## Northern Railway of Canada

### RICHMOND HILL STATION.

CHANGE OF TIME.

April 27. 1868.

Going North 8.04 A.M.....4.50 P.M
Going South 9.32 A.M.....8.06 P.M

### Mails made up at the Richmond Hill Post Office

Until further notice. the mails will be closed at this Post Office as follows:

MORNING.

Northern Mail .....6.45 A.M.
Southern Mail .....6.45 A.M.
Mail for Aurora ..... } 11.00 A.M.
" Cashel, ..... } on Tuesdays
" Gormley, ..... } & Fridays.
" Headford, ..... }
" Victoria Square, ... }

EVENING MAIL.

N.B. REGISTERED LETTERS will require to be handed in 15 minutes *before* the time of closing.

M. TEEFY, Postmaster.
Richmond Hill, April 27, 1868.

### New Advertisements.

Holiday Estate.
Canadian Satinetts—I. Crosby.
Barber's Tweeds—G. A. Barnard.
List of letters in P. O.
Public Meeting—M. Institute.
New and Fashionable Goods—G. A. Barnard.
Boots and Shoes.—W. H. Myers.
Harness. Harness.—W. H. Myers.
New Millinery Goods.—Mrs. Myers.
Credit Sale.—Chas. Spofford.
Isn't it Funny.—W. Atkinson.
Home made Flannel - W. Atkinson.
Almonte Tweeds.—W. Atkinson.
Notice.

# The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, OCT. 9, 1868.

**Subscribe for the York Herald $1 a Year**

### THE PROVINCIAL SECRETARY.

The echoes of the *Globe* are making "hue and cry" in pursuit of the Hon. M.C. Cameron, with a view to hounding him down, for following his professional duties while occupying the position of Provincial Secretary. This is unjust towards Mr. Cameron; we do not believe there is a gentleman in the legal profession who possesses a keener sense of honor, or one who would more readily shrink from doing anything unbecoming a gentleman and an exalted public servant. We have implicit confidence in Mr. Cameron's integrity, and feel assured that he would not be a party to anything calculated to bring discredit upon his associates in the government. We cannot believe that the premier, of the Province of Ontario, will allow himself to be influenced by the clamor of a pack who are never satisfied, but always in readiness to yelp when the huntsman of the *Globe* sounds his "tally ho" in pursuit of a public man.

### AURORA "BANNER."

Under the head. "A Change," we find that Mr. W. L. Matthews publishes his valedictory to the subscribers of the *Aurora Banner*, in the issue of the 2nd Oct. Mr. E. Stephenson has become the proprietor, who announces "that the political principles of the paper will be as heretofore—earnestly contending for Reform wherever and whenever it is needed." While we welcome Mr. Stephenson, as a fellow-labourer in the corps editorial, we must record our regret at parting with friend Matthews, as one of the craft who has commanded our respect and esteem. We hope the *Banner* will continue to flourish, and "Reform" every abuse that humanity is heir to.

### CHEAP POSTAGE.

The Ottawa correspondent of the *Globe*, (not very good authority we admit) says: "A comparison of the receipts for the first quarter shows that the Post Office Department has sustained loss of about *twenty five thousand dollars* in consequence of the reduction of the letter rates from five to three cents."

### SABBATH SCHOOL TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The above Society met at the village of Thornhill on Monday the 5th instant. A large number of delegates and friends of the Sabbath School were in attendance. The President, Major Button, occupied the Chair, and called on the Rev. James Dick to open the meeting with singing and prayer. After a portion of Scripture being read and the minutes of the previous meeting adopted, the members of the Society proceeded to elect the officers for the ensuing year. The following gentlemen were chosen.

Mr. Josiah Purkiss, of Thornhill, President.

Rev'ds J. Dick, Bredin, Garbutt and Mr. F. Button, Vice-Presidents.

Mr. W. Harrison, Secretary.

Mr. Conger, Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Purkiss, seconded by Rev. J. Garbutt and resolved, That there be an anniversary in connection with the Annual Meetings of the Association.

Moved by Mr. H. Sanderson, seconded by Mr. R. Marsh, that the next meeting of the Association be held at the village of Patterson, the second Monday in January, 1869, at two o'clock p.m.—Carried.

The question relative to the best method of conveying instruction from the Scriptures to the Scholars of the higher classes in our Sabbath Schools was opened by the Rev James Dick, who was followed by Major Button, the Rev. T. Garbutt, Messrs Purkiss and Marsh. Much information was elicited from the remarks made, and we have no doubt but that many of the teachers present will avail themselves of the hints given, and adopt some of the methods recommended.

Moved by the Secretary, and seconded by the Rev. T. Garbutt, that the following subject be chosen for discussion at the next session: "Are any other than strictly religious books suitable for a Sabbath School library.—Carried.

Moved by the Secretary, seconded by Rev. T. Garbutt, that the thanks of the Association be tendered to the officers and members of the Patterson Bands, Senior and Junior, for their kindness in acceeding to the request of the Society, by adding music to the rest of the entertainment provided by the committee of management at the recent Sabbath School celebration.—Carried.

Moved by the Rev. T. Garbutt, seconded by Mr. Shater that the thanks of the Society be given to the retiring President for his efficient services during the past year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Purkiss seconded by Mr. Marsh, Resolved: That the thanks of the Society be given to Mr. A. Scott, the proprietor of the *York Herald*, for his kindness in advertising and publishing the proceedings and otherwise aiding the officers of the Association.

## Local Items.

EXHIBITION PRIZE PUMP.—Mr. Charles Powell of Newtonbrook, Yonge street, has triumphantly carried off the *first prize and diploma* for the best pump, at the late Provincial Exhibition at Hamilton; this places Mr. Powell's pump in a most favourable position before the public, and is a guarantee of its superiority. We congratulate him upon his success, and trust his enterprize and energy will be amply rewarded.

GRAND FAIR AT MARKHAM.—On Wednesday of this week there was a great gathering at Markham village. It was one of the most successful Fairs that has been held in the County of York. We regret that it is out of our power to give full particulars in this week's issue, owing to the fact that we have to go to press on Thursday evening, in order to have our mails ready for Friday morning. Our readers may look for detailed particulars in next week's issue of the HERALD.

FIRE AT THORNHILL.—On Saturday morning, the 3rd instant, about one o'clock, fire was discovered in a house occupied by Mr. Gordon, situated on Yonge street, in the village of Thornhill. The alarm was given immediately, and the inhabitants were quickly on hand with their engine. The premises on the north, adjoining, occupied by our friend Mr. Archibald Campbell, tinsmith, were quickly consumed. The Presbyterian Church was also in great danger. On the south, the fire was stayed by the extraordinary efforts of the neighbors, and the non-combustible material of the Brick Blacksmith's shop adjoining. We are sorry to hear that Mr. Campbell had no insurance on his property, and will loose considerable; both the shop and dwelling house were his own property, and were entirely consumed.

OAK RIDGES TROOP.—These gallant fellows returned home last evening from the Camp at Toronto. They appeared to be in good spirits, and highly delighted with the treatment received while there. Had the people of Richmondhill been aware that Colonel McLeod and his troop were to be here so early last evening, we have no doubt but a suitable demonstration would have been improvised. Before dismounting, the troop gave three hearty cheers for the Queen, Colonel Jenyns, and Lieut. Colonel McLeod. We regret to have to state, also, that one of the troopers was placed under arrest by Colonel McLeod, for biting a part of one of his comrade's ears off, while in camp; the fellows's name is Thomas Nelles; he resides at Aurora. Mr. James Lawrence, the volunteer who was thus maimed for life, is a most inoffensive and worthy young man, and the last person to give offence to any one. We trust Nelles will receive the punishment his cannibalism so justly merits. Colonel McLeod was deeply affected while addressing his men upon the subject.

### AUCTION SALES.

WEDNESDAY, OCT., 14th.—Important Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, &c., at the residence of Mr. Peter Rupert, Lot No. 16, 3rd Con. Vaughan. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p.m., Henry Smelser, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, Oct. 20.—Important Credit Sale of very superior Stock, Implements, &c., at Ayton Grange Farm, Lot No. 24, 4th Con. Markham, belonging to Henry Jennings, Esq. Sale at 9 a.m. Gormley, Sanderson & Carter, Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY; OCT., 21.—Farm for Sale by Auction, being West-half of Lot No 17, 2nd Con. Markham, containing 67 acres, the property of Mr. Thomas Teasdall. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, sharp, Gormley & Button, Auctioneers.

SATURDAY, OCT., 24. — Extensive Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, Roots, Wood, &c., on Lot No. 30, 15th Con Markham, at the Parkhill Farm, near Bowman's Mills, the property of Mr Charles Spofford. Sale at 1 o'clock, p.m., sharp, J. Patterson, Auctioneer.

☞ Parties having Sale bills printed at this office, will have a notice similar to the above, free of charge.

## Correspondence.

*To the Editor of the York Herald.*

DEAR SIR:—I beg permission to correct, through your columns, an erroneous statement regarding the operations of the Board of Examiners at Richmondhill, made in last week's *Herald*

The proceedings of the Board are regulated by the By Laws of the County Board of Public Instruction for the County of York, of these, No 11 reads thus, "Examination reports, papers, and certificates of character shall be forwarded to the Clerk of the Board, to be entered on the minutes." In accordance with these instructions, I have always been careful to send the papers mentioned to the Clerk of the Board in Toronto.

At the examination last August, after the names were all taken down, I requested some of the members present to fold the certificates of character, and label each one with the name of the candidate and of the person granting the certificate; they were then carefully tied up with office tape preparatory to being sent to Toronto.

It sometimes occurs that candidates depend upon some member of the Board present to give this certificate of character, and the member who consents to do so makes out the document before the Board separates. In the case of the Richmond Hill Teacher mentioned, this condition may not have been fulfilled, but the exception proves the rule, and it now becomes my duty to have this omission rectified.

Your ob't servant,
GEO. S. J. HILL.

Markham, Oct. 5, 1868.

*To the Editor of the York Herald.*

SIR:—I am yet at a loss to know which title your correspondent is most entitled to, "Anti-Mason" or "Mason;" as I said in my last letter, I think it ought to have been "Mason." I must confess that I feel considerably gratified to find that he, whoever he is, though under a fictious name, should attempt to flatter me as being a pattern for future writers, and after his brief remarks on the gentleman touch, should write such an answer to what he says is a pattern to future writers. But he soon forgets, and ere he gets mid-way in his letter he casts out insinuations which any gentleman would refrain from doing. I must remind him that my name bears no affinity to the finny tribe whatever, and cannot see anything but nonsense in this part of his letter.

I can shew your correspondent where I suffered, and that through injustice. But if I do, he will say the cap fits, which I deny, but does not give me a chance of defending my position; but I will do so, and the majority of the thinking public will see for themselves, at least those of them who read it. I did not say Mason fined me; he, I said, served me with a writ, etc. I engaged an Attorney, and soon found that it was going to cost more to beat him in a law suit than it was going to cost to shut him up, or compromise with him. The question then with me was (as with some others), a matter of pounds, shillings and pence. So I went to see him. I told him he could not prove any such charge against me; his reply was I don't care a d——n, I can get witness to prove any d——d thing I wish them to prove. Under these circumstances I resolved to be out of the clutches of such a villain, and escape a trial which I knew full well I would win, but it was to cost me four times the amount to win, as well as to say nothing of the anxiety of being kept in suspense till this time. I hope "Anti Mason" will be satisfied with that so far as I am concerned, and I assure him that I do not wish to touch it. He says he has not been a Munchausen in perambulation. If he has not, I fancy him a Munchausen in other things. Munchausen was, as you will remember, a man, whom I will not say told lies, but was one who so fearfully stretched the truth that his readers hesitated but little to say that he would receive his portion in a certain lake which ought to be nameless. I do not think, as I said before, that the Act referred to has been seen by any one hanging in a bar-room, let alone bar-rooms, as asserted. If so, why does he not let us know that the same may gladden our eyes who have not seen it. Of course he will say this is ridiculous. He says the statute ought to be provided, which is tantamount to admitting they are not so provided.

Your correspondent taxes me with construing his words into a different meaning in order to get out of a position he fancies I do not feel very comfortable in; which is false. He says I said to the effect that I failed to see a righteous one, in regard to tavern laws. No such thing, his words are as follows:—"And we whose idea of morality has ever led us to hope in any body of persons to find a certain few who have not bowed the knee to Baal, have to look in vain for the righteous one among the Publicans of West York." Such are his words and your readers can take what meaning they chose from them.

With regard to lights in bar-rooms, I have nothing to do with other peoples' business: neither ought "Anti-Mason" to *stoop low enough* to ask; and as to playing cards in any room while people are in church, that is a thing I do not allow at any time, Sunday or week day; and never has a card been turned in my house, to my knowledge, since I kept it, or with the knowledge of any one belonging to me—"that cap does not fit;" but if there are such houses, it would be a good business for "Anti-Mason" to commence operations in, and I am sure I would not blame him.

There are so many remarks which are really so absurd, that I do not think it necessary to comment on them. I will pass by them, and touch on that part of his letter in which he wishes to father another fabrication on me, of which I am not guilty. He says my opponent thinks I am one who has not spent much time in those places I did not say so; he may have been, for aught I know, brought up in one of these dens of iniquity, which he says are necessary evils, and if he was, has he not a chance to be a good man; but I do not keep anything like that.

I flatter myself that most respectable people will say I keep a respectable house, where good liquors are dispensed, and not such as your correspondent must have had served out to him for brandy, and when drinking whiskey had to complain of its being half water. Surely "Anti" likes whiskey yet. As to the rest of this scrawl, I pay no attention. We do not keep houses of his description in West York, where they do such things, or would we know which was the soft end of a poker; but I am sorry to say that some of "Anti's" class ought to become acquainted with the foot of those tavern keepers who did him a kindness to water his whiskey. If they had not done so, it is more than likely that he would have been found where decent people would shrink from going to pick him up, in the gutter, not forty, but twenty rods off, where he got his cargo of one horn.

I must now bid "Anti-Mason" good bye, for I really do not feel that it is worth even the time occupied in replying to a man who dare not come out boldly and lay these charges, but under an assumed name stands behind the scenes, and, like the viper, stings an innocent passer by. I would advise him to adopt some other method of winning such as myself over to his cause, but I fancy I see him at ten o'clock soliloquising to himself, in the language of the poet:—

"Look to thy wretched self,
Ay, art thou not the veriest slave that err,
Crawled on this loathing earth,
Are not thy days of unsatisfying listlessness,
Dost thou not cry, ere night's long rack is o'er,
When will the morning come?"

HENRY HERON.

Thornhill, Oct. 6th, 1868.

### A QUERY—FISH OR FOUL?

'Better a witty fool, than a foolish wit."

SIR:—Your correspondent "Anti-Mason" has again inflicted upon your readers a column and half of heavy reading, on those sinners "Our Tavern Keepers." He must be "a fellow of infinite jest, of most excellent fancy" to perpetrate such a pun as the following: "I confess I have not been a "Munchausen in my perambulations through "creation; yet in my little round of life I "have been far enough from Thornhill to "see a larger *fish* (than?) *Herons*." You will perceive I have italicised the two words by which "Anti Mason" tries to point his joke; I have also inserted the word "than" between parenthesis, for an obvious reason. It may be that your correspondent is not aware that "there is one kind of flesh of men, another of beasts, another of *fishes* and another of *birds*:" or, if he is, how does he account for having perpetrated such a fou(w)l pun as he has attempted in the extract quoted from his letter in your issue of Friday last. "Anti-Mason" calls Herons, fishes; perhaps he would say what kind. I would also take the liberty of further testing your correspondent's ichthyology by requesting him, kindly, to let your readers know in what class of fish he would place his maternal parent's old goose.

Yours,
CHUB.

October 5, 1868.

### LATEST FROM EUROPE.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—A contract for the construction of the underground railroad in New York has been concluded with the English engineers who built the underground Railway in this city, and they expect to enter upon the work at an early day. Mr. W. B. Duncan, who sailed from Liverpool on the steamer Scotia yesterday took out the contract for the approval of the board of directors.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—Marshal Serrano, accompanied by seven generals of the army, entered Madrid to day in triumph. Great preparations were made for his reception. The streets and buildings, public and private, were superbly decorated. A large civic and military procession escorted the generals through the city. The houses sidewalks and public squares along the route of the procession were crowded with citizens, who received Marshal Serrano and the generals with wild enthusiasm. The procession was followed by a parade and review of the National Guard. This was a great patriotic display, and was made the occasion of striking manifestations of the popular will. The troops carried side by side with their flags, banners on which were inscribed "Down with the Bourbons!" "Sovereignty of the People!" "Religious Liberty!" "Free Education!" and other mottoes of a similar character. At the termination of the review Marshal Serrano made a patriotic address to the immense multitude of citizens and soldiers, in the course of which he announced that he had united with General Prim in calling Marshal Espartero, the Duke of Vittoria, to the head of the State. The formation of a new Cabinet has been completed as follows. Marshal Serrano, President; Castello, Minister of Commerce; Topete, Minister of Marine; Aznirre, Minister of Justice; Gen. Prim, Minister of War; Olozaga, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Madez Minister of Finance. Manuel de la Concha has been arrested.

LONDON, Oct. 4—The rumour is current that the success of the revolution in Spain has had the effect of inducing France to make some important concessions to Italy. It is known that the prime minister Menabrea, is expected in Paris, and the supposition is that he comes to conduct the negotiations rendered necessary by the alleged change in the policy of France.

It is rumored that a conspiracy to dethrone Abdul Aziz, the reigning Sultan of Turkey, has been discovered in Constantinople. A number of political arrests have been made there. No further particulars received.

PARIS, Oct. 4.—Queen Isabella has issued a protest against the revolution in Spain. The document argues that the force used by the rebels to depose the Queen does not injure her rights to the throne of Spain, and declares that the acts of a Junta established by violence are not binding on the people.

A rich bachelor, member of the Zangar Club, excused himself from making a protracted visit at a country-house, where many unmarried young ladies, on the ground that although he was a good catch, he could never make a good long stop.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Large diamonds have recently been found in the Orange river district, South Africa.

An inveterate toper, when receiving a lecture from his wife on the subject of his convivial habits, savagely reminded her that woman brought more sin and sorrow into the world by her eating than ever man had done by his drinking.

The Queen of Spain has taken up with another inspired nun, who is said to have miraculous powers and is likely to assume considerable influence ever the Royal mind.

The official return of pauperism and receipts of relief at the end of June shows an increase of above four per cent. in England and Wales compared with the corresponding period last year.

The representatives at Constantinople of all the Great Powers have agreed to demand from the Sublime Porte leave for merchants ships to pass out of the Bosphorus at night.

The health of the unfortunate Empress Charlotte is worse. Her lucid intervals are less frequent and of shorter duration than they were. In the night time she often gets up, turns her bed topsy-turvy, and throws the pillows out of the window.

It is said that Queen Isabella has invested very large sums in secure and profitable stocks in the United States. This shows, at any rate, so much good sense, as that she has had her doubts about the permanence of the state of things in Spain which she preferred and supported. In these days, especially, it is always wise, for absolute princes especially, to prepare for a "rainy day," by investing a goodly amount in some secure and safe way, and in some free country which they may hate in their day of power, but are sure to run to when the inevitable deluge threatens to overwhelm them.—*Globe.*


—* * * SCIENCE VS. IGNORANCE AND HOTTENTOTS

Intelligent agents under pay from Dr. Radway are sent to the following countries to engage the most competent natives to gather and select the vegetable substances used in DR RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. To wit:

Brazil, S. A
Jamaica, W. I.
British India,
Persia and
Japan (By correspondence.)

Some years since it was deemed necessary for the protection of the public against the importation of spurious roots and drugs for Congress to establish an Inspector of Drugs in every port of entry in the United States. But this wise precaution does not prevent the importation of spurious roots, leaves and medicinal herbs. Nearly one half of the Sarsaparillas, Pareira Brava, Peruvian Bark, etc., brought into this country and Europe are spurious, and when prepared for medicinal purposes are, in fact, useless, and fails to produce the beneficial results that the chemist and physician expect to realise. That no such objection may exist and that the public may depend on securing the true roots in the Sarsaparillian Resolvent, Dr. Radway has adopted the plan of gathering the several roots, etc., use in his medicines, under the direct supervision of trusty and intelligent agents.

This is an enterprise never before attempted, and it is one long needed. The loose manner in which vegetable barks, roots, leaves, gums, and other medicinal substances are gathered by ignorant native half savage Hottentots etc., and the practice of these rascals of substituting parcels for the true in selling these roots, etc., to trading houses in our cities, causes many mistakes and often disappoints physicians in prescribing a root possessing known properties in not fulfilling their expectations.

Hence the wisdom and liberality of Dr Radway in adopting a plan that will secure the true and genuine vegetable substances fresh from their native soil, cultivated in gardens and attended with care.

In Brazil he obtains *pareira brava*; Jamaica W. I. sarsaparillan; India K. I. hemodesmus indicus; Persia, the Persian oil is expressed from the amygdalo nut; Japan the three newly discovered roots are grown under contract by a distinguished horticulturists, and the only country where these roots are grown. These Japanese roots are held in high estimation by the Nobles, Daimos and distinguished savans, as purifying agents, also in the cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice, and liver complaints, and are used as tea, after dinner bevarages, and as tonic drinks, diet, mixed in wine, etc. also possess the most astonishing virtues over skin diseases and impurities of the blood. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT is, therefore the most perfect remedy in the world. No wonder the sarsaparillas of the shops are such poor, weak washes compared with Dr Radway's Sarsaparillian. The root itself differs from all sarsaparilla roots ever seen in this country. Those wishing a pure, perfect remedy to cleanse the blood and system from all impurities, try Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Six bottles for $5 will be sent by express


### TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 1. 1868.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, ℔ barrel | $5 40 @ | 6 50 |
| Wheat, ℔ bush | 1 30 @ | 1 45 |
| Spring Wheat, ℔ bush | 1 15 @ | 1 17 |
| Barley, ℔ bush | 1 7 @ | 1 18 |
| Peas, do | 0 93 @ | 0 95 |
| Oats, do | 0 50 @ | 0 55 |
| Hay ℔ ton | 12 00 @ | 15 00 |
| Straw ℔ ton | 7 00 @ | 10 00 |
| Pork mess ℔ bbl | 00 00 @ | 25 00 |
| Butter ℔ lb | 0 23 @ | 0 25 |
| Wool ℔ lb | 0 26 @ | 0 27 |

### New Advertisements.


CALL AND SEE
AT ATKINSON'S ASSORTMENT OF
HATS AND CAPS
IT IS
*NOW COMPLETE*
Richmond Hill, Oct. 8, '68.

THE LEADING HOUSE!
ON
RICHMOND HILL
FOR
MILLINERY GOODS!
Of every description is at
MRS. MYERS'.
Hats and Bonnets trimmed: Felt Hats and Velvet Bonnets. Silk and patent Velvet Velvetteens for Mantles, Flowers Ribbons, Dress trimmings, Buttons, Gloves, the new gored Skirts, Corsets. Also a choice lot of Woolen Goods, Infant's Coats and Caps. Lady's Crossover waists. Neckties Squares, Berlin Wool, and small wares.
Richmond Hill, Oct 8, 1868.

ATKINSON
Has the best assortment of
Fancy Woolen Goods
*NORTH OF TORONTO.*
Richmond Hill, Oct. 8, 1868.

THE CHEAPEST
AND
Largest Stock
OF
BOOTS & SHOES
ON
RICHMOND HILL,
Is to be seen at
W. H. MYERS'
All of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to
GIVE SATISFACTION,
AS HE
*WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.*
Men's Calf boots perfect beauties. [wet
Men's English Kipp boots, warranted to turn
Men's Stagy boots cannot be bet for winter
Ladies's high cut boots, no Lady should be without them.
Lady's Winter Kidd boots perfect gems.
Ladyes Cloth boots, cannot be bet for winter.
Children and Misses' in great variety, and in every style.
Boy's Long and Lace boots of every kind.
Rubbers and Felt over-shoes, shoe pegs.
A call is Earnestly Requested
Richmond Hill, October 8, 1868.

EXTENSIVE
CREDIT SALE
OF
FARM STOCK,
IMPLEMENTS,
Cord Wood, Roots etc.
THE Undersigned is instructed by Mr. CHARLES SPOFFORD, to sell by Public Auction, on Lot No. 30, 5th Con. Markham,
'PARKHILL FARM'
Near Bowman's Mill,
On Saturday, October 24, 1868,
The undermentioned Farm Stock, Implements, Cord Wood, Roots, &c, viz:
1 French Horse, 4 years old
4 Milch Cows, in calf
3 Heifers, 2 year old
3 Heifers, 1 year old
1 Steer, 1 year old
1 Bull,
32 Ewes
1 Waggon, thimble skein
1 Double seated Buggy, pole and shafts
1 Set Bob-sleighs
1 Iron Plough, Jeffrey's
1 Morley Plough
1 Steel mould board Plough, Patterson
1 Set of Harrows, Morrison and Armstrongs'
1 Set of Harrows
1 Roller
1 Cultivator
1 Logging Chain
1 Surveyor's Chain
1 Wheelbarrow, new
600 Bushels of Carrots
100 do Turnips
10 do Potatoes
20 Cords of 4 feet Wood
12 do 2 do do
And various other articles too numerous to mention.
*SALE WITHOUT ANY RESERVE*
TERMS:—For the Cordwood 4 months credit; other property $1 and under Cash; over amount credit of 2 months will be given on furnishing approved joint notes.
Those intending wishing to purchase wood will have to come in the forenoon as part of the wood is on Lot 30 5th Con.
SALE AT 1 O'CLOCK P.M. PRECISELY
J. PATTERSON, Auctioneer
Markham, Oct. 8 1868.

A LARGE STOCK
OF
HOME MADE FLANNEL,
Always on hand at
W. ATKINSON.
Richmond Hill Oct 8, 1868.

HARNESS
HARNESS!
IN EVERY
Variety of Mountings!
AND AS THE
STOCK IS LARGE
WILL BE
SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH!
OR
APPROVED CREDIT.
A call from those who may be in want of a
Good Article
Is Earnestly requested.
Saddles from $10 to $40. Bridles from $1 to $12. Halters in great variety. Brushes of every kind. Curry, Maine and Clinping Combs. Horse Blankets Carriage Whips. Buggy, Riding, Hunting and Team in endless variety.
W. H. MYERS.
Richmond Hill, Oct 8, 1868.


### NOTICE.

THE Administerator of the will of the late Eber White, wishes to notify all those that have claims against the bove estate, to present them for agestment, on or about the third of November next, at his sons residence, Mr. Henry White) Lot No. 26, 1st Con Vaughan: and all those that are owing the same by note or otherwise, are hereby requested to settle the same by that date.

GEORGE INGLIS, *Administeraior.*
Vaughan Oct. 8, '68. 4t


ISN'T IT FUNNY!
HOW
ATKINSON
Can give us so much
For our Money.
Richmond Hill, Oct 8, 1868.

CANADIAN SATINETTS,
AT
40 Cents per Yard
I. CROSB
Richmond Hill, Oct 1, '68. tf

THE
ALMONTE TWEEDS!
Takes the lead
IN CANADA.
Kept only by
W. ATKINSON.
Richmond Hill, Oct 8, 1868.

BARBER'S
ALL WOOL
FULL CLOTH,
SATINETT AND
CANADIAN TWEEDS,
THE largest selection on Richmond Hill, and the cheapest goods, commencing from 40 cts per yard, at
G. A. BARNARD'S.
Richmond Hill, Oct 1, '68. 533-tf


### J. HOLIDAY'S ESTATE.

Last Notice.

THE Executors of the late James Holliday have placed the Books of the Estate in Mr. Teefy's hands for the purpose of having all outstanding accounts collected, by suit or otherwise. Parties indebted will please take notice.

(Signed)
NELSON JOHNSON, } *Executors*
WM. COX, }

October 1st 1868.

### List of Letters

Remaining in the Richmond Hill Post Office, October 1st, 1868.

| | |
|---|---|
| Buck, David | Johns, Elizabeth |
| Bringer, Jacob | Kirby, Nathaniel |
| Burns, James | Morrison, Rev. S. |
| Brown, Alex | Morrison, Janet |
| Boulton, John | Malverna, Rosa |
| Burns, David | Morris, Mrs. |
| Baker, Jacob | McKay, Robert |
| Cameron, Minnie | McGreevy, Catherine |
| Coleman, Mrs. | Newberry, John |
| Creepar, John | O'Grady, Thomas |
| Cober, Peter | Pottage, Mr |
| Craig, William | Pearce, Franklin |
| Chamberlin, Mary | Rumble, John |
| Cooper William | Roe, C. S. |
| Doner, E. (2) | Rumble, George |
| Door, Freedeick | Russel, W. |
| Ever, David | Robinson, Robert |
| Grant, George (4) | Snider Samuel |
| Gould Elizabeth | Taylor, Jacob (2) |
| Harrington, Nettie | Whitehead, John (2) |
| Harrison, W. | Williams, Susen E |
| Hall, R. H. (2) | Wright, Amos M.P (2) |
| Hewett, Robert | Williams, Alfred R. |
| Hares, William | Wright, Mrs H. C. |
| Hislop, John (2) | Wills, Sarah L |
| Hodgins, George | Widover, Chancy |

M. TEEFY, P.M.


HEADFORD MILLS.
THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his numerous customers for the liberal support since he purchased the above Mills; begs to intimate that he has made great improvements and alterations, during the past summer, and he is now prepared to attend to
Gristing & Chopping
At short notice. Parties from a distance may have their Grist home with them, with as little delay as possible
JOHN EYER.
Headford, Sept. 23, 186 , 6-m

CANADIAN SATINETTS
OF
*FIRST RATE QUALITY,*
ONLY
25 Cts Per Yard!
AT
WM. ATKINSON'S
Richmond Hill, Sept. 24, 1868. 532-tf

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY!
TO CONTRACTORS.
The undersigned is instructed by the Government of Canada to inform intending Contractors that early day tenders will be invited for the execution of certain portions of the Intercolonial Railway between River De Loup and Rimouski, in the Province of Quebec; between Truro and Amherst, in the Province of Novia Scotia, and between Dalhousie and Bathurst, in the Province of New Brunswick.
It is intended to let the work in sections or divisions, ranging from 15 to 35 miles, according to the situation and local circumstances
The surveys are now in progress, and in part completed, and the object of this notice is to afford intending Contractors ample opportunity of examining the ground at once
The plans, profiles, specifications, conditions of contract, forms of tender, and other documents required for the information and guidance of contractors, are now being prepared, and when ready, (of which due notice will be given) will be seen at the Railway Engineers' Office, in Halifax, St. John, Dalhousie, Rimouski, River De Loup, and at Ottawa.
SANDFORD FLEMING,
Chief Engineer.
Intercolonial Railway Office.
Ottawa, September 12 1868.


### Take Notice.

ALL Parties indebted to the estate of the Late ROBERT HEWISON, are requested to settle the same, with the Executors, on or before the
SIXTH OF OCTOBER NEXT
And all claims due by the Estate must be presented to the Executors for payment by the above date.
W. H MYERS, } *Executors.*
J. FREEK, }
Richmond Hill, Sept, 17, '68. 2t


*Ringwood Marble Works*
P WIDEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES!
&c. &c. &c.
Call and examine my Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere as you will find it to your interest.
☞ *Issuer of Marriage Licenses.*
Ringwood, Sept. 13, 1867. 479


### NOTICE.

ALL Parties are hereby cautioned against negociating for or purchasing a Note, drawn by me in favor of JACOB HENERICK, for the sum of $22, and endorsed by James Reynar, dated June 16th. 1868, and payable four months after date,—as I have received no value for the same.

NEIL W. McKINNON.
Markham, June 20, 1868.


Notice to Housekeepers.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Fruit Crocks and Jars
ALSO,
Masons Patent Self-sealing Jars.
Cheap for Cash, at
WM. ATKINSON.
Richmond Hill, July 23, 1868.