Deat'h of Napoleon III.

(By Cable Telegraph to The Globe.)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Although the case of the ex Emperor Napoleon was regarded as very serious, the news of his death this morning appears to create much surprise, as his demise was not believed to be so imminent.

LONDON, Jan. 9, 3 p m.—The following bulletin from the physicians who were with Napoleon III. during his last hours, has just been issued:—"The ex Emperor Napoleon slept soundly last night, better than the preceding night. This morning his physici ans held a consultation, and decided to perform another operation upon him at noon to-day. At the time the consultation was held, his pulse was strong and regular, at 84 beats per minute. At 10.25 a.m. signs that he was sinking appeared. The action of the heart suddenly failed, and he died at 10:45 o'clock."

The above is signed by Sir Henry Thompson M. Conneau, M. Corvisart, and M. Clover.

LONDON, Jan. 9, evening.—The sudden death of the ex-Emperor Napoleon took everybody at Chiselhurst, as well as in London, by surprise. The Empress, his relatives, attendants of the household, and even his physicians were unprepared for it. The Emperor had passed a comparatively comfortable night. His strength seemed undiminished, and at the consultation early in the morning it was thought he could bear a third operation, which was fully determined upon. So great was the confidence felt in the patient's condition that the Prince Imperial was permitted to return to Woolwich to resume his studies. Dr. Gull went to London yesterday, and many of the Emperor's personal friends, who hastened to Chiselhurst at the first alarm, had returned to their homes. There was no reason whatever to apprehend a fatal turn in the case up to 9 a.m., when new and dangerous symptoms suddenly set in. The Emperor's vital forces seemed to leave him all at once, and he began to sink with alarming rapidity. A telegram was instantly despatched to Woolwich for the Prince, Dr. Gull was summoned from London, and Father Goddard, the Emperor's spiritual adviser, was sent for in the greatest haste that he might administer the last sacraments of the Church. The Emperor's private chaplain was also informed of the danger, and started for Chiselhurst. All of them arrived too late. The Prince was not to see his father again alive. Dr. Gull and the clergyman just reached the Park gates as the Emperor expired. The Empress, who has been most constant in her attendance, was the principal person at the bedside the last hour. The medical advisers, Sir Henry Thomson, and Drs. Corvisart and Clover, the Emperor's old friend, Dr. Conneau, and several members of the household, were also present. Since the Emperor's death the residence at Chiselhurst has been strictly closed to all but the nearest friends and relatives of the family. The phycians state that death resulted from causes independent of the surgical operation to which the patient was subjected.

The event produces a deep impression in London, where the Emperor was always personally very popular with the masses. The evening journals publish long obituaries, with full expressions of mourning.

PARIS, Jan. 9, evening.—The news of the Emperor's death was received here at a late hour this afternoon. It is not yet possible to estimate the effect here. Imperialists are profoundly affected, and appear to regard the event as a final blow to their hopes. The only evening journal which has any editorial on the subject is the *Message de Paris*, an influental finance organ. It closes a brief article with the following tribute:—"The disasters which have made shipwreck of the Empire will not cause us to forget the great services Napoleon has rendered to the nation in re-establishing order, and developing the prosperity of the country."

The New York *World's* London cable despatches say the ex Emperor Napoleon's death was caused by embolism. The body will be interred at Chiselhurst until it can be removed to France.

Public Morality in New York.

Any foreign observer familiar with American institutions, or any reflective citizen of this Union would have little hesitation in assigning to the community of New York city the lowest position in the scale of social political or commercial morality which prevails in the United States. Closer looks tends somewhat to modify this verdict, and shows that if New York has an undisputed eminence in many forms of rascality, it possesses equally distinguished samples of Christian zeal and well doing, of official purity and of business probity. When the body of the local and State Government became diseased, when Legislatures grew hopelessly corrupt, and Judges drove a notorious traffic in their decisions, it could hardly be avoided that commercirl corporations, as well as private business concerns, should share to a large extent in the prevailing contempt for the commonest dictates of morality and fair dealing. The social life of the city showed, of course, similar evidences of the contagion of evil doing. The men who made money by robbing litigants, or stock holders, or taxpayers, usually spent their money in the gratification of base pleasures or brutal tastes. Year by year, in fact, New York was making a fresh descent on the downward course of demoralization which would shortly have conducted it to a position in which it would have become the wonder, the scandal and the contempt of the civilized world.

When the progress of political and judicial corruption had at last been pretty effectually arrested, it became an interesting and momentous question whether the social forces which the corruption had stimulated would suffer a similar check. It seemed possible enough that they had acquired momentum enough to continue their progress independently of the agencies which had protected and fostered them. It did seem for a while as if the elevation of public sentiment which attended the movement in favor of political and judicial reform were merely one sided, and that a higher ideal of public duty had failed to reach either the Bank Parlor, the Board Room, or the Stock Exchange. It seemed even as if the mind of the general public had failed to receive any lasting impression from a movement which presented many outwardly imposing and encouraging features. It was a matter of some difficulty to get Grand Juries to bring in indictments against the most notorious of public plunderers, and the average juryman displayed the same incapacity as before to retain a clear perception of the force of the statement that killing is murder. By-and by, however, a change began to manifest itself in these particulars. The Grand Jury which found the latest indictments against TWEED and his confederates, did so with a readiness and rapidity which marked a vast change in public sentiment during the year. Then, as lately as Saturday last, there was a striking manifestation of how quickly the New York juror is beginning to appreciate the danger of giving murderers the benefit of every fanciful theory that the ingenuity of counsel can originate or suggest.

The murder of Fisk was among the first of a series of 58 homicides which stain the record of 1872. We shall be greatly mistaken if the conviction of Stokes of murder in the first degree, which marks the anniversary of his crime, will not greatly reduce the list of murder during 1873. On other sides may be found suggestive reminders of a gradual elevation in public morality. The inaugural message of Mayor Havemeyer has a ring of sterling honesty, and breathes a spirit of uncompromising reform such as have not been found in the public documents of the community for many years past. A similar remark aplies to the straightforward and statesmadlike message of Governor Dix to the Legislature. Should the political action of city and state be shaped in accordance with the recommendation of their respective chief magistrates, New York will present solid evidences at the close of 1873 of having made vast strides towards a thoroughly restored political purity. The testimony of people who have the means of judging, is unanimous in regard to the gradual improvement which is making itself felt in the standards of public honesty observed by public and private corporations in the world of commerce. There is, undoubtedly, a very large margin remaining for improvement. Let us hope it may be covered with a reasonable degree of speed. —*Scottish American Journal, Jan. 9., 1873.*

M. Thiers has sent 1000f. to the Danish Inundation Fund.

President Thiers will go to Calais on the 10th of January to witness artillery experiments.

The Countess of Skenns, a Swedish lady, will lead, in person, an expedition in search of Dr. Livingstone.

Sir Henry Holland, the celebrated English physician, is 84 years old, being the senior Fellows of the Royal Society.

The *Lancet* is informed that a lady has applied, or is about to apply, to the benchers of the Inns of Court with the intentions of keeping terms for the bar.

The Irish Home Rulers have resolved to raise a fund for rousing the constituencies to return at the next general election candidates favorable to the object in view.

It is said that a pedler of the Papal book-printing establishment of Paris has recently been selling "Admission tickets to heaven" in the Bernese Jura for the sum of 50 centimes.

Marshal Bazaine is impatient to be tried. He believes that enough time has been had by those collecting evidence for the enlightenment of the military court before which he is to appear.

In connection with the Autumn Exhibition of Pictures, just closed in Liverpool, paintings have been sold to the extent of £6000. The Liverpool Corporation invested £600 in purchases.

The University of Cambridge has passed a resolution by which in future successful candidates in moral science can present themselves for the next Natural Science Tripos, and *vice versa*.

The Dublin Sanitary Association has issued a report on the approach of cholera, with recommendations addressed to the authorities for placing the city in a condition to meet the threatened epidemic.

The Prussion Ministry have settled the provisions of a bill which regulates the authority of the superior over the inferior clergy, controls the training of the latter and sets up rules governing ecclesiastical appointments.

Mr. Hare is at work on a new edition of his book on Representation, which will have large additions. The new parts will adapt Mr. Hare's scheme to the provisions of the Ballot Bill, and will discuss the cumulative vote at length.—*Athenæum.*

A large deputation of Roman Catholics from Ireland waited on the Pope on the 6th inst., and presented an address recounting the benefits conferred upon Ireland by the Holy See, and tendering His Holiness a contribution of Peter's pence.

Dr. Goulburn, the Dean of Norwich, has resigned his appointment as select preacher before the University of Oxford on account of the election of his friend the Dean of Westminister. His resignation, he says, is "the most forcible protest" he can give "against the unfaithfulness to God's truth which the University manifested by its vote in favor of Dean Stanley."

DEATH OF CHANCELLOR MASSINGBERD.—The death is announced of the Rev. Francis Charles Massingberd, Chancellor of Lincoln Cathedral. He was well known as the author of a "History of the English Reformation" (published in the *Englishman's Library*), and of several pamphlets on the subject of Convocation, in the revival of whose long dormant powers he took the warmest interest.

AURORA, Jan. 14.—A fire occurred at three o'clock this morning in a farm house about two miles from here, belonging to Mr. Henry Case. Mr. Case's baby, about fifteen months old, and a boy aged fourteen years named Glancy, who was sleeping in the house, were burned to death. A part of the remains of the lad have been found, but only a few charred bones of the infant. An inquest will be held to morrow. Cause of the fire unkown.

DEATH OF A SEAL FROM JEALOUSY.—The large seal of the Jardin d'Acclimatation, at Paris, died last week, and apparently from jealousy. The keeper for some days past had given it for companion the sole survivor of the six animals of that species in the aquarium. But the first occupant, annoyed at not being left alone to receive the caresses of the visitors, avoided its consort, made up its bed apart, and at last refused all nourishment. After a malady of a week, it at last succumbed in the seventh year of its age.

THE BOARD OF TRADE AND THE REGISTRY OF SHIPPING.—The registrars of shipping at the various ports have been apprised that, under the provisions of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1872, the surveyor for tonnage and his staff, and also several of the ship-measurers at the larger ports, will be transferred from the establishment of the Customs to the Board of Trade. The Registrar-General of Seamen will then be the officer to whom application must be made on all matters relating to the registration of vessels belonging to the United Kingdom and colonies.

BRITISH GRAVES IN THE CRIMEA.—Brigadier General Adye, C.B., Director-General of Artillery and Stores, who has recently returned from an official inspection of the British graves in the Crimea, presided at a presentation of prizes to the 10th Kent (Royal Arsenal) Artillery Volunteers, and in the course of his remarks said he had just returned from an expedition to the Crimea. He felt great pleasure in informing them that although it was some sixteen winters since he last saw them upon the bleaks hills and in the vallers of the Crimea, the tombs and graves were in an excellent state of preservation, and the Russian Government treated him with every courtesy, and not only facilitated the researches he had to make by every means in their power, but promised that the graves of the British soldiers, whether officers or privates, should be respected and not desecrated in any way. The question as to their proper care was in the hands of the British Government, and there could be no doubt of it being a difficult case to deal with. There were some 130 burial grounds scattered all over the Crimea, but he felt assured that whatever decision our Government might arrive at the sacred graves of our soldier heroes in the Crimea would never be desecrated while the Government of Russia could prevent it. The General went on to say that Sebastopol was in much the same condition as when he left it at the close of the war, a ruin of ruins; the place had hardly been touched the docks, wharves, and forts were in precisely the same state, and presented a picture of desolation.

List of Licensed Pedlars and Auctioneers for County of York

Pedlars.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	DESCRIPTION OF LICENSE.	DATE WHEN LICENSE EXPIRES.
James Nelson	City of Toronto	Foot	Jany. 4th, 1873.
Benjamin Rolling	King	One Horse	Jany. 4th, "
Wm. L. Andrews	Aurora	Do	Feby. 3rd, "
David Johnson	Unionville	Do	Feby. 3rd, "
John Major	Yorkville	Do	Feby. 3rd, "
The Howe Machine Company	City of Toronto	Two Horse	Feby. 8th, "
Joseph Lang	East Gwillimbury	One Horse	Feby. 13th, "
Michael Lenahan	Etobicoke	Foot	Feby. 17th, "
Crocker & Jory	Aurora	One Horse	Feby. 27th, "
John Hood	Markham	Do	Mar. 26th, "
Henry Taylor	Richmond Hill	Do	April 29th, "
Robert Tier	Etobicoke	Do	May 1st, "
Jesse McClure	Malvern	Do	" 6th, "
George P. Smith	Sharon	Do	" 25th, "
Benjamin Ellston	Aurora	Two horse	" 29th, "
David J. Bradley	City of Toronto	One horse	June 4th, "
Thos C. Graham	do	Foot	" 8th, "
Jabez Scrivener	do	Do	" 21st, "
James A. Cliverly	do	Do	" 22nd, "
Mrs. Samuel Watson	Unionville	Two horse	" 27th, "
Henry Pointon	Whitchurch	Do	July 5th, "
Henry Chaloner	Vaughan	Do	July 5th, "
John E. Buck	King	Do	July 11th, "
John R. Emery	Whitchurch	Do	Sept. 2nd, "
John Kennedy	Markham	Foot	Sept. 21st, "
John McKenzie	City of Toronto	Do	Oct 10th, "
William Bye	Markham	One Horse	Nov. 22nd, "
James Abbott	do	Do	Nov. 29th, "
George Gibson	Toronto Township	Two Horse	Dec. 11th, "
John Eliston	Thornhill	Do	Dec. 14th, "

AUCTIONEERS.

NAME	RESIDENCE.	DATE WHEN EXPIRES
James McClure	Holland Landing	Jan'ry 30th, 1873.
Andrew Ward	Etobicoke	Feb'ry 10th, "
Andrew Henderson	City of Toronto	March 12th, "
Thomas Poucher	Markham	" 12th "
VanNorman Bros	Queensville	" 19th, "
Nicholas J. Armstrong	Nobleton	" 30th, "
F. W. Coate	City of Toronto	April 30th, "
Salem Eckhardt	Unionville	May 10th, "
W. H. Myers	Richmond Hill	Sept'r. 5th, "
Samuel D. Page	City of Toronto	Sept'r. 10th, "
Joseph Bogart	Newmarket	Sept'r 21st, "
David J Bradley	City of Toronto	October 12th, "
D. G. Stephenson	Highland Creek	" 22nd, "
Henry Smelser	Laskey	" 24th, "
Joseph Sheppard	Georgina	" 25th, "
Francis Button	Markham	" " "
Thomas Atkinson	Newmarket	" " "
W. H. Major	Aurora	" 26th, "
Levi Fairbanks, Jr.	Whitby	Nov'r 12th, "
William Brown	Eglington	" 18th, "
James Gormley	Markham	" 27th, "
Francis Little	Scarboro'	Dec'r 20th, "

BY AUTHORITY OF BY-LAW,

JNO. K. MACDONALD,
Treasurer County of York.

Treasurer's Office, County of York,
Toronto, Jan. 2nd, 1873.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, January 16, 1873.

Flour—Superfine	$ 5 60 @	0 00
Spring Wheat extra	5 65 @	0 00
Fancy	5 80 @	5 90
Extra	6 35 @	6 40
Superior Extra	7 25 @	7 50
Oatmeal	4 75 @	4 80
Cornmeal	2 90 @	0 00
Bran	14 00 @	15 00
Wheat—Spring	1 24 @	1 25
Soules and Deihl	1 35 @	1 39
Treadwell	1 18 @	1 25
Barley	0 62 @	0 64
Pease	0 65 @	0 66
Oats	0 39 @	0 42
Rye	0 00 @	0 00
Hay	22 00 @	25 00
Straw	8 00 @	0 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 50 @	0 60
Apples, per barrel	2 00 @	3 25
Beef, by the side	3 50 @	6 00
Mutton, by the carcase	5 00 @	6 00
Poultry—Geese	0 75 @	1 95
Turkeys	0 75 @	0 00
Chickens, per pair	0 55 @	0 75
Ducks, per pair	0 90 @	1 00
Pork—Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Extra Prime	0 00 @	0 00
Bacon	0 7½ @	0 07
Hams—Salted	0 11 @	0 00
Smoked	0 08 @	0 08
Dressed Hogs	5 10 @	5 15
Lard	0 09 @	0 10
Butter—lb Rolls	0 15 @	0 17
Packed	0 06 @	0 08
Eggs	0 16 @	0 18
Dried Apples	0 7½ @	0 08
Salt	1 50 @	0 00
Wool	0 45 @	0 48

Photography.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

THOMAS B. COPELAND,

FIRST PRIZE photographer, begs to inform the public that, having commenced operations in the above business on Richmond Hill, he is prepared to take

PICTURES!

OF

Persons, Animals, Houses or Landscapes

IN ALMOST ANY REQUIRED

SIZE OR STYLE.

Old pictures carefully copied and enlarged.

Parties desiring pictures printed from the old negatives of Mr. Gray or Hood can have them by ordering, as I have purchased all their negatives.

☞ Dull and cloudy weather no hindrance to the art, except for children. Parties getting pictures of children taken are requested to be at the Studio between 10 A.M. and 3 P.M.

☞ Gallery in the old stand recently occupied by Mr. Gray.

Richmond Hill, Sept 26, '72. 740-tf

Boots and Shoes.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

RICHMOND HILL.

WILLIAM GAMBLE

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS to the pubic for the liberal patronage he has received while in business, and would also invite an early call to his assorted stock

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of all kinds, which he offers at prices that will compare with

ANY HOUSE IN TORONTO.

He is also prepared to make to order the best kind of

French Calf Boots, for $5·00 per pair; Double Soles, $5·50 per pair.

All kinds of custom work warranted to give the best of satisfaction, and a good fit guaranteed.

Shop, two doors north of G. A. Barnard's Store.

Richmond Hill, Oct. 10, 1872. 700-tf

F. WHITLOCK,

CHIMNEY SWEEP, AND DEALER in old iron, rags, &c., &c., Richmond Hill. All orders promptly attended to.

November 12, 1872. 747-tf

Dry Goods, Groceries.

1872. FALL. 1872.

JUST ARRIVED!

AT THE

FIRE PROOF STORE!

A GRAND DISPLAY OF NEW

FALL GOODS!

Unequalled in quality and variety, and at

Prices that defy Competition.

THE STOCK INCLUDES

TWEEDS, BROAD CLOTHS

Winceys and all wool Shirting.

Flannels, Blankets,

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

DRESS GOODS

In endless variety, also a large stock of

FANCY WOOL GOODS

Comprising Shawls, Mantles, Hoods, Furs, &c If you want a pretty Shawl or Mantle don't miss seeing my stock.

BLEACHED AND GREY COTTONS,

Hollands, Prints, Cobourgs, Laces of all kinds, Ribbons and

FRENCH MERINOS

In all Prices and Colors.

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

Ready-made Clothing, &c., &c.

OUR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT!

Is now complete in every requisite of Millinery Goods. We have spared no expense in procuring the most approved styles of

Ladies' Hats, Bonnets, Caps, &c.

FLOWERS, FEATHERS, TRIMMINGS.

Wedding and Mourning Bonnets, always on hand and made to order on the shortest notice. An early inspection is solicited from our lady patrons.

LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES

IN ALL THE NEWEST STYLES.

A LARGE STOCK OF

FAMILY GROCERIES!

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

Kept Constantly on Hand.

☞ Before purchasing elsewhere give me a call as I think I can offer inducements that will make it to your advantage to buy from me.

I. CROSBY,
Fire Proof Store, Richmond Hill.

Oct 3, 1872, 720-

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk Each packet is labelled—"JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

MANUFACTURE OF COCOA.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Epps & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London"—*Gassell's Household Guide.*

October, 31, 1872. 739-y1

Excelsior Pump.

Change of Business.

THE EXCELSIOR PUMP IS NOW manufactured by Mr. Jacob Brillinger, Richmond Hill, who has purchased the business from Mr. P. Phillips, and is prepared to fill all orders promptly.

This Pump is Easiest Worked, Most Durable and Neatest Made in the Dominion.

It is so constructed with the castings of the handle as to make it all tight, therefore preventing children from putting anything into it.

The Subscriber would respectfully announce that he is prepared to put in this Pump

On Trial for one Month!

And if accepted

WARRANTED TWO YEARS,

Or if they are not preferred to any other pump they may be returned, and the money will be refunded.

These pumps are suitable for all depths from a cistern to a well of 150 feet. They are not liable to get out of repair, being double-valued, and the joints are all turned in a lathe; consequently there is no leakage at the joints which is invariably the case with the common pump made by hand.

Price: $5 above platform, and 40 cents per foot below.

Also manufactures a pump for cisterns and shallow wells. Price $6, complete for cistern not exceeding 8 feet, Churn pumps for cisterns, $3 each.

Well digging done on the shortest notice.

Address, stating depth of well,

JACOB BRILLINGER,
Richmond Hill

Oct. 14, '72. 743-1y

YORKSHIRE CATTLE FEEDER

FOR FATTENING AND BRINGING into condition Horses, Cows, Calves, Sheep and Pigs the

YORKSHIRE

CATTLE FEEDER!

Is used and recommended by

FIRST-CLASS STOCK BREEDERS.

Stock fed with it have always taken first prizes. Milch Cattle produce more milk and butter.

It Fattens in One-fourth the usual time, and saves Food.

Price 25 cents and $1 00 per box. A dollar box contains two hundred feeds.

HUGH MILLER & CO.,
AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTS,
167, King Street East, Toronto.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers.

Sept 17, 1872. 739-tf

Farmers and Threshers Take Notice.

RAE'S NEW AND IMPROVED

PATENT SIEVE!

Will clean all kinds of grain, embracing wheat, rye, barley, and oats and will not choke with any thistley or foul grain. No stick or broom required to be used, and the machine need not at any time be stopped by clogging of the Sieve.

All orders for this Sieve addressed to the patentee, John Rae, Lansing P.O., Ont., will receive prompt attention.

Any infringement on this patent will be punished with the utmost rigor of the law.

JOHN RAE,
Lansing P.O.

Yonge Street, July, 1872. 729-tf

JUST ARRIVED!

A very superior and complete stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

AT MRS. MYERS,' CONSISTING OF

Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Ornaments, &c., &c., &c.,

All of which will be trimmed and made up in the latest styles. It would be well for the ladies of Richmond Hill and surrounding neighbourhood to call and examine the large and beautiful stock before purchasing any of these ready-made goods found in the country stores. As I am a thorough, practical Milliner, the public may rely on having everything made up in a very SUPERIOR manner, and at prices that defy competition.

MRS MYERS.

Richmond Hill, Oct. 3, '72. 741-tf

W. H. & R. PUGSLEY,
(SUCCESSORS TO W. W. COX)

BUTCHERS, RICHMOND HILL, have always on hand the best of Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Pork, Sausages, &c., and sell at the lowest prices for Cash.

Also, Corned and Spiced Beef, Smoked and Dried Hams.

The highest market prices given for Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, &c.

Richmond Hill, Oct. 24, '72. 745-1y

Wanted,

A SMART, ACTIVE LAD—ABOUT 15 or 16 years of age, as an apprentice to the Harness business. Apply to

WM. HARRISON,
Richmond Hill.

Sept. 26, 1872. 740-tf

For Sale Cheap,

A FIRST-CLASS THRESHING Machine in Working order, made by Abel, Woodbridge. Apply to

DANIEL GLASS,
North Toll gate.

Richmond Hill, Aug. 15 1872. 734 tf

J. SEGSWORTH,

DEALER IN FINE GOLD AND SILver Watches, Jewellry, &c., 113 Yonge Street, Toronto.

September 1, 1871. 684

NIPISSING HOTEL,
MARKHAM.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE DESTruction of the Anglo American House by fire, the subscriber has taken and fitted up those large and commodious premises belonging to Capt. T. A. Milne, opposite Messrs. Speight & Son's Novelty Works, Markham. Excellent accommodation afforded for the travelling public and commercial men. Livery stables in connection with the hotel. Bottled Ale and Porter.

D. T. WOOTEN.

Sept. 4, 1872. 737-tf

S. JAMES,
(LATE JAMES & FOWLER,)

ARCHITECT, CIVIL ENGINEER, and Surveyor, Trust and Loan Buildings corner of Adelaide and Toronto streets, Toronto. 719-tf.

Musical Instruments,

H. B. REESOR,

DEALER IN

Prince's Organs & Melodeons,

Chickering, Stainway and Durham Pianos. Also, the celebrated

HUMMING BIRD PIANO

Which is adapted to parlors where space is an object. The mode of its construction is entirely new, and based upon the best known principles of science.

Notice.

MR. H. B. REESOR HAS SUCCEEDed us in the agency in this section for the sale of Messrs G. A. Prince & Co's celebrated Organs and Melodeons, in favor of which we give our most unqualified approval and recommendation as the leading and most reliable reed instrument now manufactured.

(Signed) H. G. COLLINS,
WM. FLUMERFELT.

Markham, Nov. 3, 1871.

Testimonial from Professor H. G. Collins

I have carefully examined the pianos sold by Mr. H B. Reesor, called the Humming Bird, or Colibri Pianos, manufactured by Mathusack, and think they are wonderfully sweet and pure in tone, and from their peculiar construction, calculated to remain in tune longer than other pianos, and consequently to stand a greater amount of wear.

HENRY GUEST COLLINS.

Toronto Feb. 28, 1872. 714-1y

Property for Sale,

Desirable Farm for Sale,

BEING THE EAST HALF OF LOT No, 4 in the 5th Concession Township of King, belonging to the estate of the late William McNair, containing

120 Acres of Excellent Land

110 Acres of which are under cultivation. There is a good Frame Dwelling House with an excellent cellar underneath, Barns, Stables and other outbuildings and Timber for a new Barn 40 x 60. Plenty of water. This is a very desirable property being only between 3 and 4 miles from King Station on Northern Railroad, where there is a good market for all kinds of produce. Schoo's & Churches in the immediate neighborhood.

Terms will be made very easy.

For particulars apply to either of the undersigned executors to the estate.

JAMES McNAIR.
Lot 25, 2nd Con. Vaughan,
JOHN GILLES
Lot 5, 3rd Con. King,

Richmond Hill, July 11, 1872. 729-tf

Village Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a number of Village lots, situated in the village of

VICTORIA SQUARE!

The lots contain

About One-fifth of an Acre,

And are located at the North-west corner of lot No. 35, 4th concession of Markham, in a section where mechanics and laborers can get steady work and high wages. Apply (if by letter, prepaid) to Henry Jennings, Victoria Square, or to

WM. G. HINGSTON,
Dingle P. O

March 27, 1872. 714-tf

P. O. Department.

P. O. SAVINGS BANK.

RICHMOND HILL POST OFFICE.

DEPOSITS OF ONE DOLLAR, (OR any number not exceeding three hundred dollars by any one depositor,) will be received at the Richmond Hill Post Office, for which Government will allow Interest.

For particulars apply to

M. TEEFY, Postmaster.

*** MR. TEEFY is Government Agent for the sale of

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

ALSO AGENT FOR THE

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Office hours: from 6:30 A.M. to 9:30 P.M.

May 4, 1869. 563-tf

THE MORNING PAPERS

OF TORONTO:

MAIL,
GLOBE,
LEADER,

Can be had at the Post Office, for 10 CENTS A WEEK. Apply to

M. TEEFY,
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As this is entirely distinct and different from every other preparation of Hypophosphites, be careful to ask for FELLOWS' SYRUP, and take no other.

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TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American provinces that in May, 187, I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane, New York, for the sale of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. I regret to say that I have reason to know that the management of late business had for some years, and in many ways, been most corrupt, and it may be that the Pills and Ointment were not prepared with the care I have always desired.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, manufactured by me in London, England, will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," and that the address on the label is 533 OXFORD STREET, LONDON, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces or the United States, either to sell, or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling on medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

I would ask, as a great favor, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money refunded.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than $20 worth—viz. 8s. 6d., and 22s., and 34s., per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount, for which emittance must be sent in advance.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

533, Oxford Street (late 244, Strand),
London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871. 627-6m.