Canadian Pacific Railway.

A new plan has lately been propounded THE DEBATE IN THE CORPS LEGISLATIF. for making a railway to the Pacific through British North America. The novelty consists of importing labourers from Great Britain in large numbers to build the road. paid. While engaged on the work, the industrial army would be provided with regular rations and whatever also rould be after refusing to size the despatches. M. Ollivier, lar rations and whatever else would be absolutely needful for the time being. At the end of a stipulated period the men would be war on account of the Prussian despatch paid whatever could be saved out of their wages, and have a liberal amount of land in the King's refusal to receive the French Amfreehold. It would be welcome intelligence to the workmen of Great Britain, many of whom, after lives of the hardest toil and much privation, look to nothing better than dying in the poor-house, if they find they could have their passage paid to this side of the Atlantic, and earn \$90 in cosh and 100 to 300 acres of land by the labor of seven to join in the shorts of the majority. When months, besides having a certainty of continued work so as to bring out their families. buy a cow or two, and do such other things as would make the necessary beginning on their prairie and woodland farms. It is calculated that between Fort Garry and Bute Inlet on the Pacific, a distance said to be about 1,500 miles, the proposed plan would to the Government more readily than he the enable 300,000 families to locate themselves, within the next six years, at the rate of 50,000 a year. But by going a little further off the line of the road, the number that could be comfortably settled would of course tion; bethink you of May 8th, 1866. You be practically unlimited. The settlements would provide business for the road; pauper ism would be diminished at once; and altogether the experiment would be truly in the interest of the people, and not of any monopoly-provided the views thus announced are carried out in their true spirit .- Buffalo Courier.

The Fisheries.

The Chicago Times of Monday, says :--The instructions of her Majesty's Government to gunboats employed in protecting have wished to give it time for reflection. the Canadian fisheries exhibit a spirit of I regard this war as an imprudence; and its fairness which will tend to allay distrust and create a better feeling among down-east fishermen than has heretofore prevailed. Prussia has deceived us; you do not under-Under the convention of 1818, our fisherstand that I discharge the most painful duty men have claimed the right to take fish in Canadian bays, anywhere within one marine will, I will endure everything; but you do not fulfil your whole duty, and that is why I league of the shore. The English and Canadian authorities, on the other hand, have assumed that this right did not apply in Canadian bays, within a direct line from headland to headland. The reciprocity treaty with Canada put an end to the controversy; but with the discontinuance of that treaty it again revived. The British Government now directs that British gun | agents would be sent away. He then read boats observe a middle course, which will not exclude American fishermen from Canadian bays where the line from headland to bassador and two despatches from the French headland will exceed ten iniles in length.

This will exceed the iniles in length.

This will exceed the iniles in length.

The circular itself he did This will open to American fisherman some of the best fishing banks from which the British authorities have heretofore claimed The right to exclude them.

War Items. It is said that a prominent representative

of the Prussian Government, in New York on Saturday received a despatch from the other side, instructing him to open negoti ations at once for the purchase of war vessels, to be added to the naval force opposed to France. The particulars are not accessible at present, but it is believed that purchases will be speedily effected. This was stated in yesterday's Times. Now, it appears that other strange things are being done at this port. A swift steamship is being rapidly fitted up, under the very eyes of the Brooklyn Navy Yard officials, with guns, ammunition, and stores, to be used, it is Sadowa at the time; to day the world desaid, as a Prussian privateer. The men mands legitimate complaints. Prussia also have been recruited, and one of them, in a has committed a great fault in negotiating conversation with our reporter yesterday, conversation with our reporter yesterday, with Spain. Yet Prussia wishes peace and declared that the vessel would sail out of we have war. If we had still to require re-New York on Monday. There was a possi-nunciation of the Hohenzollern candidature bility of further delay, he said, but he believed that everything would work favorably for an early start. A daring commander You had not only obtained your result, you has been chosen, who was trained in our had the form and substance both, yet you navy, and his men are all picked from say Prussia has not yielded in form and we among the best gunners and seaman to be have been insulted. Public opinion will found anywhere. They are principally Gereturn against us; the journals of Europe mans, and are promised a large share of the proceeds of their work. In the course of his search for news another reporter found that an iron brig, of clipper build, was lying off the Jersey Flats, taking in a cargo of drowned M. Thiers voice. guns and powder. She is a trim well built vessel, and could easily be turned to good account as a privateer. The movements between this craft and the shore are highly suspicious, and it is said that men are being stowed in her hold, to be brought forth at the right time, for service. She is ostensi bly destined for Campeachey, and may be more active and unscrupalous. In spite of thusiasm by all the members. intended for Cuba, but there are strong indications of her choice for the other mis. without exception charges France with the sion. Of course, the Prussian Consul professes entire ignorance of the whole matter, but is almost certain that there is something in it after all. Arrrangements, by the way, are being made to arm some of the German steamers, and then to allow them to resume their trips to the other sice, thus prepared

thy of Europe.

Loxnox, July 18.—Despatches report that PAUPER MAINTENANCE IN ENGLAND .-Every body knows in a general way that of war from France. the cost of maintaining the English poor has been increasing greatly of late years der martial law. but few, we suspect, are aware of the extent of that increase. It is startling to look back over a series of years and observe how rapidly the Kingdom. The Bavarian Chambers have the expenditure under this head has been rising. In 1852 it was £4,900,000; in 1869 granted the Government a creait of twenty no less than £7,700,000. Thus there was an increese of 57 per cent., of which only Russell enquired what were the views and 11 per cent. is explained by a difference in the number of paupers, which stood at 916 situation on the continent; and Lord Cairns 000 in 1852, and 1,018,000 in 1869. asked especially if steps had been taken to

enforce the neutrality laws. Earl Granville promised that the documents concerning the The national debt of England at the close of the last year was £748,276,183, and since war would be last of the last year was £748,276,183, and since as they were copied. then the sum of £7,000,000 has been converted into a temperary annuity. The debt the House adjourned. is now less than it has been since 1813.— It is no less than £120,000,000 below the amount it stood at in 1815, and £70,000, made enquiry touching measures for the preservation of English neutrality. Mr. Glad 000 below the return of 1857, at the close stone said that such enquiry was premature, of the Crimean war and Indian mutiny.— stone said that such enquiry was premature,
The interest of this debt is £26,840,000 coming as it did before the declaration of a year, but £4,509,000 is temporary only, and will expire in 1885. The permanent Lyons was handed to him, announcing that charge is less than it has ever been since the formal declaration of war had been sent by the French Government to Berlin. Mr.

THE average number of persons living in would be submitted as soon as possible, and a single house in London is 8, in Berlin 32, that a measure looking to the preservation in Paris 35, in St. Petersburg 52, and in of neutrality was in preparation. Particu-Vienna 55. The average proportion of il- lar attention would be paid in that measure legitimate to legitimate births is in London to the status of belligerent ships in British 4 per cent.; in Berlin 16 per cent.; in Paris
20 per cent.; in St. Peterburg 26 per cent.; of the army, during which Mr. Osborne asand in Vienna 51 per cent. Those figures serted that the Government was unable to strikingly show the effect of overcrowding put fifty thousand men in the field, the Comon illegitimacy. For every 1000 inhabi- mons adjourned. tants the average annual mortality in Lon- A rumor of Russia's participation in the don is 24, in Berlin 25, in Paris 28, in St. Petersburg 41, and in Vienna 47.

NEURALGIA. - Use Dr. J. Briggs' Allevan- firmed. tor for neuralgia, catarrh, headache, &c. Sold by druggists.

The Franco-Prussian War.

French Minister. The Government had in

French spies, whose names were witheld.

the majority voted an extra war credit of

five hundred million francs, the Left again

sat silent. The majority thereupon began a

vehement altercation. M. Thiers, after de-

claring his love for his country, and said if

ever there was a solemn day, it is this; when

war should be declared nobody would grant

means of conquering, "but," he continued,

that recollection persuade you to listen now.

The principal demand of the Government

has been conceded (interruption). My conscience tells me I fulfil my duty in resisting

imprudent passions and representing soberly

the country's interest. Is this a time for

you to break the peace on a mere question of susceptibility? You are shedding tor-

rents of blood for a question of form. I

ask for the despatches upon which the res-

olution for war has been adonted. If I had

the honor to govern my country I should

occasion as ill chosen. More than any body

else I desire reparation for 1860; no doubt

of my life. I pity you; insult me if you

M. Ollivier, briefly replying, refused the

M. Ollivier replied, I will read two des-

patches, but not the signatures, for our

part of the despatch, confirming the refusal

of King William to receive the French Am-

not pretend to produce. He concluded by

saying, we go to war with a light heart and

confident in our army. We will tell the whole truth. What we could not endure

was the semi-official communication to all

Europe of the rejection of our ambassador

-all the more significant because done in

La Liberte, a vehement war organ, says

the Right received M. Ollivier's speech with

M. Thiers attempted to reply, but was in-

M. Duvernois said, war is due to a Cabinet

M. Thiers-It is to a blunder that we owe

war. M. Ollivier has evaded the question;

Prussia ought to have been attacked when

she desired to unite the German States:

hen war would have been legitimate an

we should have been sustained. I blamed

will be against us, Prussia never would have

Great clamour and interruption here

Not one word of this speech was allowed

war, and to deceive France about the opinion

its first wavering, the English press now

responsibility of war. The Due de Grammont's statement with all its falsehoods im-

poses on nobody. The interview between

Benedetti and the King is perfectly under-

stood as a premeditated insult by Benedetti

and a violation of every diplomatic usage while Prussia's dignified attitude under re-

peated provocation has won her the sympa-

The city of Stratsburg has been placed un-

Eloquent addresses to the Crown are re-

ceived at Berlin from the municipalities of

MIDNIGHT .- In the House of Lords, Earl

war would be laid before the House as soon

After the dispatch of some local business,

In the House of Commons, Mr. Harcourt

Gladstone then replied that all the papers

war caused an agitation, from which the

stock market had not recovered at the close

of the day. The report is not yet con-

LONDON, July 19, 3 a.m.-The French

seven million florins.

resumed this candidature, it would have been

the most corteous terms.

blunder.

madness.

despatches absolutely.

M. Gambetta renewed the demand.

call for the despatches.

in the North Sea, to pick up German vessels. The German press is filled with seemingly unaffected complaints of the falsehood and trickery by which France seeks to place the The Tribune's correspondent telegraphs responsibility of beginning the war on Gerfrom London that the telegraphic accounts of Friday's debate in the Corps Legislatif were no better than carricatures. After the

PLYMOUTH, July 19.—The steamship New York, of the North German Lloyd's line, from New York, arrived here this morning. t is not yet decided whether she will at tempt to reach Bremen.
LONDON, July 19.—The Lloyds exact

from five to ten guineas on German shipcommunicated to the European Courts, of The limes in an editorial abandons the bassador, and that this despatch, thus made nope of meditation. The sword must now the basis of war, had not been seen by any

The London Post is sceptical touching fact declared war on what purported to be the news received from France and Prussia an abstract of that despatch supplied by two It ascribes the bulk of the dispatches to speculation. When war was announced, the Left refused

The panic which commenced in the markets here and at Liverpool yesterday continues to day, and was increased by a rumor, to which some credit is given, that there is an understanding between France and Austria.

New York July 19 .- A Paris cable special to the New York Herald says, the official notice of the declaration of war, by France ngainst Prussia, was sent yesterday to the European powers.

"our duty is to reflect; the resolution you France has notified Prussia that she will have just adopted is the death of thousands ot use explosive bullets if Prussia will not. of men; one instant I beseech you of reflect After the first battle has been fought all he powers of Europe will make an effort refused then to hear me when I sought to to stop the conflict. show you what was about to happen; let The French journals here have received

orders to publish no information concerning nilitary movements. The Catholics of the South German States re reported to be opposed to Prussia.

Eight Prussian officers have been seized Strusbourg as spies. One hundred thousand volunteers have

errolled their names in Paris and the de-LONDON, July 20.—It was positively as-

serted here yesterday, on what is regarded as the highest authority, that Austria joins France against Prussia. Much excitement was ercated by this announcement. A surveillance has been established in Paris over the telegraph wires, which prevents the forwarding of news unfavourable to the Goverr ment. The authorities on Saturday night forcibly put a stop to the riotous demonstrations of the peace party in Paris. A thou-sand men, having white flags, marched through the Streets shouting "Vive le Paix." A collision with the troops was at one time and a serious affray with some soldiers in a case; one was killed and the place badly damaged.

Lendon, July 20.—In the House of Commons last night Sir R. Seymour gave notice that he should question the Government concerning a secret treaty alleged to exist between France and Denmark, and also wheth er Prussia had declined the proposition made

not long ago by France to disarm. London, July 20 .- A gentleman just from trip up the Rhine tells his experience to the Times this morning. He says the German army is quiet, grave, auxious and resolute; on the other hand the French are for every one German soldier he saw a handred French.

London, July 20.—Germany makes the dethronement of Bonaparte its ultimatum.

LONDON, July 20.—Admiral Milne has been recalled from the Mediterranean in or der to command the Channel squadron. LONDON, July 20 .- Telegraph communi-

cation between France and Germany has been destroyed by the authorities. DUBLIN, July 20 .- A great popular de monstrution in Tavor here last evening. More than one hundred thousand people, with twenty bands of music, were out on parade. French and Irish flags were carried entwined. The police charged on the procession and captured these flags, but the mob rallied and retook

them Intense excitement prevailed. Berlin, July 20 .- The North German Parliament met vesterday. The Grand Duke f Mecklenberg Schwerin was chosen President. Vehement cheering followed Count Von Bismark's announcement of the declaopened the session with a speech which was ected with the wilgest embusiasm.

esterday Baron de Freisen, Minister of Finance made a speech telling the deputies that France was anxious for war, and should which Napoleon will not tolerate; he have it as sharply and severely as possible to reach England by telegraph. There has been a systematic effort to deceive Europe In the North German Parliament, after In the North German Parliament, after about public opinion in France respecting | the King's speech had been delivered, a loan of 120,000,000 thalers was carried unaniof Europe. The press censorship was never | mously amid the wildest expressions of en-

BERLIN, July 20 .- It is said here that the failure of the in-rigue by the Empress Alba, to Prince Leopold, is the real source of the present trouble. The father of the Duchess is now in Madrid, drowned in debt | mutual irritation. and generally despised.

All Germans in the service of the French have been ordered to return to their own The Prussian Government has announced that merchantmen, even of the enemy, will

Prusia has received the formal declaration not be interfered with on the high seas, unless from causes which would expose neutrals to seizure. General Wiedet, Adjutant General of

Hanover has been arrested at Weimar, as a FRANKFORT, July 20 .- The Gaxette osks how the cause of war concerns the people of

question is one between the monarchs of the respective countries, and one that the people are not at all interested in.

Suicide of the French Minister at Washington.

Washington, July 20 .- Prevost Paradol, the new French Minister, committed suicide at one o'clock this morning by shooting him fatigue and intense heat.

Washington, July 20 .- M. Prevost Paradol shot himself in his sleeping chamber. The circumstances attending it show that the act was premediated. It is ascertained that he walked out yesterday, purchasing a he employed to take his life.

Nothing further will be done until the arrival of M. Berthemy, the late French Minister. The body will no doubt be taken to France. He had sent his son and daughter to Newport, R. I., intending to join them in a few days to spend the summer. He left a note saying, "I will kill myself. M. Berthemy, come back and stay."

The French and Prussian residents of San Francisco held meetings and subscribed show that the old Irish family of Duggan funds to be remitted to their respective coun- has its representatives in high positions as tries, to aid the sufferers in the pending war. MR. INMAN, of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company, has given £300 to be distributed among the most necessitous relatives of the crew of the iron-clads are cruising on the Dogger Bank, steamer City of Boston.

The York Kerald.

RICHMOND HILL, JULY 22, 1870.

THE LEATHER ORGANS.

In last week's Economist they give a powerful and stirring resume of that played-out song. "Beaty and the York Roads," which has been a stock subject for the past ten years with them. The trouble with our Markham friend seems to be that Hon. Wm. Macdougall, C. B., and ex-G of M. did not have the pleasure of occupying that easy chair, except in the factory where it was made in To- To Copp, Clark & Co., for Printing ronto. The Leader, with its usual ability, in return discloses some overtures made by the Hon. David Reesor To P. Daney, the sum of \$2 per month, when Mr. Macdougall was reported to clothing for Dale, the sum of \$5.—Carried. a fit state to be played over. It has not have received his appointment as Governor of Manitoba. Mr. Recsor seems to authorized to pay to A. C. Matthews, the given in this paper. It will be seen by the have got a letter or character (save the sum of \$10, per quarter, from the 1st day mark!) from Mr. Macdougal, recom- of January, 1870, for the benefit of Mrs. mending him as qualified to fill any McCubben and daughter, indigent .- Carried office that Sir John had at his disposal. He appears not to have been particular as to which portfolio he was to have under his control; even if Sir John had resigned and placed the Markham philosopher, as Attorney General, in his chair. His friends say that he would have preferred the position of Minister of Public Works. We have "pickled" a few jottings on this very subject, culled from every source, and purpose, when necessary to give "the available" the benefit of them at some future time. The Leader, we consider, has the best of it this time; the "dubbin" does not seem to be applied in the right manner. Our imminent. On Friday a party of citizens friend ought to remember the old proverb, "Time and thinking tame the strongest THE WAR.

Since our last issue, France has declared war with Prussia. The proposal to elect Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern. as ruler of Spain, and the rumored insult of Count Benedetti were only pretexts for a quarrel. The actual object of the struggle is an effort to secure political spoiling for a fight. He says further, that standing and military power, which has been held by one or other of the European powers. Prussia has, for a long time been engaged in the task of consolidating herself into a great confederation. She has already fought one bloody battle for the purpose, and succeeded to a great extent in acquiring territory at the expense of Austria's humiliation, and Napoleon's peace of mind. The task is still incomplete; south Germany still holds separate, and cannot be appexed without a breach of the treaty of Prague and great offence to France. Prussia is armed to the teeth, and is coveting this Southern territory; they hate France with extreme bitterness. She wants no-Berlin, July 20.—In the Saxon hambers thrown in her face. Prussia then, seeking the annexation of South Germany seeks the restoration to France of the Rhine frontier, which his rival will not the prevalence of the Thunder storm, the tolerate either. This Spanish question | reflection of a large fire was plainly wisible is as good as any other by means of which to inaugurate a contest-for that Prussia and France must fight sooner or later Owing to the fearful storm at the time, the Eugenie to marry her sister, the Duchess of there can be no doubt, for the settlement fire brigade from this village did not turn out. of questions that are a cause of deep

THE QUESTION SETTLED.

authorities need not cavil any longer about the expenses of the Fenian invasion. When been done to the Fall Wheat and Barley in St. Petersburg. The representatives of the the decision of men of giant intellects have this locality that is ready for the reaper. been given on any important question, it is Trees have been uprooted in every part of usually accepted by all as final. Similarly the district, cattle killed, and the gardens the question, "Would the British Govern- in general are considerably damaged. ment be justified in demanding the expenses France or Germany, and intimates that the of the Fenian raid from the Americans?" was tors at all future times. This was done at on the following Saturday Mr. Arscott rethe Teston Temple, on the evening of the ceived through the agency of Messrs. H. F. 13th inst. The heavy duties of chairman McDonald & Co., \$2,000, being the amount were ably performed by Daniel Malloy. The of his policy with the Provincial Insurance affirmative was argued by Daniel Kinnee, Company. The prompt and satisfactory self with a pistol. It is presumed he was John Cameron, of Maple; while the negalaboring under temporary insanity caused by tive was defended by Messrs. Henry Diceman and John White. It would be folly for us to attempt to report the magnificent out bursts of unrestrained eloquence that came from these golden-mouthed orators. All we single barrel breach loading pistol, which can say is, let all those who wish to be edified by the cream of oratory, attend the next discussion of some importance to be held at the Temple.

IRISH STOCK.

The following paragraph we clip from the latest Continental telegrams, goes to well as the McMahons, O'Donnels-et hoc

genus omne:-"ZURICH, July 20. - John, Count de Dugan, has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the forces of Switzerland."

VAUGHAN COUNCIL.

of Vaughan met at the Town Hall on Mouday, the 11th day of July, at 10. A.M. Members present-Messrs. Arnold, Boyle

Raeman and Webster. The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion approved.

The following petitions for charitable purposes were laid before the Council :-From Dr. Langstaff and 11 others, pray-

From A. C. Matthews and 11 others, pray indigent .- by Mr. Webster.

moves that the Treasurer be and is hereby authorized to pay the following accounts :-

Mr. Raeman, seconded by Mr. Boyle, tive Districts:-

building Bridge. "John Kennedy, for cutting hill.....
" W. C. Patterson, for Road Shovels ... " Wm. McDougall, for repairing Bridge 26 35 cutting hill.... 50 00 " J. McNair, for stone " J. Oster, for Lumber 12 00 " James McWilliams, for repairing hill and guards.....
" J. Snider, for building bridge.....
" J. A. Line, for plank " Peter S. Gibson, for preparing esti-" George Raeman, for plank and timber 2 George Addison, for 3 D. McGilvery, for building Bridge. 106 24 "Wm. Mathicson, for work on road... 25 36 " Thomas Cairnes, for lumber & labor. 9 25 " A.Gough, for lumber 3 74 " Henry Diceman " James Livingston .. 102 77 " Maynard & Whigson " Wm. Patterson, for

Tocal Items.

DASTARDLY CONDUCT. - On Tuesday night, some cowardly villain made an entrance into thing but the pretext that will bear the the stables of Mr. John Velie, hotel keeper, ration of War by France. King William the scrutiny of Europe. She will pick in this village and scratched, defaced, and up the gauntlet that Napoleon has destroyed a new covered carriage. It is a pity he cannot be found out so as to show an example to others who may be disposed to try the same trick.

> FIRE .- On Wednesday evening, during from Richmond Hill, supposed to be about three or four miles to the north west on or murdering their guard, Henry Trail, have about the townline of King and Vaughan. been captured near Lyn, and have been

borhood was visited on Wednesday evening schooners for disregarding our fishery laws last, about 9 o'clock, by another of those are now being taken by order. terrific thunder storms that have been so The Dominion Government and the U.S. frequent during the present season over this Pekin by the Chinese which was denied, is

"THE LATE FIRE. - PROMPT PAYMENT OF decided in the affirmative; thus forming a Losses. - Last week the tannery of Mr. red-nature's anæsthetic ensuring them not precedent for the guidance of our legisla. Richard Arscott was destroyed by fire, and assisted by Messrs. John C. McQuarrie and manner in which this company adjusts all daughter. losses must be highly satisfactory to the insured and should largely increase their business."-London Free Press, July 9th.

"THE CANADIAN LITERARY JOURNAL."-The above is the name of a new monthly just started in Toronto. The first number of which we have received, and carefully examined. It is a Royal Octavo, (16 pages) very neatly got up, and stitched in a beautiful cover. The contents are mostly original, and display ability. We observe Mr. ANOTHER BRANCH OF THE OLD | McLachlan, the Canadian poet, has contributed to the first number, and depicted in beautiful verse the description of a "Fire in the woods; or the Settler's story. This magazine deserves the support of every true | Dressed Hogs, per cwt 8 00 @ 9 00 Canadian. It is published by Messrs. Flint & Van Norman, Toronto, Price 60 cents per annum, and 6 cents for postage.

corns, bunions, in-growing nails, &c. Sold EVERY WEEK FOR JULY, by druggists. 538Q

The Municipal Council of the Township have nearly closed up their manufacture of

ing for aid to P. Dancy-by Mr. Boyle.

ing for aid to Mrs. McCubben, and daughter, Mr. Boyle, seconded by Mr. Kaeman,

and Stationery......\$23 58 " Alex. Scott, for Printing...... 45 25

Mr. Webster, seconded by Mr. Raeman,

moves that the Treasurer be and is hereby authorized to pay to the parties named, the following amounts, as certified by the

In Dist. No. 1 Benj. Brillinger, for Lumber\$ 10 00 Barnard, b Henrick 0 b McKen. c Foster 0 Raymond. c Frisby 12 60 | Wides 7 Wides

3 50 massacre, were executed at Athens on June Lumber " Angus Cameron 25 00

The Council adjourned to meet on the 18th day of August, at 10 A.M.

glad to learn that Messrs. Patterson & Bro. Arrived at the Herald Book Store. Reapers and Mowers for the season. They have turned out upwards of 800 machines | TEISURE HOUR,

since the spring, and their agents express regret that their efforts in selling were not allowed to be gone on with, as they could have sold 150 or 200 more. The firm found further orders could not be supplied, and, with the best grace possible, declined to take more orders than they could fill. They immediately commenced to turn out some five or six hundred Fanning Mills in time for cleaning up this years' grain, and at the same

time will turn out a number of ploughs, cut-

ting boxes, &c.

THE "JOB" NEARLY FINISHED .- We are

CRICKET MATCH .- On Saturday afternoon last, a match was played between Richmond and Victoria Square Cricket Clubs, on the ground of the latter. Owing to the rainy from July 1st; and to Jas. Livingston, for state of the weather, the ground was not in moves that the Treasurer be and is hereby will be played—due notice of which will be following score that Richmond Hill was vic | growing nails, sweat scalded feet, &c., relieved

> torious :-RICHMOND HILL. FIRST INNINGS. SECOND INNINGS. Wilson, M bHenrick 5 c Henrick, b McKen15 Boyles, b McKenzie 4 leg before wicket ... Wilson R.b Henrick 0 b McKenzie

> Doyle, b McKenzie 1 c Quarie, b McKen. 0 Kendrick, run out. 2 run out..... Rumble, run out .. 2 run out

Raymond, c Frisby b McKenzie 3 b McKenzie Shuttleworth, not o l b McKenzie Byes 3

Total32 Grand Total....54 VICTORIA SQUARE.

FIRST INNINGS. SECOND INNINGS. Clink, 5 Hewgill .. 0 run out 0 Hall, c Shuttleworth b He sgill 0 c Rumble, b Lee. 0 50 00 Quarie, J. b Wilson 4 25 R. c Raymond . 6 b Wilson, R.

Quarie G. l. b. w . 4 b Wilson, R. Foster, b Wilson, R 0 b Lee

Frisby, W. stun. o. 0 b Lee Pierheller, not out. 6 b Wilson, R. Quarie, J. b Wilson 0 not out

> Total......25 Total24 Grand Tetal 49

Miscellaneous FIVE brigands, implicated in the Marathon

A PARLIAMENTARY return states that the total cost of the Thames Embankment is £1-650,000.

During Her Majesty's reign there have been eight Parliaments, and twelve ministers have ruled in Downing Street. Miss RyE starts for "Our Western Home"

Niagara, Canada West, on the 14th of July with 100 more little orphan girls. Russia possesses at present 566,232 needle

guns, and the fabrication of metallic cart ridges has reached 300,000 a day, giving a total in hand of 15,000,000. DISPERSIA.-Use Dr. J. Briggs' Allevan-

for for dispensia, fl. tulency, heartburn, &c. Sold by druggists. It is now stated that no fewer than 2,000 persons perished in the late tremendous fire in Constantinople; while 30,000 have been reduced to utter poverty and misery-

Corns .- Use Dr. J. Briggs' Modern Cur ative for corns, bunions, in growing nails, tender feet, &c. Mild, soothing, softening and healing. Sold by druggists.

Mann and Smith, the two prisoners who escaped from the Kingston Penitentiary, by taken to Brockville, where they will be conveyed to Kingston to day. Our Ottawa correspondent, says the

Globe, states that the American fishing ves ANOTHER THUNDER STORM. This neigh sels seized by the Canadian Government are to be sold. The necessary measures

European powers have taken steps to obtain the punishment of the murderers and an indemnity for the damage done.

It is a curious fact that of the passengers in the train which met with the terrible accident at Newark, all, or very nearly all, who were asleep at the time escaped unininonly against fractures and contusions, but even against the bad effects of shaking and concussion.

BIRTH. At Patterson, on Monday, the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. George Farrel, of a

At Richmond Hill, on Wednesday morn ing, the 20th instant, MARGARET, daughter of Richard Jordan, aged 12 years.

TORONTO MARKETS. [Toronto, July 21, 1870. Flour, 39 barrel...... \$6 20 @ 6 25 Wheat, \$\partial \text{bush} \cdots \cdots \text{1 50 @ 1 55} \\
Spring Wheat, \$\partial \text{bush} \cdots \cdots \cdot 1 25 @ 1 31 Barley, # bush..... 0 68 @ 0 71

 Cats, do
 0 42 (0 0 42)

 Cats, do
 10 00 @16 00

 Hay, p ton
 10 00 @16 00

 Straw, p ton
 5 00 @ 7 00

 Butter p lb rolls
 0 17 @ 0 18

 Pork mess p per bbl
 25 00 @25 00

 Train p lb
 0 28 @ 0 31

 Train p lb
 0 20 @ 0 00

Special Notices.

Arrived at the Herald Book Store.

DOW BELLS FOR JULY.

Sunday at Home for July at Herald Book Store

DILES, INTERNAL, EXTERNAL bleeding and itchy, relieved at once and soon cured by using Dr J. Briggs' universal Pile remedy; southing, safe and reliable, a

BRONCHITIS, LARINGITIS, AND ALL affections of the throat lungs and chest immediately relieved, and all but hopeless cases cured by using Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and lung Healer.

NEURALGIE, HEADACHE, SORE THROAT. &c., cured very quickly re-using Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor, a safe and by

CORTHERN RAILWAY OF CANADA Richmond Hill Station. Change of time taking effect May 2, 1869:

CORNS, HARD, SOFT AND FESTER-ED coins, bunions, large and small, if immediately and soon cured by applying Dr. J. Briggs' Modern Curative according to directions; it never does harm, but it always does

MAILS MADE UP AT THE RICHmond Hill Post Office. Until further notice, the mails will be closed

at this office as follows: MORNING. Mail for Almira..... 11.00 A.M. Cashel, on Tuesdays & Fridays.

EVENING MAIL. Southern Mail............6.30 p.m. N.B. REGISTERED LETTERS will require to be handed in 15 minutes before the time of

BRITISH MAILS Are closed at Toronto as follows:

By Cunard Line, every Monday, at 10 A.M. By Bremen Line, every Tuesday, at 11 A.M. By Canadian Line, every Thursday, at 10 P.M. N.B. * * Letters for despatch by these ines of Steamers, should be so marked.

The rate on Letters for the United Kingdom ter), is now reduced to 6 cents per 1 oz. weight. sent via New York, it will be 8 cts per l oz. These rates apply only to prepaid letters; if sent unpaid, or insufficiently prepaid, there will be a fine of double the amount of deficient postage. M. TEEFY, Postmaster.

Richmond Hill, Nov. 29, 1869.

New Advertisements.

DOCKET CUTTLERY.

The Best and Cheapest Assortment of Pocket Cutlery to be had in the County, A Fresh Supply of the genuine Rodger's, and also other celebrated manufactures, at the York Herald Book Store, Richmond Hill,

NEW TIN SHOP.

GEORGE WILTSHIRE, TINSMITH. most respectfully calls the attention of the inhabitants of Richmond Hill and surrounding neighborhood to the fact that he has commenced business in the above line, and will keep in stock all kinds of Tinware. New World made on the Promises. Repairs on Iron, Tin, Zinc and Coppor Ware done with Punctuality and on Reasonable Terms.

Shop one door south of the "York Herald" Buildings. Richmond Hill, July 9, 1870. 628

Wanted.

FIRST CLASS SERVANT GIRL, A FIRST CLASS SERVANT GIRL, to whom the highest wages will be given. Enquire at the "York Herald" Office.

Trustees' Sale of Land.

THURSHANT TO 22ND VICTORIA Chapter 69, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, we the undersigned Trustees of the Markham congregation of the society of Tunkers, hereby give public notice that we will offer

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,

• ON SATURDAY, THE 6TH AUGUST NEXT, ON THE PREMISES.

A certain quarter acre Lot, on the North part of Lot number twenty-four in the third con-cession of the Township of Markham, together with the huildings thereon, recently occupied by Mrs, Catharine Miller, widow. Terms made known at the time of Sale

SALE'AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M. (Signed) JACOB HEISE. PETER COBER, Trustees. EDWARD SANDERSON.

Auctioneer.

626-4

Markham, July 9, 1870,

HARVEST TOOLS.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

Rakes, Forks, Cradles, Scythes, Snaiths, &c.

W ATKINSON. Richmond Hill, July 7, 1870.

Fork Over!

DERSONS OWING THE SUBSCRIBER for beard, lent money, work and book accounts, (of less than six years' standing) must settle the same immediately, or they w be sued, as he leaves for England in the Fall. GEO, SIMSON,

Richmond Hill, June 30, 187d.

Butter! Butter!! Butter!!! 20 CTS PER ID WILL BE GIVEN FOR Good Fresh Well-worked Butter in 1 th Rolls, during the season, at

G. A. BARNARD'S. CHEAP CASH STORE, June 23, 1870. 3 Richmond Hill