

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.  
Ontario House—J. Brown.  
Notice—Dr. Hostetter.  
Patent Office Record and Mechanics' Magazine—George E. Desbarats.  
Tenders wanted—J. Parkins.  
Regular Masonic Communication.  
List of letters in P. O.

**The York Herald.**

RICHMOND HILL, APRIL 4, 1873.

**THE LYING GRITS.**

Professions are a cheap stock-in-trade with the so-called Reformers, but when in a position to give truth to what they have so earnestly contended for, their short-comings are but too apparent. For seventeen years or more have the men who now compose and support the ministry which sways the destinies of this fair province, proclaimed their Reform principles to the world. How far their practice has followed their professions, is but too well known to every one. Their course has been a lie from their inception of office to the present time. In opposition they contended for economy and purity; in power they have been most extravagant and corrupt. Plunder of the public revenue has been their sole object. The cold shades of opposition for so long a time, have made them reckless of what, according to their professions, they should have been most careful.

In their wrong-doing they have been sustained by the not-over-zealous *Globe*, whose meat and drink is to lie, defame and debase the fair name of men whose characters are so far above the scribes who write for the *Globe*, as the sun is above the earth. George Brown, his brother Gordon, Dymond, and others of the like kind, desire that all, every one, be he great or small, should swear by the *Globe*; in that case, no matter how black their characters may have been, they at once become pure and of good report. Every member of parliament, provided they take the *Globe* as their standard, and follow the desires and wishes of the Brown family, are safe; their course will be free from all blame; they are considered patriots and true lovers of their country. But on the contrary, dare they act as they may deem best for the good of the people whom they represent, and if their so acting, should be contrary to the wishes of the Brown family, their doom is sealed; their death knell is sounded over the breadth and length of the land as a warning to all people. A notable instance of the kind may be found in the case of Mr. Dodge, who had the temerity to successfully contest the Riding of North York against a nominee of the *Globe* party. For six months a rod has been soaking in pickle for him in the sanctum of the *Globe* office. If he voted against the ministry at Ottawa, his sins were to be forgiven and remembered against him no more. On the contrary, dare he to please himself, dare he to exercise the free thought of a British subject, and vote contrary to the *Globe*, then no crimes in the calendar were too great for him to commit. Upon the words of a political parson and his worthy son, that paper has accused Mr. Dodge of forgery. Following the footsteps of this vile sheet we find Mr. Corson, in the Markham *Economist*, accusing, not only Mr. Dodge himself, of doing what was not right, but introducing the names of some of the family in New York, of being guilty of crimes of which they knew nothing. But supposing for the sake of argument, such was the case, is it correct that a man should suffer for the faults of his relatives. It may possibly be that some of the relatives of the proprietor of the *Economist* have been in times past too close connection with a heinous necktie—is it fair that he should suffer. The fact is, the *Globe* and the *Economist* are afraid of the influence that the action of North York may have upon West and East York; so much so, that the spirits of Hartman, and other Reformers of former days, cannot rest quiet at the idea of North York being represented as it is by Mr. Dodge and Mr. Boulbee. It may at some future time be told us that the spirits of such great "Reformers" as Amos Wright, Crosby and Metcalf are unhappy because East York has thrown off the yoke that she now bears, in the shape of being misrepresented by such shining lights as Crosby and Metcalf.

To gain a political triumph, the Editor-in-chief and his brother (through the columns of the *Globe*) are capable of doing any amount of dirty work. One day we find the Roman Catholics and their religion abused in the most vile and filthy language; the next, to suit their ends, they are capable of the most base sycophancy even to the kissing of the Pope's toe. One day we find the members of the church of England and their church held up to the world as rotten and full of dead men's bones; the next we find a clergyman of the Church supported in his influencing political meetings and attempted black mailing. One day we find the Methodist church and their ministers made

and, they are willing to confess their wrong-doings. In fact, big George and his little brother are willing to turn Turk, Jew or Mahomedan if, by so doing, the influence and profits of the *Globe* will be increased. But not only are the editors of this paper incapable of telling the truth, but also its correspondents. The correspondent of the *Globe* in London is said to be a certain J. Ross Robinson, at one time proprietor of the *Toronto Daily Telegraph*. That "spotless" character writes to the *Globe* that Mr. Potter, of the Grand Trunk Railway, told him, "That when he (Mr. Potter) was in Canada, he was repeatedly pressed by both Sir John A. Macdonald and Hincks, to use the influence of the Grand Trunk Railway as "a machine to influence the elections in favor of the Ottawa Ministry," &c. Both Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Francis Hincks, in their places in parliament, declared there was no truth in the statement made by the *Globe's* correspondent (and upon which that paper founded a sensational editorial and no doubt will be made to do duty at the next election), and in confirmation, read the following telegrams to and from Mr. Potter:

"To Richard Potter, G.T.R., London: "Toronto *Globe's* London correspondent writes that you informed him I had sent you, when in Canada, press telegrams respecting elections. Did you say so?"  
"Signed) JOHN A. MACDONALD."  
ANSWER.  
"Distinctly deny statement of *Globe's* correspondent, as reported in your telegram, and authorize you to contradict it publicly."  
"Signed) POTTER."

In conclusion, we give our readers another specimen of these heaven-born purists. When Mr. Currie was elected Speaker of the House of Assembly, he was voted an increase of salary (being a good Grit), which they, the Blake-Scott Government, stated was to enable him to purchase the necessary outfit for the office. Instead of so doing, we have the following details charged in the estimates for 1873:

Legislative Assembly.		To J. Stovel.
1 Bag Wig (Speaker).....	7	50
1 do do.....	1	00
1 do do.....	1	00
An official hat do.....	14	00
Case for do do.....	5	32
A gilded cocked hat do.....	11	86
Cases.....	3	67
Freight, duty and charges.....	11	40
		\$51 75

We fancy this will do for to-day. We have sufficiently shown that the truth is not to be found in those who profess to have it, and it becomes us to be careful to use our utmost endeavors to warn the people of this County against trusting men so bereft of all sincerity as are the loud mouthed Grits who prate against their neighbors, at the same time having not a particle of truth within their Men of East and West York, what say you? Shall your members support such unworthy men as the Ontario Government?

**SYNOPSIS OF THE CONTROVERTED ELECTION BILL.**

The bill for the trial of controverted elections, introduced by Sir John A. Macdonald on Friday, provides for the transfer of said trials to judges, and for this purpose an "Election Court" is to be constituted. It is provided that whenever a general Court of Appeal for the Dominion shall be constituted, one of the judges of that Court shall try any election petition relating to any election held thereafter, and any three judges of the Court, sitting especially for the purposes of the Act, shall be the court for hearing any appeal from the judge trying any election petition, and shall be intended by the expression "The Election Court," which shall sit at the place where the sittings of the General Court of Appeal are held. But until the Court of Appeal is established the judges, of whom one shall try election petitions relating to elections, and of any three of whom the Election Court, as respects such petitions, shall consist, shall be those whom the Lieutenant Governor of each Province shall, by order made by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, have authorized and required to perform the duties assigned to them by the Act. In the event of the Lieutenant Governor making no appointments, the Governor General may appoint barristers of five years standing to be judges *ad hoc* for the purposes of the Act. The Election Court, being thus constituted, the judges are given power to arrange between themselves by what judge or judges any duty assigned to the Election Court or a judge thereof shall be performed. Every Judge will receive an allowance of \$100 for each petition tried, and \$10 per day and travelling expenses. Petitions must be presented within twenty days after the return has been made, except in cases where bribery is alleged, when twenty-eight days is allowed. Petitioners must give \$1000 security. Except where a petition raises a question of law for the determination of the court, it is to be tried by one judge, sitting in the electoral district to which it relates, unless in the opinion of the Judge there should be no special reason for not holding the trial there.

So soon as the trial is over, the judge is required to certify to the Speaker of the House of Commons his decision, and when any charge is made in an election petition of any corrupt practice having been committed, details of the same are to be furnished. In order to meet special cases, it is provided that when, upon the application of any party to an election petition duly made to the Election Court, it appears to the Court that the case raised by the petition can be conveniently stated as a special case, the Court may direct the same to be so stated, and any such special case shall as far as may be heard before the Court, and the decision of the Court shall be final, and the Court shall certify to the Speaker its decision on such special case. The Bill contains in all fifty-seven clauses, but the above are the main features. It embodies the views of the Opposition, and may therefore be expected to meet with general approval in the House. It gives a death blow to "partizan committees," and must effect a great saving in both time and

**COLLAPSE OF THE OPPOSITION.**

Notwithstanding the large amount of bombast served out by the *Globe* on every available occasion ever since the last elections, the Government was sustained in a trial of strength on Wednesday last, by a majority of THIRTY-ONE. A motion was made by Mr. Huntington relative to the Pacific Railway, in which dastardly charges were made against Sir John and his colleagues, of having received money from members of the present Pacific Railway Company for the purpose of advancing their interests in the late elections. The tribulation in the Grit camp must indeed be great after such a crushing defeat. Hurrah for "UNION PROGRESS AND DOMINION."

**Editor's Notes.**

Richmond Hill Council meets next Monday evening, in the Court room.

Vaughan Council meets next Tuesday at the Town Hall, 6th Con. at ten A.M.

The Scarborough Council will meet on Monday next at Mrs. Johnson's Hotel, Woburn.

The York Township Council will meet at the Prospect House, Eglington, next Monday.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.—*Mouthing Statement*:—  
Total deposits to 31st March...\$62,149 00  
Deposits in month of March... 1,207 00  
Withdrawals... 872 95  
M. TEEFFY, Postmaster.

LANGSTAFF FARMERS' CLUB.—A very able address was delivered before the Club, on the 26th ult., by Mr. Isaac Munshaw; subject, "The Horse. It was listened to attentively by an appreciative audience.—Com.

A "Globe-ism"—The *London Herald* has this new name for a lie. It is very good, and somewhat significant of "Big Blunderer's" character. If a lie should be called a "Globe-ism," what should a liar be called? Perhaps a "Globe-liever."

At the close of the late session of the Ontario Legislature on Saturday last, Mr. Currie placed his resignation from the office of Speaker in the hands of the Premier. It is said that he became thoroughly disgusted with the workings of the Cabinet; so well he might.

FIRE MEETING.—On Saturday evening last the adjourned fire meeting was to have taken place, but on account of the bad weather, there was not a large enough number present to transact business, it was therefore resolved to adjourn and meet again this (Friday) evening, at seven o'clock.

TWO FACTS!—The "Party of Economy" in Ontario have demanded of the Provincial Legislature, and received, 71 per cent, more money to carry on the affairs of this Province than was expended last year. The "Party of Extravagance," who control the Government at Ottawa, ask for \$11,748 less than the expenditure of the previous year! Electors of Canada, "Look on this picture and on that."—Mail

At the convention of delegates from the different subordinate lodges of the Independent Order of Good Templars, held in this place on the 25th ult., for the purpose of organizing a County Temple for the County of York, the following resolution was unanimously passed. Moved by E. E. Parrot, seconded by Geo. Flint jun., Esq., that the thanks of the delegates and visitors aforesaid, and are hereby presented to the good people of Richmond Hill, for their hospitality during this convention.

CONCERT.—It will be seen by hand-bills and otherwise that the scholars of the W. M. Sabbath School in this place, will give their annual concert on Good Friday, the 11th inst., in the Masonic Hall. We believe that many excellent selections, literary and musical, have been made; and we have no doubt, judging from the past, that the programme in prospect, which consists of Sabbath School exercises and songs quite new, will be such in its rendition as to be entirely satisfactory to all who may patronize it. We bespeak a full house.

NEW CONVEYANCES.—It is with pleasure that we notice indications of the prosperity and well-doing of the business men of our village; and nothing gives us so much satisfaction as to hear of their work being got up in the best and most substantial manner. This has been brought to our mind frequently for some months past by the number of handsome conveyances turned out of the shop of Mr. Archibald Wright, carriage and wagon maker of this town. During the winter just past he has turned out a large number of cutters, which for get-up and finish could not be excelled in the country. At present he is busy

finishing two new omnibusses, one for Mr. John Thompson, Thornhill, and the other for Mr. John Palmer, Richmond Hill. They are expected to be the most comfortable and best finished of any he has yet built. Of course the great satisfaction these vehicles give to the travelling public, could not be arrived at without the assistance of the village blacksmiths, Messrs. Tronch.

**Special Notices.**

WESLEYAN HYMNS, ALL SIZES, at the HERALD Book Store.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS AT the HERALD Book Store.

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF CANADA Richmond Hill Station. Change of time being effected April 24, 1873.

MAILS MADE UP AT THE RICHMOND HILL Post Office.

Northern Mail... 6:45 A.M.  
Southern Mail... 6:45 A.M.  
Evening... 6:55 P.M.

BRITISH MAILS Are closed at Toronto as follows: By Canada Line, every Monday... 10:30 A.M. By Canadian Line, every Thursday 10:00 P.M. N.B. Letters for Despatch by these lines of S. James should be marked "The rate of Letter for the United Kingdom (via Quebec in summer, and Portland in winter), is now reduced to 6 cents per 1/2 oz. weight. If sent via New York, it will be 8 cents per 1/2 oz. This rate applies only to prepaid letters; if not prepaid, or insufficiently prepaid, the writer is liable to double the amount of deficiency in postage."  
M. TEEFFY, Postmaster.  
Richmond Hill, Nov. 30, 1871.

**New Advertisements.**

ONTARIO HOUSE. JUST ARRIVED AT THE ONTARIO HOUSE

Choice Teas, Tobacco, Currants, Raisins, Prunes, Dried Apples, &c., SALMON TROUT, COLE FISH, COAL OIL, &c.

At Prices that defy competition.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

DR. HOSTETTER BEGS TO INFORM that he has removed to the Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, April 3, 1873.

**Dry Goods, Groceries.**

S-O-U-A-W WINTER!

THEN SPRING!

WM. ATKINSON

IMMENSE STOCK

SPRING GOODS!

Which will be found

G.W. OGDON; A.K.N.I.D.; C.N.H.S. & A.P.

FARM TO LET, CONSISTING OF 125 ACRES.

RICHMOND HILL SAW MILL

ANDREW MAGER, DEALER IN LUMBER, SHINGLES & LATHE SHINGLE CUTTING, AND PLANING DONE TO ORDER.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC! A LARGE ARRIVAL OF NEW ENGLISH MUSIC!

THE NEW GROCERY STORE. John Brown

NEW STOCK OF GROCERIES, Choice Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Tobacco, Currants, Raisins, Spices, Salmon Trout, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

ENORMOUS STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

GOLD PENS, PENHOLDERS, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS AT THE HERALD BOOK STORE.

ABLE SOCIETY DEPOSITORY (Richmond Hill branch) at the HERALD Book Store.

**Dry Goods, Groceries.**

ANNOUNCEMENT.

NEW NEW NEW

SPRING GOODS.

AT THE FIRE PROOF STORE.

PARTI-CULARS NEXT WEEK.

I. CROSBY,

GROCERIES, &c.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE, RICHMOND HILL.

P. G. SAVAGE, GROCER and dealer in Teas, Coffees, Sugars and GENERAL GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, Flour and Feed, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS, AND PAINTERS' MATERIAL

FURNITURE, ROOM PAPERS, BORDERINGS, and WINDOW SHADES.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS!

EDWARD PLAYTER, M.D., (Medicalist, Toronto University), PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c. CORNER of the County of York.

Notice to Creditors.

RICHMOND HILL LIVERY STABLES.

ADAM H. MEYERS, JR., (Late of Duggan & Meyers), BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.

January 15, 1873. 756-1y

**Groceries, &c.**

HURRAH! HURRAH!

THE TEA CHEST

CHOICE TEAS!

FRESH NEW FRUIT

PROVISIONS, AND LIQUORS

BLOOD'S PORTER!

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. JAMES LANGSTAFF, RICHMOND HILL, WILL GENERALLY be found at home from 2 to 3 o'clock, P.M. John Elliot Langstaff is authorized to collect accounts.

PAINTING.

HOUSE PAINTING!

PETER S. GIBSON, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.

HARRISON, OSLER & MOSS, BARRISTERS, &c., 205, 36 AND 38 King Street East, Toronto.

J. N. BLAKE, BARRISTER & ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—No. 56 Church Street, Toronto.

THE RUSSELL WATCH

W. E. CORNELL, Watch Importer, 83 King Street East, TORONTO, ONT.

756-1y