MACLEAN, ROGER & Co.

diem Adnertisements.

Tweed Suits-Chas, Bryson.

Social and Literary Enterteinment-Ladies Aid

DLEASE OBSERVE.

Sth We carego a four price for a good artice and expect to succeed.

T. W. Kenny & Sons. Merchant Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Pure Irish Frieze always in stock.



OTTAWA. WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8, 1875

The Hon. Joseph E. Couchon was yesterday sworn in President of the Privy Council, His Excellency being present on the occasion, in person. The new Minister left for Quebec in the evening.

Foot and mouth disease having broken out among cattle in the fine agricultural county of Middlesex, the Department of To the Senate and House of Representa-Agriculture has been notified and immediate steps will be taken to prevent the epidemic from spreading.

ince more our contemporary the Citisen has discovered that the Hon Mr. no doubt father to the thought. Should it ever happen that the hon. gentleman does resign, "I told you so" will come in sively to the tillage of the soil; now must of necessity soon compel the Powers

ronto : Capt. Anderson, R.E.

and arrived at Liverpool on Saturday, the sion, and they both arrived at the Foreign Office, London, on Monday, the 22nd ult., for the extraordinary genius and ability and in general organization, as all claims barred by the treaty provisions having been much pleased with their of our mechanics, the achievements of to constitute in fact a body or otherwise, as it has been found imposvisit to Canada. We have no doubt our agriculturists, manufacturers, and politic, having a Government in substance sible to give proper consideration to sary for Congress to adopt some measures Ottawa will be glad to learn of their safe ment. The progress of the miner has to administer justice at home as well as in bunal would afford an opportunity to

ECCLESIASTICAL DISSENSIONS,

of England have led to difficulties be- exported. The development of gold and body politic which, possessing the neces- sented to the late Commission. tween pastor and people, and we notice silver mines has been remarkable, and sary elements, has in fact become from the Belleville papers, that there has had a large influence upon the new power; in a word, the creation these differences of opinion have culminated in an open breach. A couple of for enterprise, sagacity, progress, and cognition of this fact. A power should communications which appear in a recent | integrity, unsurpassed by people of older | exist complete in its organisation, ready number of the Intelligencer give the nationalities. With equal pride, to take and be able to maintain its place in a nutshell. The first in order is the copy of a letter addressed by As we are now about to enter upon our shown a strength and endurance which the Rev. Mr. Forneri to Mr. James Dun. second Centennial, it is well to look back | make it at least doubtful whether it be in informing him that he must signify in the prescribed way that he is "ready and desirous of being confirmed," otherwise the privilege of full membership could not as good as another before the law. Under be continued to him. Mr. Dunnet was such a form of Government it is of the as one of the powers of the earth. with the Sunday School, because his "unaltered feeling of opposition" to his standing of its meaning, hence the educapastor made it impossible for them to work harmoniously together, and prevented the said pastor from having any I suggest for your earnest consideration, comfort or confidence in the presence or and most earnestly recommend that a enemy by the exercise of his clerical powers schools of religious, atheistic or Pagan doc -powers, we presume, which were conferred upon him for no such end. There may be other clergymen who abuse their sacred offices in the same way, but we have heard of none who do it so openly and avowedly. In reply, Mr. Dunnet re minds his spiritual adviser that for the long period of eleven years he has been a full member of the Church of England, to great trouble in our land before the Government toward the people and other partaking of the Holy Sacrament regularly all the time, and no one objecting not even the zealous Mr. Forneri - al lieve, the church property of the United means of communicating with foreign though the fact of Confirmation not having States which paid no tax, amounted to powers, except through the military lines been administered was not only well about \$83,000,000; in 1870, it was about of its adversaries. I hold the accordance versation. Indeed, instead of objecting to this property will reach a sum exceeding sible, as a measure of right. It would give Mr. Dunnet on account of his having failed \$3,000,000,000. There is scarcely a limit rise to countless vaxatious questions. necessary to give Mr. Dunnet a right to sequestration without constitutional au our commerce on the high seas. was given without a scruple. Mr. Dunnet exempting only the last resting place of mentions having previously been a lay strictions on church edifices.

Onited States as a mediator were stricted as a resident of that diocese. Mr. Forneri alleges as another reason for objecting to Mr. Dunnet's continued enjoyment of church privileges that he has refused to the first duties of members, and the province of the foreign that in the opinion of Spain that in the opinion of Spain that the extension of commerce and cultivative which I shall not oppose the farmination of the strife.

As this will be the last annual message which I shall have the honour of transmission of mitting to Congress before my successor time has been reached, the only alternative which I shall not oppose the farmination of the strife.

The perform one of the first duties of members and only alternation of mutual interests have steadily interests.

The province of Outstance of the Province of

still contributes, he solemnly asserts, to ABOLITION OF SLAVERY IN THE PORTUGUESE the schemes of the church according to his means, but frankly admits that while Mr. Forneri persists in his ritualistic practices-inovations he calls them-he must decline to contribute his support, and then Mr. Dunnet, exhibiting somewhat of the same frankness with which his pastor " now to understand that they who seek "the 'water of life' must come with money and with price? Do the Apostles, "yourself to be, instruct you to refuse a years ago. "participation in the memorials of our

new furniture of a peculiar kind in the

thizers. Mr. Dunnet, however, has

morally the best cause. Technically the

consciousness he might have that the lat-

with sufficient clearness to excuse Mr.

Dunnet's excommunication. Besides, it

an objection to the validity of Mr. Dun-

net's membership after the technicality

over for eleven years without objection.

all the time, and Sunday School superin-

Washington, Dec. 7 .- The following

THE NATION'S PROGRESS.

the text of the President's Message :-

tendent for a large portion of it.

During those years this gentleman ap-

"Lord's dying love to those who do not

the Portuguese Colonies.

The arbitrators in the case of the United States steamer Montijo, for the seizure and detention of which the Gov-The list of Mr. Dunnet's grievances, we ernment of the United States of Columwe are bound to say, is not after all a bo was held accountable, has decided in very startling thing, comparatively speak- favour of the claim.

there is to fight about, the quarrel appears that it shall not take effect till Congress to the agriculturists and also introducing be a source of great gratification to be to be an exceedingly bitter one. Both shall enact the proper legislation for the new and useful productions adapted to approve of any measure of Conparties, doubtless, have their sympa- purpose. Copies of the instrument are our soil and climate, and it is worthy of gress looking effectively toward securing

THE VIRGINIUS APPAIR.

pastor has no source of information as to in March last an arrangement was his parishioners' means, and the mere made through Mr. Cushing, our Minister in Madrid, with the Spanish Government for the payment by the latter to the ter has not been contributing to the church United States of the sum of \$80,000 in according to his means, is no justi coin for the purpose of relief of the families or persons of the ships crew and certain passengers of the Virginius. This sum was to have been paid in three instalments at two months each. The payments were fully and speedily anticipated, and the whole amount was paid is rather an extraordinary thing to make within two months from the date of agreement. I have directed the distriupon which it is based had been passed entitled thereto.

THE CUBAN DIFFICULTY.

The past year has furnished no evidence pears to have been a more than ordinarily active, energetic, and popular churchman, | which has been raging for seven years in the neighbouring island of Cuba. The for he has been a Sunday School teacher same disregard of the laws of civilized warfare and of the just demands of humanity have continued to blacken the sad scene. Desolation, ruin, and pillage are pervading the rich fields of one of the earth. The protracted continuance of the strife seriously affects the interests of all commercial nations, but those of the United States more than others by reason of the close proximity, larger trade and intercourse with Cuba, and the abandoned the objection to pay to the bering only 3,000,000 souls, but now we the interests and people of other nations, Islands for commercial reciprocity. number more than 40,000,000. Then and the absence of any reasonable assururbistries were confined almost exclu- anne of a near termination of the conflict

in anufactories absorb much of the labour thus suffering to consider what the in- bama Claims has prosecuted its important and the cheapest auxiliary for the defence of the country; our liberties re terests of their own people and their duties very assiduously and very satisfac- of our harbours, and also in aggressive main unimpaired; the bondsmen duty toward themselves may demand. torily. Thirteen hundred and eighty-two operations that we can have a permanent have been freed from slavery; we have I have hoped that Spain would claims have been presented, of which six organization for the signal service corps. their names at the London Agency of the become possessed of the respect, if not the be enabled to establish peace in her hundred and eighty-two had been dis-Canadian Government: Mr. Charles J. friendship, of all civilized nations. Our colony, and to afford security to the proposed of at the date of the report. I am perty and interests of our citizens. Be- informed that one hundred and seventy tience, agriculture, commerce, naviga- cause of this hope, and from an extreme re- cases were decided during the month of Domville, M.P., New Brunswick; Mr. J. D. | tion, mining, mechanics, law and medi- luctance to interfere in the most remote November; arrangements are being made | the postal service will be more or less a Crawford, Montreal; Mr. Jas. S. Evans, cine, and general education. Our thir- manner in the affairs of another and a and decisions given in the remaining draw upon the Treasury for many years. Montreal; Mr. J. Kirkpatrick, M.D. To teen States have become thirty-eight friendly nation, especially of one whose cases with all dispatch consistent with and eight territories; on the South sympathy and friendship in the struggling the proper consideration of the ques. to vessels of the United States for carrywe have extended to the Gulf of infancy of our own existence must ever tions submitted; but as it has been re ing the mails between New York and Mexico, and in the west from the be remembered with gratifude, I have presented to me that it would be imprac. Rio de Janiero having ceased, I recom-We have been informed by the Marine Mississippi to the Pacific. One hundred patiently and anxiously waited the pro- ticable for the Court to finally dispose of the authorization of a renewal of that Mr. Ford, who recently years ago the cotton gin, the steam- gress of events. Our own civil conflict all the cases before it within the limit visited Ottawa as Her Majesty's agent of Ship, the railroad, the telegraph and is too recent for us not to specified, I recommend the legislation may be increased from month to seminumerous other inventions were en- consider the difficulties which surround a which may be deemed proper to enable the Fishery Commission, which will short tirely unknown, and manufactories to the Court to complete the work before it.

Which may be deemed proper to enable the Court to complete the work before it.

Which may be deemed proper to enable the Court to complete the work before it.

American steamers to the South American 10th ult, in the Cunard steamer Scythia, 2,000,000 of persons were employed it has to cope with a separate insurrection manufactures-producing more in a distant colony. Thus far, all the than \$2,100,000,000 in amount an resorts of Spain have proved abortive, vision be made by the commission of a 20th ult., after a rapid, but very stormy, uanity, nearly equal to our national and time has marked no improvement in special court, or by conferring the neces passage. Mr. Ford was accompanied by debt. The ingenuity and skill the situation. In contests of this nature, sary jurisdiction upon some appropriate Mr. Bergne, his assistant at the Commis of our mechanics have been demonstrated where a considerable body of the people tribunal for the consideration and deterat home and abroad in a manner most have reached such a point in the occupa- mination of the claims against the Gov-

flattering to their national pride, and but pation of territory, in power ernment of the United States, excluding transporters throughout the country as well as in name, possessed of the ele- these claims by the respective departwould have been impossible of attain ments of stability, and prepared and able ments of the Government. Such a trialso been great. Of coal, many its dealings with other powers, it is within aliens other than British subjects to millions of tons are mined annually; and the province of those other powers to re- present their claims on account of acts business of all commercial nations. Our of a new State is a fact to establish the merchants have established a reputation condition of things essential to the rewe can point to our progress among the nations of the earth. While in all of the learned professions. conscious that the insurrection in Cuba has upon the past and study what will be best the power of Spain to subdue, it seems unquestionable that no such civil organization exists which may cognized as an independent ernment, capable of its obligations, and entitled to be treate cognition under such circumstances would belief the United States should adhere the policy and principles which have heretofore been her sure an i safe guides in

like cases between revolted colonies and

independence being, in my opinion, im-

holding the rights of belligerency

view of the particulars attending

facts, unless justified by necessity.

is always, and justly so, regarded as an

unfriendly act, and a gratuituous demon

when the interest and rights of another

Government or of its people are so far

affected by a pending civil conflict,

as to require a definition of its

relations to the parties interested, but

recognized in the sense of international

tion the existence of such a substantis

political organization, real, palpable and

offices of

stration of moral support to the rebellion

practicable and indefensible.

their mother country. A recognition of

o preserve and advance our future. EDUCATION OF THE PROPLE. We are a Republic whereof one man i greatest importance that all should be possessed of education and intelligence enough to cast a vote with a right undertion of the masses becomes of the first necessity for the preservation of our institions, and they are worth preserving to the Legislatures of the several States for ratification, making it the duty of each with of the several States to establish, and for-He ever maintain free public schools, adeuate to the education of all the children rrespective of sex, colour, birthplace, or trines and prohibiting the granting of any school funds or school taxes, either by egislative, municipal, or other authority or the benefit of any other object of any nature or kind whatever. UNTAXED CHURCH PROPERTY would also call your attention to the

manifest to the world, having the forms aportance of correcting an evil that, if ermitted to continue, will probably lead and capable of the ordinary functions of ose of the nineteenth century. It is States. The insurrection has not possesshe accumulation of vast amounts of un. ed itself of a single seaport whence it taxed church property. In 1850, I be. may send forth its flag, nor has it any \$1,000,000,000, and by 1900, without of belligerent rights still to be unwise some check, it is safe to say, and premature, and at present indefento the wealth that may be acquired by would release the parent Government orporations, religious or otherwise, if from responsibility for acts done by allowed to retain real estate without the Insurgents, and would invest Spain a similar taxation. The contemplation of so vast with the right to exercise the supervision certificate a property without taxation may lead to recognized by the Treaty of 1795 over thority, and through blood. I would During the early days of suggest the taxation of all property contest the good

mitted to our Minister at Madrid certain | tion, it is but justice to all bona fide citi- proceeds of any tax levied upon any proposals, which may be found to be the zens that no doubt should rest on such community make education compulsory basis, if not the actual submission, of questions. That Congress should deter- so far as to deprive all persons who can-I am happy to announce the passage terms to meet the requirements of the mine by enactment of law how expatria- not read and write from becoming voters of an Act by the General Courts of particular griefs of which this Govern tion will be accomplished, and a change after the year 1890, disfranchising none, ment has felt itself entitled to complain. of citizenship be established. Portugal for the abolition of servitude in Those proposals have not yet reached me in their full text, but on their arrival they I am of the opinion also that it is the will be taken into careful examination. duty of the United State to provide, by and will, I hope, lead to a satisfactory Treasury shows the receipts from cus- but each free within their proper spheres, suitable legislation, that no citizen of the adjustment of the questions to which they toms for the fiscal year ending June 30, and United States shall holdsslaves as pro- refer. It is understood, also, that re- 1874, to have been \$163,103,833.69, a de- shall tration of the Island. I shall feel it my for the year ending 30th June, 1874, were portation of women for illegitimate purduty, should my hopes of a satisfactory \$192,340,294.90. Chili has made reparation in the case adjustment and of the early restoration of the whale ship Good Return, seized of peace and the removal of future causes " in whose line of succession you boast without sufficient cause upwards of forty of complaint be disappointed, to make a further communication to Congress at Congress may be induced at the earlies some period, not far remote, dur- day practicable to insure the consummaing the present session. All foreign tion of the act of the last Congress to powers, with few exceptions, have maniby the steps taken to join with us earlier day. Nothing seems to me in celebrating the Centennial of more certain than that a full, ing. He has only a few small crosses. TREATY OF RECIPROCITY WITH THE HAWIIAN the nation, and I strongly recommend healthy and permanent reaction cannot chancel; and some little matters of a A Reciprocity Treaty with the King of to this Exhibition by special legislation. similar kind to complain about. For all the Hawiian Islands was concluded some The Bureau of Agriculture has promised months ago. It contains a stipulation much in disseminating useful knowledge throughout the civilized world. It will

> Government. EDUCATIONAL MATTERS. The report of the Commissioners of Education shows a gratifying progress in | honour. I suggest that the Secretary of educational matters.

RELATIONS WITH MEXICO. The Free Zone established by the Mexican Government in certain of the States of that Republic adjacent to our This would in time reduce the legal tender frontier, remains in full operation. It has always been obstructive to honest traffic, affoat without demanding redemption on defrauding our revenue and checking honest commercial enterprise and encouraging depredations of bands from Mexico against the people of Texas. They fre- final redemption, either by increasing the bution of the amount among the parties quently result in the murder of quiet and revenue, curtailing expenses or both. On instances even the United States officers and the only one I think of, is the restorand mail communications have been attacked. Renewed remonstrances upon Government of that Republic, but without much apparent effect. The proceedings of the Joint Commission under the convention between the United States and Mexico of the 4th July, 1868, on the subject of claims, will be brought to a close, and the result of the deliberations of the most fertile and productive regions of those Commissioners will then be communicated to Congress.

CONCESSIONS BY VENEZULA. The Government of Venezula have upon further consideration, practically ALABAMA CLAIMS COMMISSIONERS.

I recommend that some suitable pro-

THE ATLANTIC CABLE. The electric telegraph has become an essential and indispensable agent in the transmission of business and social mes sages. Its operation on land, and within the limit of particular States, is neces sarily under the control of the jurisdic tion within which it operates. The lines on the high seas, however, are not subject to control of any one Government. In a concession was granted by the French Government to a company, which proposed to lay a cable from the shores France to the United States. I was desirous that the proposed connection should be made, but certain provisions of concession were deemed by me objectionable, particularly the one which gave for a long term of years the exclusive right of telegraphic communication by the submarine cable between the shores of France and the United States. withheld any assistance to the landing of any cable on condition that the expensive monopoly feature of the concession be abandoned, and that the right of any cable company to land upon French territory, and to connect with the French lines, and enjoy all the necessary facilities or privileges incident to the use thereof, upon as favourable terms as any other company, be conceded. As a result thereof, the company in question renounced the exclusive privilege, and the sable soon passed under the control of the cable company connecting Great Britain with this continent, and thus whatever benefit to the public might have ensued from competition was lost. THE DIRECT CABLE.

Within a few months past a cable has sen laid, known as the United States irect Cable Co., connecting the United States directly with Great Britain. soon as this cable was reported to be in orking order the rates of the then existing consolidated Company reatly reduced Soon, however, a break immediately the rates of the other line which had been reduced, were again raised. This cable being non repaired the rates appear not to be reduced by United States which is not by treaty prohibited from consolidating or amalgamating with any other company, or combination therewith, for the purpose of regulating and maintaining the cost of telegraphic communication. All lines should be bound to give precedence in

The report of the Secretary of the and State for ever separate and distinct, poses. 5th. Enact such laws as will insure a speedy return to a sound currency, such as will command the respect Regarding specie resumption, I hope

Believing that these views will commend bring about specie resumption on and themselves to the great majority of the

fested their friendly sentiments toward after the 1st day of January, 1879, at the right thinking and patriotic citizens of the United States. The interest of the furthest. It would be a great blessing the United States, I submit the rest to world in our progress is manifested if this could be consummated even at an Congress. that a more national importance be given take place in favour of the industries and Executive Mansion, Dec. 7, 1875. financial welfare of the country until we return to a measure of values recognized the continued encouragement of the resumption. Unlimited inflation would probably bring about specie payments more speedily than any legislation looking to the redemption of legal tenders in coin, but it would be at the expense of

> the Treasury be authorized to redeem, say not to exceed \$2,000,000 monthly, of legal tender notes by issuing in stead a long bond, bearing interest at the rate of 3 65-100 per cent. notes to a volume that could be kept large sums suddenly, that additional power would give to the Secretary of the Treasury time to accumulate gold for the

These duties would add probably \$18,000,000 to the present amount received for imports. All duty paid upon articles entering into manufactures directly to the cost of the article when manufactured here, and must be paid for by the consumers, the duties not only come from the consumers at home but a protection to foreign manufacturers of the same completed articles in our own and distant markets.

ARMY OPERATIONS. The report of the Secretary of War frequent and intimate personal and social United States that share of its revenue gives a detailed account of the army relations which have grown up between which some time since it alloted towards operations for the past year. To some of its citizens and those of the Island. the extinguishment of the claims of these I invite special attention. First, In submitting my seventh annual Mes. Moreover, the property of our citizens foreigners generally. The ratification of the necessity of making \$300,000 of the sage in this Centennial year of our na- in Cuba is large and is rendered the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation appropriation for the Subsistence Detional existence, it affords me great insecure and depreciated in value by the with Belgium, and of conventions with partment available before the beginning legaure to recur to the advancement continuance of the strife and unnatural the American Republic for the further of the next fiscal year. Without this prohat has been made from one hundred mode of its conduct. The same is true, extension of the Joint Commission, and vision, troops at points distant from sup-Huntington has resigned. The wish is years ago. We were then a people num- differing only in degree with respect to respecting claims with the Hawiian plies must either go without food or the existing law must be violated. Should war ever occur between the United States and any maritime power, torpedoes The Court of Commissioners of Ala- will be among, if not the most effective

can States will far outweigh the expense of the service.

The discovery of gold in the Black has had the effect to induce a large migration of miners to that point. The negotiations for the relinquishment of the gold fields having failed. It will be necesto relieve the embarrassment.

The report of the General Land Office millions of tons are mined annually; and the province of those other powers to resolve their claims on account of acts disposed of during the committed against their persons or property during the persons of the persons of property during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation and the province of those other powers to recommitted against their persons or property during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation of this pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation of this pendent nation of this pendent nation of this pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation of this pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the province of those of their claims on account of acts disposed of during this than during the perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other perty during the rebellion, as also to the pendent nation. In such cases, other pendent nation are pendent nation. In such cases, other Ottawa is not the only place in Canada where risualistic practices in the Church where risualistic practices in the Church cles of import, we may expect soon to be as one of the powers of the earth that to be found in the grasshopper scourge, and the dearth which prevailed so exten sively in some of the frontier States.

> GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS. The geological explorations have been resecuted with energy during the year n the Territories of Colorado, Utah and New Mexico, developing the agricultural and mineral resources of that region.

> The method for the treatment of the Indians at the beginning of my first term has been productive of evident improvement in the condition of that race, and will be continued with only such modifications as further experience may justify. THE CENTENNIAL.

commend the estimates of the Cen ennial Board for the necessary additions. ppropriations to enable the Government ommission to make a proper and credit-

The report of the Commissioner o ducation shows a gratifying progress in

existing in the Territory of Utah have asked for definite legislation to correct it. That polygamy should exist n a free country without the power to prevent it seems preposterous. No less an evil is the importation of

but few of whom are brought to our ports to pursue hon surable or useful occupa-

tories of Wyoming, Utah and Colorado, during the past autumn, convinced me that existing laws regulating the disposition of public lands, timber, &c., are very defective and should be carefully amended. The timber on most of the territories is principally confined to the mountain regions, which are held for en try in small quantities only, and as minepasser himself or knowingly a patron of

the extension of commerce and cultivation of mutual interests have steadily bership, viz., to contribute to the support of the church according to majority of the Powers of the world, rendering practicable the peaceful solution of all questions which from time to time to the charge is false—unless, indeed, Mr.

To this Mr. Dunnet replies that the charge is false—unless, indeed, Mr.

Forneri considers himself the church. He

may be voters at the time this amend ment take effect. 3rd. Declare Church

U. S. GRANT.

Auction Sales.

MPORTANT AUCTION SALE

Black Walnut and Mahogany Household Furniture. PIANO-FORTE, MIRRORS, GASALIERS, CHINA, PLATE, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE

The subscriber is favoured with instructions from JOHN THOMPSON, Esq., to seil at his residence, Rideau street, over his store, all his against the people of Texas. They frequently result in the murder of quiet and peaceable disposed persons, and in some instances even the United States afficers.

Treasury time to accumulate gold for the casy, fancy and other chairs, window haugings in green and lace, with gilt present and lace, with gilt pre pieces, with break ast and evening china white and gold, a large variety of cut glass, cutlery, &c. Several bedrooms fully furnish d with mahogany, black wainut and oak setts consisting of everything required in a well-regu-Sale each day at 10:30 a.m., without reserve. as Mr. Thompson has moved to the residence of Mr. Thos. McGarity, Esq.
J. BERMINGHAM,

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1875. By Rowe & Erratt,

AUCTIONEERS GREAT CLEARING

TRADE SALE. Remember the sale

METCALFE'S Wholesale READY MADE CLOTHING Estab SPARKSISTREET. To-day, at 2 o'clock and 7 o'clock, p.m.

Matters & Eurriers TAURS ! FURS ! FURS !

JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEW STYLES FOR 1876, Astrachan,

South Sea Seal and Beaver Made up in Jackets, Caps, &c.,

H. HODGES. 56 SPARKS-ST.

Opposite the British Lion Hotel. EVLIN'S FUR DEPOT.

South Sea Seal Jackets.

\$60 TO \$300. Baltic Seal Jackets,

.830 TO 845.

R. J. DEVLIN, 38 Rideau Street Ottaws, Nov. 20, 1875.

Groceries, &c. OUSEKEEPERS,

Baskerville & Bros. No. 36, Rideau St., Ottawa,

make room for their Spring Stock, 5 lbs. of sound Tea for \$1.60, value warranteed, also, a reduction on Sugar, taking 10 lbs, or upwards a reduction on No. 1 Labrador Herrings, from 50 cts. to \$1.00, according to quantity, or No. 2 Labrador Herring, reduction of \$1.25 per bbl., dry Cod-fish, Coarse Sale in large bags, Fine Salt, 250 lbs. per bag, Good Western Apples and Onions, also on hand, all which are selling at a reduction for CASH. 10BACCOS, PACKLES, BALL BLUE

CURRANTS, NUTS, CIGARS, PAILS and BROOMS, also, In reference to the condition of affairs HIGH WINES PROOF AND RYE

STARCH, RICE, RAISINS

From Gooderham and Worts Celebrated BASKERVILLE BROS.

COMMISSION Merchants GROCERIES WINES IQUORS, PROVISIONS & OTTAWA. ONT.

NOTICE.

Bryson's Tweed Suits.

\$13.75 WORTH \$18.50.

CHAS. BRYSON,

Incorporated, 1874.

THE HON. JAMES SKEAD.

110 Sparks Street

Capital, \$1,000,000.00.

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