in Gath! Speak not—trace not—breathe not the tale that the Agricultural instincts of the Ontario Solomon extend no higher in the scale of the spephman than that of ordinary mortals! He whose wise measures were to cover Conservatives with an everlasting confusion, Under whose fostering care agriculture was to be made one of the fine arts and the country launched upon a career of more than Arcadian prosperity. But it is so fatally easy to make promises, but what an uphill work it is to match them with performances! Considering the essential imperfections of all human effort it is so delightfully easy to point out the disease and find fault, but it is sometimes beyond even the mighty scope of the gigantic Grit intellect to prescribe a remedy. But the promises were so loud and the professions so fervent that the public at last were worried into compliance. The office-seekers had to do something to justify the misplaced confidence of the people. This is the result—an Agricultural College! A gigantic product of Grit statesmanship! The hobgoblin legislature of the Mumbo Jumbo of the Public Works seems, indeed, to be very much of the candle and pumpkin head order—very frightful and real on a dark night, but when investigated by irreverent hands and by the light of day, it is found to be only a fool's bauble—a delusion and a snare. It may be a very good idea to have an Agricultural College. It is still better to find pupils for it! And the best thing of all is to find students who will practice what they are supposed to learn there. There may be a class of the farming community who are sighing after such institutions, but if there are they are new to us. The agriculturists with whom we have the honor of being acquainted know better than to send their sons to any such mere theoretical nursery to learn ready-made agriculture and conceit, and to dawdle away valuable time, perhaps in learning to dislike the noble profession which they were intended to honor. Again it seems to us that the people who need instruction of that kind are the very class who are quite unable to take advantage of it on account of limited means or appreciation. Thus the institution, if it be ever put into operation, which is very doubtful, will be nothing but a local affair, and the pupils will get an education which it is pretty certain they will never devote to the furtherance of agriculture, if they can employ it otherwise. Such has been the experience of Agricultural Colleges wherever they have been tried, and we see no indications that the Canadian one will be able to escape the general fate. But all this was known, or should have been known, before the people's money was squandered upon such a chimerical scheme. It is the very ecstasy of insolent recklessness thus to go deliberately to work to invest the public money in a project that promised nothing but failure, and which has been abundantly proved to be a visionary and impracticable idea. How long will these imbeciles be allowed to misapply the public funds and abuse the confidence of the people?

NONE OF OUR SEEKING.

If the member for the east riding of York feels chagrined at having to ask for re-election so soon after being elected a year or little more ago, it is no fault of the Liberal Conservative Party, and we do not see that they should hesitate in offering opposition. To the men, or rather to the man who rules the Ministry is the blame to be attached. Mr Metcalf has been very consistent in following the leaders of the Grit party since he was elected in August of 1872, and in this we presume he feels satisfied that he has been consistent notwithstanding he informed the electors assembled around Milliken's Corners at the day of nomination, that "he would accept good measures no matter what side of the House they came from." Has he fulfilled the promise that he then made, we believe he has not.

On the 6th November last the Ministry of Mackenzie was formed. Hardly had the sound of the voices of the men forming this Ministry ceased from condemning the Ministry of Sir John Macdonald for prostrating the House of Commons than they do the same thing themselves. Hardly had the promises made to the men from the Maritime Provinces been obtained that they would support the Mackenzie Government if no dissolution of the House was to take place, than we find Mackenzie, through the influence of Brown, dissolving the House. And more strange still, since the forma-

tion of this Ministry we have had the country put to the expense of thousands upon thousands of dollars in trying the experiment whether it would be safe or not to proclaim a dissolution. Poor Moss in West Toronto, either by himself or his Party, or by the Bank of Commerce, has been to a heavy loss and not even been sworn in before down comes this dissolution upon the country like a clap of thunder. And we have the imbecile, the pure sheet, the Markham Economist, the Available's organ, the pocket organ of Metcalf, informing us that now an opportunity will be given to the people to purify the people's representatives. What a farce, what consistency. Why not have done this on the 6th November. Why put the Dominion to the expense of the elections that have been held since. Are the people of the County of York so unlearned that they can believe the hypocrites who, whilst condemning their opponents for spending money at elections do the same thing. Is the Editor of the Markham Economist a dove being subsidized. Is he so much purer than the rest of his neighbors that his hands could not be crossed with Australian gold. Will he kindly inform the members of the Liberal Conservative Party of the East Riding of York why they should be deemed impure and corrupt. Are they, or are they not, equally as good as he or his master, that they should be insulted through the columns of his paper. What amount was spent by Metcalf and his Committee in 1867? Was no bribery exercised? Was no poultry bought at prices far above the market value for the purpose of catching votes? Was no bill of banks long defunct attempted to have been passed off for votes? And whilst he is about answering these questions, perhaps he will give us some information about the price paid by Mr Metcalf to prevent any opposition in 1872!

The Ministry at Ottawa and the men who govern in Ontario are in sympathy one with the other. Will then the farmers of York so soon forget the insults heaped upon them by McKellar in taking from this County the Model Farm, after the site having been chosen and given it to another county, at a loss to the province of fifty thousand dollars. Will not the farmers remember in supporting Metcalf and Blain in the elections, about to take place, they lose the opportunity of showing to the men who govern in Ontario that they cannot be insulted with impunity. In the matter of the Model Farm an opportunity was given to that pure sheet, the Economist, to show its independence, but the reader might have to read in vain over its columns to find anything to commend the men who so acted, and whose friends now rule the Dominion. Mr Metcalf already boasts that he can carry Yorkville against all-comers. We trust the farmers from all parts of the riding will show that Yorkville will not be allowed to swamp them. We have strong hopes that the letter stealers, the betrayers of confidential correspondence, the dealer in Silver Mines, in a word we have strong hopes that the organized band of hypocrites who now rule the Dominion may be disappointed in the result of the elections about to take place.

Correspondence.

VICTORIA SQUARE NEWS.

To the Editor of the York Herald.
MR EDITOR.—At last 1874 has been ushered in, and as usual on New Year's Day, the Victoria Square Anniversary Tea Meeting was held. A large company partook of the excellent refreshments, and soon after repaired to the body of the church, which was so crowded with people that many had to drive away, being unable to find even standing room.

The platform, built across the entire end of the church, was occupied on the west side by the Victoria Square Choir, and on the east side by the children on elevated seats—a reserve being made in the centre for the Chairman and speakers. The entertainment consisted of dialogues by the children of the school, and one large dialogue in two parts deserves particular mention, as being immediately connected with the workings of the school during the past year. The first part was rendered in an excellent manner by four young ladies and a young gentleman, and the second part was effected by young lady, a young gentleman, and thirty-six of the scholars, who acquitted themselves with great credit. Particular attention must be made of a beautiful solo, called "Resignation," sung by Mrs Wm. Cook, jr., of Carryville, with her usual ability. A reading by the Rev. C. O. Johnson called "All's Well," which was listened to with unusual interest. Also a very sweet solo by Miss Bruns, called "Wandering Home," and another by Miss S. Hutchison which was so loudly encored that a second appearance was indispensable.

After the programme was ended the Rev. J. Goodman, pastor of the church, called upon the Rev. W. C. Allen, of Pickering circuit, Rev. E. Middleton, of Toronto 4th circuit, Rev. J. Smith, of Malton circuit, Rev. M. Hanson, of Scarborough, and Rev. C. Mattingley of Bosanquet, who came forward and in turn made some very happy remarks occupying altogether about half an hour. The chairman then thanking the audience for the excellent order they had kept and the marked attention they had paid throughout, and then dismissed them to meet a gain (D. V.) at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 1st day of January, 1875, to celebrate the 36th anniversary they have held without intermission, of the Victoria Square sabbath school.

To the Editor of the York Herald.

DEAR SIR.—I was ran into last evening by a dull greenhorn and very nearly met with a serious accident. I call this circumstance to your attention and the attention of the Markham Council for two reasons; the first is the faulty state of the road. I would any time go some distance out of my way to avoid this road if coming towards the street with a light conveyance; for the track runs close to the North ditch and some unmanly people will insist on your giving half the track even at the risk of capsizing in the ditch and if you turn to the left it is at the risk of being met and smashed when on the wrong side, then there is no redress for you. Now what I wish to suggest to our Markham Council is, that the fences on the North side of the Elgin road in the first two concessions are far on the road allowance. If they were more to the proper place a track could be made on the north side of the old graveled track. This would give safety to the road and prevent the road from banking up in winter. I do wish we had a council that would do its duty. In the second place I would ask; is not the owner of a team liable for damage done while trusting it with one not fit to drive a span of horses?

Yours truly
FIATON
Richmond Hill, Jan. 15, 1874.

Editor's Notes.

LANGSTAFF FARMERS' CLUB.—On Wednesday evening next the 21st inst., Mr John Duncun will address the above club, Subject—"Farmers and the government of our Country." The public are cordially invited to attend.

A SABBATH SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY TEA Will be held at Newton Church on Thursday, February 6th. Tea served from 4:30 to 7 p.m. Recitations and singing by the children. Tickets for the Tea and Exercises, 30 cents each. For the exercises only 20 cents which may be had at the Post Office.

ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING.—The Annual School Meeting was held in our village on Wednesday last. Considering the importance of the interests involved, we confess we are surprised at the lack of interest taken in School matters by the ratepayers in the section. There were not twelve ratepayers present. The tax-payers, at least many of them, deserve to be inflicted with an extraordinary Board of Trustees when they will not attend at the proper time and place to redress their wrongs.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE MEETING.—A large and influential meeting of the Liberal Conservative Electors of East York was held at Milliken's Corners, on Saturday last—John Gibson, Esq., occupied the chair. Stirring addresses were delivered by Messrs A. Barker, T. A. Hill, John Duncan, H. Marx, Taux and others. During the meeting it was decided to bring out a candidate against the Clear Grit nominee, who will be named at the mass meeting to be held at the same place on Monday next. The enthusiasm that prevailed at the meeting was most encouraging, and we have no doubt if they carry the same spirit into the ranks, the representation of the unexcited, the letter stealers, and the men of false pretenses will be sent into the obscurity from whence he came.

The half-yearly examination of Union Public School No. 4 in Markham and Vaughan, taught by Mr Jas. Brackin, was held on Friday Dec. 18th ult., when a large number of ladies and gentlemen of the place attended and at the close expressed their satisfaction with the progress and intelligence of the pupils, and the consequent skill and industry of the teacher. Nothing daunted by the deep snow and chilling blast the boys and girls had tastefully decorated and ornamented the school room with evergreens artificial flowers &c. Some prizes were distributed to deserving pupils, after which Master John Martin, in behalf of the pupils of the School, presented Mr Brackin with an address and a beautiful writing desk as a testimony of their respect and esteem. Mr Brackin accepted the present amidst many expressions of sympathy from his scholars, and expressed his feelings in a few appropriate remarks.

CLEAR GRITISM.—One of the most objectionable points of Gritism is that George Brown is the dictator of every move. He tells his admirers in the three Ridings of this County to elect Dymond in the north; a man of yesterday—who in England was a Chartist, a Leveller, a Revolutionist, and a companion of the scoundrels on the Continent of Europe called Communists. In the West he tells them to vote for Blain—a pimp whom he put forward to insult Sir John Macdonald in the House; a pimp whom he brought with him to the Town Hall of Vaughan in '67 with his black bot to debauch the electors; a pimp who debauched the village of Kleinburg, school children included, with his barrels of beer at the election in 1872. In the East we have had a nobody—a person who is never in his place in Parliament except when he had some money making speculation in view. Electors! rise in your might, and, by your votes, show that you will not be driven to the polls like sheep, to return agitators and incapables.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE for January contains a lavish supply of first rate articles. It is now in its fourteenth volume and every year has increased its popularity and added new friends to its large list of admirers. Though retaining its old name it has not the slightest connection with its former proprietor, but has for many months been the exclusive property of Mr. S. E. Shutes, its present publisher. H. V. Osborne (Toronto) still continues as its editor and is the only person employed in that capacity—giving to the magazine not a careless supervision, but direct personal attention in every department. The magazine is improving constantly, and is splendidly adapted to the members of the household. The present number contains three engravings and other good things in proportion. Price of magazine one dollar per year—with chromo Y.O.-SMITH, one dollar and a half. Address
WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE,
Newburgh, N. Y.

Sir John A. Macdonald at Kingston.

Sir John Macdonald in his speech delivered before the electors of Kingston, on Friday evening last, spoke in the following manner when referring to the policy of the Brown-Mackenzie Government:—
Sir John, in referring to the Huntington banquet, said: "that it was supposed that the policy of the Government would be an unclouded. But there was no such thing done. It was a mere mutual admiration society meeting. Look how it was composed. All the Ministers were present to bolster up Mr Huntington, who is the man who vows we must be independent. Then there was Mr Holton who, years ago, signed a document in favor of annexation. Messrs Mackenzie and Blake are both loyal men, although Mr Blake's ideas of home connection are somewhat crude. John Young, who presided, has been the avowed exponent of Annexation or independence for many years. I am in favor of annexation if we are cut off from home connection. If we were independent we would have to be continually on the watch for the United States have been utterly unable to suppress conspiracy. We could not keep out the Americans unless we kept up a large standing army for our frontier and it would be better to join the United States than to live in continual fear. If we were true to ourselves we would have the British flag flying over us forever. Nothing can be more satisfactory than our relation with England."
"There was the grand scheme of Imperial Confederation which would make three great nations, who would then be in a position to enforce peace in the whole world. (Great cheering.) Yet, amid the speeches made at the dinner, there was a little straw which showed the wind, the honor was in the list of toasts, the health of the President of the United States was given before that of our own Governor General (Cries of shame, and hisses.) It was all right that the President should be toast d, but everything should have its place. Our first duty is to our ruler—(hear, hear.)—to the representative of the Queen who could not be herself amongst us, so the honor was put to the Governor General but to our Sovereign. (Cheers.) Another straw was that the Consul General of the United States Mr Dart, in responding to the toast of the President, stated that he was glad to say that the relations of the new Government with his country would be more friendly than it had been with the late Government. "They dare not," says Sir John, "show it, because Mr Mackenzie is a rabid free trader. Free Trade was all very well in the abstract, if all could start fair and equal. But it would not work in this country. I read a few days ago of a large firm of manufacturers, who were obliged to leave the country because of the large duty which their productions had to pay before being put in the American market. They had to pay 60 per cent. of export duty, while the American manufacturers had only to pay 15 per cent., so they packed up their machinery and left. The late Government gave every encouragement to manufacturers and they took the duty off raw material when it was not produced in the country. For the purpose of raising revenue it was necessary to impose some duty on imported articles which we could produce, and to admit that free which could not be produced. Articles which could be produced were taxed, and so we encouraged home produce. We did not re-adjust the tariff lately because the country was in a prosperous state, owing to the progress of the Union. We were charged with being an extravagant Government, because we paid our servants good salaries and paid liberally for everything. We were not an extravagant Government; we were only liberal, and such was the prosperity of the country that the revenue exceeded the expenditure. (Applause.) There were alterations in fortune, and with appropriations we would have been forced to re-adjust the tariff to assist the industries of Canada, so as to enable them to compete with the home market. And farmers must be protected also, so that they would not have to depend on the fact of a good or bad crop in Europe. Mr Brown was a free trader, and he will force the Government to carry out the principle. There was the commercial policy of the Government. Will you have it? (No no.) Mr Mackenzie knew it was unpopular, so he did not mention it in his policy. But before five years the matter would be forgotten, and free trade would be forced upon the country."

GROCERIES, &c.

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A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of all kinds suitable for the WINTER TRADE just come to hand at BROWN'S that will convince you there is
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BENEFICIAL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of Digestion, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epss has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is so good for the stomach and so invigorating to the weary and exhausted, and so pleasant to the palate, that it has become a household word. Each packet is labelled—'JAMES EPSS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.'"
MANUFACTURERS OF COCOA.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Epss & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Easton Road, London.—See article in Cassell's Household Guide
October 31, 1872. 739-1y

ASTHMA.

I have been one of the greatest sufferers from the effects of Asthma, having had it in its most severe form for twenty-five years; for the last six years of that time I had not lain six nights in bed, for seven years had such severe pain in my left side that I could not rest on it, my appetite was gone, and I had swelling in the region of my stomach, and general weakness. This condition was constantly becoming worse until last December, when I tried GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR, although I had no hope of its benefiting me, I yielded to the persuasion of others.
The first dose I took relieved the difficulty of my breathing, and before I had two bottles used, was completely cured, and have since enjoyed as good health as ever I did.
MARK MOORE.
Mr. Moore has since remained well.

EAST YORK ELECTION.—A mass meeting of the Liberal Conservative electors of the Electoral Division of the east riding of York will be held at Milliken's Corners, 6th Con. Markham on Monday next, (19th inst., at 1 p.m.) for the purpose of bringing out a Candidate to contest the forthcoming election. Several prominent gentlemen will be present to address the meeting.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Jan. 16, 1874.	
Fleur-Superfine.....	\$ 5 00 @ 5 10
Spring Wheat extra.....	5 20 @ 5 25
Fancy.....	4 65 @ 0 60
Extra.....	6 00 @ 6 10
Superior Extra.....	5 00 @ 5 15
Oatmeal.....	3 25 @ 3 00
Cornmeal.....	12 50 @ 13 00
Wheat—Spring.....	1 15 @ 1 18
Softs and light.....	1 25 @ 1 28
Treadwell.....	1 20 @ 1 25
Barley.....	1 20 @ 1 25
Pease.....	6 60 @ 6 67
Oats.....	24 00 @ 26 00
Straw.....	13 00 @ 16 00
Potatoes, per bag.....	0 55 @ 0 65
Apples, per barrel.....	2 50 @ 3 00
Beef, by the side.....	4 00 @ 5 50
Mutton, by the carcass.....	7 00 @ 6 00
Poultry—Geese.....	0 75 @ 0 90
Turkeys.....	0 75 @ 1 00
Chickens, per pair.....	0 25 @ 0 40
Ducks, per pair.....	0 40 @ 0 70
Extra Prime.....	18 00 @ 20 00
No. 1.....	0 08 @ 0 12
No. 2.....	0 11 @ 0 14
No. 3.....	0 12 @ 0 13
No. 4.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 5.....	0 11 @ 0 12
No. 6.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 7.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 8.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 9.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 10.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 11.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 12.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 13.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 14.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 15.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 16.....	0 10 @ 0 11
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No. 18.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 19.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 20.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 21.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 22.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 23.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 24.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 25.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 26.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 27.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 28.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 29.....	0 10 @ 0 11
No. 30.....	0 10 @ 0 11

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New Advertisements.

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CANADIAN COTTONS,
BLANKETS,
TWEEDS,
DOESKINS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS,
MANTLES,
SHAWLS,
COUNTERPANES, and
FANCY GOODS.

In fact an Immense Stock suitable for the taste of his numerous customers.
A full assortment of
Crochery, Hardware, Glassware,
Groceries, &c.,
Which cannot be surpassed if equalled.
WM. ATKINSON
Dealer in everything Good and Cheap.
Central Store, Richmond Hill.

GROCERIES, &c.

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INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of
Nicholas Shaver!
An Insolvent
The Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office, No. 28 Toronto Street, in the City of Toronto,
On Monday, the 19th day of January, At two o'clock in the Afternoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to appoint an Assignee.
W. T. MASON,
In and Assignee.
Toronto January 3, 1874. 806-2

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND Hill Post Office, 1st January, 1874:
Hart, David Nigh, John
Hall, Jas. O'Brien, Timothy
Hennessey Hugh Quanz, George
Johnson Thomas Rowe, John
Jesse, Redmond Ross, Robert
Kenedy, J. Rumble, James
Lyon, Banj. Swanson, C.
Lynn, Walter Snelis, Geo.
Massingale James Stephenson, Joseph (2)
McKinnon Miss C. Tompkins, Secretary (2)
McMillan, William (2) Taylor, James
McLurey, Samuel (2) Williams, Susan
McBarny, William M. TREFY, P. M.

Chancery Notice to Creditors

MARTIN BRENNAN, DECEASED.
PURSUANT TO A DECREE OF THE Court of Chancery, made in the Suit of Marshall vs Teeley, the Creditors of Martin Brennan, late of the Township of Vaughan, in the County of York, Farmer, who died in or about the month of November, 1873, are on or before the
Seventh day of February, 1874,
to send, by post, prepaid, to Messrs Harrison, Oiler & Viers, of the City of Toronto, the Solicitors for the Executors of the said Martin Brennan, their Christian and Successors, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the Securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me, the undersigned Master in Ordinary of the said Court, at my Chambers, in Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, on the
Eighteenth Day of February, 1874,
At 11 o'clock in the forenoon,
bringing the time appointed for adjudication and the claims.
Dated the 23rd day of December, 1873.
(Sd) J. W. TAYLOR.

LOST.

On Tuesday morning, the 30th ult., on the 2nd Con. Vaughan, A BLACK WILLOW BASKET. Award by leaving it and Contents at this office.
Richmond Hill, Jan. 1, 1874. 807-3

Dry Goods, Groceries.

1874 WINTER GOODS, 1874

I. CROSBY!

WISHES to inform the public that he has on hand a very complete and varied stock of
WINTER GOODS.
Which for price and quality
CANNOT be SURPASSED
HIS STOCK IS
REPLETIVE
IN
EVERY DEPARTMENT.
I. CROSBY,
Greener and Dry Goods Merchant,
RICHMOND HILL;