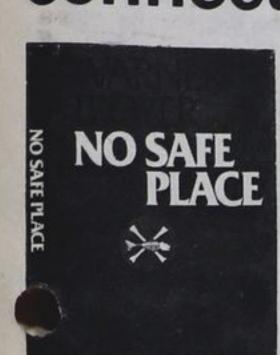
Troyer makes Midland connection in new book



by Shirley Whittington Warner Troyer is an investigative journalist in every sense of the word. His 1976 CBC Fifth Estate television script on the evils of mercury poisoning in the English / Wabigoon River system won an award. He didn't rest on his laurels. He dug back into his subject, and has produced a damning book on the whole business of industrial and governmental nonchalance about poisons in our food

chain.

In No Safe Place, Troyer deals mainly with the mercury contamination in the Dryden Kenora area. His cup of indignation and rage runs over. He also touches on carcinogens in US drinking water, acidic chemical wastes which burned the arms of frolicking children in Brazil, the dumping of PCBs into the Hudson River by General Electric and polybrominated biphenyl mixed into animal feed in Michigan.

The poisonous situation in the Wabigoon River area takes up most of the book however. Reed Paper Company in Dryden dumped mercury waste into the river and when a dangerous mercury level was recognized, the river was closed to commercial

fishing. The native population lost all ways. Commercial fishing was finished and so was guiding and work at fish camps. Fish, the mainstay of native diets was suddenly dangerous. "But with inflation." commented one

Indian mother, "We can't afford to eat meat all the time." So the natives continued to eat contaminated fish.

Reed International is identified as the villain in this piece. Troyer plainly suspects that Reed has benefitted by "sweet heart deals" with the government which has allowed the international conglomerate to exploit forests as well as pollute waterways.

Reed is sensitive to visits a year.

factor. It has turned the commonwealth into one global village.

As well, Queen Elizabeth deliberately meets more people from varied walks of life than any other British monarch. Her own mobility is the biggest difference in Elizabeth's style, and that of monarchs of the past. Since her accession in 1952, she has made an average of two foreign

Book review

criticism. An employee revealed that during a strike in 1976 at the Dryden Plant, Reed employed 30 extra security guards. Reed is also alleged to have hired Percy Parkes of Great Lakes Investigations (a Midland operation) to "keep an eye on Reed's

"Governments and their lie when truth is embarrassing, and industries exaggerate or minimize when it's in their pragmatic interest includes interesting to hide error and duck culpability."

energetic journalist who delights in turning over informal photographs. stones to find the beneath.

Silver Jubilee by Philip Howard is another of the special books being published this year in honour of the Queen's Silver Jubilee. It's a good solid book,

packed with information about the Queen's family, finances, duties and function. A focus throughout the book is the deliberate reorganization of the monarchy in the 60's. Television is one

Thursday, June 9th at 8:30 p.m.

New classes start Mon., June 13/77

SHIREL BELLY DANCE STUDIO

7:30-9:30

BELLY DANCE

DEMONSTRATION

It was during a Canadian trip in 1969 when French Canada was demonstrating some hostility to the idea of the monarchy, that Prince Philip put his blunt finger the new regal

"If the people don't want the monarchy, they enemies", particularly should change it. But let anyone critical of Reed us part on amicable terms and not have a row. Tryoer sums up No Safe The monarchy exists not Place by saying that for its own benefit, but for that of the country. We spokesmen and agencies don't come here for our health. We can think of better ways of enjoying ourselves.'

philosophy.

The British Monarchy chapters on traditions of the court, and on the No Safe Place may be various Royal residences. just a beginning for this The book is indexed and contains a selection of It's not a gossipy book,

wriggling nasties but an excellent reference text for anyone who seriously studies the The British Monarchy disappearing institution of royalty. And the most interesting point in the book is the case made for British Royalty, which is not likely to disappear for some time yet.

> No Safe Place by Warner Troyer' Clarke Irwin Company pub. 255 pages. \$13.95.

The British Monarchy Philip Howard. Thomas Nelson pub. 208 pages. \$20.95.

526-4568



CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF PENETANGUISHENE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the year ended December 31st, 1976

BARRIE, Ontario,

May 12, 1977.

BALANCE SHEET at December 31, 1976 Assets

Current assets	1976 S	1975
	126,204	. 59,546
Cash	199,059	. 175,002
Accounts receivable	122,472	107,208
Taxes receivable	900	
Investments	8,322	120,516
Other current assets		
Capital outlay to be recovered in	456,957	462,272
future years	. 1,042,927	1,129,651
Other long term assets	. 56,593	
	1,556,477	1,591,923

Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Temporary loans	209,739	. 478,457
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Other current liabilities	52,789	. 106,153
	262,528	584,610
Net long term liabilities	889,022	. 604,539
Reserves and reserve funds	. 380,219	. 355,092
Accumulated net revenue (deficit) and unapplied capital receipts	24,708	47,682
	1,556,477	1,591,923

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 1976

1. Accounting policies

a) Statement of revenue and expenditure - Statement I

This statement reflects the revenues and expenditures of the revenue fund of the municipality and includes the activities of all committees of council and local boards for general municipal activities. The local boards whose activities are included are as follows: Arena, Parks and Recreation Board

Industria! Committee Midland-Penetanguishene-Tiny Landfill Committee Museum Board

Planning Board Library Board

e) Municipal enterprises

b) Statement of capital operations - Statement 2 This statement reflects the capital expenditures and the related capital

financing to be recovered from general municipal revenues of the municipality and its local boards described in note 1 a).

c) Balance sheet - Statement 3 This statement reflects the assets and liabilities of the revenue fund, the capital fund, reserve funds and the local boards described in note 1 a). The assets and liabilities for municipal enterprises as defined in note 1 e) are not reflected except to the extent of the related net long-term liabilities and capital outlay to be recovered in future years.

Fixed assets -The historical cost and accumulated depreciation of fixed assets is not reported for municipal purposes. Instead the "Capital outlay to be recovered in future years" which is the aggregate of the principal portion of unmatured long-term liabilities and the cost of capital projects not yet permanently financed, is reported on the "Balance sheet".

The revenues and expenditures for municipal enterprise activities are not reflected in the "Statement of revenue and expenditure" except to the extent that their expenditures are recovered from general municipal revenues.

Municipal enterprise activities are those activities whose costs are substantially recovered from service charges on the users and are as Penetanguishene Water and Light Commission

f) Charges for net long-term liabilities

Debt retirement costs including principal and interest are charged against current revenues in the periods in which they are paid. Interest charges are not accrued for the periods from the date of the latest interest payment to the end of the financial year.

2. Capital outlay to be recovered in future years

a) Some capital outlay to be recovered in future years does not represent a burden on general municipal revenues, as it is to be recovered in future years from other sources: 1975 Special charges on benefitting landowners -\$117,248 \$162,998 Local Improvement Act

Section 362 of the Municipal Act - sewage 176,990 treatment plant - frontage rates 353,673 13,046 11,464 Municipal enterprises \$528,135 \$307,284

Capital outlays, including fixed assets and the transfers or capital funds in the amount of \$97,116 which have been financed from general municipal revenues of the current year, are reported on the "Statement of revenue and expenditure".

3. Reserves and reserve funds

a) Provisions for reserves and reserve funds amounting to \$97,093 and \$18,177 respectively are reported on the "Statement of revenue and expenditure" classified under the appropriate headings.

b) The "Statement of revenue and expenditure" does not reflect the following revenues for the year which were credited directly to reserve funds:

1976

134,407

1,295

4,000

1,258

6,080

2,500

5,128

20,261

10,505

165,173

1,495

6,000

1,858

5,000

20,290

10,505

30,795

170,978

	Income from investments	\$ 4,154	\$ 797 8,425
	Subdivider and developer contributions	4,401	
	Ontario Home Renewal Plan - grants	36,553	
	Land sale	10,000	252,800
		\$55,108	\$285,284
c)	The total balance of reserves and reserve funds is	\$380,219 and	is comprise
	of the following:	1976	1975
	Reserves - Revenue Fund -		
	Working funds	\$ 39,372	\$ 39,372
	Sidewalk construction	680	680
	Fire equipment	25,115	19,616
	Sewage treatment plant - capital	19,554	19,673
	- operations	12,652	10,128
	Storm sewers	500	500
	Police cruiser	731	681
	Public works - equipment	-	10,545
	Sewer survey	Addition -	4,490
	Sick leaves - administrative	1,522	1,222
	- police	4,500	3,500
	- public works	7,650	6,150
	- protective inspections	600	400
	- S.T.P. operations	400	200
	Police facilities	8,000	4,000
	Police equipment	250	250
	Building renovations - administration	12,657	8,000
	Office equipment - administrative	6,000	4,000
	Uniforms - fire department	7/0 100	1,000
		1/0 100	10/ //7

Reserves - Consolidated Boards -Arena, Parks and Recreation Board: Sick leave Arena ice plant Park equipment Softball lights Tennis courts

> Little N.H.L. Midland-Penetanguishene-Tiny Landfill Committee: New equipment

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Penetanguishene:

We have examined the 1976 financial statements of the Town of Penetanguishene and its local boards, which are listed on the attached index. Our examination included a general review of accounting records and other supporting evidence as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Town of Penetanguishene and its local boards as at December 31, 1976 and the results of their operations for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for Ontario municipalities applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

a. J. Treefaren &

A.F. MacLaren & Co.

Chartered Accountants.

License #571

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE for the year ended December 31, 1976

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	3	5	\$
Accumulated net revenue (deficit) at	12,500	47,682	53,866
the beginning of the year M.P.T. Landfill Committee - surplus forward on consolidation	12,500	47,682	33,800
Expenditure		Carlotte Market	
General municipal purposes	161,350	162,073	231,760
General government	277,140	267,537	239,657
Protection to persons and property Transportation services	266,836	302,565	267,478
Environmental services	201,535	266,518	127,364
Health services	. 0 564	. 0 415	5,082
Social and family services	8,564 198,856	8,415	197,541
Recreation and cultural services	89,070	104,159	25,402
Planning and development			
Other	1,203,351	1,334,421	. 1,094,284
Region or county purposes	. 89,867	. 91,213	. 88,472
School board purposes	369,157_	377,438	286,149_
Total expenditure	1,662,375	1,803,072	1,468,905
Revenue	10.1878		1
General municipal purposes			
Taxation	618,971	626,454	. 543,195
Payments in lieu of taxes	25,029	40,768	. 37,209
Ontario grants	400,723	. 415,382 . 98,977	289,635
Other grants Other	149,873	143,521	118,713
Other	1,206,596	1,325,102	1,099,892
Region or county purposes		- 34 1	
Taxation	55,705	. 58,689	. 70,684
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,864	3,864	. 3,453
Ontario grants Other	20,300	20,547	10,727
Other	87,877	90,900	90,864
School board purposes	247 005	256 101	266 070
Taxation	347,995	7,407	266,978
Payments in lieu of taxes Other	,,40	. ,,,,,,	4,507
Other	355,402	363,598	271,965
Total revenue	1,649,875	1,779,600	1,462,721
Accumulated net revenue (deficit) at the end of the year		24,708	47,682
		P. Carlon	18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Analysed as follows:	CRIMER S	GOVERNMENT OF	State spinishing
General revenue	133.3	. 178	12,500
Region or county		1,200	1,513
School boards		. 496	. 14,336
Special charges Special areas	1977 30 8	William Co. 57	
Local boards		A CONTRACTOR OF	
		22,834	19,333
		24,708	47,682
3. Reserves and reserve funds (cont'd)		1976	1975

3. Reserves and reserve funds (co	ont'd) 1976	1975
Reserve Funds - Revenue Fund development Parkland Imports and lot levies Ontario Home Renewal Pla	\$ (1,781) 57,658 12,826 57,662	\$ 91,218 77,600 8,425 23,182
Reserve Funds - Local Boar	126.365	200,425
New equipment New land site	27,458 55,418 209,241	26,405 38,294 265,124
Net long-term liabilities	\$380,219	\$430,297

4. Net long-term liabilities

\$430,297 a) The balance for net long-term liabilities reported on the "Balance sheet" is made up of the following:

Total long-term liabilities incurred by the municipality including those incurred on behalf of former school boards, other municipalities and municipal enterprises and outstanding at the end of the year amount to

Of the long-term liabilities shown above, the responsibility for payment of principal and interest charges has been assumed by others for a principal amount of

(791,000) Net long-term liabilities at the end of the year \$ 889,022

payments are payable from 1977 to 1981, \$221,859 from 1982 to 1986, and \$419,446 thereafter and are summarized as follows: 1987 and 1982-1986 thereafter 1977-1981 \$307,681 \$216,996 \$189,883 General municipal revenues 31,976 111,765 19,257 Benefitting landowners

b) Of the net long-term liabilities reported in a) of this note \$247,717 principal

11,464 Municipal enterprises \$221,859 \$419,446 \$247,717

5. Charges for net long-term liabilities

Total charges for the year for net long-term liabilities were as follows: \$ 51,365 \$ 46,968 Principal payments 48,916 41,423 Interest \$ 88,391 \$100,281

Of the total charges shown above \$97,565 were paid from general municipal revenues of the municipality and are included in expenditure on the "Statement of revenue and expenditure" classified under the appropriate functional headings. The remaining \$2,716 were recovered from municipal enterprises for which the related net long-term liabilities were incurred, and are not reflected in the

6. Liability for vested sick leave benefits

Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the municipality's

The liability for these accumulated days, to the extent that they have vested and could be taken in cash by an employee on terminating, amounted to \$46,903 at the end of the year. An amount of \$16,167 has been provided for this past service liability and is reported on the balance sheet.

7. In the case of a joint local board consolidates for the first time

The accumulated net revenue at the beginning of the year has been restated to give effect to the inclusion of the accumulated net revenue of the Midland-Penetanguishene-Tiny Landfill Committee a joint local board which has now been consolidated. The effect on the accumulated net revenue at the beginning of the year has been an increase of \$498 over that reported in the 1975 Financial Report.

8. The Anti-Inflation Act

The municipality, its local boards and commissions are by agreement between the Government of Canada and the Government of the Province of Ontario dated January 13, 1976 subject to The Anti-Inflation Act (Canada) and the national guidelines. This legislation limits increases in compensation payments effective October 14, 1975. Compensation increases paid during the corporation's first guideline year, 1976, as submitted to the board have been approved by the board.

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up to \$25,000.

\$1,680,022