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(Continuation of speech by Hon. E. Ward.) One of the most efficient and beneficial means of protecting our manufactures the value of \$794,846; cotton manuand its manufactures, \$1,673,366; refined year from all parts of the Dominion of her

amount only in value to \$363,317. admitted free of all duty whatever.

dustry of our people.

principle of reciprocity, and a desire for an extension of its application. It was seen that unrestricted trade between the United States and Canada must be mutually beneficial, for the same reasons as make it desirable between New York and make it des treaty, but expressing approval of the

sentatives that the President of the ments and the people of both countries, based upon the true principles of reciprocity, and for the removal of existing difficity, and for the removal of existing difficity, and for the removal of existing difficity. ments and the people of both countries, interests.

terminate the treaty unconditionally. A notice simply to abrogate the treaty was voted down, and the preamble, which asserted that commercial intercourse be tween the United States and the British trade of Garmany was subjected to all the local of their own farms, or take imported goods into any of the counties with the Dominion. So much for the present exclusive policy in comparis on the present exclusive policy i North American Provinces should here alter be carried on between them on prin-

CANADIAN TARIFF. her old tariff of 25 or 30 per cent. has been reduced to a general rate of 17 on interest to purchase at Montreal, they manufactures, and can no longer be a could do so; and buyers from the new

COMMERCIAL RELATIONS WITH CAN- producers and consumers the people of sions are entirely groundless. As Prussia each country would profit by such an was the largest and most populous country economical adjustment of affairs. As many manufactures in both coun-

tries are made of materials imported from prosperity and the consequently increased various parts of the world, it would manifestly be impossible to establish a com- revenue of Prussia rose about 30 per them in Canada. Including the amounts petely free system of commercial intergiven in the statement of the quantities and values of our domestic exports in the official records of the Bureau of Statisties, and the additions corrected from the ties, and the additions corrected from the output of the canada, except under duties adapted South German States into one grand union on the 1st of January, 1834.

In 1865 the benefits of the German Zollreports furnished by the Canadian Com- fair, mutually advantages, and complete verein had become so well proved and reports turnished by the Canadian Commissioners of Customs, our exports last arrangement of reciprosity between us. appreciated, that instead of the three

The treaty of 1854 provided for a recibounties. But if the materials of manuprocal trade between the United States factures were admitted on the same

all this by a lower tariff or a system of which animates the Zollverein received hereby the most glorious confirmation."

After the war of 1866 the German states and best appointed Restaurant in the choicest Liquors.

After the war of 1866 the German states and best appointed Restaurant in the choicest Liquors. and the British North American possessions terms into the United States and the in certain articles, consisting mainly of Dominion and an equitable distribution preserved their independence, were not unmanufactured productions of the farm, made of the revenues, the manufactures under any obligation to renew the Zoll-forest, mines and fisheries. It was for of each might safely and profitably be adversing but preferred to continue memseveral years mutually satisfactory, but mitted into the other. In fact, with our bers of it. In 1867 a new Zollverein under the pressure of debt and the need larger capital and more advanced manu- treaty was concluded between the states of increased revenues the Canadians raised | factories we should have an advantage in | of the North German Confederation and the duties an manufactured goods to such the competition, while it would also inure the North German states, the an extent as to destroy its natural effect to the benefit of the Canadian people.

Pennsylvania or any of the other States in away business from its natural and best The resolutions of the State of New hitherto the Government of the United

our intercourse for all time to come; That the mere adoption of the same and, in pursuance of the request of the State of New York, that its Senators and Representatives in Congress should take such steps as would regulate the commerce and navigation between the two countries, in such a manner as to render.

existing, as to the British American Col onies, would be terminated at the earliest date legally permitted, but that the President should be authorized to appoint three commissioners for the revision of said treaty, and to confer with other three commissioners duly author sed therefor, whenever it should appear to be the wish of

city, and for the removal of existing difficulties.

RECIPROCITY APPROVED BY CONGRESS.

The preamble declared that inequality and injustice existed in our present intercourse with Canada, subversive of the true intent of the treaty, owing to the legislation of Canada after the treaty had been adopted, and that it was desirable that friendly relations should be entertained between the United States and the British North American Provinces, and that commercial intercourse should be therecommercial interpourse should be thereafter carried on between them upon principles reciprocally beneficial and satis factory to both parties.

A motion to lay the preamble and resolution on the table was rejected.

A motion on the table was rejected by the preamble and resolution on the table was rejected.

A motion on the table was rejected by the preamble and resolution on the table was rejected.

Condition was such as would have existed in New York or any other of our States, a balance in our favour amounting to some \$3,000,000, and that ever since the been commercially divided from the rest, and the inhabitants of one country could be pressure on our affairs tended to force the pressure of the pressure on our affairs tended to force the pressure of the pres Intion on the table was rejected by a vote of 16 to 73. Thus the House refused to

alter be carried on between them on principles reciprocally beneficial and satisfactory, was adopted; and the factory, was adopted; and the together with their constitutents were toms union is that there shall be entire products of their labour at reduced expectable conspicuously in favour of and especially and unrestricted freedom of imports, ex- The tariff of Canada is moderate as interested in the utmost possible freedom of imports, exinterested in the utmost possible freedom of imports, exof exchanges between the two countries had not been induced to believe that they would obtain better terms by postthey would obtain better terms by postthey would obtain better terms by postthe states thus united. Within that all trade is untrameled as with our present those of wood-screws and musical instrutrade is untrameled as with our present those of wood-screws and musical instruments, to be lately transferred by our ments, to be lately transferred by our ments. revenue thus obtained is made among all own citizens to the other Just before the time for reconsideration arrived the war feeling had attained in creased intensity, and the exigencies and temper of the occasion threw all commercial considerations temporally aside.

The Zollverein is comprehensively defined to be the association of a number of states for the establishment of a common customs law and customs line with regard to foreign countries, and for the suppression favourable to the Canadians in neutral favourable to the Canadians in neutral

Since that time the Canadian tariff has States within the border line. There labour on a very extensive scale, and in Wory many of the articles on which we criminating duties on the imporcharge duties almost prohibitory are ad-mitted free of all duty into Canada, and ois New York or Boston. If the

when the Zollverein was begun, her tariff was adopted; and owing to increased course with Canada, except under duties amalgamation of the North German and

If, for instance, wearing appearel, of original states or duchies it included fouryear of our own productions to the De-minion included books and stationary to the value of \$794.846; cotton manu-

free exchanges between us and them, The solidity and cohesive power of the musical instruments, \$639,027; leather without any more fundamental and com- Zollverein were decisively tested in the and its manufactures, \$789,428; tobacco free of duty wool, or, if she chose, cloth Austria in 1866. The Governments of and the other articles used in making the the North German states included in the tures of iron and steel, \$6,833,649, besides apparel, could undersell us so far as to union sided with Austria, and it was feared staple productions of wheat and flour amount only in value to \$363,317.

materials for manufactures of wood, wool, presented that while "its component parts and iron are already brought into Canada were waging open war with each other, If we can export our manufactures in either free of all imports or under nomisuch large quantities to Canada when im. nal duties for the purpose of er. their functions in the general name and peded by her present tariff, it cannot be couraging cheap production. There is received and divided the revenue moneys LUNCHEONS, disputed that we should increase our sales nothing to prevent their being admitted in the general name, a spectacle which of them if they were admitted at lower | wholly free. Under these dircumstances | surprised nobody in Germany; but caused rates of duty, and yet more if they were the Canadian manufacturers would have general astonishment ab: oad as something an unjust advantage over those of our own quite incomprehensible. German nationcountry. On our side we might reverse ality, and the inner conserving power all this by a lower tariff or a system of which animates the Zollyerein received

in promoting many branches of the in- INTERESTS OF OUR MERCHANT FORWARDERS. Even with Austria a liberal and compreustry of our people.

Manufactures are not the only form of hensive treaty was effected in 1868, industy which is worthy of consideration.

Manufactures are not the only form of hensive treaty was effected in 1868, mutually reducing duties on both sides York passed concurrent resolutions comThe interests of our merchants and forplaining of the tariff thus exacted by
warders, as well as the people of Canada,
nearly all those on exports. Canada and demanding a revision of the are seriously injured by the present ob- A traveller who has crossed the outer stacles to their intercourse. There is line is freed from the vexations of dou-

Until the Canadians are ready for York asserted that "free commercial in- States has not thought it expedient to retercourse between the United States and the British North American possessions, developing the natural, geographical, and other advantages of each for the good of all, is conducive to the present interests of each, and is the only proper basis of conducive to the present interests.

States has not thought it expedient to return to the United States by their own appreciation of republican institutions, no solution of the commercial questions, no solution of the commercial questions at issue between us and them an obstacle, often amounting to prohibition, to the jobbing and retailing of a customs union. I, for one, am not desirous of incorporating in our political arrangement of the United States by their own appreciation of republican institutions, no solution of the commercial questions at issue between us and them can be complete except by means of a customs union. I, for one, am not desirous of incorporating in our political countries, in such a manner as to render the same reciprocally beneficial and satisfactory, I moved in the House of Representations and basis on which in very remote parts of the country. United States should be authorized and required to give notice to the British Government, that the treaty of commerce then ernment, that the treaty of commerce then the Zollverein or Prussian Confederacy of political preferences of the producers or

the Government of Great Britain to nego accordance with the genius of its people, any, and that a strong bias toward the tiste a new treaty between the Governand best adapted to promote its own most friendly relations on other points must naturally arise upon the basis of

Since the termination of the treaty the

"A DEOP OF JOY IN EVERY

manufactures, and can no longer be a subject of complaint of injustice on our part while we charge 40 or 50 per cent. We now approach the whole aubject under new and favourable auspices.

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they would not be there make needless is our of the people or form, silk, sool, and the other make needless is our of the people or manufactures. Without shin the country admitting them at low duties, or without sand, would manifestly be able to indersell the other if it continued such duties we it might deem necessary for its unferted them. Such as the countries and the measure of the principles is embediant or continued such as a continued such as a continued such is labour against the competition of considerably more than a continued such as continued such as a continued such tured productions, both countries would assuredly profit. The first effect mights assuredly profit. The first effect might assuredly profit. The first effect might assuredly profit. The first effect might assured to appeal interests in both, but a natural equilibrium would be applied to applied to the best standard for forth the profit of the profit

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EXCEL is voice-like quality of tone.

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These Pianos must take the lead of all known
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1. It contains all the News of the past seven days, collected by the agents and correspondents of the New York Daily World, and in

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Feb. 18, 1878.

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It is not affected by the lowest temperature. It obvious the use of Street Musics and Service Pipes, and is adjustable to any street Lantern now in use. It is particularly adapted to light Streets, Parks, Mills and Private Grounds.

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