Notice to the Public.

We have appointed MR. S. N. CHURCH, of Port Hope, Ontario, Sole Agent in the Dominion of Canada, for THE TIMES and THE DEBATES OF PARLIAMENT, Orders and Subscriptions for which he is authorized to receive on our behalf

MACLEAN, ROGER & Co.

New Advertisements.

NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN THIS LIST.

American Invoices—I. Johnson.
Gowan's Opera House—Emerald Minstrels.
Notice to Electors—John Lyons.

PLEASE OBSERVE.

1st. We keep a First Class stock of Clothe and Tweed.
2nd. We have a First Class Cutter.
3rd. We employ First Class Workmen.
4th. We guarantee a First Class Fit.
5th. We do not sacrifice our goods or pretend to sell them at less than they cost.
6th. We charge a fair price for a good article and expect to succeed.

T. W. Kenny & Sons,
Merchant Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters,
Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Pure Irish Frieze always in stock.
Ottawa, Nov 28, 1875. 4096

The Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, DEC. 13, 1875.

THE FISHERY COMMISSION.

We last week republished an article by the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Herald* relating to the claim of Canada to compensation for fishery privileges under the Washington Treaty. This article, although of the sensational type, was yet explicit enough to show that in official quarters some apprehension is felt about the appointment of a third Commissioner. The United States Government, having in so many instances overreached Great Britain in dealing with these Colonial questions, was keen to secure the preliminary advantages of a preponderance of American influence on the Commission. Failing to do so, the selection of an umpire from independent sources now threatens to defeat the rational expectation of a partial award. It is just this impartial element in the tribunal which disturbs the intensely selfish heart of old Uncle Sam. That the United States Government and people know well enough the immense value to them of the Canadian fisheries to which they are secured access by the Treaty of 1871, is sufficiently evidenced by their feverish anxiety about what they absurdly call their "fishery rights" in our waters, and their willingness to incur the cost and havoc of war to enforce their so-called claims. It suits them, however, to deny the value of the concessions they obtain whenever there is any prospect of being obliged to pay some equivalent. This they will no doubt endeavour to do more strenuously than ever since the Commission they so much dread bids fair to be constituted not altogether to their own liking. We find already that the organ of the New England fishermen, the *Cape Ann Advertiser*, is pegging away at depreciation. The *Advertiser* assures us that there is not the least anticipation of war on account of the fisheries, and gives a peculiarly American reason for disbelieving the absurd rumours set afloat. It is no less a reason than that the fisheries are "of little use to the "United States, and the Canadians know "themselves that they have passed out "of existence as a consideration of value. "There is nothing for the United States "to fight for, as we do not need their fish-"eries, and it is not, as many suppose, at "all necessary to the success of the "American fishermen to have the right "to fish within three miles of the shore; "neither are the fish to be caught there." If we did not know what a queer people are our neighbours across the line, this declaration would be unaccountable. Why, it is not quite five years since the Dominion of Canada was threatened with fire and sword because some half dozen innocent Gloucester men lost their fishing vessels whilst trespassing on Canadian fisheries. President Grant declared war against us in that celebrated message which was so mercilessly reviewed by an officer of the Fisheries Department. Everybody recollects the blood and thunder manifestos issued from fishing villages in the Eastern States, setting forth unheard of outrages by the Marine Police, cruisers of audacious Canada. But for the life of us we can't understand why all this threatening and outcry was necessary if United States citizens never needed to and never did fish in forbidden waters. There was a very simple remedy in staying at home or at least in keeping off their neighbour's property. We have said this queer pretence needs to be viewed in the light of a knowledge of American ideas of honesty and fairness. They bluster and threaten about privileges which they pretend are not worth having, just because they are brought face to face with the necessity for paying for their real value. That's the rub. After enjoying the use of our fisheries for nearly five years without compensation, it seems odd that the only recompense they want to afford is depreciation. In other respects their Congress and Government have practically repudiated the obligations they entered into under the Treaty of Washington, and we suppose that to depreciate the privileges they are enjoying best befits repudiating the contract.

THE PROPOSED IROQUOIS EMIGRATION.

The discussion commenced by a contemporary relative to the proposed emigration of a section of the Iroquois tribe of Indians to the United States suggests one or two considerations upon which it might be well for our dusky brethren to ponder before they proceed to carry their intentions into effect. The dealings of the Sovereign of the British Empire with the Aborigines of North America, which may be said to have commenced when the first ship load of English adventurers landed upon the shores of the New World, have now extended over a very long series of years. Within the space of time which has elapsed since it first became the duty of the British Crown to treat with the Red Men of this country, hundreds of treaties have been made, hundreds of stipulations mutually entered into, and hundreds of occasions have arisen to test the good faith and honesty of both parties. The Independence of the Thirteen States, and the establishment of a separate system of government within the territory thus alienated from the Mother Country, made it incumbent upon a certain proportion of the Indian tribes to transfer their allegiance to a new authority, and to look for protection and friendship to the people between whom and themselves it had been the custom of the Home Government to intervene in cases of difficulty or injustice. Their experience of the new nationality which sprang up on this continent nearly a hundred years ago, and the comparison which may fairly be instituted between the treatment they have invariably received at the hands of the rulers of Great Britain and their treatment by that nationality, should not be forgotten when emigration from one side of the line to the other is being proposed. It is no doubt true that the white race upon this hemisphere have been intruders from the beginning, but there are different kinds of intrusion, as our Iroquois population ought to remember. America was too big a country for the Red Skins—too well suited to the purposes of civilized humanity to be allowed forever to remain a deer forest. The policy of the British Crown, having ever in view the extension of its grand empire, has been to take nothing for which it does not offer an equivalent. If we have come to own a large proportion of the territory which once belonged to Indian tribes, we have not asked it for nothing. On the contrary, we have invariably approached them and offered to pay them for what we desired to possess, while they, on their part have always been willing parties to the bargains made. Not in the the long list of treaty obligations we have thus incurred can they point to a single instance of perfidy on the part of the Crown. Injustice there may have been occasionally, but the instances have been rare, and then the petty acts of unfaithful officials. The result has been good-will and mutual confidence. Indeed the loyalty of the Indians of Canada and their friendly and peaceful relations with the white population, have been the subject of world-wide admiration. The Iroquois have been no exception to this general rule, and we are not aware that they ever yet made any complaint, their proposition to leave us notwithstanding. They may have too little room in their territory at Caughnawaugha, but the evidence is very strongly the other way. Indeed, there are thousands of white men on the other side of the Atlantic, and hundreds on this, who would be glad to take up and cultivate the 20,000 acres which they seem to think unworthy of their labour. But, supposing that they really have some grievance, it would be well for them to glance for a brief space at the past policy of the United States towards their race, before they change their allegiance. That policy is well known to be—extermination. And it has been wonderfully successful. Have the Indians on the other side of the line a valuable reserve, which a white man could occupy to advantage? Then Uncle Sam *takes* it. If the Indian is willing to accept a nominal consideration, he may, but if he is unwilling to part with his property on any consideration, he retains it at the peril of his life. The history of the Indian in the United States has been a record of murder, bloodshed, jealousy and hatred. Our Iroquois friends may have very fine promises from our neighbours. What assurance have they that these promises will be made good? It might be better in this case to bear the ills they have, than fly to those they know not of.

CANADA GAZETTE.

The Official *Gazette* of Saturday contains the following appointments:—

Hon. Joseph Cauchon is gazetted as President of the Council and member of the Privy Council.

Thomas Smith, of Norval, Ont., is appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures for Halton, vice James Smith, resigned.

The election return of Hon. J. G. Blanchet, for Bellechasse, in the room of Hon. T. Fournier is gazetted.

THE COPYRIGHT ACT.

A proclamation announces that Her Majesty the Queen has given her assent to the Canada Copyright Act of 1875 to take effect from the 14th inst.

CIRCULATION OF SPECIE.

The circulation for the week is put at $11,341,642.42. The specie held at different points amount to $3,106,038.17. The amount held in reserve according to law is $2,970,821. Excess of specie $135,217.17.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The value of goods entered for consumption in the Dominion (exclusive of British Columbia), during the month ending October 31st last, was $9,033,978. Of this amount $4,238,345 were free goods, $4,795,633 were dutiable goods, on which duties to the amount of $1,063,395.30 were paid.

The value of goods exported from Canada during the same period was $9,121,275. Of this $165,255 was coin and bullion; $1,331,279 goods not the produce of Canada, and $7,625,841, the produce of Canada, was comprised as follows:—Produce of the Mine, $218,028; Produce of the Fisheries, $633,874; Produce of the Forest, $2,835,852; Animals and their produce, $2,014,113; Agricultural products, $1,390,401; Manufactures, $351,170; Miscellaneous articles, $186,203.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES.

Notice is given of application for an act to incorporate the Dominion Grange Patrons of Husbandry.

Notice is given of application for an act to incorporate "The National Loan and Life Assurance Company of Canada."

Notice is given of application for an act to incorporate "The Mutual Insurance Company of Canada" Fire and Marine.

Application will be made to Parliament next session to incorporate a company, with borrowing, loaning and agency powers, to be called "The Trust Company of Canada."

The schoolmaster who ingeniously sat down on the "business end" of a pin that had been ingeniously fixed on his chair, rose like a Phœnix.

Five years have now rolled over the battle field of Gravelotte, each season the trees have leaved out, and amid their foliage the uproarious birds built their nests and sang out joyful songs, quite oblivious of the misfortunes of the land. Amid all their troubles the French people's business has still jogged along. They jumped out of Waterloo and they jumped out of Sedan in a twinkling. Two days afterward those battles belonging to the past century in the French mind.

UNITED STATES BREVITIES.

Miss Sickles, General Don Sickles' pretty daughter, is to marry a Spanish Grandee soon.

There is a proposal in St. Louis for a Never-give-up-your-seat-in-a-street-car-except-to-an-old-person league.

John Rakowsky of Duluth, has been held in $500 bonds to answer the charge of selling whiskey to the Indians.

President White will import an Oxford or Leipsic graduate to fill the professorship of music to be founded at Cornell University.

At a Stamford, N. Y., town meeting held lately, it was resolved to erect a suitable building where tramps could be put to work.

New Orleans merchants talk of starting a steamship line between that city and South American ports, and will ask Congress for a postal subsidy.

Fifty-four miles of wood pavements, laid in Washington by the district ring, are either rotting quietly in the streets or being replaced by others.

Ex-Governor Foote, of Tennessee, in a long letter to the Knoxville, Tenn., *Chronicle*, advocates the renomination of President Grant for a third term.

The Pearl fisheries of the Gulf of California threaten to be ruined, owing to the use of submarine armour. Last year they yielded $100,000 worth of pearls.

The Government Land Office report shows a falling off of 1,501,000 acres (as compared with the previous year) in the area appropriated by actual settlement.

Theodore Thomas accepts the appointment as musical director of the ceremonies to open the Philadelphia Exposition. His own orchestra will be increased to any required size to form the nucleus of the band.

The reports of the caving in of the Union and Grand Tunnel Mines, Wilkesbarre, have been greatly exaggerated. A portion of the roof of the Union fell in, but the houses built over the mine were not in the least disturbed.

An organization of broom corn growers of the Mohawk Valley has been formed, the object being to form a stock company to engage in the manufacture of brooms, etc., from brush produced on the lands of the members of the organization.

Ex-President Johnson's only son, Andrew, editor of a weekly paper at Greenville, Tenn., was married the other day to Miss Bessie M. Bumbough, of Warm Springs, N. C., and the couple are going to live in the old family residence.

The National Temperance Society has passed resolutions thanking Secretary Bristow for exposing the whiskey frauds, and requesting the Centennial Commissioners to prevent the sale of intoxicating beverages in connection with the exhibition.

Paul Morphy, the once famous chess player, is not insane, according to a New Orleans payer, which positively contradicts the report recently circulated, and states that Mr. Morphy was never in better health, physically and mentally, than now. Mr. Morphy has given up chess-playing.

Ku-Klux in Ohio.

TAR AND FEATHERS, AND A LITTLE PISTOL-PRACTICE.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

ORBANA, O., Dec. 1.—Two months ago mob law was inaugurated in Logan County by the hanging of James Schall at Bellefontaine, and now the first step toward the terrorism of the Ku-Klux has been taken in West Liberty. For many years there has lived there a man by the name of James Owen. He has raised a large family of children, and the whole of them, from father down, have been a reproach to the neighbourhood. John Owen, a son, has served a term in the Ohio Penitentiary, and his brother George is now a fugitive from justice. Petty thieving of every description is laid at the doors of the members of the family; hence it is no wonder they do not hold places in the affection of their neighbours. The father is now in the neighbourhood of 60 years of age. For a long time he has been in the habit of sallying forth from his home after nightfall, and making himself obnoxious by his general "cussedness." A favourite pastime with him was following ladies on the streets, and frightening them by his peculiar behaviour. He has been detected several times sneaking about the back windows of residences and peering in for the purpose of seeing ladies preparing for bed. One morning last week he was discovered sneaking about a house in his customary manner, and was confronted by several gentlemen, to whom he denied evil purposes. He was not believed, however, and the story of his detection becoming generally known, there was aroused an intense feeling of indignation against him, which finally grew to a storm, and there was a general expression of the feeling that he deserved swift and heroic punishment. To this feeling then may be attributed the assembling together of about forty men at a late hour Saturday night, who masked themselves and proceeded to Owen's house and called him out, then seized and bound him, and took him to the common some distance away, and, after stripping him of his clothing, gave him a complete suit of tar, which they ornamented profusely with feathers. The old man begged piteously for mercy, and prayed earnestly and seriously to his Maker, but his torturerers would not desist, and threatened to hang him unless he should tell what he knew of numerous robberies that have been committed in the neighbourhood. The old man pleaded his innocence, and declared he had no knowledge of the robberies. Then he was released, and the mob returned to his house to look for his son John, with a view to treating him to a new suit like his father's. But John is a wary bird, and, smelling the battle from afar, he quietly stole away "like a thief in the night."

But these brave "Regulators" had their blood up, and must have more sport ere they dispersed. So they cast around for another victim. The lot fell this time to an innocent, law-abiding gentleman, by the name of Jacob Dolby, whose crime was renting a room for a saloon. Going to his house, the mob called him out, and produced a paper (the contents of which were a peremptory order to the saloon-tenant to vacate the room within five days) they commanded him to sign it. Not comprehending the right of a mob to regulate his business, Mr. Dolby drew a revolver and fired into the crowd, but with no further effect than to draw to himself the fire from a dozen revolvers in the hands of the mobbers. One shot took effect in his thigh, and brought him to the ground, but fortunately the wound was not a serious one. This incident seemed to cool off the mobbing party, and they dispersed without committing further outrages.

HEMORRHOIDS (or PILES) are permanently cured by Mathieu's Pile Ointment, or money refunded. Price $1 per pot, or six pots for $5. Sold wholesale and retail by the Wingate Chemical Company, Montreal, and retail by all druggists, or will be forwarded to any address on receipt of price by Dr. E. Mathieu, 198 Notre Dame street, Montreal. 3748

HORSES SAVED.—The lives of thousands of horses have been saved during the past year, and the credit is due to "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." This preparation is being extensively used, and exacts from all the highest praise. Nothing of the kind has ever before been half as successful, or given such universal satisfaction; it cannot be equalled. We can confidently recommend it, and would advise all who own horses to keep a supply of it on hand—it may be the means of saving your horse's life. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hundle Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medical dealers. 3795

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE OF
E. MARTINEAU'S STOCK IN TRADE,
Pursuant to an order made by the
Court of Chancery,
The stock of this three stores will be sold separately by Public Auction at E. MARTINEAU'S Store, Sussex street,
On the 21st DECEMBER, at 11 O'CLOCK, A.M.
This stock consists of Ready-Made Clothing, Dry Goods, etc., now at his store in Hull, and Duke street and Sussex street, Ottawa.
The stocks in trade at the store in Hull is valued per inventory at..... $ 6,488 26
That of the store on Duke street at.... 10,296 26
That of the store on Sussex street at.... 16,189 07
The stock on Duke street and in Hull may be examined at any time prior to the sale, by calling upon Mr. Guillaume Martineau, residing over the Duke street store, and that on Sussex street may also be examined, by calling upon Mr. D. Martineau, residing over the store.
Terms 10 per cent. cash, and the balance in five, seven and nine months, without interest. Purchasers will have the option of continuing the existing respective leases of the stores up to 1st May next.
Ottawa, Dec. 11, 1875. 401714

By Rowe & Erratt,
AUCTIONEERS
GREAT CLEARING
TRADE SALE.
Remember the sale
AT
METCALFE'S Wholesale READY MADE CLOTHING Establishment.
SPARKS STREET.
To-day, at 2 o'clock and 7 o'clock, p.m.
ROWE & ERRATT,
Auctioneers.

Hatters & Furriers.

FURS FOR CHRISTMAS!
ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES
IN
LADIES' MEN'S
AND
CHILDREN'S FURS,
SUITABLE FOR
HOLIDAY GIFTS,
AT
R. J. DEVLIN'S
FUR DEPOT,
38 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 9, 1875. 4016

FURS! FURS! FURS!
JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEW STYLES FOR 1875.
Astrachan,
South Sea Seal
and Beaver
Made up in Jackets, Caps, &c.,
AT
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Nov. 27, 1875. 4095

Groceries, &c.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
Baskerville & Bros.,
No. 36, Rideau St., Ottawa,
Are offering General Groceries, Wines And Liquors at unusually LOW PRICES, to make room for their Spring Stock.
5 lbs. of sound Tea for $1.00, value warranted, also a reduction on Sugar, taking 10 lbs. upwards a reduction on No. 1 Labrador Herrings, from 50 cts. to $1.00, according to quantity, on No. 1 Labrador Herring, reduction of $1.25 per bbl., dry Cod-fish, Coarse Salt in large bags, Fine Salt, 300 lbs. per bag, Good Western Apples and Onions, also on hand, all which are selling at a reduction for CASH.
TOBACCOS, PICKLES, BALL BLUE
STARCH, RICE, RAISINS,
CURRANTS, NUTS, CIGARS, PAILS and BROOMS, also,
HIGH WINES,
PROOF AND RYE
From Gooderham and Worts Celebrated Distillery, SOLD LOW.
BASKERVILLE BROS.

ALPH. J. STEERS & Co.
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION
Merchants
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES WINES
LIQUORS, PROVISIONS &c.
RUSSELL HOUSE BLOCK,
OPPOSITE SAPPERS BRIDGE,
OTTAWA, ONT.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

MASONRY for GRAUDIERE BRIDGE.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Bridge Masonry," will be received at the office of the City Engineer, Ottawa, up to noon of MONDAY, the 20th day of December, 1875, for the Masonry work, cut of the Piers and Abutments required in the construction of a Bridge over the Rideau channel at the Chaudiere, Ottawa.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the City Engineer's Office, City Hall, Ottawa, on and after Monday, the 6th day of December, 1875.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signature of two responsible solvent persons willing to become securities for the due performance of the contract.
The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
By Order,
ROBERT SURTEES,
City Engineer.
City Engineer's Office, City Hall, Ottawa, December 3rd, 1875. 4011d

NOTICE.
The Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next session for an act to enable the said Corporation to mortgage the By-ward Market property in the City of Ottawa, for the purpose of raising the necessary money to erect a commodious new market building in said Ward.
W. A. LEE,
Ottawa, Dec. 1, 1875. City Clerk.

TO CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.
The undersigned has opened a Stone Quarry Yard, Corner of King and St. Andrew Street, where building stone and posts of all description will be kept constantly on hand. Orders will be respectfully solicited, and all kinds of Stone cutting
GUERARD BRO

Insurance.

J. T. SUTTON,
No. 36 Russell House Block, Sparks St.
FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE
STEAMBOAT TICKET AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENCY.
Agent for the following first class Companies:
EQUITABLE LIFE-ASSURANCE SOCIETY of the United States. Assets over $16,000,000
IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of London, England. Capital $1,000,000
DOMINION PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY of Montreal.
SUN MUTUAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY of Montreal.
OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.
RICHELIEU NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Coal and Wood for sale.

Incorporated 1874. Charter Perpetual.
CANADA
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
HEAD OFFICE - - - Hamilton, Ont.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000.
President:
JOHN WINER, Esq., Hamilton.
Vice-Presidents:
GEORGE ROACH, Esq., Mayor of the City of Hamilton.
D. THOMPSON, Esq., M.P., County of Haldimand.
CHAS. D. CORY, Esq., Manager.
H. C. W. MacCUAIG, Agent for Ottawa Valley.
OFFICE: Russell House Block.
Ottawa, Sept. 16, 1875. 3914d

CHAS. DESJARDINS,
General Agent
Citizens Insurance Co'y,
CAPITAL, . . $2,000,000.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.
Temporary Office:
York Steet, near Sussex Street,
Ottawa, Jan. 23. OTTAWA. 3759

THE
HAND IN HAND
MUTUAL
Insurance Co.
R. C. W. MacCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.
Jan. 5, 1875.

CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD!
JOHN SMITH & Co.,
(LATE METCALFE'S)
Are now prepared to show a very large stock of
OVERCOATS, PEA JACKETS,
And every description of Fall and Winter Clothing.
UNDERCLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS,
And a Large Assortment of Men's Furnishings.
ORDER DEPARTMENT.
In this Department will be found a very large and choice stock of
OVER COATINGS,
BROADCLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
VESTINGS,
ETC., ETC.
COMPARE THE PRICES
AT THE
CLOTHING HOUSE,
115 SPARKS STREET.
Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1875.

TREMENDOUS ATTRACTION!
BANKRUPT STOCK
The extensive Stock of the Estate of
JAS. ANGUS,
No. 22, Russell House Block, Sparks St.
Will be sold at 40 per cent. below first cost, as the purchasers are about to open a Fashionable Tailoring Establishment on the first of January next.
Now is your time to buy.
SHIRTS! COLLARS!
OR READY-MADE
CLOTHING.
At less than Auction prices.
Shop Fixtures, Glass Cases, etc., for sale very low.
D. MORGAN & SONS.
Ottawa, Nov. 3rd, 1875.

AWARDED the HIGHEST MEDAL at VIENNA.
G. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
(Opp. Metropolitan Hotel)
Manufacturers, Importers & Dealers in
CHROMOS AND FRAMES,
Stereoscopes & Views,
ALBUMS, GRAPHOSCOPES AND STITABLE STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.
We are Headquarters for the Celebrated Stereopticons and Magic Lanterns,
Being Manufacturers of the
MICROSCIENTIFIC LANTERN,
BIRNS, PANOPTICON, To Order
UNIVERSITY STEREOPTICON,
ADVERTISER'S STEREOPTICON,
ARDOPTICON,
SCHOOL LANTERN,
FAMILY LANTERN,
PEOPLE'S LANTERN,
Each style being the best of its kind in the market.
Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides with directions for oil or gas sent on application.
Any enterprising man can make money with a Magic Lantern and Slides. Now is the time to make your arrangements.
Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1875. 3976d4w

ADVERTISEMENT.
The Canadian Express Company.
The above named Company having refused, after frequent remonstrance with the Manager and Agent, to deliver express parcels addressed to me at my residence, on Sandy Hill, within the city limits, exactly one mile from their office, and distant about eighteen miles from the neighbouring houses at which their messenger delivers other parcels, this notice is to request persons in Ottawa and vicinity to cease sending further packages by express until such time as a more enterprising and accommodating company shall be instituted to compete for the express business of this important and thriving city.
W. F. WHITCHER.
Rideau Bank, 30th Oct. 1875.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Public Notice is hereby given that default having been made in the payment of the principal money and interest due under and by virtue of a covenant contained in a certain Mortgage Deed bearing date the 1st DAY OF NINETEEN DAY OF NOVEMBER, in the Year of Our Lord, 1869, made by HENRY McARTHY and ARCHIBALD McARTHY, both of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Stormont and Province of Canada, (now Province of Ontario) husbands of the first party, SARAH McARTHY, wife of the said Henry McArthy of the second part, and SAMUEL HOLMES, the elder, of the Township aforesaid, yeoman, of the third part, (which said indenture of Mortgage was by Indenture of Assignment bearing date the 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1869, duly assigned by the said Samuel Holmes, the elder, to ROBERT BLACKBURN, of the Village of New Edinburgh in the County of Carleton, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, by Public Auction, under the power of sale contained in said Mortgage by Mr. Lee, Chambers of Messrs WALKER, FERGUSON & McTAVISH, in the city of Ottawa, on MONDAY (the 6th DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT, A.D. 1875, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, "All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Cumberland, in the County of Russell, in the Province of Ontario, and comprising of the North West half of Lot letter D, in the seventh Concession of said Township, the said Township of Cumberland, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres be the same more or less, reserving thereout, however, the Queen's Highway, and the Indian Reserve, and for further particulars apply to the Vendor, or his solicitors or to James Borron Lee, Ottawa.
The Vendor will convert against his dower, etc.
WALKER, FERGUSON & McTAVISH,
Solicitors for the Vendor.
ROBERT BLACKBURN,
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1875. 3936d

Life Assurance.

The Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company.
Incorporated, 1874. Capital, $1,000,000.00.
THE HON. JAMES SKEAD, PRESIDENT. R. BLACKBURN, ESQ., M.P., VICE-PRESIDENT.
Deposited with Government for the Protection of Policy-holders:
$50,000.00.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire and Lightning.
This Company covers Loss by Lightning.
If Horses or Cattle are Killed on the Owner's Grounds.
Farmers will find it to their advantage to Insure
IN THE "OTTAWA."
HEAD OFFICE:—Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street, Ottawa.
DR. M. F. X. VALOIS, Inspector for Province of Quebec.
JAS. BLACKBURN, Secretary.
BRANCH OFFICES:
67 Yonge Street, Toronto, R. H. Matson, Esq., Agent.
Kent Street, Lindsay, H. A. Wallis, Esq., Agent.
Court House Avenue, Brockville, A. S. Hall, Esq., Agent.
15 Place d'Armes, Montreal, G. H. Patterson, Esq., Agent.
144 St. Peter Street, Quebec, Messrs Kiley & Lodriere, Agents.
102 Prince William Street, St. John, New Brunswick, D. W. Coward, Esq., Chief Agent for Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island.
Sterling Agents wanted for territory not yet taken up. Apply for particulars at the Head Office, Ottawa, or any of the Branches.

CANADA
Agricultural Insurance Co'y.
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.
COL. A. C. D'L MARWOOD, President. EDWARD A. GOFF, Managing Director.
WILLIAM ANGUS, Vice-President. JAMES A. SMITH, Inspector.
Ottawa Branch - - - - - - - 38 Sparks Street
CLUFF & MILL, GENERAL AGENTS.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Is hereby given to our patrons and the public generally in the Ottawa district, that this Company have decided to continue a Branch Office in this City and have leased the large and commodious stone building, recently occupied by Messrs. Angus & Co., No. 38 Sparks Street, where they have OPEN an "OFFICE" under the management of Messrs. CLUFF and MILL, the newly appointed General Agents for the Ottawa Branch

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA 1875.
THOS. PATTERSON
PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF DUFFERIN, GOVERNOR GENERAL.
Direct Importations from the Producers
In France, England, Holland and Spain.
BRANDIES, PORT & SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.,
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal Purposes.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
100 Barrels GUINNESS'S PORTER, pints and quarts, put up to order.
100 Cases CLARET, Jas. Violets, special order, very fine.
25 Casks SHERRY WINE, V.P., fine flavour, fine brands.
20 Cases BASS' Fine ALES, pints and quarts, per order.
10 Hogsheads Fine Old BRANDY, 10 years old, direct order.
10 Hhds. Fine Old PORT WINE, unrivalled in quality, some 20 year old, different prices
Teas—Black, the finest imported; Green, do.
Coffee—Very superior, fresh roasted and ground daily.
Syrups—Maple, Amber, Golden, &c., very fine.
Sugars—All grades, for preserving very cheap.
A large and well selected stock of fancy groceries too numerous to detail always on hand.
Glasgow Peas Meal, Mackenzie's Digestive Biscuits, and Angostura Bitters.
ALSO,
The Canadian Meat Canning Co.'s Fresh Goods,
UNRIVALLED FOR
LUNCH, BREAKFASTS and SUPPERS.
BOLOGNAS—Ham, Chicken and Tongue; bath smoked, Brunswick, etc.
SOUPS—Ox-tail, Hotch Potch, Kidney Soup, Soup and Bouilli, etc., etc.
TIN GOODS—Corn Cambridge, Beefsteak; boiled, corned, spiced, seasoned and Collops, Veal Sweetbreads, Roast Duck, Scotch Haggis, Sheep Tongues, Ox Tongues, Lamb and Peas, etc.
About 70 different kinds and varieties at half the prices of Imported Goods, and much fresher.
The Largest assortment in the city. A call is solicited to examine Prices and Qualities at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 36, Rideau St. Ottawa.

See Bryson's Tweed Suits,
AT
$13.75 WORTH $18.50.
CHAS. BRYSON,
Opposite BATE & COS. 110 Sparks Street.

The Royal Exchange Hotel,
WELLINGTON STREET,
A First Class Family and Commercial Hotel,
IS NOW OPEN.
GEORGE ACRES,
PROPRIETOR.

Marble Works.
1875—PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION—1875.
First Prize for MARBLE MANTLEPIECE.
First Prize for MONUMENTAL HEADSTONES.
First Prize for STONE SEWERAGE PIPE
And STONE DRAINING TRAPS
WERE TAKEN BY
W. M. SOMERVILLE,
MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS,
186 & 188 RIDEAU STREET.
W. M. SOMERVILLE, as sole Canadian Agent, has taken an extra prize for C. H. Dunlop & Co's celebrated Cotton Thread, and first prize for Iron Railing, manufactured by H. R. Ives & Co., for which he is also agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1875. 3883d

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.
[ESTABLISHED 1860.]
P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
The Largest and Best-selected assortment of
Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks
In Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.
The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.
A well arranged stock of Mantles, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marble of new and choice designs, MADE TO ORDER from the best American and Canadian Homes, Receding or Projecting Fronts, or mounted.
June, 18, 1875.

STOVES. STOVES.
Fall and Winter, 1875.
We are now showing a very complete line of HALL, PARLOUR and COOKING STOVES, including the "ARGUS ANTI-CLINKER," a new and beautiful Hall Stove, with furnished edges.
CONSTELLATION,
ARGAND,
CROWN JEWEL,
TRIUMPH,
RADIANT LIGHT,
MAGEE RANGE, &c.
Burnap's New Wood Cook, Tin, &c. Also, Box Stoves, Parlour Franklins, Coal Hods, Dust Pans, Stove Boards, etc., etc.
All kinds of Jobbing by careful workmen.
BUTTERWORTH & CO.,
WELLINGTON STREET, REMOVED TWO DOORS UP FROM OLD STAND.

Carriages.

LOWRIE RICE,
Livery Stables, Rideau Street, opposite Dalhousie Street.
First-class horses and stylish vehicles at a moment's notice, and on reasonable terms.

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO

CENTRE TOWN
LIVERY STABLES
W. CHAMPNESS begs to draw the attention of his patrons and the public generally to his extensive
Livery Stables, Carriages,
AND VEHICLES,
which cannot be beaten. Careful and attentive Drivers always in attendance when required. Conveyances can be had at all hours by leaving orders at the
Centre Town Livery Stables.
BRITISH LION HOTEL.
Ottawa, July 26, 1875 3905-tf

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Seven per cent. per annum, upon the paid Capital Stock of this Bank, for the current year has been declared, and will be payable at the office of the Bank, in this city, on and after Wednesday, the First day of December next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November—both days inclusive.
The annual general meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank in this City, on Wednesday, the Eighth day of December next.
The Chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock noon.
By Order of the Board,
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1875. 3882tf

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office:
Victoria Buildings, Opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.
DIRECTORS:
James McLaren, Esq., President.
Charles Magee, Esq., Vice-President.
C. T. Bate, Esq., Hon. L. S. Church, M.P.P.
Robert Blackburn, Esq., M.P., Alexander Fraser, Esq., Hon. George Bryson, Alias Gilmour, Esq., George Hay, Esq.
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Gold, Currency and Sterling Drafts Purchased and Sold.
Savings' Department.
PATRICK ROBERTSON, Cashier.
11-2-75. 3872

Canadian Washer.
OTTAWA, Aug. 14, 1875.
Mr. A. R. GILES,
Sir,—In answer to your enquiry as to how I like the Washer I purchased of you twelve months ago, I beg to state that I consider it the best I have ever used, and would recommend it to all.
MRS. KEFER, Elgin St.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c
Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,
Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Rock des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established
AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA,
For the supply of Fruit and Ornamental Shrubs.
These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winter of this climate.
Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering
J. R. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa P. O. box, cor. King and Nelson Sts.
Nov. 8 h 1875.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
Brockville & Ottawa Railways.
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.
LEAVE.
Brockville G. T. Junction - 8.35 a.m. 4.00 p.m.
Ottawa - - - 10.00 a.m. 1.40 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 8.25 a.m. 3.40 p.m.
ARRIVE.
Ottawa - - - 3.55 p.m. 7.30 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 1.25 p.m. 5.00 p.m.
Brockville - - - 5.05 p.m. 8.35 a.m.
10.50 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West and with the Ulica & Black River Railway for New York, Albany, Utica, etc.
4.05 p.m. Train from Br