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Pure Irish Frieze always in stock.

Ottawa, Nov. 28, 1875. 4006

NOTICE.

NO 2ND ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN THIS LIST.

Auction Three Doors—Clark & Co.
Governor's Opera House—Grand Matinee.
New Gas Light—Lambert Moore & Co.
Horse Lost—John Cuskery.
Farmers' Stoves—Agricultural Warehouse.
New Gas Light—Local Notice.
Insolvent Act, 1875—D. S. McKinnon.
Atlas Line of Steamships—Jno. Thomson.

The Times.

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JAN. 20, 1876.

AGRICULTURAL AND ARTS ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Ira Morgan, Vice President of the Agricultural and Arts Association of the Province of Ontario, whose three years term of office as member of the Provincial Board, has just expired, was re elected yesterday unanimously by the several counties that compose No. 2 Division, viz: North Renfrew, South Renfrew, North Lanark, South Lanark, Carleton, Russell, and the City of Ottawa. Mr. Morgan's return by acclamation by the Agricultural Societies in the Several districts enumerated, is an evidence of his efforts in the past having been duly appreciated. The other members whose term expired are: Messrs. A. McNab, M. P. Glengarry; Andrew Wilson, Maitland; and J. B. Aylsworth, Newburgh. These four gentlemen represented all that section of the Province lying east of Toronto. They are candidates for re election, but as yet we have not heard of the result in their respective Divisions. The chances are, however, that all of them have been re-elected.

THE BOARD OF TRADE YESTERDAY.

The Board of Trade met again yesterday in the Railway Committee Room of the House of Commons. Among the leading topics discussed a few may be mentioned. The question of establishing a Canadian Lloyds, or system of registration for Canadian shipping, has long exercised the commercial gentlemen of the maritime districts, and yesterday the subject received a thorough discussion. A resolution was passed favouring the establishment of the institution, the Government to take the initiative steps, but its working to be regulated, once it is fairly in operation, upon principles similar to the British Lloyds. The lake navigation was recommended to be included in whatever measure may be passed respecting the registration of shipping, and it it is more than likely that the conclusions arrived at by the Board will receive the best consideration of the Legislature.

Some time ago the Hon. Mr. Fortin, M.P.P., of Gaspe, began, by the publication of a communication in the Quebec newspapers, a very interesting discussion upon the desirability of having telegraphic communication between the various islands in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. During the debate, it was mentioned incidentally by Mr. Lord, of Montreal, who does a very large business with Newfoundland, that the people of that colony were not only anxious for telegraphic communication with Canada, as was shown by correspondence which had passed between himself and the Hon. Mr. Rogerson, but also really in favour of Confederation. The Government of the present time had, however, pledged themselves not to carry the project into effect without first consulting the people, and it would therefore very probably not come up before the next general election. We understand Mr. Lord to be in a position to speak with a good deal of authority upon the subject, and if so, his utterance of yesterday is a very important one indeed. A resolution was finally passed recommending the establishment of the telegraphic communication referred to, the sum of $130,000 being named as likely to be necessary in the way of expenditure upon the work.

The tea and sugar duties, and the system upon which they are levied at present, have been exercising the merchants and manufacturers of the Dominion for some years very much indeed, and yesterday, as might have been expected, a very lively discussion upon the matter took place, a resolution was passed by a very large majority in favour of imposing differential duties upon importations of these articles through the United States' territory, the idea being that a direct Canadian trade with China, so far as tea is concerned, could be established.

The construction of the Caughnawaga Canal was also recommended by a resolution, which was moved by Hon. Mr. Young, a rider being added, on motion of Mr. Thomas White, the mover consenting, to the effect that the people of New York State should also deepen their canals, and give Canadians the right to navigate them.

To day the Board will discuss whether free trade or protection is most in the interest of the Canadian people. No doubt the debate will be an interesting one.

SCOTCH AFFAIRS.

From our Own Correspondent.

DUNDEE, 31st Dec., 1875.

CHRISTMAS.

Not half a century ago, the Christmas season was one of gladness, of religious fervor, or of special hospitality and a general kindliness of feeling in Scotland. The supposed anniversary of the birth of the Saviour of the world was not heralded in by midnight masses or prayer meetings, nor was the day particularly noticeable for any respect from any other day. An Episcopalian family might attend church and eat of plum pudding at dinner, and in some out-of-the-way chapel the Roman Catholics possibly attended mass at night or very early in the morning in that land where a Wishart preached and suffered, and in which the stern tenets of John Knox most particularly prevailed. The "kist of whistles" was looked upon as an emblem of "black prelacy," and the gloom of the people was completely in accord with the gloom of the dullest month in all the year in these high latitudes—a gloomier period than a London November, so graphically described by Hood. But all this is changed. Now in ever shop window there are evidences of Christmas. There are Christmas cakes and Christmas puddings, huge quarters of beef, the most tempting delicacies at the fruiterers' doors—pears from Australia at fabulous prices, apples from Canada, California, and the Channel Islands, the banana and the pineapple, the prices of the latter ranging from a shilling to seven guineas! And in the churches there are masses and floral decorations, even Presbyterianism having Christmas trees in connection with church services; while the holly, with its red berries, the variegated laurel, the mistletoe and the myrtle are to be met with at the grocers and the confectioners. A dry goods establishment in the Overgate has an evergreen tree in the centre of the shop from which all the *bon bons* of this festive season are pendant. In Union street, Mr. Macrae exhibits two cocoa nuts, the husks of which are carved into the appearance of human heads having artificial eyes set therein, and the hair combed out of the fibrous covering of the enclosed vegetable mummy of the tropics.

SOME CHANGES.

There is another innovation in Scottish manners and Scottish feeling somewhat remarkable. Not only are there religious houses and religious ladies in Dundee attached to the Catholic Churches, but there are also religious ladies belonging to St. Paul's Episcopal Protestant Church, where a recently much esteemed and, indeed, most exemplary man preached—the late Right Rev. Dr. Forbes, Bishop of Brechin—who walk about the streets doing good, habited after the manner of the Black Nuns of Quebec, unmolested by the common people, and treated with ordinary respect by the better classes. The established churches indulge in the use of organs, and actually sing anthems to prose versions of the psalms.

PROGRESS AND TOLERATION.

This is surely progress—progress in the way of enlightened toleration. The public library, however, has not made such progress in the way of affording information about America. It publishes a catalogue, with three supplements, and has not a copy of Bouchette, of Christie, of Garneau, of Bell, of McMullen, of Roger, nor indeed of anything historical concerning either Canada or the United States worth mentioning. Of course copies of Audubon, or Wilson, or Buonaparte, the ornithologists, were not to be expected in an institution not yet six years old.

THE GOOD THINGS OF THE SEASON.

The River Tay has always been celebrated for its salmon fisheries. Even at this season, every kind of fish is to be found. A heavy kind of sloop, and every variety of heavily built boats are to be seen engaged in fishing between Broughty Castle, Dundee, and Newburgh. The catch is very considerable. The following "articles" are now in season:—Beef, pork, roasting pig, rabbits, moor game, partridges, teal, wildgeon, wild ducks, wild geese, chickens, ducks, turkeys, cod, skate, haddocks, whitings, gurnards, herrings, soles, flounders, brill, lobsters, oysters, almonds, apples, dry currants, foreign grapes, nuts, dry plums and raisins, to say nothing of short bread and oceans of Glenlivat.

THE AGENT GENERALSHIP.

To-day's paper tells us that the Agent Generalship of Canada in London has been discontinued. The *Advertiser* seems to lament this, and attributes the discontinuance of the Special Agency to Quebec influences.

I must close without, as I intended, saying anything about Baltic and Canadian timber, flour, and other matters that may be of interest to your readers. These matters will be attended to next week. Meanwhile allow me to wish you, all your staff, and numerous readers, a happy New Year. Yours, truly,

CISCO.

The Canadian Fisher Claims.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Post* thus telegraphs to that paper:—

The death of Ex Governor Clifford, of Massachusetts, will retard the assembling of the Fishery Commission at Halifax. The Secretary of State had selected Governor Clifford to represent the United States on this Commission, and it was expected that his long experience and practical understanding of the fishery interests of the New England States would be of great assistance to the Government in arriving at an adjustment and a fair estimate of the compensation to be paid to Canada in accordance with the treaty stipulations.

The Canadians, according to reports received here, entertain the most extravagant notions as to the amount they will probably receive from the United States for the privilege accorded American fishermen of fishing in their waters, and of landing and purchasing supplies, and are basing their expectations upon getting from three to tenmillions of dollars under the future award of the Halifax Commission.

At the very outside the officers at the State Department do not expect the Canadians will receive more than three or four hundred thousand dollars.

When the British American Claims Commission began its labours, a prominent Massachusetts politician told Secretary Fish that the United States would certainly have to pay to British subjects, for property taken or destroyed by the Government, fully ten million dollars. The Secretary laughed at this assertion, and time has demonstrated that he was right in considering this sum preposterous, as the Commission awarded in all one million nine hundred thousand dollars as the amount to be paid by the United States.

The State Department is in correspondence with the British authorities regarding the Fishery Commission, but the details have not been fully arranged, and, as heretofore indicated, the death of ex-Governor Clifford will probably occasion some delay.

BHOPAL'S GREAT BEGUM.

Shah Jehan, a Woman who may Cut Off Heads at Will.

A BEAUTIFUL AND POWERFUL EASTERN SOVEREIGN WHO WEARS THE JAUNTY COSTUME OF A PAGE—ONE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES' VISITORS.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The Prince of Wales has been receiving with royal honours, in Calcutta, a reigning Indian Queen of Great beauty, dash, and determination. Shah Jehan, Begum of Bhopal, is the first reigning female sovereign whom the Prince of Wales has had to receive in Hindostan. Her Highness Jumneebai was after all only the mother and protectress of her son, the new Gulkwar. The Princess of Tanjore exercises no legal rights, but is almost a prisoner, usually in her great South Indian fort. But Shah Jehan is an independent potentate, who has her salute of seventeen guns, and who can at her own sweet will chop off her subjects' heads. She rules over States 6,764 square miles in extent, with a population which ten years ago was supposed to number nearly a million of souls, and which is known to have greatly increased since. Her subjects are, as a whole, prosperous. Here is a realm of park-like lands, with spreading pastures and wooded uplands and tilled valleys. South of her territory dashes the Nerbudda, most inconstant of the great rivers of India—now like a ribbon of silver and now a mighty volume of rushing water. With her subjects Shah Jehan is extremely popular. She is a daughter of the Prophet, and the men over whom she rules are ninety-nine in a hundred Mussulmans.

The Begum of Bhopal is the remarkable daughter of a remarkable woman. In 1865, when M. Louis Rousselet met her, the former queen was about fifty years of age. Her predecessor was a Nawab. Being a woman, she had vast difficulties to overcome before she could feel assured of her throne. The English, above all, were against her. Her husband, Jehanghir, was the favourite claimant for the throne of Bhopal, which he ascended only to disimmediately in a rather mysterious fashion. Begum Secunder at once seized the reins of government as the self appointed Regent of her daughter, Shan Jehan, then a minor. Secunder knew well what she was about. She scorned the "fabled divisions of sex," as she called them. She rode about, like a man, on a fiery Arab. On one occasion she heard that a "sowar" of hers had spoken on this account disrespectfully of her, and, riding furiously at him, this woman of fifty-three cleft his skull. Secunder Begum was a splendid horse-woman, and her daughter, it is said, has often speared a pig in her day. Secunder had an ugly gash across her left shoulder. She received it in a skirmish when she was about thirty-five years old. She rode full tilt at a rebel with a spear and ran him through. He had, however, strength left to give her a parting slash.

Secunder was a woman as beautiful as she was bold. She startled all the Mussulmans of India by casting off her *purdah nasheen* ("behind the curtain") customs. She made no difficulty of executing any one who too stoutly opposed her in her own dominions; and on one occasion she shot an over bold Minister through the head with her own hand. When the mutiny rose she played a determined part. Her dominions were in the centre of the infected districts. She sided boldly with England: and there is a story (ill or well founded we know not) that she struck a rusty knife, used for pruning the flowers in the palace garden, into the breast of a counsellor with anti-English sympathies.

Some uncomfortable things are said about the present Begum of Bophal. It is acknowledged that she is a clever woman, and she is decidedly handsome, with regular features, and a "black fire-glance," as the natives say. Her complexion is of a very light olive. Her usual state costume is singular, for it is her fancy to ape the man in her attire. Ugly things have been said of her. In Col. Buckley's translation of M. Louis Rousselet's hand some volume we read:

The Princess, in obedience to the injunctions of the Mussulman laws, of which her husband, Prince Oumra Doula, was a fanatic observer, did not, however, exhibit herself to our eyes. She was separated from us by a blind of fine straw, which permitted her to see us without being seen herself; but at the end of the interview, which was tolerably long, and at which the Queen was present, the curtain was slightly raised to give passage to a slender, delicate hand, with fingers covered with diamonds, which I pressed in mine in Asiatic fashion. This is all we saw that day of the mysterious princess; and the Begum Secunder did not allow the opportunity to pass without again expressing all the aversion which this custom of the *purdah*, cutting off women so entirely from the society of her fellow creatures inspired her with. But a very unexpected event was soon to put an end to this position, so displeasing to the Begum, and permit us to satisfy our curiosity. Some weeks after our interview, one of the nobles arrived on horse back in great haste at the Meti Bungalow, to announce to us from the Queen that the Prince Oumra Doula had been found dead in his bed that morning. The news, the Sirdar added, had diffused consternation throughout the palace, for the Prince was in the prime of life, and seemed to be of a robust constitution. * * * The First Minister soon arrived, and received an order from the Queen to conduct us himself to the palace of Oumra, the facade of which extends along one of the sides of the square of the palace. * * * The Minister left us in this room, after having sent to announce our arrival to the Princess; and, in a few moments after, one of the doors opened, and I saw a young woman enter, dressed in the strange and almost masculine costume which makes the Bhopalese women resemble the young pages who appear at our theatres. Imagining her to be one of the Princess's attendants, I advanced indifferently to meet the young girl; but with a gesture of dignity she stopped me, saying, "I am Shah Jehan!" I paused a moment in amazement, and bowed profoundly; and my astonishment may be conceived on finding myself suddenly in the presence of the Princess whom I imagined to be still strictly confined to her harem. Nevertheless, recovering somewhat from my surprise, I addressed my compliments of condolence to her, telling her how during the short time that I had known Prince Oumra Doula I had learned to esteem and even to like him. Without attempting to feign the slightest emotion, the young Prince put a stop to my praises, saying, with a slight shrug of the shoulders, the simple word "Kismet!" (It was written.) Then, motioning me to seat myself near her on one of the sofas, she said abruptly to me, "Do you come from Paris?" and I was compelled, without taking breath, to give a description of Paris, its monuments, and the manner of its inhabitants. I could not get over my bewilderment, and was almost shocked at this utter want of feeling, when the Begum Secunder arrived. She could not help smiling on remarking my astonishment, and, having seated herself beside us, said to me:—"I mourn for Oumra Doula because I lose in him a faithful friend and counsellor. But why should my daughter mourn? Does the prisoner regret his gaoler?" Strange words these from the lips of an Asiatic. They are, indeed, the condemnation of the worn-out custom of the sequestration of women, which Mussulmen persist in keeping up, in spite of the constant progress of civilization among them.

With reference to this description by M. L. Rousselet, as translated by Colonel Buckle, a word or two may be said. In the first place, we do not understand what M. Rousselet means when he says that he pressed the Begum's hands "in Asiatic fashion." When Orientals press hands, they press them very much as Europeans do. The "blind of fine straw" we presume to be a "tattie" of thin reeds or rushes. "Purdah," of course, means "curtain;" but it does not "cut off" women from the society of their fellow creatures. It only partially cuts them off from the society of the male sex. Any English lady can walk behind the thickest purdah; and many *purdah-nasheen* women prefer their comparative seclusion, just as nuns do theirs. They say, "We can see, yet are not seen; and we have none of the trouble and vexation you have, who mingle with the rough and noisy world."

There is little wonder that there was widespread consternation at the death of Prince Oumra Doula. The report through India at the time was that Shah Jehan hated her husband and poisoned him; but it may very well be that rumour exaggerated the callousness of the Princess to the death of her husband into complicity in his death.

READ THIS TWICE.—Five to thirty drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil, will cure common Sore Throat. It never fails in Croup. It will cure a Cold or Cough in twenty-four to forty-eight hours. One bottle has cured Bronchitis of eight years' standing; recent cases are cured in three to six days. It has restored the voice where the person has not spoken above a whisper in five years. As an outward application in all cases of pain or laments, nothing like it has ever been known. One bottle will cure any case of Lame Back or Crick in the Back. For diseases of the Spine and Contraction of the Muscles it is unequaled. In Rheumatic or any other pain the first application does you good. It stops Ear Ache and the pain of a Burn in three minutes, and is altogether the best and cheapest medicine ever offered to the people—the cheapest, because it takes so little to do you good. It is composed of six of the best oils known, and nothing but oils. Is worth its weight in gold. Why not buy it to-day?—A. B. Des Rochers, assistant postmaster, Arthabaskaville, P.O., writes:—"Thirteen years ago I was seized by a severe attack of rheumatism in the head, from which I have nearly constantly suffered. After having used 'Thomas' Eclectric Oil" for nine days, bathing the forehead, I have been completely cured, and have only used half a bottle. This I can certify, under oath, if you wish.—"Rev. J. Malloy, of Wyoming, N. Y., writes "Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in one week." Dealers all over the country say, "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

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The following valuable timber limits on the River Dumoine, comprising 124 Square Miles, described as follows, viz:—

1. RIVER DUMOINE.

To commence on the west side of the River Dumoine at the south west rear angle of License No. 385 of 1863-4, five miles back from the river or lake thereon and extend up along the rear of the said License No. 385 to the distance of ten miles north magnetically to its north west rear angle and back therefrom west magnetically five miles at the upper and lower boundaries between which the rear boundary of this License is to be two straight lines, the lower one to be run on the course north, and the upper one on the course south 45° west to their intersection.

2. HEAD RIVER DUMOINE, BERTH T.

To commence at the north east angle of License No. 198 of 1869-70, and extend along a line to be run on the course north 7½° west astronomically five miles with a depth back throughout from the last mentioned line of ten miles on the course north 82½° west astronomically the southern boundary to be run on the course due west magnetically from the point of commencement.

3. HEAD RIVER DUMOINE, BERTH U.

To commence at a point five miles from the north east angle of License No. 198 of 1869-70, on the course north 7½° west astronomically, and from such beginning to be run from the said point of commencement on the course north 82½ east astronomically four miles with a depth throughout from the last mentioned line of six miles on the course south 7½° east astronomically.

These limits are well situate for lumbering operations and well stocked with valuable timber.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of the sale. For further information parties may apply to H. V. Noel or D. O'Connor.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1876.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

O'CONNOR & HOGG
Vendors solicitors. 4047d3

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Which he will sell by Public Auction, without reserve, at his Sale rooms, Elgin street,

Every Evening, at. 7:30,

UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

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Sale without any reserve commencing on FRIDAY EVENING, the 14th inst., and every evening at same hour until all is sold. This is a Grand Christmas Sale and well worthy of public attention.

N.B.—On SATURDAY EVENING at 7:30, a quantity of Furniture, comprising lounges, fancy tables, bureaus, bedsteads, mattrasses, chairs, tables, etc., as well as several hall coal stoves, and one very fine coal cook stoves, will sold by auction at the subscriber's rooms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
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A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug 12. 1939

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.35 a.m. 4.05 p.m.
Ottawa - - - - - 10.50 a.m 4.45 p.m.
Renfrew - - - - - 9.25 a.m. 3.40 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa - - - - 1.25 p.m. 7.30 p.m.
Renfrew - - - - 2.25 p.m. 8.50 p.m.
Brockville - - - - 2.05 p.m. 8.25 p.m.

10.50 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West and with the Utica & Black River Railway for New York, Albany, Utica, etc.

4.05 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, and with the Utica and Black River Railway from New York, Albany, Utica, etc.

Connection made at Renfrew with stages to and from Pembroke.

Trains run on Montreal time.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Dec. 3, 1875 4012

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY,

Of uniform gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest, best and most direct route. The shortest line to all points East, West and South.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

On and after FRIDAY, 10th December, 1875 Trains will run as follows:—

GOING NORTH

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from the East and with the Rome & Watertown Railway from New York and all points South.....	4.10 P.M.
13 Mixed with Sleeping Cars.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East & West.	9.10 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.

†Every day including Sunday.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Express	10.50 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Rome & Watertown Railways for New York and all points South.....	1.00 P.M.
4	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East,.....	4.20 P.M.
6 Mixed with Sleeping Cars.	10.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Rly.	2.15 A.M.

Passengers by the 10.50 a.m. train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 2 and 6.

Sure connection with Grand Trunk Trains to and from both East and West, and with the Rome & Watertown at Ogdensburg to and from New York and all points South.

Apartments in Sleeping Car running from Watertown to New York, can be secured at the Company's Ticket Office in Ottawa.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec. 8, 1875. 4015

TO CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.

The undersigned has opened a Stone-cutter's Yard, Corner of King and St. Andrew Street, where building stone and posts of all description will be kept constantly on hand. Orders are respectfully solicited, for all kinds of Stone-cutting.

GUERARD BROS.

Charles W. Leonard,

SIGN PAINTER AND GRAINER,

Wellington Street, Near Pooley's Bridge.

Every Description of HOUSE SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL WRITING, Gilding on Glass &c., executed in a Superior Style. 3975-1

OTTAWA CARPET HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Are received of their Fall Importations,

48 BALES CARPETS and CURTAINS.

Embracing all the novelties, out for the season to which they confidently

Invite Inspection.

Special Value in Lace Curtains.

1875. 1875.

COAL

COAL

of all descriptions at

J. W. McRAE'S,

Mathewman's Block,
Wellington Stre

42-6m

SMOKERS!

Three Reasons for Using the

Myrtle Navy Tobacco,

FIRST,

It is made of the Finest Virginia Leaf.

SECOND,

Each Plug Weighs ½ of a Pound.

THIRD,

The Imitations Weigh Only about ¼ of a Pound to each Plug, and are Made from Common Leaf.

NONE IS GENUINE

UNLESS STAMPED

T. & B.

On each Plug.

Ottawa, Oct. 18th, 1875. 4008d3

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

ARTHUR L. HOLMES,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Has opened at

38 Sparks Street,

with a complete assortment of

BOOKS

Of general Literature, as well as Collegiate and Public School Text Books and School Utensils.

IN STATIONERY

Will be found every article used in the office or family.

THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE

Wesleyan Conference.

TORONTO,

Will always be kept in stock. A very large choice of Bibles, Hymn Books, Church Services, &c.

Ottawa, Sept, 15, 1875 3944m

EVENING DRESS.

EVENING DRESS.

A London Costumier's stock of Handsome Costumes, among which are some very costly

PARIS AND BERLIN MODELS,

All of which are now offered at less than half first cost. To those who have not yet seen our

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,

We say, Come at once and judge for yourselves. We never saw such value and we feel certain that it will be a long time hence before such value in Rich Silks is offered again.

Alex. Russell & Co.,

66 & 68 SPARKS STREET.

Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1876. 4044f

CLEARING SALE OF FANCY GOODS!

SMITH & STEWART

STATIONERS,

Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House,

Beg to announce that they will make a *bona fide* clearing sale of all their stock of Fancy Goods left over from the holidays, at Cost

FOR ONE MONTH,

For Cash only. The Stock consists of Stationery Cabinets, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Students' Companions, Ladies' Companions, Portfolios, Blotting Pads, Card Trays, Chessmen and Boards, Albums, Inkstands, Card Cases, Ivory Tablets, Scrap Books, Scrap Pictures, Toilet Sets, Pocket Books and Purses, Pens, Holders and Pencils, Purses and Church Books, also a large assortment of Toys. Remember this is a Real Clearing Sale, and Old Prices Reduced to Cost PRICE

Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1876. 4044m1

ROBERT STEWART

Begs to call attention to the Reduction in the Prices of the following Goods:—

Blankets Cleared at Cost.

Black Lustres, the best value ever offered in Ottawa.

Jackets at Manufacturers' Prices.

All Fancy Dress Goods at Cost.

ROBERT STEWART,
Queen Street, Chaudiere.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1875. 4032d1

EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS!

Having nearly completed the NEW ADDITION to present premises,

CHAS. BRYSON

WILL FOR THE

FIRST FIFTEEN DAYS OF JANUARY,

SELL ALL GOODS IN

Show Room, at Cost for Cash,

INCLUDING

Carpets, Mantles, Millinery and Fancy Woolen Good,

As all Goods in the Show Room MUST BE SOLD previous to the Removal of Stairs,

CHAS. BRYSON,
119 Sparks street, (opp. Bate & Co.)

Life Assurance.

The Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company.

Incorporated, 1874. Capital, $1,000,000.00.

THE HON. JAMES SKEAD, PRESIDENT. *R. BLACKBURN, ESQ., M.P.,* VICE-PRESIDENT.

Deposited with Government for the Protection of Policy-holders:

$50,000.00.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire and Lightning.

This Company covers Loss by Lightning.

If Horses or Cattle are Killed on the Owner's Grounds.

Farmers will find it to their advantage to Insure

IN THE "OTTAWA."

HEAD OFFICE:—Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street, Ottawa.

DR. M. F. E. VALOIS, Inspector for Province of Quebec. JAS. BLACKBURN, Secretary.

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Kent Street, Lindsay, H. A. Wallis, Esq., Agent.
Court House Avenue, Brockville, A. S. Hall, Esq., Agent.
15 Place d'Armes, Montreal, G. H. Patterson, Esq., Agent.
149 St. Peter street, Quebec, Messrs Kiley & Ladriere, Agents
102 Prince William Street, St. John, New Brunswick, H. W. Coward, Esq.
Chief Agent for Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and