

Northern Railway of Canada.

Table with 2 columns: Train Name, Time. Includes Richmond Hill Time Table with Mail Train, Express, and Mail services.

New Advertisements.

Hunt for Christmas—H. & A. Newton. Coal Oil—W. S. Pollock. Harness—W. H. Myers. Duplex Elliptic Skirt—J. W. Bradley.

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The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, JAN. 11, 1867.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Monday last was a busy day throughout the length and breadth of Canada West, the free and independent electors of the various Townships and other Municipal corporations, in accordance with the provisions of the new law, exercised the right of electing not only the Councilmen, whose duty it is to manage the local affairs of the various Townships and Villages, but also their chief Magistrates, in the persons of the Reeve and Deputy Reeves, who become ex-officio members of the County Council.

Our readers are aware that the Reeve and two Councilmen, for the township of Vaughan, were declared elected by acclamation on the day of nomination, as no opposition was manifested, therefore it remained only for the electors to select two of the five candidates for the Deputy Reevership; the election was conducted in the most friendly spirit at all the five "election districts" in the Township, with the exception of a brief altercation which arose between one of the candidates and the returning officer of election district No. 1; we learn that the candidate referred to was accused of the returning officer of unfair proceeding, because he refused to allow an elector to vote twice, by recording his vote for one candidate, and, in some time afterwards, came forward and expressed a wish to vote for a second candidate;—if this course was to be allowed, returning officers would be subjected to much annoyance and delay, and there would not be sufficient time left to record half the votes,—we think the returning officer is entitled to credit for his firmness in refusing to allow any voter to come forward a second time and occupy one moment of his attention; electors must think of these things in time, and have their minds made up before they go to the poll; it will save time, and afford all a fair opportunity to discharge the important duty entrusted to them by law, for the general good.

We hope that in future the electors will not allow the opportunity to pass of polling a vote for the Reeve and Councilmen in Vaughan; it is most desirable that the electors should pass judgment upon their fitness for the important trust, and the office itself thereby become the gift of the majority of the electors, and of course more honourable.

The following is the result of the contest for the Deputy Reevership of Vaughan:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Votes. Lists candidates like John Bowman, H. P. Crosby, A. Barker, and Deputy Reeves James Bowman, James Bulton, James Robinson, A. Fenwick.

CONCERNING (first two elected) Wm. Eskin, Robert Marshall, Peter Wilmot, Wm. Plummerfelt, J. Van Lane.

On Wednesday last the third Division Court for the County of York was held here; there were a larger number of suits than usual, and some of the cases were interesting. Among the lawyers present we were glad to see Mr. Henry O'Brien, of Toronto, one of the talented editors of the Law Journal, and Local Courts Gazette. Mr. O'Brien is the author of a valuable work on the Law, Rules, and practice of Division Courts, and is one of the rising men in the profession. He was specially engaged to come out here in this instance, which we trust will not be the last time to attend an important case;—we may add that he succeeded in obtaining a judgment for his client.

A snort from a 3-pounder Whitworth gun has been known to travel a distance of 5 1/2 miles before grazing. It is said that English speculators are buying up the milk on the Continent, reducing it by a drying process to powder, importing it to England and mixing it with water for use.

elect by a small majority, and that was in consequence of a feeling of sympathy for his having slipped and fell, his head striking on a stone, giving rise to a rumour that some ruffian had attempted to kill him—we are inclined to believe it was the result of an accident.

Mechanics' Institute Lecture.

On Tuesday evening last we attended the Mechanics' Institute, for the purpose of spending 'an hour with the poets,' in company with the Rev. J. H. McCollum, B.A., of Trinity College Dublin; the audience was not so large as it might have been, but those who were present participated in an intellectual treat, such as is seldom offered for our enjoyment. The Reverend gentleman commenced his lecture by some eloquent and just comments upon Byron's poetry, and read some beautiful selections from that poet's choicest productions. We felt ourselves enraptured while we listened to Mr. McCollum's reading of portions of 'Childe Harold,' and the more beautiful and chaste portions of 'Don Juan';—his recitation of one of H. Kirke White's poems was a most happy effort; after paying a passing tribute to the memory of Scott, Ramsay and a variety of other poets, whose names are immortalized by the 'creations' of their genius, the lecturer made a few selections from Moore, the Bard of Ireland, among others were portions of his 'Paradise and the Peri,' the 'veiled Prophet of Khorassan,' from Moore's 'Lalla Rookh';—also the beautiful verses 'O breath not his name,'—which refer to the fate of the gifted but unfortunate young Emmet, whose name lives in history. Samuel Lover's 'Songs of Ireland,' were also happily introduced, and one or two pleasing selections read. We feel grateful to Mr. McCollum for having travelled from Aurora to contribute so fruitfully to the enjoyment of his Richmond Hill friends, which has not been the first or second time, and we most sincerely trust, will not be the last. We mean no flattery by saying that we cannot permit the present opportunity to pass without mentioning that he displayed good taste and judgment in the selections he made,—he gave evidence of a well-stored and most retentive memory, while his eloquent remarks were calculated to electrify his audience; we could have sat and listened to him with intense interest for hours had he continued; 'old Trinity' was a worthy representative, and Ireland a warm-hearted son, in the Rev. J. H. McCollum.

Markham Agricultural Society

The annual meeting of the Markham Agricultural Society, was held at Sites Hill Unionville on Tuesday Jan. 8th 1867. H. C. Marr, President, in the chair, meeting called to order, and the books opened, for the names of members for the year 1867. The President called upon the Secretary to read the annual report. After being read it was adopted on motion made by Mr. James Bowman seconded by Dr. Eckardt. The following named gentlemen were elected: For President James Yrum Esq., for Vice President Wm. Padgett, James Speight Secretary and Treasurer, re-elected.

Mr. Rennie stated that the Editor of the York Herald would be pleased to print the report and minutes of societies meetings gratis. The Editor of Markham Economist making the same offer, it was resolved the Secretary do send reports to those Journals. A vote of thanks was tendered to the Board of Directors for their services during the past year, after which a very animated discussion arose on a proposition to organize a Farmers Club in the Township. The suggestion was received with much favour, and a great deal of interest was manifested by those present. An effort will be made to organize a Farmers Club, at the close of the annual meeting of East Riding of York Agricultural Society.

JAS. SPEIGHT Sec. & Treas.

Division Court.

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Annual School Meeting.

On Wednesday the late payers of Union School Section No. 3 of Markham, and No. 4 of Vaughan, assembled at the School House, Richmond Hill, to transact the usual business required by law, which was disposed of in regular order, and most harmoniously; Dr. Duncumb was re-elected as Trustee; Mr. Robert H. Hall was chosen Auditor of School accounts, and the School was declared free for the current year, after polling 37 votes for a free School, and 15 for a rate-bill.

How to Stock a Farm.

BEAT IT IF YOU CAN. A Cow belonging to William Denton, Parnassus Hill, has given birth to four Heifer Calves inside of ten months; the first two were calved on the 15th of March 1866, and are healthy and strong; the second pair was calved on the 5th of January 1867. This is one of the freaks of nature we seldom hear about.

Correspondence.

Newmarket Election.

To the Editor of the York Herald. SIR:—A combination of whiskey, bribery, intimidation, and slanders have made the brother of Dr. Robert Hunter, of the one farthing libel suit, Reeve of Newmarket. A man without any interest in or claims on Newmarket has been elected over a gentleman whose whole interest are identified with the village. Perhaps your readers may be interested in the various causes which have led to this most extraordinary contest. Your remarks last week about Messrs McMaster and Hunter, true as everybody knows them to be, caused their party to be perfectly wild,—they called a meeting "to refute the slander!" how they succeeded I never heard—it sufficed me to see, with my own eyes, the Era of the date from which the extracts are taken.

I wish to avoid personalities as much as possible but it is justifiable to allude to one of the wonderful somersaults that have taken place. Dr. Hunter has a brother living here, a man in whom "the milk of human kindness" flows slowly, if at all. Until within the last two weeks it was his custom ever in conversation with perfect strangers to designate his brother (the Doctor) as one of the worst in this wicked world,—indeed the thing became quite a nuisance, everybody he saw, was afflicted with a recital of the family wrongs—then came a change, and all those who unfortunately were in the hands of Mr. Edwin Hunter were led to vote for the Dr.

Mr. McMaster fought a desperate game, and let the credit of the victory, if there be any credit, be given to him. He and Dr. Hunter for some weeks, day and night, to use an expressive term, "on the jump," whiskey, oysters, and beer were freely given to the "independent"—this, too, by the party supported for their morality and sobriety!

Men serving on his committee, never before suspected of being in affluence, during this election had plenty of funds; money seemed to them valueless, excepting so far as to buy up the wavering and venal.

Now for the finishing stroke "on the morning of the election, at half past five o'clock, Dr. Hunter was leaving his own house when somebody came behind and hit him on the back of the head with a hammer,—this was the story put forth; the cool blooded murder was immediately laid at the door of the Boulbee party, a capital dodge, truly! For dodge, ninety-nine out of a hundred, nor believe it to be. It is asserted by a highly respectable man, who was very soon on the spot, that there were no foot marks on the newly fallen snow, to show where the assassin had come and gone. I am ashamed of the veridancy of mankind, and acknowledge that the vote answered, and some recorded their votes in favour of their martyrs to the blood thirstiness of his opponents. The truth is I believe that Dr. Hunter fell on leaving his own house, but the opportunity was too good of making capital out of it to be lost—if it was a dodge, a more contemptible and blackguardly trick was never played. To an unprejudiced mind three points were very strong against Dr. Hunter, namely: the candour (?) with which he repeated private conversations having no interest in Newmarket excepting the small house he occupies; and, lastly, his supposed determination of removing, to Chicago if not elected.

P.S. Since the above was written, it is stated that Dr. Hunter really was hit, yet I assert that it was the opinion of many yesterday that such was not the case, it does not affect the serious charge made by Dr. Hunter's friends that the cowardly attack was urged by Mr. Boulbee or his party. A reward is offered for the apprehension of the guilty, a portion of the amount granted by the old Council, all strong appointment of Dr. Hunter.

Yours L. P. Newmarket, Jan. 9, 1867.

It has been decided in one of the French courts, that to call a woman a "female" is to insult her, and is fineable.

GOLD INTELLIGENCE.

Although the weather has been remarkably mild for the past few days, and there is but very little snow on the ground at present, the winter is now so far advanced that there is little temptation for strangers to come here just now from a distance, and there is consequently some falling off in the number of arrivals. In the absence of new discoveries of gold, excitement is likely to be kept up by legal proceedings. The Chronicle says, in reference to the change in the ownership of the Richardson mine, 'we have little doubt that an assertion made by a legal friend of ours, that a company of lawyers intended to open up and work the Richardson mine, will be fully realized.' The above confirms what we hinted at last week. Indeed, it is rumored that the legal fight for the golden spoils has already commenced, and that writs have been served on Messrs Nichols, Austec, and St. Charles, as well as Messrs Richardson and Powell, on behalf of Mr. Johnson. So the 'Richardson Mine' is, or is likely to get, into Chancery, which seems as if it is worth quarrelling about. We have heard, also, that Mr. Peter Gonsulov, after spending considerable labor and money in digging out what he supposed to be his own land, finds, on the line being run between him and the adjoining lot on the west, that he was out in his calculations about some four feet. There is more than one claimant to the lot on which the mine is situated.—Madoc Mercury.

Mr. Billa Flint on the Gold Discoveries.

Mr. Billa Flint has written to the Belleville Intelligencer, from which we extract the following: "That gold has been found in more places than the Richardson mine, there can be no doubt, and the difference ranges of country in which it has been found shows clearly that it is not confined to one particular ridge of rock, or to any particular bearing of the compass. "It is not necessary for me to repeat the names of the various localities where specimens of gold have been already found, as these are already before the public. I may, however, speak of gold found in my own locality, and in no less than three different places within four miles in one day. On lot No. 3, in 4th concession of Elzevir, close to Bridgewater, we found a fair show of flour of gold in two places some distance apart—one near the axle factory, and the other on higher ground, both of which I had tested in my presence, twice from each place taken out of the earth, the one about four feet from the surface, the other about nine feet. Since these shows other gold has been found in the same places, so that there can be no doubt that gold is at Bridgewater. The lateness of the season prevents development to a sufficient extent to enable me to state that it will be found in paying quantities. The third place is four miles from Bridgewater, on lot 4, 5th con. of Madoc. This show was also flour gold, and was taken from a crevice between quartz rocks, and from two handfuls of earth produced a fair show of gold. "I may also mention that some time before these discoveries we obtained a small quantity of gold from crushed quartz rock east of the river, but the water being very high, no fair chance of working down could be had before next season. Some seven years ago my men four in quarrying stone some small quantities of quartz in which a fair show of gold was to be found, and in another part of the village other specimens were found in quartz which led me to the belief that there was gold to be found in paying quantities between Bridgewater and Flinton, and that a vein or belt of gold ran across the country from the direction of Georgian Bay down back of Kingston, and following the rocky ridges that run in the ocean. "When the Richardson mine was discovered I at once took from the map the bearings, and found that, if it really extended across the country, as I had before supposed it would, that I had not been half a mile astray in my calculations. The lateness of the season prevented me from making examinations, or, as the miners say, "prospecting," to find out whether my opinion was likely to prove correct. I shall test the question in the spring, and have no doubt of my success."

The Tribune says—A few days since we announced that James Stephens, the C. O. I. R., had not left for Ireland, but was still in this city, and now we have to chronicle a statement was made in a fair show of gold was to be found, and in another part of the village other specimens were found in quartz which led me to the belief that there was gold to be found in paying quantities between Bridgewater and Flinton, and that a vein or belt of gold ran across the country from the direction of Georgian Bay down back of Kingston, and following the rocky ridges that run in the ocean. "When the Richardson mine was discovered I at once took from the map the bearings, and found that, if it really extended across the country, as I had before supposed it would, that I had not been half a mile astray in my calculations. The lateness of the season prevented me from making examinations, or, as the miners say, "prospecting," to find out whether my opinion was likely to prove correct. I shall test the question in the spring, and have no doubt of my success."

Shipbuilding Trade.—It is stated that chiefly through trade unions and strikes there are at present 27,000 London operatives out of work connected with shipbuilding. At the same time French engineers have got off from us contracts for foreign ships of war, and the business is moving from the Thames to the Clyde.

MEXICO.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A despatch from Galveston, Jan. 5, says the Rio Grande Courier of the 23rd December is received. Escobedo had not been captured or hung, as reported, but was on his way to Monterey on the 25th. The Liberals were evacuating San Luis Potosi, and approaching Monterey.

JAMES STEPHENS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—At a convention of Centres and Delegates last evening, Head Centres were declared to be an excluded humberg, and Gen. Gleason was elected to his vacated position of Central Organizer of the Irish Republic.

A Locomotive boiler wears with four times the rapidity of a stationery one.

The London Telegraph has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in the world—155,000. Saltash is peculiarly famous for its feminine rowers. If you want a boat on the Tamar, you must be content to be rowed by women; the men too indolent. I have seen the women null at Saltash regatta, and can speak well of their powers. As the yachts left Sandy Hook on the 11th instant, at 1 p.m., the Henrietta took apparently 14 days and 4 1/2 hours. The despatch puts it at 13 days, 22 hours, which difference is accounted for by the variation in London and New York time.—Globe.

According to Sir John Bowring more than 30,000 words have been added to the recognized vocabulary since the appearance of Johnson's Dictionary. Up to the end of 1864, the capital expended on railways in the United Kingdom amounted to £425,432,000—a sum exceeding half the national debt.

Latest from Europe.

Constantinople, Jan. 7.—Official accounts from Candia announce that the insurrection has been fully suppressed and no armed opposition to the Turkish government now exists, except by a few straggling foreigners, who have escaped to the mountains.

Toulon, Jan. 7.—All the transports destined to Vera Cruz to bring back the French army now in Mexico have sailed. They are under convoy of heavily laden ironclads to protect the fleet from anticipated trouble from privateers, alleged to have been put afloat by the Liberal Government of Mexico.

BERLIN, Jan. 7.—By the incorporation of a portion of Poland with Prussia, the Polish nationality is obliterated.

LIVRPOOL, Jan. 7, evening.—The markets for breadstuffs ruled quiet and steady to-day; prices unchanged.

LONDON, Jan. 8, noon.—The Times of this morning says upon good authority that Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister at Washington, has been instructed to ascertain whether the United States Government will submit the Alabama claims to arbitration, provided certain points for arbitration are agreed upon previously.

LONDON, Jan. 8, noon.—The Daily News of this morning, in a leading article, denounces the project for a reform demonstration by the presentation of mass petitions.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The election for members of the new German Parliament has been ordered to take place on the 12th of February next.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8, noon.—Cotton opened quiet; middling uplands quoted at 15d.

PARIS, Jan. 8, noon.—The French fleet in Mexican waters have been directed to remain there so as to collect customs duties.

Advices have just been received here from Corea, stating that the French troops have burned the palace and Government houses at Kanghow. All negotiations with the Koreans had failed.

FLORENCE, Jan. 8, noon.—It is reported that Garibaldi will give his aid to the Greek movement as regards Candia if the revolt in that Island lasts a fortnight longer.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8, noon.—Middling gulf cotton, 15 1/2d to 15 3/4d; market for goods and yarns at Manchester is with out quotable change.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Reports from Hong Kong state that the French fleet in Corea is about to leave those waters for the winter, without being able to obtain adequate redress from Cochin China.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 8.—Manufacturing interests are dull. Orders limited. Middling uplands 15d.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8, evening.—Breadstuffs remain quiet. Corn is quoted at from 42s to 42s 6d. per quarter.

FIRE NEAR LONDON.—The "COVE INN" BURNED DOWN.—A special despatch from London states that about four o'clock yesterday morning (8th), the building known as the "Cove Inn" on the St. Thomas road, about a mile from this city, was totally destroyed by fire. The building was insured in the Queen's Assurance Company for one thousand dollars, which fully covers the loss. It was no doubt set on fire.

CREOSOTE, Jan. 8, 11:30 p.m.—Satisfactory tests have been made here, to-night, with the new gas manufactured from wood and bone, by Buxley's patent, in the presence of Mr. Beaudry, Manager of the Montreal Gas Works, and Mr. Perry from Ottawa and other gentlemen. The streets are brilliantly illuminated with it. These tests demonstrate that the new gas is equal to the very best coal gas, and that the material and expense of manufacturing it cost very much less. Experiments are still progressing, but full particulars cannot be pro cured to-night owing to the lateness of the hour.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity, Price. Lists items like Flour, Wheat, Corn, and other market goods with their respective prices.

MERE PURGATIVES USELESS IN BILIOUS DISEASES.

The saline and other simple cathartic are worse than useless in bilious diseases. They cannot control the liver, or eliminate bile from the blood, or reach any of the causes of functional irregularities. Their operation is merely mechanical. They produce no radical changes, and have not the slightest effect upon any of the secret organs except, perhaps, to irritate them. How diametrically different is the action of Radway's Regulating Pills. They produce a wholesome, yet painless, revolution in the condition of the liver, stomach, and bowels. Every secretion is favorably affected by their searching, disincrustant, and tonic properties. They not only discharge the corrupt humors from the system, but arrest the diseased functional action which generated them. In all bilious complaints they are the one thing needful.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Siminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any of you need it, Free of Charge. Please enclose an envelope addressed to yourself. Address: JOSEPH T. INMAN, Stratton D. Bristle House, New-York City.

It is stated that the Prince Imperial of France nearly invariably appears in High land costume, and is getting on wonderfully with his English studies. He received as a present the other day from his father's complete edition of the works of Charles Dickens.

New Advertisements.

H. & A. NEWTON have on hand a large quantity of GOOD FRESH Broomfield Boots which they well sell for 15 cents per lb. Elgin Mills, Jan. 11 '67.

NOTICE!

A REDUCTION MADE AT W. H. MYERS. Men's Long Boots... \$2 25. The assortment of Men's, Women, Boys, Washes and Children's Boots and Shoes, is large and will be sold at remarkably LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

COTTAGE & GARDEN TO BE LET OR SOLD.

THE most family Cottage and extensive Garden, lately the abode of the late Miss Sarah Cashner's 1 acre acre. Terms low—from a purchaser yearly payment will be taken. Apply to I DUNCOMB Esq., M.D. Richmond Hill Jan. 2nd 1867.

Great Reduction in Coal Oil!

IN consequence of having struck Oil, or something else in Markham, we can now supply the public with a Pure Good Burning Oil at 1s 8d per Gal. Best Canadian Refined Oil at 2s per gal. Best Pennsylvania Rock Oil at 2s 6d per gal. not surpassed, at W. S. Pollock's, late 9. A. BARNARD. Richmond Hill, Dec. 12, 1866.

MYERS' \$10 SILVER HARNESSES BEAT IN CANADA. LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT Duplex Elliptic SKIRT. The Wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Opera, Railroad Cars, Church Seats, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small space as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Mull Dress, an invaluable quality in crinolines, not found in any single Spring Skirt.

A Lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others. They will not bend or break like the Single Skirt, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary Skirts will have been worn aside as useless. The Hoops are covered with Double & Twisted Thread, and the Bottom Hoops are not only double Springs, but twice (or double) covered preventing them from wearing out when dragging down steps, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashionable Magazine, as the Standard Skirt of the Fashionable World. To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinolines, viz Superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, acquire for J. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article. CAUTION.—To guard against imposition be particular to NOTICE that skirts offered by "Dunlop" have the red ink stamp, viz. "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Skirt," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.

For Sale in all Stores where First Class skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere. Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the patent. WESLEY BRADLEY & CO. 97 Chambers & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y.