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Ottawa, Nov 26 1875. 4[illegible]

TODAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO 2ND ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN THIS LIST.

Card—Brinsley M. Walton.
Tenders for the Supply of the Fire Brigade—Thos. Birkett.
Lending Library—Battle Bros.
Auction and Commission Agents—McKenzey and Morelandt.
Cautions—C. S. Shaw & Co.
Tenders for Express Business — C. J. Brydges.
Tenders for Sale of Newspapers, &c.—C. J. Brydges.

The Times.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JAN. 21, 1876.

THE NEWSPAPER TO READ.

Mr. W. Carlyle, Inspector of Public Schools for the County of Oxford, writing from Woodstock, Ont., on the 17th instant, to the Editor of this journal, says:—"DEAR SIR,—To-day, some friendly *confrere*, I suppose, sent me a copy of your paper, containing articles on the educational difficulty in your city. But the feature of THE TIMES to which I wish to allude is the character of the language used in your report of the rape case that came up in the Police Court last Friday. Will you kindly accept the thanks of a father, who has little girls old enough to read, for laying before your readers all needful information about that painful case, in language that will challenge the criticism of the most fastidious in the matter of decency and propriety. Your constant readers are to be congratulated on the possession of such a news medium."

THE QUEBEC MINISTRY.

It has often been asserted, since Mr. DeBoucherville was called upon to form a Government for the Province of Quebec, that he and his colleagues were but keeping warm the Treasury benches for the heroes of the Tanneries Land Swap. While the elections were pending, and there was a prospect that such an assertion, if received with credence, would have its legitimate effect upon the minds of the mass of the people, the Conservative press stoutly denied that their new leader was capable of being a party to any such unworthy game. Yet how soon has the very result which the Liberals anticipated come to pass. Mr. Ouimet, we are informed, is to be elevated to the Chief Superintendency of Education for the Province, and Mr. Chapleau to his old portfolio as Solicitor General. Here we have four members of the Ouimet Administration, (Messrs. Fortin and Robertson included, of course.) provided with good fat berths. Just let something be done for Mr. Archambault, and who of the Land Swap Government is left out in the cold? As to Messrs. Archambault and Chapleau, we should say a grateful country owes them very little more than they already have; their share of the Tanneries plunder might well serve them: but when one of the principals in that infamous transaction has been reinstated in the Cabinet, what good reason can there be for excluding the other? Truly, the people of our sister Province are fortunate in regard to the men who rule them!

Our esteemed contemporary, the Montreal *Gazette*, was justly in lignant over the Land Swap, and as justly condemned those who had a hand in it. Of course the *Gazette* had before been visited with qualms in regard to the proceedings of some of its friends in the Dominion Government upon a memorable occasion, and, conscience stricken, had admitted that a *prima facie* case was made out against them. Unfortunately, this condition of mind did not, in that instance, very long prevail, and when the *Gazette* swooped down upon the Land Swappers with all the violence of a furious, blood-thirsty eagle, people were curious to know what the end would be. As might have been naturally expected, that end was rather disapointing. For a little time there was a very bitter feeling between the *Gazette* and the *Minerve*, the latter branding the former, if we rightly recollect, as a religious zealot, and opposed to the interests of the French people of Quebec. It was rather a difficult position to be in, and our contemporary quietly extricated itself by claiming that while opposed to the Land Swappers, it saw no reason why the Conservative party should not form and maintain a Government without their aid. The Conservative party took the hint, a Government was formed which included only one member of the old Cabinet—undoubtedly one of the ablest men in the Province—and the *Gazette* was able with some small show of consistency to fall in with the rank and file of the party, and support the new combination. We submit, however, that our contemporary dare not continue that support after the accession of Mr. Chapleau, without eating its own words of less than a twelve month ago, without trampling its avowed principles under foot. If the organ was sincere then, and desires to be considered sincere now, it cannot sustain the men it so lately denounced as corrupt and well nigh criminal. Not to oppose them is to condone their offence and shoulder the responsibility of it—to admit, in fact, that its condemnation of the Tanneries transaction was a piece of arrant humbug, and the judgment which it then pronounced upon the Ouimet Government unjustifiable and ill-considered.

As to the means which have been taken to hoodwink the people of the Province of Quebec when they voted confidence in Mr. De Boucherville and his colleagues, it would, indeed, be surprising if an intelligent electorate could contemplate the n with equanimity. There is one word of four letters which fitly characterizes their condition—"sold." They believed they were asked to support a new and pure set of men, who would neither be guilty of betraying the interest of their fellow citizens themselves, nor yet be found giving their countenance or friendship to those who would. Certainly they never imagined for a moment that, within less than six months of the general election, the arch-corruptionist, the leading figure in the Tanneries scandal, would be taken to the bosom of the simon-pure DeBoucherville, and appointed to a position of honour and trust from which but a short time previously he was driven by the force o the execrations of an indignant and outraged populace. A more consummate piece of trickery was never perpetrated than his restoration to the Cabinet, and we call upon our contemporary in Montreal, we it values its own deliberate opinions of the past, to protest against the scandalous proceeding

CENSUS STATISTICS.

Dr. Tache, Deputy-Minister of Agriculture, has addressed a letter to Mr. Patterson, Secretary of the Board of Trade, dealing with the statistical information contained in the last census, and defending it from some unfavourable criticisms which have been offered from various quarters. Dr. Tache takes up one of the most recent of these criticisms as the foundation of his remarks. At the last meeting of the Toronto Board of Trade, the substance of what has grown to be old charge was formulated, and thus reported in the newspapers:—"The census of 1851 "showed that the wheat produced had "amounted to 15,756,493 bushels. The "census of 1861 showed 27,540,215 bush-"els, and the census of 1871 only 16,300,-"000, or 11,000,000 less than that pro-"duced in 1861, and only one million "more than that produced in 1851. The "English Statistics contained in the "Blue-book of 1868 estimated the pro-"duction in Canada at 36,365,000 bushels, "or 20,000,000 more than was shown by "our census of 1871. These facts proved "that there was not a proper system of "taking statistics at the present time." Dr. Tache objects to the mode of reasoning by which the conclusion is arrived at that "there is not a "proper system of taking statistics at the "present time," and maintains, even if those provided by the English Blue Book of 1868 were correct, that would be no proof of the inaccuracy of our own Canadian census; for, he contends, it has been shown that a diminution in the quantity of grain produced often takes place, even in growing countries. He gives one instance in which this happened. "The "wheat crops of Lower Canada," he says, "as returned in the census of 1831, "amounted to 3,407,756 *minots* (the *minot*, "it must be remembered, is about an "eleventh more than a bushel), whilst "thirty years after (when everything else "had more than doubled) the census of "1861 returned only 2,654,354 bushels."

But he does not admit the correctness of the statistics furnished by the English Blue Book in question, so far as the quantity of grain produced in this country is concerned. There was no farm to farm investigation made on the subject, and even the only other means, in the absence of an actual inquest, which could have been legitimately fallen back upon—the employment of a staff of statists, residing in the country operated upon, or the comparative study of imports, exports, and home consumption—were not resorted to. Dr. Tache says upon this head:—"The method by which this "amount of 36,365,000 is obtained ap-"pears new, and I must say somewhat "startled me, when first seen through the "grouping of figures made to find it out. "It apparently consists in establishing "the difference between the return of the "the wheat crop of 1851 and the returns "of the wheat crop of 1860 (for Ontario "and Quebec alone), then dividing that "difference by 9, the number of years "elapsed between the two census, then "multiplying the quotient by 7, the num-"ber of years elapsed between 1861 and "1868, and, finally adding the product of "this multiplication to the return of "1861."

We give the concluding portion of the letter in full, because it is necessary to a thorough understanding of the argument by which Dr. Tache undertakes to prove how nearly correct his own estimate of the grain produced in Canada for the period covered by the last census is, and how improbable, in view of all the facts, are the statements contained in the Blue Book of 1868:—

"In testing the accuracy of the returns of 1861 and 1871, I shall take the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick as a unit, and reduce the quantities of wheat flour into bushels, at the rate of five bushels of the *raw grain from the field* to the barrel of flour. Not to give to the figures a semblance of preciseness which such operations can no where assume, I shall also, in the aggregate sums containing millions, quote the tens of thousands in round numbers. The criterion here applied will consist in ascertaining, by means of the Customs reports, the quantities imported and exported and, by means of ascertained and accepted *data*, the home consumption of *wheat*, to establish the balance to be compared with the returns. The wheat crop of 1860 is said in the Census of 1861 to have amounted (in the four Provinces) to 27,866,635 bushels. The same for 1870, is given in the Census of 1871, as having produced 16,723,873 bushels. The imports of wheat (and flour equivalent) is stated, at the Customs to have been 7,210,000 bushels in 1860-61. The exports of the same to have amounted to 13,420,000 bushels for the same year. The imports of wheat (and flour equivalent) of 1870-71 are stated at 13,370,000 bushels. The exports of the same at 9,000,000 bushels. The above quoted census figures show an apparent difference in the wheat crop of the year 1870 as compared with the year 1860, of 11,140,000 bushels against 1870-71. The customs returns show for the year 1870-61 an excess of exportation of wheat, over importation amounting to 6,200,000 bushels, and for the year 1870-71 an excess of importation over exportation amounting to 4,350,000 bushels; the aggregate difference being (adding the surplus of 1861 to the deficit of 1871) 10,550,000 bushels against 1871. That there was a shortness of wheat crops in 1870, as compared with the crops of 1860, is here made evident, and the census returns of 1871 are, *so far*, sustained. Speaking to men acquainted with the past and present conditions of our market, I need not go to the trouble of proving that, if instead of over exporting we have over imported wheat in 1870-71, it was simply because we were in need of it and had not enough of our own growth for our home supplies. The grand total of census returns and imports, in 1860-61, amounted to 35,070,000 bushels. The grand total of census returns and imports, in 1870-71, amounted to 30,090,000 bushels. Deduction made of the exports, the stated balance of 1860-61 amounted to 21,600,000 bushels. Deduction made of the exports, the stated balance of 1870-71 amounted to 21,090,000

To test the relative accuracy of the census returns of both years, it remains to establish the amount of home consumption. The ordinary quantity of wheat admitted to be sufficient for the home consumption of people, under dietary circumstances similar to ours, is put at five bushels per head of the population; this figure includes food, seed, waste and the keeping up of stock; however, to be on the safe side of my argumentation, I will add one bushel per head, and calculate the home absorption at the rate of six bushels per head of the population, which may not be absurdedly high. The population of the four Provinces counted 3,689,561 in 1861; the quantity of wheat absorbed must have amounted therefore to about 18,540,000 bushels. The population of the four Provinces counted 3,485,761 in 1871; the quantity of wheat absorbed must therefore have amounted to about 20,910,000 bushels. The balance left, according to customs and census returns of 1861, as established heretofore, was 35,070,000 bushels; consequently there are 3,110,000 bushels not accounted for, neither abroad nor at home, in 1861. The balance left, according to customs and census returns of 1871, was 30,090,000 bushels; consequently there are only 180,000 bushels not accounted for in 1871. The logical, the unavoidable conclusion to be drawn from this study of the question, by ordinary method of statistical criticism, is that the wheat crop census returns of 1861, are apparently exaggerated to an amount which may be estimated at about 3,000,000 bushels. The wheat crops census returns of 1871 are apparently correct, the balance unaccounted for being absolutely insignificant. I abridge, in tabular form, the operations heretofore detailed:

	1860-61 Bush.	1870-71 Bush.
Wheat crops	[illegible]	16,300,000
Imports per customs	7,210,000	13,370,000
Grand total crops and imports	[illegible]	29,670,000
Exports per customs	[illegible],200,000	9,000,000
Balance of grand total — exports deducted	21,600,000	21,090,000
Home absorption	18,540,000	20,910,000
Balance unaccounted for	3,110,000	180,000

The method here employed being a regular one and self-evidently applicable to the subject, the same terms of comparison being applied to both census, no exception can be reasonably taken against this way of seriously and impartially testing our public records. Moreover, no alteration in the terms, could reverse the comparative result, which show that, of the two census, the census of 1871 is the most accurate; and that its statement of the wheat crops is sustained."

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Editor desires it to be distinctly understood that, while inserting these communications of Correspondents, he is in no way to be held responsible for the opinions expressed therein

THE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE BOARD.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In your account of the meeting of the City Council on Monday last, Alderman LeSueur is reported to have said that I desired to retire from the Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute. I deem it due to the members of the Board and to myself to state that the assertion was incorrect and unwarranted and I regret that my connection with the Board has thus ceased through mis-statements and misunderstanding.

I am, my dear sir,
Yours very truly,
DANIEL M. GORDON.

The Manse, Ottawa, Jan. 20.

THE NOVA SCOTIA COAL TRADE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In a letter in THE TIMES of 19th instant, over the signature of Mr. R G. Haliburton, advocating the giving of a bounty on coal exported from Nova Scotia to the United States equal to the duty charged by the latter, the following passage occurs:—"The grant of a bounty would prevent the necessity for continuing a bounty, for it would neutralize the object of the duty, and would lead to its repeal." By "the object of the duty," apparently, he means protection to Pennsylvania producers. But suppose the United States Government should take a sharper view of the matter than that, and should determine rather to increase their duty so as to keep it always sufficiently greater than the Canadian bounty to insure the desired protection? Besides, Uncle Sam would by the operation obtain a little help to his treasury from the Dominion pocket.

The letter in question seems to be rather "smart," but let us be thankful that the writer is not our Minister of Finance.

CRITIC.

PERSONAL.—Mr. T. W. Fenwick is in town, and stopping at the Union House. 4042tf

GENDREAU'S shaving and haircutting saloon, No. 3 Rajotte's Block, Wellington street. Adele M. Gendreau, proprietor. 394tf

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To commence on the west side of the River Dumoine at the south west rear angle of License No. 385 of 1868-4, five miles back from the river or lake thereon and extend up along the rear of the said License No. 385 to the distance of ten miles north magnetically to its north west rear angle and back therefrom west magnetically five miles at the upper and lower boundaries between which the rear boundary of this License to be two straight lines, the lower one to be run on the course north, and the upper one on the course south 45° west to their intersection.

2. HEAD RIVER DUMOINE, BERTH T.

To commence at the north east angle of License No. 188 of 1869-70, and extend along a line to be run on the course north 71½ west astronomically five miles with a depth back throughout from the last mentioned line of ten miles on the course south 82½ west astronomically the southern boundary to be run on the course due west magnetically from the point of commencement

3. HEAD RIVER DUMOINE, BERTH U.

To commence at a point five miles from the north east angle of License No. 194 of 1869-9, on the course north 71½ west astronomically, and extending a line to be run from the said point of commencement on the course north 71½ east astronomically four miles with a depth throughout from the last mentioned line of six miles on the course south 71½ east astronomically.

These limits are well situated for lumbering operations and well stocked with valuable timber

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Jan. 22, 1876. 4[illegible]

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Ottawa	1.25 p.m.	7.30 p.m.
Renfrew	2.25 p.m.	8.30 p.m.
Brockville	2.05 p.m.	8.35 p.m.

10.50 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West and with the Utica & Black River Railway for New York, Albany, Utica, etc.

4.05 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, and with the Utica and Black River Railway from New York, Albany, Utica, etc.

Connection made at Renfrew with stages to and from Pembroke.

Trains run on Montreal time.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Dec. 3 1875. 4012

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY,

Of uniform guage with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest, best and most direct route. The shortest line to all points East, West and South.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME

On and after FRIDAY, 10th December, 1875 Trains will run as follows:—

GOING NORTH

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk, Central Vermont from the East and with the Rome & Watertown Railway from New York and all points South	4.10 P.M.
43 Mixd with Sleg Cars.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East & West.	9.10 A.M
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.

†Every day including Sunday.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Express	10.50 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Rome & Watertown Railways for New York and all points South	1.00 P. M.
4	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Mixd with Slpg Cars.	10.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Ry.	2.15 A. M

Passengers by the 10.50 a.m. train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 6.

Sure connection with Grand Trunk Trains to and from both East and West, and with the Rome & Watertown at Ogdensburg to and from New York and all points South.

Apartments in Sleeping Car running from Watertown to New York, can be secured at the Company's Ticket Office in Ottawa.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Manager Director, Ottawa.

Dec. 8, 1875. 4015

TO CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.

The undersigned has opened a Stone Cutter's Yard, Corner of Kingsland & Andrew Street, where building stone and posts of all description will be kept constantly on hand. Orders are respectfully solicited, for all kinds of Stone-cutting.

GUERARD BRO

Charles W. Leonard,

SIGN PAINTER AND GRAINER,

Wellington Street, Near Pooley's Bridge.

Every Description of HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL WRITING, Gilding on Glass, &c., executed in a Superior Style. 3971

PATENT!

GIBBS & COURSOLLE,

SOLICITORS OF

Patents of Invention,

[TRADE MARK REGISTERED.]

VICTORIA CHAMBERS, WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA. 38

OTTAWA CARPET HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

have received of their Fall Importations, 48 BALES CARPETS and CURTAINS. Embracing all the novelties, out for the season to which they confidently

Invite Inspection.

Special Value in Lace Curtains.

JEWELLERY.

N. MARKS,

85—*SPARKS STREET*—86

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Jeweller, Watchmaker, I &c.

A large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Ladies' Opera and Victoria Chains, Gentlemen's Albert Chains, Rings and Gold Sets, Bracelets, and Jewellery of every description, Plated Ware, Clocks, &c., at the lowest prices. The best House in the city. Wholesale buyers can get their stock as cheap from me as any other House in the Dominion.

1875. 1875.

COAL

COAL

of all descriptions at

J. W. McRAE'S,

Mathewman's Block, Wellington Stre

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

ARTHUR L. HOLMES,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Has opened at

38 Sparks Street,

with a complete assortment of

BOOKS

Of general Literature, as well as Collegiate and Public School Text Books and School Materials.

IN STATIONERY

Will be found every article used in the office or family.

THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE

Wesleyan Conference.

TORONTO,

Will always be kept in stock. A very large choice of Bibles, Hymn Books, Church Services, &c.

Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1875 [illegible]

EVENING DRESS.

EVENING DRESS.

A London Costumier's stock of Handsome Costumes, among which are some very costly

PARIS AND BERLIN MODELS,

All of which are now offered at less than half first cost. To those who have not yet seen our

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,

We say, Come at once and judge for yourselves. We never saw such value and we feel certain that it will be a long time hence before such value in Rich Silks is offered again.

Alex. Russell & Co.,

66 & 68 SPARKS STREET.

Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1876. 4044f

CLEARING SALE OF FANCY GOODS!

SMITH & STEWART

STATIONERS,

Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House,

Beg to announce that they will make a *bona fide* clearing sale of all their stock of Fancy Goods left over from the Holidays, at Cost

FOR ONE MONTH,

For Cash only. The Stock consists of Stationery Cabinets, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Students' Companions, Ladies' Companions, Photo Albums, Card Trays, Chessmen and Boards, Albums, Inkstands, Card Cases, Ivory Tablets, Soap Boxes, Stereoscopes, Gold Pens, Holders and Pencils, Purses and Church Books, also a large assortment of Motto and Text. Remember this is a real Clearing sale, as goods being remarked at COST PRICE.

Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1876. 4045td

ROBERT STEWART

Begs to call attention to the Reduction in the Prices of the following Goods:—

Blankets Cleared at Cost.

Black Lustres, the best value ever offered in Ottawa.

Jackets at Manufacturers' Prices.

All Fancy Dress Goods at Cost.

ROBERT STEWART,
Queen Street, Chaudiere.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1875. 4043tf

EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS!

Having nearly completed the NEW ADDITION to present premises,

CHAS. BRYSON

WILL FOR THE

FIRST FIFTEEN DAYS OF JANUARY,

SELL ALL GOODS IN

Show Room, at Cost for Cash,

INCLUDING

Carpets, Mantles, Millinery and Fancy Woolen Good,

As all Goods in the Show Room MUST BE SOLD previous to the Removal of Stairs.

CHAS. BRYSON,
110 Sparks street, (opp. Bate & Co.)

Life Assurance.

The Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company.

Incorporated, 1874. Capital, $1,000,000.00

THE HON. JAMES SKEAD, PRESIDENT. *R. BLACKBURN, ESQ., M.P.,* VICE-PRESIDENT.

Deposited with Government for the Protection of Policy-holders:

$50,000.00.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire and Lightning.

This Company covers Loss by Lightning.

If Horses or Cattle are Killed on the Owner's Grounds.

Farmers will find it to their advantage to Insure

IN THE "OTTAWA."

HEAD OFFICE:—Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street, Ottawa.

DR. M. F. E. VALOIS, Inspector for Province of Quebec. JAS. BLACKBURN, Secretary.

BRANCH OFFICES:

67 Yonge Street, Toronto, R. H. Matson, Esq., Agent.
Kent Street, Lindsay, H. A. Wells, Esq., Agent.
Court House Avenue, Brockville, A. S. Hall, Esq., Agent.
15 Place d'Armes, Montreal, G. H. Patterson, Esq., Agent.
144 St. Peter Street, Quebec, Messrs Kiley & Ladrisse, Agents.
102 Prince William Street, St. John, New Brunswick, D. W. Coward, Esq.
Chief Agent for Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island.

Sterling Agents wanted for territory not yet taken up. Apply for particulars at the Head Office, Ottawa, or any of the Branches.

CANADA

Agricultural Insurance Co'y.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.

COL. A. J. D'L MARWOOD, President. EDWARD A. GOFF, Managing Director.
WILLIAM ANGUS, Vice-President. JAMES A. SMITH, Inspector.

Ottawa Branch - - - - - - - 38 Sparks Street

CLUFF & MILL, GENERAL AGENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Is hereby given to our patrons and the public generally in the Ottawa district, that this Company have decided to continue a branch Office in this City and have leased the large and commodious stone building, recently occupied by Messrs. Angus & Co., No. 38 Sparks Street, where they have OPENED AN OFFICE, under the management of Messrs. CLUFF and MILL, the newly appointed General Agents for the Ottawa Branch

Marble Works.

1875—PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION—1875.

First Prize for MARBLE MANTLEPIECE.
First Prize for MONUMENTAL HEADSTONES.
*First Prize for STONE SEWERA