OFFICIAL INTERFERENCE AT ELECTIONS.

Mr. Mackenzie has read to the House of Commons a "private and confidential" note from Mr. Griffin, Post-office Inspector, London, to a Postmaster in Welland, which he proposes to make the subject of further comment hereafter. It would be interesting to know how Mr. Mackenzie obtained possession of this "private and confidental" communication. We do not see how he can expect his conduct in reading it to be justified. A very harmless letter it is, however, and certainly not such an one as the time of Parliament should be occupied in dealing with. What does Mr. Griffin say? Why simply that if the Postmaster of Allanburgh did not see fit to support Dr. King, he ought not to take any part against the Government, whose servant he was. He was not asked to use his influence for Dr. King—only to maintain that neutral attitude which is always becoming in officers of the Government. Is this like the conduct of the Ontario Government? Thus wrote Mr. "canoe "couch, damask" McKellar to his "Dear McIntyre," Land Valuator in the County of Grey. "We have old "Jackson in a tight place now; don't "spare him." And the same "Dear "McIntyre," while drawing Government pay for pretending to value the settler's lands, was instructed by the same Mr. McKellar to scour the County in search of a good Grit candidate!

We advise Mr. Mackenzie to look a little nearer home than Mr. Inspector Griffin. When he has been proved guilty of inciting a Dominion official to direct and active interference in an election he will have subjected himself to censure. It is amusing to have it suggested that he is censurable, because he recommended non-interference. Hypocrite, first pluck the beam out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou see clearly to take the mote out of thy brother's eye.—*Mail.*

A WISH.

I wish, but oh! some angel tell
The wish I wish for thee,
I wish thine hours may float as gay,
As sunbeams on the sea

Yes my young friend, but the scene of our pilgrimage here is a changing one; how often is the sunbeam suddenly concealed beneath the darkening cloud? scarcely do we begin to admire its loveliness when it vanishes away. Serene and beautiful as the glossy surface of the ocean appears in the calm, yet how fearfully changed is the aspect it wears when its sleeping billows are aroused into foaming wrath by the fury of the gathering storms. Such, however, is but a dim picture of life; it is only a billow on the ocean of time, and on such an uncertain sea as this we are now afloat. But may it be yours, loved one, like the beautiful sunbeam, deriving spiritual strength and moral beauty from a heavenly source, to rise superior to all the trials, disappointments, temptations and sorrows to which life is subject here below; and finally when called to leave this tenement of clay, may it be your happy experience to enter into that blessed kingdom above, where there are pleasures for ever more. C.

Agricultural.

To Make Big Hogs.—In order to get hogs to weigh above three hundred pounds it is generally necessary to keep them until near two years old, and have to feed two winters, while an animal not much over one year old can be brought up to two hundred and seventy-five pounds or over, and will have to be wintered only one winter—in itself a considerable item—the winter feeding of swine being more expensive than their summer pasturing. We question if one hundred pounds of pork additional will pay for keeping an animal requiring as much food as the hog requires for one year.

Fall or Spring Wheat.—There are parts of North America, principally confined to the great corn growing belt, where the culture of winter wheat, in consequence of the loss from freezing and other casualities, has been discontinued. In those districts the principal dependance is necessarily upon the spring varieties; and where care is taken in the selection of seed, and in the preparation for the crop with early seeding, a quality of spring wheat is produced that will yield flour of very high grade, and that is actually richer in the essentials of bread food than winter wheat. But wherever winter varieties can be grown to advantage, they are found to be more satisfactory, owing to their better yield, earlier ripening, and superior average quality. While the superior merit in regard to quality is possessed by winter wheat, it is useless to advocate its culture in places for which, from climate or other causes, it is unsuited.

How to have Early Strawberries.—After all it costs so little to have early strawberries it is strange more do not have them than generally do. Of course, to have them very early it would be necessary to grow them a few months in pots, but many persons might have them without this trouble by simply covering the ground in which they grow with a few hot bed sash. It is remarkable that country gardeners do not make more use of glass frames for getting things earlier than they do. Glass is cheap, and the sash frames are not very costly. One can glaze for himself, and the frames can be made good enough for the purpose on any farm. They come into use in so many ways that every farm garden ought to have a few of those sashes on hand. For strawberries, all that is necessary is to have a bed growing on some nice warm spot of ground, and then set one of these frames over them. It takes very little heat to bring forth strawberry blossoms, and the glass covering protects them from frost and cold at night. A frame five feet wide and twenty feet long, fixed in this way, would give many quarts of strawberries for several weeks before the regular crops come in the open ground.

Preparing Land for Grass.—We are apt, very apt, to overlook the fact that land intended for grass should receive more thorough culture than any other, because for years, while in grass, it has not the advantages of the plough and other implements to stir the soil, but must rest and pack and get more and more in a condition to keep out the air, and let in and pass off less readily the water. We should, therefore, thoroughly prepare the soil. Plough as deep as possible, and subsoil well; pulverize and enrich the land—enriching it will make it more mellow, and keep it longer in that condition, as well as increase the yield. Such land will "catch" its seed, and if plentifully applied will be certain, under anything like favorable circumstances, to form a thick set. A little top-dressing, aided by the aftermath, which should never be fed close, will insure good crops—two cuttings a year. But let there be a cold, hard under soil, and the seed put in in the usual way—little off it and on hard and reduced soil, without manure—what can be expected of it? Just what we see; light crops, getting lighter each year, till it will hardly pay for harvesting. Such land, when the plough turns it down, will be found to be hard. The sod amounts to but little, whereas, in properly-treated land, it will yield from 60 to 70 loads of manure per acre. A mellow seed-bed, deeply loosened soil well enriched, plenty of seed sown, and sown as early as possible, are the points to be secured in putting down grass lands.—*Rural World.*

Miscellaneous.

Volcanic eruptions have been continuing in Iceland for five days without cessation.

A young man named William Reynolds died on Saturday in the Township of Medonte from injuries received by a tree falling upon him.

Atlantic cable telegrams from the 1st of May will be charged six shillings ($1 50 gold) per word. The reason for this increase is the limited facilities for transmission, caused by the interruption of communication by the French cable.

Burglars made an attempt on Saturday and Sunday to rob the Bank of Montreal at Fergus by prying open the outer doors of the safe; but they only obtained some loose silver and a silver watch, and some jewellery. No clue has been obtained to lead to the arrest of the offenders.

A remarkable document has just been issued from the War Office, London, setting forth the amount received in the shape of fines for drunkenness in the army. In the year 1869-70 the fines for drunkenness amounted to £13,252 14s. 3d., while in 1870-71 they have risen to £47,904 5s. 8d.

At the Assizes at Barrie on Saturday the prisoner Carruthers was tried for murdering his wife and found guilty. He was sentenced to be hanged on the 11th of next June. His counsel tried the insanity dodge, so successfully practised in the United States, but the jury could not be induced to believe the prisoner to be insane, and rendered a verdict accordingly.

A new Conservative daily paper, *The Hour*, has appeared in London. It is under the management of Mr. Morier Evans and Captain Hamber, late of the *Standard*. The editor states that the paper is to be the organ of no party, and takes for his motto the words, "Industry, liberty, religion," which Mr. Disraeli in one of his speeches said was the foundation of English prosperity.

The Japanese Ambassadors, in an interview with an eminent German Professor of Jurisprudence, stated their intention of endeavoring to establish Christianity as the State religion of Japan, but the Professor said that the Christian tenets were only vital when they grow amongst the people and from the people. He counselled the granting of full religious liberty as the most desirable course to pursue.

The revisers of the Old Testament have just completed their sixteenth session, and finished the second revision of the Pentateuch. The Rev. Dr. Angus states that the work of revising the New Testament will be completed in seven years, and the Old Testament in twelve years, if the committees continue as at present, to devote forty days a year to the work. The Americans, he says, have also appointed two committees to whom the English work was referred for suggestion. The completed work would therefore represent the united scholarship of the English-speaking people.

The English Post Office Department is happy over a discovery which explained the mysterious disappearance of numerous letters which failed to reach their destination, leading to unpleasant suspicions in regard to either the honesty or the efficiency of the postal authorities. It appears that in London their is a large number of disused pumps, having slits in them were formerly inserted. The intelligent Londoners for a long time have been mistaking these pumps for letters boxes, and posting their correspondence therein. The discovery of some letters sticking out an aperture formerly occupied by a pump handle led to an investigation, when it was found that nearly every old pump in the city was choked with epistles duly stamped and addressed for delivery.

Halifax, April 18.—The court of Enquiry has given its decision in the case of the Atlantic disaster. The court states that if the very ordinary precaution had been taken of sending a lookout at intervals to the masthead, the disaster would, in all human probability, have been prevented; but the greatest, and perhaps the most fatal, error is in the fact that the lead was never used although the ship was in soundings for eight hours before she struck. The commissioner concludes from all the facts that he is justified in censuring Capt. Williams and would be justified in cancelling his certificate, but in consideration of the praiseworthy and energetic efforts made by him to save life after the ship struck, mitigated the penalty of suspension, his certificate for two years is suspended. The fourth officer, Brown, is suspended for three months.

The Brunswick (Me.) *Telegraph* says:—"The timber cut on a piece of ground in Topsham, on the old Bowdoinham road, not far north of the Purington tannery, has been sawed at the mill of Mr. W. F. Purington. A few days since, while a log was passing, the saw encountered an obstacle. The mill was stopped; an inspection discovered a six pound cannon ball imbedded in the heart of the pine log, about sixteen inches in diameter. The wood around the ball was decayed, but several lengths of boards had been cut before the ball was reached, and no hole was discovered in them, showing that after the ball had entered the tree the wound had healed and the growth upon the exterior went on as before. When the Topsham Artillery Company was in its prime, its captain occasionally practised with the guns at target firing, and the ball is supposed to have been one discharged by him at least forty years ago."

A man named Doane had his hand severed at the wrist by an accident in a saw mill in Collingwood, on Wednesday last.

Lord Enfield states that no newspaper correspondents, British or foreign, will be allowed to accompany the Russian expedition to Khiva.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, April 24, 1873.

Flour—Superfine	$ 5 40 @ 5 50
Spring Wheat extra	0 00 @ 0 00
Fancy	5 90 @ 0 00
Extra	6 40 @ 6 50
Superior Extra	7 25 @ 7 50
Oatmeal	4 70 @ 4 75
Cornmeal	2 90 @ 0 00
Bran	13 00 @ 00 00
Wheat—Spring	1 21 @ 1 28
Soules and Deihl	1 25 @ 1 30
Treadwell	1 25 @ 1 28
Barley	0 67 @ 0 70
Pease	0 67 @ 0 68
Oats	0 41 @ 0 42
Rye	0 65 @ 0 00
Hay	18 00 @ 24 50
Straw	11 00 @ 14 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 50 @ 0 60
Apples, per barrel	2 00 @ 3 00
Beef, by the side	6 00 @ 6 50
Mutton, by the carcase	8 00 @ 9 00
Poultry—Geese	0 75 @ 0 90
Turkeys	0 75 @ 1 50
Chickens, per pair	0 55 @ 0 60
Ducks, per pair	0 9 @ 1 00
Pork—Mess	18 00 @ 8 00
Extra Prime	0 00 @ 0 00
Bacon	0 08 @ 0 12
Hams—Salted	0 12 @ 0 12
Smoked	0 11½ @ 0 12
Dressed Hogs	6 25 @ 7 50
Lard	0 09½ @ 0 10
Butter—lb Rolls	0 20 @ 0 22
Packed	0 10 @ 0 13
Eggs	0 16 @ 0 20
Dried Apples	0 07 @ 0 7½
Salt	1 50 @ 0 00
Wool	0 44 @ 0 46

Special Notices.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—Grateful and Comforting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each packet is labelled—"James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

Manufacture of Cocoa.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Epps & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London"—*Gassell's Household Guide.*

October 31, 1872. 739-1y

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF CANADA Richmond Hill Station. Change of time taking effect April 24, 1872:

Going North 8.04 A.M. ..... 5.04 P.M.
Going South 9 34 A.M. ..... 6.09 P.M.

MAILS MADE UP AT THE RICHMOND HILL POST OFFICE.

Until further notice, the mails will be closed at this office as follows

MORNING.

Northern Mail ..... 6:45 A.M.
Southern Mail ..... 6:45 A.M.

EVENING.

Southern mail ..... 6:55 P.M.

N.B. Registered Letters will require to be handed in 15 minutes *before* the time of closing

BRITISH MAILS

Are closed at Toronto as follows:

By Cunard Line, every Monday... 10:30 A.M.
By Canadian Line, every Thursday 10:00 P.M.

N.B. Letters for Despatch by these lines of Steamers should be so marked

The rate on Letters for the United Kingdom (via Quebec in summer, and Portland in winter), is now reduced to 6 cents per ½ oz. weight. If sent via New York, it will be 8 cts per ½ oz. These rates apply only to *prepaid* letters; if sent unpaid, or insufficiently prepaid, there will be a *fine* of double the amount of deficient postage.

M. TEEFY, Postmaster.

Richmond Hill, Nov 20, 1871.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC!

NEW ENGLISH MUSIC!

A LARGE ARRIVAL OF

AT THE HERALD BOOK STORE.

RICHMOND HILL.

DON'T FAIL TO

MAKE A NOTE OF IT!

REMOVAL.

NICOL & NICOL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c

Office.—Removed to Whittemore's Buildings, Toronto Street, Toronto. 711 tf

POETICAL WORKS, OF ALL THE different poets, at the Herald Book Store.

WESLEYAN HYMNS, ALL SIZES, at the Herald Book Store.

Boots and Shoes.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

RICHMOND HILL.

WILLIAM GAMBLE

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS to the pubic for the liberal patronage he has received while in business, and would also invite an early call to his assorted stock

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of all kinds, which he offers at prices that will compare with

ANY HOUSE IN TORONTO.

He is also prepared to make to order the best kind of

French Calf Boots, for $5·00 per pair; Double Soles, $5·50 per pair.

All kinds of custom work warranted to give the best of satisfaction, and a good fit guaranteed.

Shop, two doors north of G. A. Barnard's Store.

Photography.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

THOMAS B. COPELAND,

FIRST PRIZE photographer, begs to inform the public that, having commenced operations in the above business on Richmond Hill, he is prepared to take

PICTURES!

OF

Persons, Animals, Houses or Landscapes

IN ALMOST ANY REQUIRED

SIZE OR STYLE.

Old pictures carefully copied and enlarged.

Parties desiring pictures printed from the old negatives of Mr. Gray or Hood can have them by ordering, as I have purchased all their negatives.

☞ Dull and cloudy weather no hindrance to the art, except for children. Parties getting pictures of children taken are requested to be at the studio between 10 A.M. and 3 P.M.

☞ Gallery in the old stand recently occupied by Mr. Gray.

Richmond Hill, Sept. 26, '72. 740-tf

Miscellaneous.

MAYOR'S

LONG LIFE PILLS!

FOR SALE BY

R. E. LAW, Druggist,

April 9, 187.. Richmond Hill

RICHMOND HILL LIVERY STABLES.

Horses and Vehicles for hire. Charges moderate. Opposite Sanderson & Sons.

JOHN BROWN, Proprietor.

Richmond Hill, Dec. 14, '72. 751-3m

HARRISON, OSLER & MOSS,

BARRISTERS, &C., NOS. 36 AND 38 King Street East, Toronto.

R. A. Harrison, Q.C. F. Osler.
Thomas Moss, Q.C. W. A. Foster.
Charles Moss. W. G. Falconbridge

Toronto, Dec. 4, 1872. 750-tf

CARD.

J. N. BLAKE,

BARRISTER & ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.

Office.—No. 56 Church Street, Toronto.

December 29, 1869 596

MORGAN & THORNE,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Court Street, Toronto. Branch Office—Division Court Clerk's office, Richmond Hill.

Thos. K. Morgan. Horace Thorne.

Toronto, April 25, 1872. 16-tf

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND Hill Post Office, 1st April, 1873:

Atkinson, George	Moore, Thomas
Batchelor, Wm.	McKinnon, Miss, or Mrs. C.
Burr, John	McFadden, John
Barnes, Mr.	Peterman, S. W.
Collins, Mrs Mary	Prince, William
Cranny, Louis	Parrot, E. E.
Denton, Brown	Reid, Theodore
Evans, George	Rumble, Joseph
Edwards, John	Sanders, John
Elliot, John	Sanders, B.
Ferguson, Joseph	Sheppard, William
Featherstone, John	Siscoe, Cornelia
Fradell, R. A.	Tovette, Pauly
Grant, Jessie	Varey, Jonathon
Greaves, James	Vanderburgh, J. M.
Gower, George	Willis, H. T.
Hicks, John	Wice, James or Joseph
Hurst, J. C.	Walker, Mrs. John
Keys, Thos.	
Lortie, Isaac	

M. TEEFY, P.M.

RICHMOND HILL SAW MILL!

ANDREW MAGER,

DEALER IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES & LATHE

SHINGLE CUTTING,

AND

PLANING DONE TO ORDER.

Richmond Hill, Dec. 9, '72. 751-1y

THOMAS SEDMAN,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKER, Undertaker, &c,

Residence—Nearly opposite the Post Office Richmond Hill.

THE MORNING PAPERS

OF TORONTO:

MAIL,

GLOBE,

LEADER,

Can be had at the Post Office, for 10 CENTS A WEEK. Apply to

M. TEEFY, Richmond Hill.

May 14, 1869. 564-tf

Agricultural Implements.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

SPRING SEEDING MADE SIMPLE

BY GETTING ONE OF THE

ESTERLY

BROAD-CAST SEEDERS

AND

CULTIVATOR COMBINED,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co.

Oshawa, Ont. We guarantee a

SAVING OF ONE MAN AND TEAM

All through Seeding, besides saving seed and doing the work better than the usual way. The Machine can be seen and all particulars explained at

MR. M. S. COGSWELL'S, THORNHILL,

Who is acting as agent for said machine. We claim that our Seeder is the most useful implement for the price the farmer can procure. The fact of the above can be ascertained from any of the following gentlemen:—Daniel Reaman, Vaughan; Henry Lemon, Thornhill; James Bowman, King; James Mosley, Aurora, Michael Wesley, East Gwillimbury; W. D. Stoddart, Bradford; Michael Fisher, Vaughan; Benjamin West, West Gwillimbury; Henry Wesley, Whitchurch; Wm. Jackson, Vaughan.

☞ Do not fail to get THE SEEDER, if you want to Save Money.

Yours, etc.,

F. W. GLEN, Oshawa.

GEO. A. MASON,

General Agent for the Dominion,

1-3m Oshawa, Ont.

Farmers and Threshers Take Notice.

RAE'S NEW AND IMPROVED

PATENT SIEVE!

Will clean all kinds of grain, embracing wheat, rye, barley, and oats and will not choke with any thistley or foul grain. No stick or broom required to be used, and the machine need not at any time be stopped by clogging of the Sieve.

All orders for this Sieve addressed to the patentee, John Rae, Lansing P.O., Ont., will receive prompt attention.

Any infringement on this patent will be punished with the utmost rigor of the law.

JOHN RAE,

Lansing P.O

Yonge Street, " 872, 729-tf

WM. RENNIE,

Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS & TOOLS

Field Seeds, Fruit Trees, Fertilizers, &c., &c., &c,

132 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, TORONTO

STRAW CUTTERS,

ROOT CUTTERS,

FANNING MILLS,

GRAIN CRUSHERS, &c., &c.

Carter's Ditching Machine	Eyer's Patent Iron Harrows
Steam and horse-power Threshing Machines	Field and Lawn Roller
Combined and Single Mowers and Reapers	Horse Hoes & Scarfier
Wood Sawing Machines	Cultivators
Horse and Dog Powers	Potato Diggers
Machine Jacks	Pumps
Straw Cutters	Scalos
Root Cutters & Pulpers	Horse Hay Forks
Grain Crushers	Amalgam Steel Bells
Turnip and Grain Drill	The Blanchard churn
Hand Seed Drills	Barrel & Dash churns
Fanning Mills	Florence Sewing Machine
Clover Hullers	Philadelphia Lawn Mower
Horse Hay Rakes	Greenhouse and Garden Engines
Corn Shellers & Husker	Laundry Machines
Stump Machines	Garden Implements and Tools
Patent Fan Forges	Field Seeds
Mowing Machine Knife	Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs
Cider Mills and Presses	Superphosphate of lime & ground bone
Gray's Single & Double Furrow Ploughs	Pure Seed Grain &c., &c., &c.
Iron and Wood Beam Ploughs	
Gang Ploughs	
Double Mould Ploughs	

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE!

(FIFTH EDITION),

NOW READY!

WM. RENNIE,

717-tf Toronto, Ont.

YORKSHIRE CATTLE FEEDER

FOR FATTENING AND BRINGING into condition Horses, Cows, Calves, Sheep and Pigs the

YORKSHIRE

CATTLE FEEDER!

is used and recommended by

FIRST-CLASS STOCK BREEDERS.

Stock fed with it have always taken first prizes. Milch Cattle produce more milk and butter.

It Fattens in One-fourth the usual time, and saves Food.

Price 25 cents and $1 00 per box. A dollar box contains two hundred feeds.

HUGH MILLER & CO.,

Agricultural Chemists,

167, King Street East, Toronto

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers.

Sept 17, 1872. 739-tf

P. O. Department.

P. O. SAVINGS BANK.

RICHMOND HILL POST OFFICE.

DEPOSITS OF ONE DOLLAR, (OR any number—not exceeding three hundred dollars by any one depositor,) will be received at the Richmond Hill Post Office, for which Government will allow Interest.

For particulars apply to

M. TEEFY, Postmaster.

*** Mr. Teefy is Government Agent for the sale of

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

ALSO AGENT FOR THE

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Office hours: from 6:30 A.M. to 9:30 P.M.

May 4, 1869 563-tf

Musical Instruments.

H. B. REESOR,

DEALER IN

Prince's Organs & Melodeons,

Chickering, Stainway and Durham Pianos. Also, the celebrated

HUMMING BIRD PIANO

Which is adapted to parlors where space is an object. The mode of its construction is entirely new, and based upon the best known principles of science.

Notice.

MR. H. B. REESOR HAS SUCCEEDED us in the agency in this section for the sale of Messrs G. A. Prince & Co's celebrated Organs and Melodeons, in favor of which we give our most unqualified approval and recommendation as the leading and most reliable reed instrument now manufactured.

(Signed) H. G. COLLINS,
WM. FLUMERFELT.

Markham, Nov. 3, 1871.

Testimonial from Professor H. G. Collins

I have carefully examined the pianos sold by Mr. H. B. Reesor, called the Humming Bird, or Colibri Pianos, manufactured by Mathuseck, and think they are wonderfully sweet and pure in tone, and from their peculiar construction, calculated to remain in tune longer than other pianos, and consequently to stand a greater amount of wear.

HENRY GUEST COLLINS.

Toronto Feb. 28, 1872. 714-1y

Property for Sale,

House and Lot for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR Sale a Half-acre Village Lot with a good Frame Dwelling House and Stable, good Well and other conveniences situated thereon,—on the corner of Centre Street West and Elizabeth Street, Richmond Hill. Apply to

GEORGE BRECKON.

March 12, 1873. 764-5t

House and Lot for Sale,

ON LUCAS STREET, RICHMOND Hill, containing one acre and a quarter of land, one frame dwelling house, with a barn stables, and other outbuildings thereon. Terms, easy. Apply, on the premises to

F. CRAWFORD.

Richmond Hill, Dec. 24, '72. 753-3m

Desirable Farm for Sale,

BEING THE EAST HALF OF LOT No. 4 in the 5th Concession Township of King, belonging to the estate of the late William McNair, containing

120 Acres of Excellent Land

110 Acres of which are under cultivation. There is a good Frame Dwelling House with an excellent cellar underneath, Barns, Stables and other outbuildings and Timber for a new Barn 40 x 60. Plenty of water. This is a very desirable property being only between 3 and 4 miles from King Station on Northern Railroad, where there is a good market for all kinds of produce. School's & Churches in the immediate neighborhood.

Terms will be made very easy,

For particulars apply to either of the undersigned executors to the estate.

JAMES McNAIR,
Lot 25, 2nd Con. Vaughan,
JOHN GILLES
Lot 5, 3rd Con. King,

Richmond Hill, July 11, 1872. 720-tf

Superior Farm for Sale,

BEING LOT NO. 28, IN THE SECOND concession of the Township of Markham, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES

One hundred and forty of which are cleared and well cultivated. There are on the property two good

FRAME DWELLING HOUSES!

Three large barns, two stables, and other necessary farm buildings. Two spring creeks run across the lot, and plenty of good water abounds. It is situated at a distance of eighteen miles from Toronto, and two miles from Richmond Hill. This farm is nearly all underdrained, and well fenced, with two good orchards, and about

Fifty Acres Good Bush.

For further particulars, apply, either by letter (post-paid), or on the premises, to

MRS. JAMES CLIFFORD.

Richmond Hill P. O.

Dec. 4, 1872. 750tf

Village Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a number of Village lots, situated in the village of

VICTORIA SQUARE!

The lots contain

About One-fifth of an Acre,

And are located at the North-west corner of lot No. 35, 4th concession of Markham, in a section where mechanics and laborers can get steady work and high wages. Apply (if by letter, prepaid) to Henry Jennings, Victoria Square, or to

WM. G. HINGSTON.

Dingle P. O

March 27, 1872. 714-tf

DR. JAMES LANGSTAFF,

RICHMOND HILL, WILL GENERALLY be found at home from 2 to 3 o'clock, P.M. John Elliott Langstaff is authorized to collect accounts.

February 4th, 1873. 759-1y

NIPISSING HOTEL,

MARKHAM.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE DESTRUCTION of the Anglo American House by fire, the subscriber has taken and fitted up those large and commodious premises belonging to Capt. T. A. Milne, opposite Messrs. Speight & Son's Novelty Works, Markham. Excellent accommodation afforded for the travelling public and commercial men. Livery stables in connection with the hotel. Bottled Ale and Porter.

D. T. WOOTEN.

Sept, 4, 1872. 737-tf

EVERY INVENTOR, BUILDER, MECHANIC, MANUFACTURER, ENGINEER, CHEMIST, FARMER AND MERCHANT,

should at once send his name and address with $1.50 for one year's subscription to

The Canadian Patent Office Record

AND

MECHANICS' MAGAZINE,

TO THE PUBLISHER,

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,

Montreal.

A Copy of first number can be seen at this Office. 786-2

The Russell Watch.

THE RUSSELL WATCH

Is made in all sizes suitable for Ladies and Gents, both in gold and silver. But the accompanying cut represents in proper proportions

THE $25 RUSSELL HUNTING LEVER WATCH,

In sterling silver case and gold points, full jewelled, warranted for five years—together with a gold-plated Albert chain—which will be sent to any part of Canada on receipt of $25, or C. O. D., per express

W. E. CORNELL,

Watch Importer,

83 King Street East,

TORONTO, ONT.

Patent Medicines.

Fellows' Compound

SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.

As all life-endowed bodies, whether they be Beast, Birds, Reptiles, Insects or even Zoophites, and subjects of the Vegetable Kingdom *are governed by vital force*, which binds all the springs of existence, and as nothing can save them from destruction when this principle leaves them, the discovery of means whereby vitality may be sustained in the living body is indeed a boon to the world.

Modern chemistry has ventilated the question and discovered the ingredients constituting the brain, muscles and nerves, and finds that by introducing these ingredients in proper proportions the brain and nervous system are strengthened.

This, then, is substantially the basis on which Fellow's Hypophosphites is built, its direct action is upon the Blood, the Brain and Nervous System, and the Muscles. Strengthening the nerves, it causes the rapid distribution of Vitalized Blood in the Muscular Organs of the Body.

Rousing the Sluggish Heart and Liver, strengthening the action of the Stomach and Bowels and enabling the Lungs to be fully inflated with Oxygen.

It is adapted for all cases of Weakness and Emaciation, whether arising from sedentary life, a tropical climate, from fever or debility from any cause, and is efficacious in Pulmonary Consumption, many confirmed cases having been cured and all benefitted, where its use has been continued over a fortnight.

In Bronchitis it is a specific, and in Asthma it gives relief where every other remedy fails.

For Nervous Debility it stands unrivalled, and may be used with confidence in all cases.

As this is entirely distinct and different from every other preparation of Hypophosphites, be careful to ask for Fellows' Syrup, and take no other.

SOLD BY APOTHECARIES.

Price, $1·50; Six for $7·50

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist,

64-8 St. John, N. B.

Caution!! Caution!!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American provinces that in May, 187, I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane, New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. I regret to say that I have reason to know that the management of late business had for some years, and in many ways, been most corrupt, and it may be that the Pills and Ointment were not prepared with the care I have always desired.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment, manufactured by me in London, England, will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment" and that the addresses on the label is 533 Oxford Street, London where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces the United States, either to sell, or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling on medicine vendors falsely representing that they are acting for me and with my knowledge and consent I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favor, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines he will do well to send me, in a letter to the address at 533 (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it and send a reply, stating whether the medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious I may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money refunded.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than $20 worth—viz., 8s. 6d., and 18s. and 34s., per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount for which remittance must be sent in advance.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

553, Oxford Street (late 244, Strand) London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871. 667-ly