

Northern Railway of Canada

RICHMOND HILL, TIME TABLE

MOVING NORTH.

Mail Train..... 7:55 A. M.

Express..... 8:50 P. M.

MOVING SOUTH.

Express..... 8:14 P. M.

Mail..... 9:30 A. M.

New Advertisements.

Dear on McDuff down with the gauntlet—G. A. Barnard.

Wood Wanted—Phenix Foundry

Cil Oil, Oil—G. A. Barnard

I've found it—W. H. Myers

Tremendous Bargains—W. H. Myers

Cheap Hames—W. H. Myers

Bradford Foundry—L. Butterfield

Fire Fire—P. Gosly.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR

The York Herald, \$1.00 a year

The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, OCT. 5, 1866

Our Municipal Elections.

Without desiring to expose our selves to the charge of egotism, we believe we can claim credit, from the readers of the *Herald*, for being the first to make known to the public the various provisions of the new Municipal Act, in so far as it applies to Townships. As we said on a former occasion, we now repeat, that we were indebted to the courtesy of Amos Wright Esq., the faithful representative of East York, for an advance copy of the Act, by which we were enabled to call the attention of our readers to the changes made by the new law, which will materially affect the various Townships in the County of York, inasmuch as that the election of representatives for each Ward in a Township, will, with the expiration of the current year, cease—and the electors will have the right to vote for candidates for Reeve, Deputy Reeve and three Councillors, and, if there is a sufficient number of electors on the roll to warrant it, (one thousand) there will be an additional Deputy Reeve, (and one councillor less), keeping the number of representatives in a Township at five, as heretofore, but giving an increased representation in the County Council; this is an important change in our Municipal system, and is deserving of the attention of every well wisher of the country.

We have faith in the patriotism of the farmers, mechanics and electors of the County of York generally, and feel confident that they will exercise their best judgment in entering upon the new era in our Municipal Government, and will prove by their selections that they fully appreciate the glorious privileges they enjoy, and which are still further, to be enlarged in three months hence.

By the new Act the electors of Townships, Incorporated Villages and Police Villages will be called, by the proper authority, to meet on the last Monday but one in December, (which will be the 24th) for the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the offices of Reeve, Deputy (or Deputies,) and councillors, and if more than the necessary number of candidates are proposed, and a poll is demanded, the chairman of the meeting will have to adjourn the proceedings until the first Monday in January, when a poll or polls will be opened at nine o'clock in the morning, and shall continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon, and no longer; thus requiring that all the votes shall be polled in one day, instead of two days as heretofore. The subsequent proceedings do not require notice here, which simply consist of the usual casting up of the number of votes polled, and declaration of the names of the successful candidates.

In this connection we have a few suggestions to offer to electors, which, we trust, will not be considered out of place; in years past, we are aware, that lines of party demarcation has been drawn, in making choice of Township Councillors, by which means men have so pulled the wires as to obtain seats at the Council board that never should have been placed in the position to expose their infirmities,—it is to be hoped that under the new regime this will get its quietus; strong party proclivities are the bane of our country, kept up by designing men to accomplish their own ends, and gain positions for which they are not qualified either by natural or acquired ability,—as for whig or tory, conservative or reformer, we are at a loss, now, to know where to find the dividing line, which is supposed to exist between them, in so far as the political economy of our country is concerned;—we want men of worth, and possessed of a moderate share of intelligence, to represent us, that, when they take their seats, they will not throw the burden of their duties upon others,—we mean that each and every one of them should be capable of drawing up their own resolutions, and

not be subject to the jeers of the great unwashed, who assemble to witness the monthly proceedings of the Councils.

In selecting candidates for the important position of Reeve and Deputies, we do hope that great care will be taken,—the office will now become second only to that of member of Parliament, and is, in reality, of greater significance to the rate payers, on account of the direct powers they will exercise in our local affairs;—in making these selections, it is most desirable that they should be men who are popularly known as being possessed of the essential qualifications calculated to reflect credit upon the constituencies they will be called upon to represent,—we have such men, they are to be found in every township, and if the electors will but make a proper use of the privileges granted them by the Legislature, we anticipate a state of things, in the Municipal affairs of the County of York, that will be admitted to be vast improvement.

We are not authorized to suggest the names of any individuals in view of the nominations that will come up,—nor would we presume to say who the electors should select, but we simply say, from ourselves individually, as a ratepayer of the Township in which we reside, that it would give us sincere pleasure to know that Mr. J. W. Gamble would consent to be nominated as the chief Magistrate of the Township of Vaughan. We need hardly say that he is eminently qualified by his business habits, his education, and high social position, to reflect credit upon the constituency. The new law very properly provides that candidates must be either residents, or shall reside within two miles of the Municipality which they desire to represent—this, as we said last week, deprives us of the future candidature of Mr. H. S. Howland. We do not know that Mr. Gamble has any desire to become a candidate, but if he would consent, we have no hesitation in saying that we believe it would be conducive to the interests of the Township of Vaughan to make an effort to secure his services.

Is Blackguardism to be in the Ascendant?

Although we do not consider it to be a part of the duty of a public journalist to comment upon the conduct of individuals, so long as the evil results are confined to themselves alone,—it can hardly be denied that when the wrong doing becomes a source of annoyance to their neighbors, it amounts to the enormity of a public nuisance, and calls for the earnest condemnation of every member of the community who feels an interest in preserving order and protecting the lives and property of our citizens. Our attention has been frequently called, of late, to a band of young scoundrels that infest our village, and conduct themselves in a most disreputable manner; as soon as a night sets in these boys assemble together and conduct themselves most disgracefully, by insulting the young and old, in every describable way, and frequently commit acts of vandalism, by the destruction of property and perpetrating all sorts of tricks, calculated to cause the peaceable and orderly to be apprehensive of danger. Now, we have a few words of advice to offer to those young vagabonds who go prowling about at night, robbing gardens, breaking windows, and otherwise injuring property,—as well as making the village hideous with their shouting, blasphemy, and obscene and filthy language. A stop must be put to the nuisance, at once, and the strong arm of the law must be stretched out to shield the inhabitants from its continuance;—the names of the parties are known, and will receive an unenviable prominence at our hands if they do not give heed to this remonstrance; this may be painful to their parents, but it will have to be resorted to. The neighborhood cannot put up with such vagabondism any longer, and if home influence is such as to have no power in abating the evil, the scapels must be applied, and severe remedies resorted to, in order to remove the growing cancer.

It is painful to be compelled to say so much on this disagreeable subject, but the fact is that so many have become sufferers by the nightly depredations of those bad boys, that we feel it to be our duty to speak plain, and give them another friendly admonition;—if they will not desist, a public meeting will have to be called and measures adopted to get the machinery of the law in motion, to protect our persons and property from insult and injury.

Sheep and Dogs.

In order that our readers may become familiar with the law, as recently amended, in regard to the tax on dogs, and for the better protection of sheep, we have transferred it to our columns. The Member for East York is entitled to the credit of having looked after the interests of farmers generally by securing them against loss from the depredations which so frequently befall their flocks; as a practical farmer, he was in a position to understand what was required to remedy an evil so generally felt,—and from what we have learned from those who have carefully examined the Bill, it meets the wants of the country, inasmuch as it will protect farmers from loss, and we recommend our readers to give it a careful perusal.

East Riding of York Fall Fair.

The East Riding of York and the Township of Markham held their annual Exhibition on Wednesday and Thursday, the 3rd and 4th instants.—The weather was all that could have been wished for the occasion, and at an early hour large numbers of visitors were to be seen flocking to the center of attraction. Articles exhibited were numerous and of first quality. We noticed some splendid carriages, wagons, ploughs, harrows and many other articles of Markham Village manufacture. They speak well of those firms from which they come, and we would say to those who need such in advertising phrase "go and inspect before purchasing elsewhere."

The interior of the building which contains the farming produce and works of fine art was far from full, but very good. To make any comments with justice on the various things exhibited in this department, after having taken but a passing glance at them would be impossible.

Rather a novel thing in connexion with this kind of show, and one which created much amusement, was a prize awarded for the best lady equestrian. Four young ladies entered the ring and went through the performance to the admiration of all present, and as to whom the prize should be given, we could only say with one who stood near "all ought to have one."

For the fifty dollar prize to the best Band three competed, one was composed of father and his three children, sizes small smaller, smallest. We hope in addition to the large organ of tune which the family must possess they will carry home the prize, but having no ear for music ourselves we must leave the merits of their *Urania* for others to decide.

There were no cattle on the ground on the first day, but the second presented a fine display of all kinds from a "wee pig" to a great "big horse."

To add to the scene Buttons Troop were out in full dress, and presented a fine soldierly appearance as they went through with movements under their commander.

The Barric Examiner.

It affords us infinite pleasure to perceive the improvement made by our co-temporary of Baris, it is increased in size, and bears evidence of talent and energy; the mechanical part is creditable as is also that of the editorial department. We congratulate the Examiner on his improved appearance, and trust he will derive the advantages to which his energy and ability give him a fair claim.

New Fall Goods.

We direct attention to the large advertisement of Mr. G. A. Barnard. He has positively the largest and most varied Stock of Goods he has ever shown on Richmond Hill. Mr. B. is a thorough business man and appreciates the benefits of a local paper, by advertising extensively.—His prices are moderate and all are invited to call and examine his assortment.

Correspondence.

School Matters Again.

To the Editor of the York Herald.

Sir,—Our Schools have been shut up for another week; it is not two months since they were shut up for six months, and in about two months more they will be shut up again for other two weeks. It appears to me that the Trustees manage very badly,—between wasting the School monies in purchasing Bunk Stock, and paying Teachers high salaries for shutting up the Schools for nearly three months in the year. I am of opinion that it is time something was done in the shape of amendment.

CÆSAR.

October 3, 1866.

Mr. Atkinson of this village has transferred his "Emporium to Mr. J. K. Falconbridge old stand.

A few days ago, a man of about 50 presented himself at one of the police stations of the third arrondissement, at Paris, and begged to be arrested, as he was out of his mind. He was recognized as a wanderer of the neighbourhood, and was conducted before the Commissary of Police. He seemed in some excitement, and a sum of over 2,500 francs was found on his person. He was afterwards delivered up to his friends.

The following curious typographical error occurs in a last week's *Daily Globe*. A sentence in the description of the Exhibition reads as follows:—"She saddle horses were an elegant company; several of them looking like promising candidates for racing honours."

A west-country newspaper, which is generally remarkable for the ability and care with which it is edited and compiled, supplies a wonderful anticlimax, and refers to the subject of a recent execution for murder thus:—"For the safety of society it is impossible mercy can be extended to him (the condemned) in this world; beyond that, the province of the jurists is not extend."

Penianism is about to enter on a new phase in its history, we are informed that another philanthropic scheme has loomed up in the Fenian horizon. For the future we suppose raids into Mexico, to free its people from the tyranny of the French will be the duty-valve for the ebullition of the extra expansion of Fenian republicanism.

An Act to amend and consolidate the Act to impose a tax on Dogs, and to provide for the better protection of sheep in Upper Canada.

Whereas it is expedient to amend and consolidate the Act chapter thirty-nine of the twenty-ninth Victoria, intitled, "An Act to impose a tax on dogs and to provide for the better protection of sheep in Upper Canada;" Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. The Act passed in the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's reign, and chapter thirty-nine, intitled, "An Act to impose a tax on dogs, and to provide for the better protection of sheep in Upper Canada," is hereby repealed.

2. There shall be levied annually in every Municipality in Upper Canada, upon the owner of each dog therein, an annual tax of one dollar for each dog, and two dollars for each bitch:

3. The assessor or assessors of every Municipality at the time of making their annual assessment, shall enter on their roll opposite the name of every person assessed, and shall enter opposite the name of every resident inhabitant not otherwise assessed, being the owner of any dog or dogs, the number by him or her owned or kept, in a column prepared for the purpose.

4. The owner or keeper of any dog, shall when required by the assessor, deliver to him in writing the number of dogs owned or kept, whether one or more, and for every neglect or refusal to do so, and for every false statement made, shall incur a penalty of five dollars, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace for the Municipality, with costs.

5. The collector's rolls shall contain the name of persons entered on the assessment rolls with the tax hereby imposed, in a separate column, and the collector shall proceed to collect the same and at the same time and with like authority make returns to the Treasurer of the Municipality, in the same manner and subject to the same liability for paying over the same in all respects to the Treasurer as in the case of other taxes levied in the municipality.

6. The moneys so collected and paid to the Clerk or Treasurer of any Municipality, shall constitute a fund for satisfying such damages as may arise in any year, from dogs killing or injuring sheep or lambs in such municipality, and the residue, if any, shall form part of the assets of the municipality for the general purposes thereof; but the fund shall be supplemented when necessary in any year to pay charges on the same to the extent of the amount which may have been applied to the general purposes of the municipality.

7. The owner or keeper of any dog, shall kill, wound or otherwise injure any sheep or lamb, shall be liable for the value of such sheep or lamb to the owner thereof, without proving notice to the owner or possessor of such dog, or knowledge by him, that his dog was mischievous or disposed to kill sheep.

8. The owner of any sheep or lamb that may have been killed or injured by any dog, may apply to any two Justices of the Peace for the County, who shall enquire into the matter of complaint and examine such owner and his witnesses (if any) upon oath, and if satisfied that such sheep or lamb had been killed or injured by any dog, and if upon the evidence produced, the Justices shall be satisfied as to whom such dogs belong, or by whom such dogs were kept, such owner or owners if more than one, shall be liable to pay the amount of damages proved to have been sustained by such owner of the sheep or lamb killed or injured by the owner, or if more than one, owners of such dogs, equally upon the order and decision of the Justices before whom the complaint was made, and each Justice shall have authority to summon witnesses and to enforce payment of damages and costs by distress and sale in the manner provided by chapter one hundred and three of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, respecting the duties of Justices of the Peace out of session in relation to summary conviction and orders either partly or wholly having the right to appeal by-law provided in cases of summary conviction.

9. If the party injured shall make oath that upon diligent search and enquiry he has not been able to discover the owner or keeper of the dogs by which such damage or injury has been done, or shall fail to recover the amount of damages or injury adjudged from the owner or keeper of such dogs, if known for want of distress, the Justices before whom the complaint was made, shall certify to the facts that such owner cannot be found, or that if known, there were no goods found upon which to levy the same, and the amount of damages by them adjudged, and upon the production of the certificate of such Justices to the effect aforesaid, being served upon or left with the clerk of the Municipality, it shall be the duty of such clerk to lay the same before the Municipal Council at its next meeting; and in such cases the Municipal Council shall issue its order on the Treasurer for the amount of the damages appearing by the certificate of the Justices of the Peace to have been sustained by the owner of any sheep or lamb killed or injured by dogs, and such amount shall be paid by the Treasurer from and out of the fund constituted by the sixth section of this Act, and from no other fund whatsoever; Provided always that if after such damages shall have been paid by the Treasurer as aforesaid, the owner or keeper of any such dog shall afterwards be identified and proved, it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Municipality to make complaint before a Justice of the Peace for the County, who shall summon such reputed owner, and any two Justices of the Peace shall proceed to try the case determine the same in the manner provided by the eighth section of this Act for compelling the owners of dogs killing or injuring sheep or lambs to pay the damages.

10. If after receiving the amount of such damages from the Treasurer of the Municipality, the owner of the sheep or lambs so killed or injured shall recover the value thereof, or any part of such value from the owner or keeper of any dog, he shall refund and repay to the Treasurer of the Municipality the sum so received from him, and it shall be the duty of the clerk of the Municipality to bring an action against such owner to recover such amount and such amount when recovered shall form part of the fund constituted by the sixth section of this Act.

11. Any person may kill any dog which he may see worrying or wounding any sheep or lamb.

12. The owner or keeper of any dog to whom notice shall be given, of any injury done by his dog to any sheep or lamb, or of his dog having chased or worried any

sheep or lamb, shall within forty eight hours after such notice, cause such dog to be killed, and for every neglect so to do, he shall forfeit a sum of two dollars and fifty cents, and a further sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents, for every forty-eight hours thereafter until such dog be killed; provided that it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Justices of the Peace, before whom such suit shall be brought for the recovery of such penalties, that such dog has worried or otherwise injured such sheep or lamb; and provided also, that no such penalties shall be enforced in cases in which it shall appear to the satisfaction of such Justices of the Peace, that it was not in the power of such owner or keeper to kill such dog.

13. In cases where parties have been assessed for dogs and the Township Collector has failed to collect the taxes authorized by this Act, he shall report the same under oath to any Justice of the Peace, and such Justice may order such dogs to be destroyed.

14. Every Justice of the Peace shall be entitled to charge such fees in cases of prosecutions under this Act as it is lawful for him to do in other cases within his jurisdiction, and shall make the returns usual in cases of conviction, and also a return in each case to the clerk of the Municipality, whose duty it shall be to enter the same in a book to be kept for that purpose.

17. This Act shall apply to Upper Canada only.

Items Home and Foreign.

Exhibition week must have been a profitable one for the fingered gentry, for all sums seemed to be acceptable from five cents to five hundred dollars.

Mr. P. Crosby of the village of Richmond Hill, will open his new store, with a large assortment of new goods next week.

At the Exhibition, a rascally thief ran off with a lady's purse containing ten cents, and the lady's wrath was terrible.

A Yankee Editor writes as follows:—"The situation in Canada, as we gather from the press and conversation with Canadians, is frightful. All branches of business are prostrate, Bank suspensions are experienced and dwellings are emptied and stores closed by emigration to the United States, the able-bodied men are serving in the militia at the front—everything is unsettled and wears a gloomy aspect. Under the heavy armament caused by the Fenian movement taxes are swelling to enormous proportions. A gentleman from Brighton informed us that few farmers could pay their taxes for the year would reach a dollar on the pound. Under all this there is growing a widespread desire for annexation to the United States, as the only means of checking the Fenians and obtaining a road to stable government and prosperity."

"Either the gentleman referred to could not have been a very 'bright one,' or the Editor must have been a very gullible one. If he has not mistaken the country he deserves to be prosecuted for defamation of character."

The Chivalry Palace, Toronto, assumed a new character last Friday, it was that of a court house, for sundry individuals who sold liquor without licence. Over fifty interested parties were anxiously waiting for the attention of the court. A young man named MacDowie was arrested on the Exhibition Grounds on Thursday, on a charge of theft, he was only permitted to keep his own watch.

The Fenian Republic is not a Government in which the ambitious man can get much to his laurels. Sweeney—a noted—lost—and left in disgust. Laminated stole from the French Bank 480,000 francs. He lost 210,000 in his passage from Dover to London, his lawyers relieved him of 66,000 more. At his first capture the detective M. Min took from him 120,000, when again arrested he made his return to France without a single cent in his pocket. Query, Did the speculation pay?

A wonderful light was exhibited last week, a contrivance for keeping up the abdomen, designed we suppose for Allemen.

We are very glad to see that the regulations of the Board of Agriculture, in reference to the proper shearing of sheep in regard to the exhibition is for the future to be properly carried out and stringently enforced hereafter. Many of our stock raisers have pulled the wool over the eyes of the judges long enough.

The following translated from a "French paper will again set us wondering where the line is to be drawn between reason and instinct.

A few days ago, a number of visitors to the Jardin des plantes were assembled before the habitation of the great elephant, of whose wonderful intelligence so many anecdotes are related. The majestic animal contemplated the crowd with an air of benevolence, as if he compassionated them for being so small and so weak. From time to time he lowered his trunk to pick up a morsel of bread which he had not been able to seize flying. At a short distance from the spot the keepers of the museum were engaged in hunting and destroying the rats which infested it. The terrified little creatures made their escape by every opening. One of them, pursued by the sticks of the hunters, galloped furiously round the enclosure, seeking some place of access, and seeing the trunk of the elephant, which at that moment touched the ground in search of a morsel of bread, the rat entered it, and in an instant disappeared from the eyes of its pursuers. The elephant raised his trunk—he felt something in it which was not comfortable; he became impatient stamped with his feet, turned round and round, and his trunk made evolutions like the sails of a windmill. The rat kept hold by the claws and teeth with surprising tenacity. At last the elephant stood perfectly still, and appeared to be absorbed in meditation; then, with a calm and tranquil step, the colossus of creation walked towards the basin where he was accustomed to drink. He plunged in his trunk, and having filled it with water returned to his old place in front of the spectators. Several minutes passed, during which all eyes were fixed upon the elephant who seemed to enjoy the attention which he had excited; then, lifting his trunk towards the sky he threw out a jet of water, in the midst of which the rat appeared like a black spot, and fell stunned if not dead to the earth. The elephant had not lost sight of his rash assailant. In an instant he had seized it again, and a second time dashed it to the earth; he repeated the movement three times. Then, his vengeance being satisfied, he placed his enormous foot on his miserably little enemy, and recommenced asking for cakes and bread as though nothing had happened to disturb his equanimity.

Purify the Blood.

The Greatest Medicine of the Age.

A sure antidote for sickness, and a relief from SORROW, PAIN and DISASTE.

Bryan's Life Pills, Entirely Vegetable, are admitted to be the Best Family Medicine for general use, Purifying the Blood and cleansing the system from all impurity.

Bryan's Life Pills, regulate the Stomach, Liver and Biliary Secretions, which is the chief cause of Nervousness, Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, Headache, Sick Stomach and other kindred complaints. Hundreds of Certificates can be shown.

They have been used by thousands with success.

Bryan's Life Pills, are adapted for all ages and constitutions. They are composed of the active principles of Herbs and Roots, culled from our fields and forests. They are mild but certain in their operation,—producing neither cramps, griping, pain or sickness. They may be taken by all ages, sexes or conditions without fear.

Bryan's Life Pills, Cure Headache.
Bryan's Life Pills, Cure Sick Stomach.
Bryan's Life Pills, Cure Giddiness.
Bryan's Life Pills, Purify the Blood.

A Box of Bryan's Life Pills will cost but TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and will accomplish all that is represented.

They are elegantly put up by the proprietor, the inventor of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafer, a medicine long and favorably known to the American Nation.

If you wish Bryan's Life Pills, and cannot get them of your druggist, do not take any other, but send Twenty-five cents in a letter to the proprietor, and you will get them by return of mail. Address, Dr. J. BRYAN, 619 Broadway, New York, Box 5079. 15-25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHISKERS. WHISKERS.

Dr. L. O. Montez Carolla, the greatest stimulant in the world, will force Whiskers or Mustaches to grow on the smoothest face or chin; never known to fail. Sample for trial sent free to every one desirous of testing its merits. Address, KEVRES & Co., 78 Nassau St., N.Y. No letters taken unless prepaid.

GLAD NEWS FOR THE UNFORTUNATE.

BELL'S SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

Are warranted in all cases, for a speedy and permanent cure of all diseases arising from actual excesses of Urinary adhesion, Seminal Loss, Nightly Emissions, and sexual Debility, Impotence, Sexual Diseases, &c. &c. No Change of Diet is Necessary. They can be used without Detection, and never fail to effect a cure, as used according to instructions.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS!

Price One Dollar per Box; or Six Boxes for Five Dollars; also large boxes, containing four small, price three dollars.

From four to six boxes are generally required to cure an ordinary case of Seminal Weakness and Emissions, though benefit is derived from using a single box.

In Chronic cases, and particularly when Impotency or General Debility, Nervous Prostration has effected the system.

BELL'S TONIC PILLS.

Are recommended as the most efficacious, rejuvenating and invigorating Remedy, in the world.

A Package price five dollars, will last a month, and is generally sufficient.

BELL'S EXTERNAL REMEDY.

Price two dollars, sufficient for a month, can be used to good advantage.

It gives strength to the Organs, and, with the Pills, will restore them to their normal condition.

A Pamphlet of one hundred pages, on the Errors of Youth, designed as a Lecture and Lecture to Young Men, sent free. Ten Cents required to pay postage.

CAUTION.

The above Remedies have now been before the public many years, and their great success in the alleviation of human misery has excited the envidia of several parties, who use the name "Specific Pills," copy my labels, circulars and advertisements, sometimes wrap them up in a paper, and put up with a common d that disappairs the just expectations of the purchaser.

If you cannot purchase Bell's Specific Remedies of your druggist, take no other, but send the enclosed to the proprietor.

Dr. JAMES BRYAN, CONSULTING PHYSICIAN, 619 Broadway, New York, and you will receive them by return of mail, post paid, and free from observation.

Important to LADIES.

Dr. Harvey's Female Pills.

The most infallible and popular remedy ever known, for all diseases of the female sex. They have been used in many thousand cases with astonishing success—and may be relied on in every case for which they are recommended, and particularly in all cases arising from Obstruction or Stoppage of Nature, no matter from what cause it arises. They are effectual in restoring to health all who are suffering from Weakness, and Debility, Uterine Discharges, Nervousness, &c. &c. &c., and they "Act like a charm," in strengthening the system. Thousands of letters would testify to the success of these pills, and the relief afforded for years and tried various other remedies in vain, and a renewed vigor and health and strength wholly to the efficacy of

Dr. Harvey's Female Pills.

They are perfectly harmless on the system, may be taken at any time with perfect safety; but during the early stages of Pregnancy they should not be taken, or a miscarriage may be the result. They never cause any sickness, pain or distress. Each box contains 60 Pills. Price one dollar.

Dr. Harvey's Golden Pills.

A remedy for special cases, four dollars—stronger than the above; price Five Dollars per box.

A PRIVATE CIRCULAR to Ladies with fine anatomical engravings, sent free on receipt of directed envelope and stamp.

"Get this out if you desire Dr. Harvey's Pills, and if you cannot procure them of your druggist, do not take any other, for some dealers who are unprincipled will recommend other Female Pills, they can make a large profit on—but envelope money and send direct to Dr. J. BRYAN, Consulting Physician No 59 9 Broadway, New York, and you will receive them securely sealed from observation, by return of mail. 15-25

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, ERECT DEBILITY, Diseases of the Urinary and Biliary Organs, and the whole train of diseases might on by beneficial and virtuous means. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Please enclose an envelope addressed to yourself.

Address, JOSEPH T. IMMAN, BRATTON D. BIRD, CONSULTING PHYSICIAN, New-York city.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 4.

Flour	per barrel	\$7 00	@	\$9 25
Flour	per bushel	1 46	@	1 53
Spring Wheat	do	1 40	@	1 41
Barley	do	1 00	@	0 67
Oats	do	0 50	@	0 57
Peas	do	0 32	@	0 35
Potatoes	do	0 40	@	0 45
Hay	per ton	7 00	@	10 00
Straw	do	6 00	@	8 00
Butter	per lb	0 15	@	0 20
Eggs	per doz	0 10	@	0 11
Apple	per bushel	1 50	@	2 00
Wool	do	0 33	@	0 38

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They have been used by thousands with success.

Bryan's Life Pills, are adapted for all ages and constitutions. They are composed of the active principles of Herbs and Roots, culled from our fields and forests. They are mild but certain in their operation,—producing neither cramps, griping, pain or sickness. They may be taken by all ages, sexes or conditions without fear.

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