

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE MELITA. QUEBEC, June 25. NAPLES.

A telegram of the 10th says that the evacuation of Palermo by the Royal troops will terminate to-morrow. The troops, which have already commenced to arrive at Naples, had been dispatched towards Castellamare.

The Neapolitan troops in Sicily will be concentrated at Syracuse, Messina, and Augusta.

Reports from Turin, says the English residents are temporarily to occupy the forts of Palermo, for reasons at present unknown. This clause of the capitulation treaty has not, however, been put into execution.

It is stated that the Neapolitan General decided on concentrating all the military forces at Syracuse, Messina, and Augusta, by preserving these strong positions, he still hopes to appear in the eyes of Europe as master of Sicily.

The damage done by the bombardment of Palermo was immense. The Treasury was destroyed.

The Neapolitan committed great atrocities; 300 houses were burned down by them in only one quarter of the town, as well as several convents.

At the moment of retreat the women and children who sought to escape from the burning houses were killed by the royal soldiers. Carini Palace was attacked and burned. As they retired the royalists set fire to all the houses in their way. Catania was given up to pillage by the royalists and then abandoned.

Garibaldi had issued a decree calling to arms all Sicilians from 17 to 50 years old. Fifty vessels of war were in the roadstead at Palermo.

The *Opinione Nazionale* gives a rumor that France, with the consent of Piedmont, had accepted the mediation proposed by Naples.

It is said that Mazzini had embarked for Sicily.

The Sardinian Government had ordered their fleet and all their authorities along the coast to apprehend him if possible.

General Garibaldi addressed a letter to Signor Bertini authorizing him to make advances or negotiate a loan for Sicily or to contract any debt, and adds, that he has at Sicily immense means to satisfy all claims.

A Neapolitan Envoy was on his way to Paris and London.

Count Aquila, uncle to the King of Naples, was strongly urging the adoption of the Italian policy and a liberal Constitution for Naples.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons on the 11th Lord John Russell announced that as there was little prospect of the Reform Bill being passed this Session, the Government to prevent further waste of time, had reluctantly withdrawn it, a promise being given to bring forward a new bill early next Session.

Mr. Disraeli congratulated the Government on the withdrawal. Even Mr. Bright could not blame the ministers for the course they had taken. He trusted the public would firmly declare what is expected before next Session, and be promised it would be received in a fairer manner by the House. Mr. Bright also entered into a defence of the Commercial treaty with France, and protested against the misrepresentation of the *Times* on the subject, and predicted most beneficial results from the treaty.

On the 12th, in the House of Commons, Lord Palmerston stated, in order to afford protection to persons claiming it the admiralty had been directed to station a ship of war at Messina; another at Marsala, and another at Palermo, and four in the bay of Naples. He understood that an Envoy was on his way from Naples to Paris and London, and the Government would not hesitate to express to them those feelings with which they in common with every person throughout the country, had regarded the barbarities perpetrated at Palermo.

It is announced that the Great Eastern would sail on the 16th inst. She started on her trip on the 9th, running twelve hours out at sea, and twelve back. The trial was regarded as satisfactory although the rate attained only averaged 12½ knots. The very foul state of the vessel's bottom and the fact that her trim was anything but favorable for speed, accounted in some measure for the diminution from the rate attained last year. There was some difficulty in getting the full amount of steam, the revolutions of the paddle and screw never exceeded 10½ and 39 per minute respectively. The ship answered her helm with marvellous ease and rapidity.

The *Times* editorially reviews the recent committee report on the Atlantic Mail contract, and urged the necessity for retrenchment.

FRANCE.

Negotiations for a treaty of commerce between France and Belgium were advancing.

The *Courier de Paris* had received the first warning for articles on the liberty of the coalition by working men.

It was asserted that trade was never more dull in Paris and the provinces than at present.

The accounts of the growing crops are unfavorable, causing further rise in breadstuffs.

ITALY.

The Sardinian Senate approved the treaty ceding Savoy and Nice, 92 against 10.

The evacuation of Italy by the French troops was completed.

Marshal Vialba was expected at Turin on 12th.

The financial condition of the Papal government was very unsatisfactory.

The official decree extends the time for closing subscriptions to the new loan till the 15 July.

AUSTRIA.

The Austrian government resolved on increasing her effective strength.

The 2nd Army in Venetia and the corps of Cavalry are also to be collected in Italian Tyrol, that part of Austria territory nearest Lombardy.

The *Weiner Zeitung* contains a decree ordering that the Stadtholdship of Hungary shall come into effect on the 1st of July, at which period the five existing departments of Central government, which were entrusted with the administration of Hungary are to be abolished.

The same journal also publishes a decree, granting to the Central Lombardo Venetian, congregation a decisive right of deliberation upon all matters except upon such questions as effect the rights of government.

AUSTRALIA.

The Melbourne correspondent of the *Times* reported trade more depressed than at any earlier period of the year, but the lowest rate of depression had not yet been reached.

The Melbourne *Herald* takes a more cheerful view of matters at Sydney, business being much depressed and considerable failures have taken place; more confidence, however, prevailed at the close.

At New Zealand a serious collision had taken place between the natives and British troops.

At Leavara Settlement several engagements, with loss of life, particularly on the side of the natives had taken place.

Many mails from various parts of the west coast of Africa reached England. No news of importance.

A French frigate had threatened to bombard the town of Bonney unless a debt of long standing to a French firm be paid. The debt was paid.

LATEST.

LONDON, June 14.

The Great Eastern on her return voyage will make Milford Haven a port of call.

Telegrams from Vienna announces that a full and official statement of the public debt of Austria is to be published.

It is understood that Garibaldi will not undertake anything in Sicily for some days. He is organizing his reserves.

The *Post* says, there is no truth in the rumor that France is about to send a Corps of observation to the Swiss frontier.

The *Times* says that the Government will propose to commence fortifications and other work immediately, and the Commissioners have pointed out how they may be available in 3 or 4 months for defence. Even while far short of completion.

It is intended to raise money by terminable annuities, that the whole may be absorbed in 25 years.

The *Times* adds, our past expenditure is enormous and we must escape in one way or other. Simply to disband and disarm might inspire contempt, and so provoke aggression. A gratuitous war is at best a dangerous speculation.

These fortifications may enable a moderate army and navy to do the work of much larger force, and may so enable us to rest from our labors and recruit our finances.

GARIBALDI'S MOVEMENTS.

The following is the latest intelligence of the movements of Garibaldi. The correspondent of the *Daily News*, writing from Turin on the 3d, says, "I have seen a note written by Garibaldi's Aide-de-Camp Turin, who communicates the sad tidings that Menotto, Garibaldi's son has been seriously wounded. The death of this gallant youth would be a heavy loss indeed; he has been the pride of his father, whose gallantry and simple habits he inherits. Among the wounded there is also the son of Manin, who was the dictator of Venice in 1848. A few days ago the banker Adolphus Rothchild passed through here on his way from Naples, bringing all his money with him except three hundred thousand ducats, which he has left behind him for the current demands upon his bank. This shows the confidence he feels in the stability of the present order of things in the Two Sicilies. For the matter of that, the King himself has sent jewels out of his dominions." A telegram from Paris, dated Thursday, states, "The *Patrie* of today says that according to the latest despatches nothing had changed at Palermo; the capitulation had not yet been signed. Garibaldi had constituted a Ministry, and appointed a Governor of Palermo, and of the Province. He had likewise ordered an extraordinary levy, and had issued many decrees for energetically carrying on the war. One of Garibaldi's proclamations threatens with heavy punishments those who should commit thefts or assassinations."

THE HUNGARIAN.—Late information from Nova-Scotia represents the inhabitants of that part of the coast near which the Hungarian was wrecked as bounding in dry goods of all kinds, procured from the wreck. One person disposed of 175 pairs of kid gloves for a piece of bogus jewelry worth perhaps half a dollar, and a deacon of the Baptist Church, who had secured a large quantity of silks, velvets and vestings, after a long struggle with his conscience as to his right to them, finally concluded to sell them as Providence had clearly thrown them in his way. It is pleasant to find such scruples among such men, and not at all surprising to find them all resolved in favor of retaining the goods. Their golden rule is from Horle, "when there's a doubt, take the trick." The wreck of the ship, as she lay below the surface, was sold to two Yarmouth men for \$14,000, and in about six weeks they had recovered, by diving, goods to the value of nearly \$80,000. They are still at work on her and expect to make their fortune, by their speculation.—*N. Y. Times*.

TO PRINTERS. FOR SALE, CHEAP, A RAMPAGE PRINTING PRESS, In good working order.

For further information apply to the proprietor of this office.
June 24, 1860.

New Advertisements.

\$5 Reward—George Weidrich, Notice—J. Dunsford, Card—Dr. C. S. Lloyd, Church Re-opening.

The York Herald.

RICHMOND HILL, JUNE 29, 1860.

MASONIC.

On Monday last, the 25th inst. the members of the Aurora and several other Lodges, celebrated their annual anniversary at Aurora. The day, although opening cloudy, was eventually fine and warm. At about 11 A.M. the Aurora Lodge, accompanied by the village Brass Band, marched from Aurora to Mr. Christison's Hotel, Oak Ridges, to meet their visiting brethren there assembled. A very excellent lunch was provided for them by Mr. Christison. After partaking of which, the various lodges formed in procession to Aurora, and after putting up their vehicles, the brethren again formed in procession, headed by the Band, and marched through the village to the English Church, where an excellent sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Ramsay, (Clergyman of the Church of England) from these words—"Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up" (John, 2nd chap., 19th verse).

After the religious services were concluded they again formed into procession, headed by the band, and marched to Mr. Charles Case's Hotel, where a sumptuous dinner was provided, and ample justice done thereto; after which the usual loyal and masonic toasts were proposed and drank with enthusiasm, as was also the toast to Mr. H. Edwards and the *York Herald*—the Grand Master of the Richardson Lodge, Cashel, officiating as President, and the Grand Master of the Aurora Lodge as Vice-President. It is indeed but just to say that the day was one of unmixed enjoyment to all present. The visiting brethren were received by the Aurora Lodge with a truly masonic welcome, nothing whatever occurring to mar the harmony of the day. The villagers behaved remarkably well, as we never saw less drunkenness at any crowd, which speaks well for Aurora, and for all present. The really superior lunch, generously provided gratis to the brethren by Mr. Christison, was the subject of much encomium, and the first-class dinner provided by Mr. Case, was much praised; indeed the arrangements generally could not have been better.

OBSTRUCTING THE HIGHWAY.

About a fortnight ago, Mr. H. Jennings, of Victoria Square, was, with his wife and child, travelling on one of the side roads in Whit church; his horses took fright at some tinkers waggons and tent which were encamped on the road side. The waggons, we learn, was snatched and Mr. and Mrs. Jennings severely injured. We really hope the Township by-laws will be enforced in this respect. We have, on several occasions, had great difficulty in preventing our horse running away under similar circumstances. There is plenty of room for the Nomadic tribes to encamp without obstructing our roads and endangering our lives. We hope in future that all parties found doing so will be brought before a Magistrate and fined.

QUITS AGAIN.—Wednesday, the 29th inst., being the day appointed for a game of Quits, of which there were challenges issued for any two Tavernkeepers between Yorkville and Holland Landing. As there was no one appeared to have the spirit to take it up, a game was played for the Beef and Greens, between George Simson, Richmond Hill and William Bemrose, Victoria Square, against William Christison and Francis Langrill, Oak Ridges. Simson.....11 Christison.....2
Simson.....4 Christison.....11
Simson.....2 Christison.....24

After the game was played, the party sat down to an excellent dinner, which reflects great credit to the host and hostess of Oak Ridges.

THE NEW MAP OF EUROPE.—We would refer our readers to our first page, where there is an interesting translation from the *La Semur Candian* on the above subject, by a student of the Richmond Hill Grammar School. The article will not only repay perusal, and the correctness of the translation reflects credit, both on the youth and his teachers.

CRICKET.

BROWN'S CORNERS VS. UNIONVILLE.

The return match between these clubs was played out on Friday last, the 22nd inst., at Brown's Corners. The day was fine, and the game a very spirited one, resulting in favor of Unionville by 14 runs, making the two clubs virtually even, as the Brown's Corners Club beat by 16 runs in the former match. The fielding of the Unionville club was excellent, the bowling of G. Stephens, and the wicket keeping of James Eckardt being particularly good, as was also the batting of James Eckardt, J. Fierheller, Geo. Eakins. The Brown's Corners Club also showed good play. The bowling and batting of John Hardy being much admired; W. Holdich and James Magladdery also batted well; W. Munshaw and Thos. Mayor also bowled and fielded well. At the conclusion of the game the Cricketers repaired to the hotel kept by J. Sutton, where a first-rate dinner was provided. All through the day the greatest harmony prevailed. The umpires were—W. McMoran for Brown's Corners, and Thomas Morley for Unionville. The following is the score:—

UNIONVILLE.—FIRST INNINGS.
S. Eckardt.....Bowled by W. Munshaw.....0
J. Eckardt.....Caught by B. Slater.....4
E. Eckardt.....Bowled by W. Munshaw.....6
A. Eckardt.....Bowed by J. Hardy.....1
J. Stephens.....Bowed by T. Mayor.....6
G. Eakins.....Bowed by T. Mayor.....10
B. F. White.....Run out.....12
H. F. Crosby.....Run out.....12
W. Holdich.....Bowed by J. Hardy.....1
J. Fierheller.....Bowed by J. Hardy.....1
J. Eckardt.....Not out.....2

BROWN'S CORNERS.—FIRST INNINGS.
W. Munshaw.....Bowed by G. Stephens.....4
J. Amos.....Caught by W. Size.....0
B. Slater.....Caught by G. Eakins.....2
A. Dunn.....Run out.....2
A. McQuay.....Caught by W. Size.....2
J. Hardy.....Caught by G. Stephens.....8
T. Mayor.....Bowed by G. Stephens.....1
J. Sutton.....Caught by J. Fierheller.....1
W. Holdich.....Bowed by J. Eckardt.....12
J. Fierheller.....Bowed by J. Eckardt.....12
T. Magladdery.....Not out.....6
Byes.....2

UNIONVILLE.—SECOND INNINGS.
S. Eckardt.....Caught by A. McQuay.....0
J. Eckardt.....Bowed by J. Hardy.....17
E. Eckardt.....Caught by W. Munshaw.....1
A. Eckardt.....Caught by T. Mayor.....5
J. F. Crosby.....Caught by A. Dunn.....5
B. F. White.....Bowed by J. Hardy.....1
W. Holdich.....Bowed by S. Eckardt.....0
J. Stephens.....Leg before wicket.....2
J. Fierheller.....Caught by A. McQuay.....13
W. Size.....Not out.....12
Wide.....1

BROWN'S CORNERS.—SECOND INNINGS.
W. Munshaw.....Bowed by S. Eckardt.....0
J. Amos.....Run out.....0
B. Slater.....Caught by B. F. White.....3
J. Eckardt.....Bowed by S. Eckardt.....0
A. Dunn.....Caught by W. Size.....6
A. McQuay.....Bowed by J. Stephens.....12
J. Hardy.....Bowed by S. Eckardt.....12
T. Mayor.....Caught by S. Eckardt.....4
T. Magladdery.....Bowed by S. Eckardt.....3
T. Cook.....Bowed by J. Stephens.....3
J. Sutton.....Not out.....3

First Innings.....35
Total.....91
Second Innings.....36
Total.....77

THE MODERATE PARTY.

A meeting of the Moderate Party of the Township of Etobicoke, was held at Mr. Thomas Smith's Inn, Mimico, Dundas Street, on Saturday the 23rd of June, for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the Convention, to be held at Markham Village on Saturday, the 30th inst., to nominate a Candidate for the Legislative Council for the King's Division.

The meeting was organized by electing Andrew Ward, Esq., to the chair.

It was moved by Mr. — BELL, seconded by Mr. HEROD NOBLE, that James Irwin act as Secretary.

It was moved by E. C. FISHER, Esq., seconded by JOHN GILES, Esq., that the following gentlemen be elected as Delegates to attend the said Convention in the Markham Village, viz: Messrs. E. C. Scarlot, A. Ward, R. L. Denison, E. C. Fisher, Wm. Vanivery, and Herod Noble.—Carried.

Mr. A. Ward being moved out of the chair, and Mr. Vanivery in it, it was moved by E. C. FISHER, Esq., seconded by Mr. WALLACE, that the thanks of this meeting be given to Mr. A. Ward, for the able manner in which he filled the chair.

After which the meeting, which was numerously attended, broke up in a very proper and orderly manner.

The following are the Delegates for Vaughan:—Messrs. Col. Bridgford, J. R. Arnold, R. Arnold, Capt. Wallace, John Brown, Jas. Graham, W. A. Orr, C. E. Lawrence, and G. McPhillips, Esqrs.

In Markham the following gentlemen were the Delegates appointed on Tuesday last, the 26th inst.:—James Bowman, J. Gibson, R. Marsh, J. Newberry, Major Milligan, T. A. Milne, N. Button, H. Crosby, W. Button, B. Marr, J. Hunter, R. Knill, A. Barker, Esqrs.

The Scarborough Township meeting came off on June 13th, and was

well and most respectfully attended. The Delegates elected for the ensuing convention were:—W. H. Norris, William Mason, W. J. Mitchell, J.P., William Helliwell, J.P., William A. Thomson, J.P., William Rolph, J.P., Major Joseph Secor and Archibald Glendinning, J.P., Esquires.

We hope that all the Delegates will attend without fail. They have all been chosen fairly; they are each free and untrammelled by any pledge. They are not bound to give any one man their first vote. What is wanted is the strongest man, whoever he may. If the Delegates feel that the right man is not named, by all means name him, as everything with us is open and above board; and although we have not heard from the eastern part of the Division, we feel assured that they also are free and unpledged. We are confident we can carry the division, if we are only determined to work unitedly and earnestly. Remember the place of meeting is the Anglo-American Hotel, Markham Village; and the time is to-morrow, (Saturday, 30th inst.) at twelve o'clock noon.

Mr. Mosley & the "New Era."

For some time past there has been a war between the *New Era* and the Aurora J.P.'s. We, as a rule, allow all combatants to fight their own battles; but in this case we make an exception, on account of the unprincipled manner in which the *New Era* has hitherto conducted the warfare. He has been repeatedly challenged for proofs of his various assertions, but has invariably failed to produce them—the only witness he has ever brought forward being the notorious falsifier Seth Ashton. This man's word we submit cannot be taken as evidence; in the first place, because by his own letters, (or what purports to be his) he has been a mischievous, meddlesome and officious "busybody," who not content to act as constable, must needs ape the magistrate; and in the second place, we have proved to his (Seth Ashton's) teeth that the charges he brought against us were base, untruthful calumnies, and a man who fibs about one thing will about another; and as we dared him to bring any evidence in support of his charges against us, and he had none to offer, and therefore stands convicted of falsehood, a discerning public will not fail to take his word for what it is worth, which is nil. As to Seth Ashton's insinuation that we are "Buckthorn," we repel it with scorn; it's a piece with his other charges, which are as false as false can be. As to the *New Era's* contemptible quibble about Mr. Mosley's being a Justice of the Peace, of course every one knows perfectly well that what Mr. Mosley meant by stating that every statement of the *New Era* was false, applied simply to the charges; and we are bound to say, that judging from the evidence hitherto adduced, Mr. Mosley is right. As to the assertion that Mr. Mosley began the attack, we challenge the *Era* to the proof, as it is false. And then what about those other magistrates who were present at the trials, but of whom no notice has been taken.—To speak plainly, our own opinion of the entire affair is, that it is malice that led the *New Era* to attack the Aurora J.P.'s, and that the way in which he has conducted the controversy is an insult to the intelligence of honest men, and a mean stab at the village of Aurora.

VAUGHAN COUNCIL.

The Vaughan Council met at the Town Hall on Monday, 25th June. The Clerk read the minutes of the last meeting, which were approved.

A communication from the Receiver General was laid before the Council, announcing that another instalment from the Clergy Reserve Fund, was at the disposal of the Council, amounting to \$1001.36cts. Mr. ARNOLD moved, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that the Treasurer be authorized to pay the following accounts, viz:—

Ward No. 1.—Wm. McDougall, \$20 00
" 2.—Gideon Hislop, 20 00
" 3.—John Brown, 8 31
" 4.—Irvine Eakins, 30 00
" 5.—John Maynard, 16 00
" 6.—A. McNail, 40 00
" 7.—Summerville & Burton 37 00
" 8.—James Craven, 5 00
" 9.—Alex. Scott, for printing and advertising, 10 25

Mr. ARNOLD moved, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that Mr. Archibald McQuarrie be authorized to delay the performance of the Statute Labour in his Beat, until some steps are taken towards the survey of the side-roads in the Township.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned to the second Monday in July.

Dr. C. S. LLOYD, AURORA.—We beg to notify those who are suffering from that "hell of a disease," the toothache, that the above gentleman has determined to visit our locality once a month, and will be happy to relieve any one of the painful tooth or teeth. (Faint teeth, &c., we believe, are charged at reasonable rates. For further information see advertisement.)

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Friday, the 22nd inst., a serious accident happened at Oak Ridges, as follows: At about 4 P.M. as a Mr. Dieterley, jeweller, of Yorkville, was driving his horse took fright at a cow lying on the road, and started off at a furious rate, throwing him out and bruising him severely about the arms and legs. The frightened animal ran foul of Mr. Christison's verandah, part of which it broke up ere it could be stopped by Mr. Christopher Smith, who experienced great danger and difficulty in doing so. The buggy was smashed to pieces, and the harness destroyed. The horse was also very much injured.

Last week, in our notice of the Victoria Square Sons of Temperance Demonstration, we omitted to mention the very able address of the Rev. Mr. Natress, Primitive Methodist Minister of that place. This we regret, and hasten to make all the amends in our power, the more so as that gentleman has but lately come to this quarter. It's Temperance advocates such as he we want,—not *politico-temperance* busters.

WRECKERS.—Yesterday, (the 25th inst.) J. R. Arnold, Esq., of this village, brought to our office a large *Wrecker*, he having killed six of these animals a few hours previously. As these animals are very destructive, and appear to be unusually plentiful this season, we hope our farmers and their wives will watch their kennels, &c.

CHURCH RE-OPENING.—Next Lord's day the Methodist Church in this village will be re-opened. For the past few Sabbaths it has been closed, in consequence of painting the new gallery, &c. There will be service in the morning, afternoon and evening. For further particulars see advertisement in another column.

Correspondence.

We wish it to be distinctly understood, that we do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents through our columns.

JACKSON AGAIN.

To the Editor of the York Herald.

DEAR SIR,—I am again obliged to trouble your columns, and this time with a reply to Mr. Jackson's article that appeared last week, headed "Mr. Mosley condemned on his own showing." How far I am condemned I will leave the public to judge. Mr. Jackson does not upset any statement made by me, nor reply to the questions asked him by me, and in one important question in particular, and that was—How is it that he does not make either Mr. Irwin or Mr. Phillips equally culpable with the four-department J.P.'s, as either Mr. Irwin or Mr. Phillips invariably set upon the greater part, if not all of the unfortunate cases alluded to, and condemned by Mr. Jackson? This is a puzzle, and he evades the answer.

As I stated before, the delinquents are prepared to prove that every accusation made by Mr. Jackson in reference to those unfortunate cases is false, and that he must have received his information from some very unreliable source. The Magistrates of Aurora are willing that an investigation into this vexed question shall take place publicly at Aurora, before three disinterested men, if Mr. Jackson wishes, he choosing his man, and the J.P.'s choosing another, and the third to umpire, to be chosen by the other two. If Mr. Jackson wishes this to be done, let him name the men, and let the time and place of meeting be appointed. Mr. Jackson states that I am the attacking party; and that he has the right to the last word. This I deny. Mr. Jackson first made the attack in his famous Black List article, and continued his attacks, and never was replied to until he threatened to bring out his astounding revelations.

I will conclude by advising Mr. Jackson in future to be more careful in getting his information from reliable authority, before publishing assertions that cannot be substantiated.

I remain, dear sir,

Your most obedient servant,

WILLIAM MOSLEY.

Aurora, June 27th, 1860.

SETH ASHTON ONCE MORE.

[To the Editor of the York Herald.]
DEAR SIR,—In reply to Seth Ashton's letter which appeared in the last *Era*, I will say but little, as he is a man not to be relied upon for the truth. He has been over and over again proved to have made false statements. You, Mr. Editor, proved him in falsehood to his face in Dr. Lloyd's case—also to the public; and I mean to say that his last letter does not contain one word of truth; and like his friend Jackson, and the *New Era*, he better keep quiet, and not expose his ignorance, nor attempt any longer to humbug the public with falsehoods.

Yours sincerely,
JOHN BUCKTHORN.

Elm Cottage, Whitchurch, June 25, 1860.

KING'S DIVISION—THE REFORM CONVENTION.

From the Colonist, of Tuesday the 26th.

The Reform Convention appointed to choose a Candidate for the representation of the King's Division in the Opposition interest, met yesterday at the house of the notorious Mr. John Montgomery, in this city—unable, it would appear, to find as fitting a place of assembly within the limits of the Division. The personal appearance of some of the worthies forming this convention at once stamped their political character, for a more hungry, discontented, sour looking lot of radicals have scarcely ever been got together since the Durham races, or since the former meeting which a few of them attended some twenty-three years ago, at the house of the same individual who gave them shelter yesterday.

Big with the fate of the coming election they met, however, in tolerable numbers, and having chosen G. P. Dickson, Esq., of Elgin Mills, as their president, they went to work to choose their candidate.

Those proposed were, Mr. David Reesor, Warden of the United Counties, Mr. John Bell, of this city, Barrister, and Mr. Farwell, of Oshawa. Having arrived at the conclusion to decide by a two-

thirds vote, it was late at night before a decision was arrived at, and during the discussion anything but perfect harmony prevailed. By some, Mr. Reesor, who appeared to be the most popular individual, was not considered sufficiently strong in favor of dissolution, and a variety of other points were started respecting the qualifications of the candidates. At last, however, after a number of ballots had been taken, Mr. Reesor was nominated, and, following the congenial example set them at Chicago, these democratic subjects of Queen Victoria's made the nomination unanimous, thus effectually disposing of any lingering hopes which the defeated candidates may have entertained.

(From the Globe.) KING'S DIVISION REFORM CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call the Convention, to select a candidate to contest King's Division, in the Opposition interest, met yesterday, at Mountgomery's Hotel, corner of Church and Colborne streets, in this city.

The Convention was organized about twelve o'clock. Mr. George P. Dickson, of Vaughan, was appointed temporary chairman, and Mr. David Beach, of the town of Whitby, temporary secretary. A Committee of one from each municipality was appointed to read resolutions. After examining the Credentials of the delegates elected the Committee reported, and the Convention appointed the Chairman and Secretary as permanent officers.

The following delegates were in attendance:

EROTICUS—Donald McFarland, Wm. A. Wallace, Alex. McFarland, Wm. H. Russ—4.
VAUGHAN—Alex. McKinnon, G. P. Dickson, A. Law, H. S. Howland, David Jeffrey, Thos. Page, A. Mathews, Jacob P. Rafter, Wm. Hartman—9.

MARKHAM—S. R. Wright, J. G. Field, Jacob Pingle, Hugh P. Crosby, Francis Pike, Wm. Robinson, John Lane, John Harrison, Amos Wright, James Boyd, and Wm. Eckhardt—11.