THE TIMES

is published every morning, Price 1½ cents per copy; $3 per annum in any part of Canada, $4 to Canada and the United States.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, and deaths with funeral notices attended gratis.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter, and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES, price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANY, has obtained from the Minister of Finance, a LICENSE dated 12th August 1875, to transact the business of FIRE INSURANCE in the Dominion of Canada.

JAMES BLACKBURN
Secretary.

Head Office, Wellington Street,
Ottawa, 13th August, 1875.

New Advertisements.

NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN THIS LIST.

Admission of Candidates—Ontario Normal Schools.
Local Notice—Brain Exhaustion.
New Publications—Oliver, Ditson & Co.
Fresh New York Bay Oysters—Noonan's Restaurant.
Pension Demandee—S'adresser au Times

This Space reserved for
T. W. KENNY AND SONS,
Merchant Tailors
and Outfitters,
86 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

The Times.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 25, 1875

SOUTH OXFORD.

The press of the Tory party are greatly exercised over the fact that Mr. Adam Oliver has made way for Mr. Crooks in South Oxford, and are profuse in their insinuations of corrupt motives on Mr. Oliver's part. There is an old story about the propriety of setting a thief to catch a thief, for the very excellent reason that "he has been there himself." It is no new thing, we know, for Tory patriots to sacrifice their aspirations after Parliamentary fame for a consideration; therefore the organs think it but fair to infer that other people are ready to go and do likewise. We know of one case where a facetious Premier telegraphed to the far west that it would be advisable to get a certain individual, whom, doubtless for the sake of brevity, he termed the "Provisional," to retire in favour of his friend and colleague, the late Sir George Cartier. The "Provisional" did retire, and we know from the public records that his patriotic conduct was well rewarded. But the Conservatives fortunately have a monopoly of the "Provisional" stamp of Parliamentary candidates. It suits the purposes of the Tory press and party to abuse Mr. Oliver, as they have abused many equally worthy but more prominent gentlemen belonging to the Liberal side, but we take leave to say that their conception of the duty of a faithful and serviceable newspaper organ, and the proper purpose to which to put it, are but little in harmony with the feelings of the great mass of the people of Canada—an assumption which every new election more than substantiates. The tactics which are expected to bring about the long-prophecied but vainly hoped for reaction are just those which will effectually prevent it.

MONTREAL WEST.

There is one feature of the contested election for West Montreal which has not, we venture to think, been dwelt upon with sufficient emphasis. No intelligent newspaper reader can have failed to notice, and having noticed can have forgotten, that Mr. White and his friends from the very outset cultivated the impression that Mr. Mackenzie was sitting in Parliament by virtue of what was nothing more or less than fraud, and the representative of a minority of the electors of the division. In such haste was the Opposition candidate to obtain a scrutiny of the ballots, that the law, which for some little time prevented the fulfilment of his desire, and those whose duty it was to administer it, came in for a perfect shower of abuse and vituperation. The Clerk of the Crown in Chancery will not have forgotten the circumstances of Mr. White's attempt to scrutinize the ballots, it may very safely be presumed. That gentleman, who in the discharge of his duty was compelled to put a curb upon the indecent ardour of the would-be member for Montreal West, perhaps never knew before what a bad man he could be made to appear. Mr. White and the *Gazette* were not slow to assert in those times that a scrutiny would prove Mr. Mackenzie to be in the minority, and the same refrain was taken up by every Conservative organ in the Dominion. Doubtless had Mr. White and his lawyers been permitted to make use of the illegal order which they presented when their first application failed—the illegal order which was written out at night at the residence of the judge whose signature it bore, and without the knowledge of the respondent's counsel—and the examination which they desired to make had proceeded, they would some how have managed to give colour to this assumption. But a legal and properly conducted scrutiny having taken place, it turns out that Mr. Mackenzie's majority instead of being turned into a minority was increased by a considerable number of votes, and the coveted seat in Parliament further removed from his opponent than ever. The complaints regarding the supposed injustice perpetrated upon Mr. White, in being kept out of a seat to which the public were assured he was entitled, were so loud and oft repeated that they assumed the aspect of an agitation; while Mr. White himself was regarded as a very martyr. He must feel considerably chop-fallen since things have gone so very far the other way. He has probably learned that there is some force still in the time honored warning against "hallooing before you are out of the wood."

A CALIFORNIAN PICTURE.

Mr. James Fahey, a young Canadian journalist of some reputation, recently resigned his position as editor of the Guelph *Herald*, and went to California in quest of renewed health. He has written some of his impressions of the Far West, and sent them back to Guelph. They are far from flattering to either California or its people. They may be—indeed, if the majority of those who have written on the same subject from an independent standpoint are to be believed, they are—unnecessarily severe and overstated. But giving them credit for being correct in the main, the impression they must leave on the mind of the Canadian public will be anything but favourable. Mr Fahey justly observes that no pains have been spared to induce, under the most specious and glittering guises, a liberal emigration from this country to the "golden" State. The ranks of labour, he solemnly declares, are already entirely overcrowded, except so far as servant girls are concerned. For them, he says, California is a perfect Paradise; which reminds us that many as are the complaints of the scarcity of supply in that department here, and the general inferiority of the quality, there are many and long stages between the treatment they receive and Paradise. If the truth must be told, good mistresses are as scarce a crop as good servants, if not the scarcer of the two. Mr. Fahey says he never wished to be a servant girl before and as he is now too old to learn, can only "carry the news to Mary." Twenty-five to forty dollars a month, with board and lodging, "and a husband as soon as she chooses to marry," are inducements which might fairly tempt any girl to emigrate—even some of those who, being "too proud to beg, too honest to steal" are nevertheless "above"—that is the term they use—being servant girls. The "husband as soon as she chooses," would to very many be the best part of the bargain, undoubtedly; but indirectly Mr. Fahey casts a great gloom over the otherwise enchanting prospect, for if one half the indictment he brings against those from whom the choice must be made could be substantiated, a servant girl would be better and happier pursuing her humble occupation than sharing the home and fortune of the average Californian. For example, he tells us that money, and of course the comforts which only money can bring, are to be obtained in but two ways—chance or dishonesty, and the latter the more certain way of the two. Let us remark, parenthetically, that this is asking us to believe too much—that such a view of the condition of the country cannot fail to be distorted by prejudice or misfortune. The statement that there have been a large number of suspensions and consolidations among newspapers within the last few months, and a consequent surplus of editors, reporters and printers, may account for the bitterness of the writer's denunciation. That there is a sad side of the social, moral, and political picture in California, all who have been there, and are entitled to speak with any authority, are agreed in declaring. Mr. Fahey, however, makes no exception, for he asserts of both the people and the press that they are "rotten morally, purchasable, and treacherous." This condemnation is much too sweeping, for it is well known that humanity in its best, as well as in its worst features, is well represented in California. The truth lies between the lines of this communication. There are but too many gamblers and black-legs in that country; society is not in the soundest possible condition; the press, because poorly supported, is not as a rule sufficiently independent, and but too freequently is controlled by the stock jobber and unprincipled speculator; but it would be a libel upon our intelligence to say we believe, as Mr. Fahey asserts, that "there is not enough honest manliness among the journalists and public men of this State to make up a euchre party that would not cheat."

The letter, which with all its exaggeration conveys a useful hint or two to Canadians, will be found in another column, and will well repay perusal. It is but too true that the mania for speculating and stock-jobbing extends to the very kitchen maid and labourer, many of whom expend their lives and their labour in amassing little sums of money, which are no sooner made than they are lost—sunk in hopeless endeavours to snatch a fortune in a day. The examples which Mr. Fahey quotes to prove how wretched is the state of society, are in themselves very distressing. We, in Canada, have learned, however, to exercise a good deal of charity towards our neighbours in respect of statements of this kind; "fellow feeling" has "made us wondrous kind." If any one prejudiced against our own country through disappointed hopes, as only too many have been, were to group a few of the crimes on our national calendar at the present moment, as Mr. Fahey has done with that of California, and declare they were but specimens of what was occurring every day, there is not a newspaper or a man in the country who would not denounce the writer as unworthy of credit, but rather worthy of the horse whip. What would be positively true of California is, that the proportion of bad to good is very much higher than here, and the tone of society and politics decidedly looser. It is possible to make rich in California much sooner than in Canada, but for one to whom that good fortune comes, there are thousands whose lot is one continued round of disappointment and bad luck. Here there is comfort and plenty for all who are willing to work for them; there the winning card is too often in the hand of the speculator. It is surely better to stay where competence and even a fair measure of wealth are in store for the honest, the industrious, the intelligent, than go there to grapple for the necessities of life with the "smart" and the "sharper." Evidently Mr. Fahey has found it a land where neither money, good health, nor contentment are likely to be soon attained.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

The impartial and fearless administration of justice by the English Courts, as exemplified by the case of Col. Baker, receives from the New York *Herald* the following unqualified and significant acknowledgment:—

"The English journals are discussing the sentence imposed upon Colonel Valentine Baker, of the English army, for an assault upon a young lady travelling in a railway car. That prodigious demagogue, Dr. Kenealy, brought the matter before Parliament and censured the Judge for the leniency of his sentence, intimating that this arose from the fact that Colonel Baker had aristocratic connections and was befriended by people in high places. The sentence, as our readers know, was a year's imprisonment without hard labour and a fine of £500. This constant cry of "aristocracy" and "aristocratic influence" is becoming dangerous to English politics. We think that in the case of Colonel Baker there could be nothing more unjust. So far as the law is concerned, its administration was prompt, impartial and admirable, and the sentence, severe as it was, is the smallest part of the Colonel's punishment. The Colonel has been dismissed from the army, in which he held a high rank. He loses his commission, worth several thousand dollars, as well as his pay and all chances for promotion; he is dismissed from all his clubs, and is banished from the society of which he was formerly an ornament. His life practically comes to an end so far as England is concerned. He is thrown upon the rocks as a broken, worthless wreck, tortured by the remembrance of the splendour that once surrounded him and by a sense of the honors he might yet have obtained. We do not know any sentence more terrible than this. It is the purest quackery for the demagogues of London to complain of it as an evidence of misapplied justice.

BOOK NOTICE.

Blackwood's Magazine" for August, just republished by THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO. 41 Barclay Street, New York, comes full of interest as usual. Contents as follows:—

1. The State of the French Army.
2. Nan: a Summer Scene.
3. Rivers:
   Our Autumn Holiday on French Rivers.
   Etchings on the Loire.
   Etchings on the Moselle.
   Life on the Upper Thames.
   Taunt's Map and Guide to the Thames.
4. The Dilemma.
5. The Swine herd of Gadara.
6. My Swan Song.
7. *Gayaoou! Gayaoou!*
8. Review of the Session.

The account of the French Army, which is the first article in the August number of *Blackwood's Magazine*, is said to be written by Frederic Marshal, author of the articles on "International Vanities," which appeared in this magazine during the past year. In the present instance, the information—the material for which was collected with much difficulty—is of a character that must be very unsatisfactory to the French people, and that will make other nations feel, that while military affairs remain in their present state, nothing is to be feared from the Republic.

"Nan: a Summer Scene," is just the kind of story to suit this hot weather, being light, easy to read, and sufficiently interesting to attract the attention without requiring any mental exertion.

"Rivers" is a suggestion for holiday rambles, or rather excursions, the idea being taken from "Our Autumn Holiday on French Rivers," the description of a trip made by four young men who went "up the Seine and down the Loire" in an "outrigged rowing boat." The writer thinks that a similar excursion on the Thames would be found quite as pleasant, and less dangerous, mentioning two works recently published, which corroborate his opinion. He also notices two books of beautiful etchings, on of the Loire, the other of the Moselle.

In "The Dilemma," the mutiny has really begun, and it is rather hard for us to have to wait a month to find out what damage was done by the bullets that are already rattling around the Residency.

Then follow about seven pages of poetry, divided into three poems, on various subjects, and a long "Review of the Session," which ends with the remark, that "if we are right in attributing to it unusual significance, we may at the same time pronounce it to be satisfactory, both in its actual results and also in its indication of ministerial policy, and of the soundness and strength of the party organization."

ANOTHER ALLEGED ABORTION CASE.

"Dr." Davis, the Notorious Again.

A case came to the knowledge of our authorities some weeks ago which is now being investigated, and may add materially to the evidence against "Dr." Arthur Davis, at present charged in Toronto with the horrible crime or abortion. It seems that some six weeks or two months ago, a young married woman (who latterly had not been living with her husband, Geo. H. Laing) went to Toronto to visit her second cousin—the wife of Davis, and, as is alleged, was sent back a corpse two days afterwards. One of our city undertakers conveyed the coffin to the cemetery from the Railway depot, and her husband and friends suspecting foul play on the part of Davis, have directed an examination of the body, which is taking place at present. An inquest before Coroner White will also be held. The unfortunate woman is a sister to "Dr." Davis' first wife, and daughter to the late George H. Cousins, of Hamilton.

GENDREAU'S shaving and haircutting saloon, No. 3 Rajotte's Block, Wellington street. Adele M. Gendreau, proprietor. 3923-tf

IMPORTANT TO ALL.—We would recommend our readers of the dentist profession, and all others interested, to call and inspect the "Packus Water Motor," now on exhibition at Cadwell & Co.'s, 17 to 19 Sparks street. This wonderful instrument is intended to run all kinds of dental machines, Morrison's, White's, or Suspension, and can be applied to sewing machines, printing presses, coffee mills, and everything requiring power. It runs the engine very smoothly, and is remarkably under the power of the operator. All the motive power required is a small house stream. It is certainly vastly ahead of foot running gear. To those who operate extensively on sewing machines, it must prove an invaluable boon, as it is the first practical water motor successfully applied to those instruments. Mr. Cadwell is in possession of a list of the highest testimonials from Canada and the States.

The City Poor.

DESTITUTION VERY PREVALENT—THE POOR STARVE WHILE THE RICH ENJOY THEMSELVES—WORK FOR THE CHARITABLE.

It is a fact, but one not readily understood by many people, that there is almost as much distress among the poverty-stricken people of this city at the present time as there was during the hard winter of 1874-5. Every charitable body in the metropolis is applied to daily by twice the number of destitute people that it can help. Mr. Klock, the Superintendent of Outdoor Poor, for the Commissioners of Charities, confirms the statement that destitution is wonderfully prevalent in this city at the present time. It must necessarily be strange to many persons that anybody should want food in the summer, the season of plentifulness, when the earth brings forth sufficient to provide for all the people. But a little reflection will convince every one that there is not only some reason for distress among the poor in any summer, but also a method of explaining the extreme destitution which now prevails. In the hot months the rich, feeling no pain from the weather, being able to fly away from the city to cool watering places, being surrounded by the season's luxuries, and seeing them plentiful on every side, easily lull themselves into the belief that no one can seriously be in want in such a jocund period. Hence they forget, or rather are not impelled to loose the strings of their purses; the charitable associations are hampered by lack of money, and the poor suffer. But, whence come these poor? They are of a different class from the distressed people who seek relief in the winter. They, it may be said, in explanation, could not only be easily relieved by the rich, but they are also, in a certain way, products of the rich. They are the people who, in the winter, support themselves by ministering to the comfort of the rich. They are the laundresses, the domestics with families, the women-of-all-work, who are from time to time, during all but the summer months, employed in the mansions. Compelled, as they are, to support families from their winter earnings, they have not, when summer comes, money enough to live upon until the rich have enjoyed the season in the country and have returned to their homes. Yet the poor things can find no work and must, therefore, put themselves upon the charity of the world. Contrary to all analogy, in the season when people usually feel most at ease and pleased with themselves, the poor get smallest aid. This summer the class of persons which has been spoken of has had added to it another class of poverty-stricken persons—those men who, through the general and unusual slackness of trade, have been thrown out of employment.

It is needful that those persons who have means should be aroused to the sense of the fact that a human being may starve in summer as well—or, perhaps, it would be more proper to say as ill—as in winter. The excursions which are given every few days to the children of this city, help to sustain many people whom it has not hitherto been dreamed they benefitted. By taking away the children even for a day and feeding them there is so much of a burden taken off the head of a family, and if there be any money at all in the coffers of a poor family it is thus lengthened out for a few days longer than it otherwise would be. Several societies which have not hitherto been distributing charities have now begun the work of aiding the poor. Among these is the City Mission, whose headquarters are at No. 50 Bible House. It is expected that all the societies which are usually active in the winter will immediately begin to labor, and it is hoped that the rich will quickly appreciate the necessity of helping on the work. If something be not done speedily there will be more paupers to care for at the beginning of next winter than there were in the middle of any ordinary winter.—*New York Herald.*

The George Washington Restaurant York street is now open for guests, and meals can be had at all hours. 3915-6w.

BIRTH.

ESMONDE.—In this City on Sunday, the 22nd inst., the wife of Mr. Joseph R. Esmonde, of a daughter.

DIED.

BOUCHER.—In this City on Monday, the 23rd instant, at half past 2 p. m. John James, only son of Mr. Onesime Boucher, aged five years and six weeks.

The funeral will leave his father's residence, Hugh Street, opposite St. Patrick's Church, today at ten o'clock, a. m. for the place of interment, R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

New Advertisements.

PENSION DEMANDEE.—Un jeune homme connaissant une bureau de cette ville desirerait trouve une pension dans une respectable famille Canadienne où l'enfant est peu prier. S'adresser immediatement au W. M. bureau du 'Times'. 3928tf

FRESH NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS, In Shell just received and For Sale Only AT Noonans Restaurant. PRIVATE FAMILIES SUPPLIED. DONALD NOONAN. Ottawa, August, 25th 1875. 3925tf

ONTARIO NORMAL SCHOOLS. TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

These Schools—established for the training of First and Second class Teachers in the Public Schools—will open at nine o'clock, a.m., on Wednesday, the 15th September next: when all candidates for admission are expected to present themselves at the respective schools. None can be received after Thursday, the 16th September.

The Session will continue until the 15th July, 1876, with vacation from the third Wednesday in December to the second Tuesday in January, and from the Wednesday before to the Tuesday after Easter inclusive.

A prospectus has been published containing the subjects of the Entrance Examination, the General Regulations, and the course of study. Applications for the prospectus, and for admission at Toronto, are to be made to the Education Office, and at Ottawa to the Principal of the Ottawa Normal School.

EDUCATION OFFICE.
Toronto, August 19, 1875. 5w-law.

JUST PUBLISHED
THE SHINING RIVER!!
A New Sabbath School Song Book
BY H. S. & W. O. PERKINS.
PRICE 35 CENTS. $30 PER HUNDRED
"Rest in Thee," "Oh! Jesus may say," "Wandering Child," "What are these?" "Watchman awake!" are specimens of the titles of the beautiful new hymns, to sweet new melodies.

!!THE HIGH SCHOOL CHOIR!!
By L. O. EMERSON and W. S. TILDEN.
PRICE $1.00 $9.00 PER DOZEN.
The HIGH SCHOOL CHOIR is similar in general design to the very popular "HOUR OF SINGING," which has been almost universally used in High Schools. The present work is in no way inferior to its predecessor, and is entirely fresh and new.

THE SONG MONARCH.
PRICE 75 CENTS. $7 50 PER DOZEN.
By P. R. PALMER, assisted by L. O. EMERSON.
Do not think of teaching a Singing School without using this attractive, popular and useful work.
Specimen copies sent, post-paid, for retail price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

WANTED a good Cook. Apply at NOONANS RESTAURANT. Sparks Street. 3925tfsu

Amusements.

GOWANS GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Engagement for 3 nights only
OF THE GREAT AND UNRIVALLED,
ROYAL YEDDO JAPANESE TROUPE,
COMMENCING
MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23rd.
Admission Orchestra Chairs, 75 cents. Parquette Circle 50 cents, Balcony 50 cents Gallery 25 cents. Seats reserved at H. and J. Gowans 54 Sparks St. "The best entertainment of the season".
—*Montreal Gazette August 4.*
Ottawa, August 21st 1875. 3924-1ins

GOWANS GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
THURSDAY EVENING AUG. 26th,
The Great, The Original, and Only,
Whitmore & Clarks Minstrels,
E. P. HARDY, General Manager
A grand parlor entertainment, Illustrated by George M. Clark, Hank White, Billy Conway, Johnny Mack. Also a splendid Vocal Quartette, Sturtevants Matchless Orchestra, Matt Scierse, Famous Brass Band. The whole Troupe form the most gigantic Minstrel Company ever organized.
Admission—Orchestra Chairs 75 cents, Parquette and Balcony 50 cents Gallery 25 cents. Seats reserved at Gowans Sparks Street. Doors open at 7 to commence at half 7 o'clock.
A. S. AUSTIN, Agent.
Ottawa, August, 23rd 1875. 3924Mins4

FIRST ANNUAL
Steeple-Chase Meeting
AND GRAND
Fox Hunt
With the Ottawa Pack of Fox Hounds, at
Caledonia Springs, Ont.,
(The Saratoga of Canada,)
On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
SEPTEMBER 8th, 9th and 10th.
Under the patronage of the Ottawa and Montreal Hunts and many of the most prominent citizens of of Canada.

COMMITTEE:
J. M. CURRIER, Esq., M. P., *President.*
Alonzo Wright, Esq., M.P. Sheriff Powell.
W. H. Aumond, Esq. Dr. St. Jean, M.P.
W. McK Wright, Esq., M.P. R. W. Crooks, Esq.
Dr. Sweetland. Capt. A. Bowie.
M. McNaughton, Esq. W. Chapman, Esq.

1st Day—Wednesday, Sept. 8th.
No. 1—Montreal Hunt Steeple Chase, for a purse of $100; Montreal Hunt course, about 2½ miles.—Open to all half-breed horses belonging to members of the Montreal Hunt—Gentlemen riders, $115 to 1st; $35 to 2nd.
No. 2—Ottawa Hunt Steeple Chase, for a purse of $150; weight for age. Open to all horses belonging to members of the Ottawa Hunt, or that have been hunted with the Ottawa Hounds. $115 to 1st; $35 to 2nd.

2nd Day—Thursday, Sept. 9th.
No. 3—County Steeple Chase, for a purse of $200. Catch-weights. Open to all horses owned in County of Prescott. $100 to 1st; $50 to 2nd.
No. 4—Dominion Steeple Chase, for a purse of $175; "Handicap;" Top weight 156. Open to all Dominion bred horses. $150 to 1st; $45 to 2nd.

3rd Day—Friday, Sept. 10th.
No 5—Open Steeple Chase, for a purse of $250; Handicap, Top weight 168. Open to all horses. $200 to 1st; 50 to 2nd.
GRAND FOX HUNT—Open to all who may wish to follow the hounds.
Weights—3 yrs. 138 lbs; 4 yrs, 152 lbs; 5 yrs, 162 lbs; 6 yrs and aged, 168 lbs. Mares and Geldings allowed 3 lbs. Province breds allowed 7 lbs.
Entries—Ten per cent. on first money only. To close on Saturday, 4th September, at 9 p.m. Addressed to the Secretary, Russell House, Ottawa.
For particulars see posters.
W. H. AUMOND, Sec.-Treasurer.
August 24, 1875 4in

LOST. Will the Gentleman who picked up a BABY'S SCARLET CLOTH CLOAK at the St. L. and O. Railway Station, kindly leave it at this Office.
Ottawa, August, 23rd 1875.

THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand a few good second hand THRESHING MILLS which will be sold on reasonable terms. Hagarty's horse mill, $120; Little Giant, $100; Albany Treadles, 2 horse, $100, and some others at different prices. Wm. ABBOTT, Ottawa 15-3d-w

THE PRINCIPAL of the NORMAL SCHOOL is prepared to receive applications from boarding-house Keepers who can accommodate pupils during the term beginning 15th SEPTEMBER.
Printed forms on which application is to be made, can be had by addressing.
THE PRINCIPAL,
NORMAL SCHOOL,
OTTAWA.
P. O. Box 187,

HAY, STRAW & OATS.
SEALED Tenders will be received for the supply of
HAY, STRAW AND OATS,
for the Provincial Exhibition until MONDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER.
Tenders to be addressed to the General Superintendent care of Mr. Mills, Clarendon House, Ottawa; for particular enquire of Ira Morgan, Esq., Vice President of the Association, Exhibition Grounds.
HENRY ANDERSON,
General Superintendent.
Ottawa, August, 19th 1875. 3923td

CHRISTIAN BROTHERS'
Commercial Academy.
This Institution has specially in view the training of young men for Commercial Business.
The course of studies includes the complete series of such branches as are available in counting-house transactions, viz: Grammar, Analysis (English and French), Composition, Geography, History, Use of Globes, Penmanship, Algebra, Arithmetic (written and mental), Banking, Book-keeping, Commercial Correspondence, &c.
Moreover, a due attention will be paid to the following specialities which are more particularly conducive to the Art of Civil Engineering, viz: Linear Drawing, Perspective Projection, Surveying, Mensuration, Geometry, Trigonometry, Natural Philosophy, &c
TERMS—Per Quarter (payable in advance $7.00
Telegraphy (extra) course..... 5.00
Class will re-open on the 1st September.
BRO. ANDREW,
Ottawa, Aug. 24, 1875. 3926-1m

CHAMPION
SHINGLE MACHINE!
PATENTED 1873.
200 in Use in Canada.
SELF-FEEDING & SELF-SETTING.
Edger attached. One man attends to both Cutting and Edging. Only one belt required for the two operations.
This is the best shingle machine for block sawing ever introduced into Canada.
SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,
3906-1m 70 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

THE 'DOMESTIC'
4 COMPLETE IRONS IN ONE. 4
Its the best,
Glossing, Smoothing, Fluting and Crimping Iron in the Market
Also a Band and Gasher Iron, composed of one Iron and 4 attachments, a direction receipt accompanies each iron. The receipt alone is worth the money. All for $3.50, extra iron $1.00 each.
No SPRINGS to get out of ORDER
Be sure and see the Domestic before purchasing any other.
Our Agents will call on you shortly. Can be seen at our shop on Duke St., any time.
Warranted to be as good as represented.
J. & W. ASHFIELD,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and County, and General Agents for the sale of territory.
Agents Wanted everywhere.

Auction Sales.

ANOTHER AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Household Furniture,
At the residence of O. E. Sheppard, Esq. O'Connor Street.
—ON—
TUESDAY, 31st inst., at 10:30 a.m.
—BY—
J. BERMINGHAM.

The Subscriber will sell by Public Auction at the above residence, on Tuesday, 31st inst., at 10:30 a. m. all the household furniture and effects therein, comprising in part, one handsome 7 oct. rosewood case, co-tage piano by Herman of Hamburg, one piano stool gold frame pier glass, parlour suite in green and gold damask, B. W. book case with several volumes standard works, fancy tables, pier arm chairs, camp chairs, self adjusting chandeliers, carpets, chromos, engravings, window hangings, parlour ornaments, etc., B. W. side boards, B. W. dining table, B. W. cane seat dining chairs, lounges, wrantons, silver ware, china, glass and crockery, hall lamps, hall oak table and chairs, oil cloth, coal stove, stair carpets, etc., Oak and B. W. bedsteads, bureaus with glass attached, enclosed wash stands, window hangings, carpets, feather pillows, bolsters, hair and spring mattresses, sheets, blankets and house linen. An excellent family billiard table seven feet, ing with queus and balls complete, kitchen and other stoves, as well as a large quantity of culinary utensils and other furniture. The furniture and effects are all in good order. Housekeepers preparing for the Exhibition will find this Sale well worth attending. Don't forget the day TUESDAY, 31st inst., at 10.30.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Ottawa, August, 24th 1875. Auctioneer. 3926d

Extensive and Unreserved Auction Sale,
AT
Bermingham's Sale Rooms,
ELGIN STREET,
COMMENCING ON
Monday Ev'g. 23 inst., at 7.30.
And to be continued each evening at same hour, until the following consignments are disposed of. Two hundred framed Chromos, thirty dozen Bohemian and Parisian Vases, twenty dozen fancy toilet sets, five dozen ladies work boxes, five dozen writing desks, thirty dozen shoe brushes, clothes brushes, house brushes, white-wash brushes, and carriage wheel brushes, several O. G. Clocks, a few beautifully finished accordians, with two to four stops, one case of real hair switches ladies silk hair nets, chignons braids, etc., etc., a quantity of dry goods and several pairs of grey blankets.
The subscriber in announcing this sale begs to assure the public, that the goods were consigned for positive sale, and therefore each article must be sold for whatever it may bring, more especially, as the entire stock must be cleared out within a few days, to make room for other consignments previous to exhibition. Don't forget to attend, as great bargains will be given. Sale every evening at 7.30. Private Sales during the day at Auction prices.
J. BERMINGHAM.
Auctioneer
Ottawa, August, 20th 1875. 3924-tf

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
Of Handsome
Household Furniture,
Rosewood Piano-forte, Rich Carpets, Pictures, Silverware, Handsome Gaseliers, Clocks, Beautiful Vases, China, Glass, and Kitchenware.
The subscriber is instructed by S. E. Chapleau, Esq., to sell at his residence, No. 3 Elgin Terrace, O'Connor street,
On THURSDAY, 26th inst.,
Commencing at 10:30 a.m. all his handsome HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising in part: One very fine 7-octave rosewood case and round corners piano-forte, a very short time in use; handsome parlor suite, in brown and gold repp, marble top centre table, rich ornaments, window hangings, pictures and fancy tables, B. W. side-board, with plate-glass back, dining chairs, gaseliers, marble clocks, Sevres and Parian vases, china glass and crockery, hall hat stand, hall and stair carpets, very fine hall-stove and piping. In the bed-rooms will be found the finest black walnut, marble-top furniture, handsome carpets, rich bed-room china, spring hair and other mattresses, feather pillows and bolsters, sheets, blankets, quilts, etc. The culinary department embraces everything to be found in a well-regulated house. The sale is positive, and as the furniture, etc., was all purchased new last October, is still as good as new. As Mr. Chapleau is going to board, the sale will be without reserve. Don't forget the day—Thursday, 26th inst.
J. BERMINGHAM,
August, 19th 1875. Auctioneer. 3926d

Carpets.

OTTAWA CARPET HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Have received their Spring Importations, 48 BALES CARPETS and CURTAINS.
Embracing all the novelties, out for the season, to which they confidently
Invite Inspection.
Special Value in Lace Curtains. 3925

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 19, 1874. 2614y

Watchmakers, &c.

JEWELLERY
N. MARKS,
36—*SPARKS STREET*—36
(Next door to Post Office)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Jeweller, Watchmaker, &c
A large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Ladies' Opera and Victoria Chains, gentlemen's Albert Chains, Rings and Gold Sets, Bracelets, and Jewellery of every description, Plated Ware, Clocks, &c., at the lowest prices. The best House in the city. Wholesale buyers can get their stock as cheap from me as any other House in the Dominion. 30

Charles W. Leonard,
SIGN PAINTER AND GRAINER,
Wellington Street, Near Pooley's Bridge.
Every Description of HOUSE SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL WRITING, Gilding on Glass, &c., executed in a Superior Style. 3921-yl

YOUNG LADIES LITERARY INSTITUTE.
Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,
RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.
The course of studies will be resumed, Wednesday 1st September.
Ottawa, August, 19th 1875. 3922-tf

CARD.
M. F. LIENARD, (Belgium) recently arrived in this City from Quebec, wishes to obtain a situation as French teacher in some institution, or would give lessons in private families.
Teaches French in all its branches, literature, mathematics, etc; would also give lessons in latin. Good references if required. Has been for two years tutor at the Lieut. Governor's residence (Spencer Wood), Quebec.
For other particulars apply at the TIMES OFFICE, by letter, which shall be attended to immediately. 3920-2w

Boots & Shoes.

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED OUT,
50 Cases of
Boots, Shoes,
RUBBERS, &c.,
Which will be sold CHEAP for Cash only.
W. E. BROWN,
Sussex St., Ottawa.
March 10, 1875. 3749

SEASONABLE.
Childrens' Rubbers at 35 cts
Misses' " at 40 cts.
Ladies' Long Rubber Boots, at $1.50.
And other goods at proportionately low prices, at
Lamb's Clearing Sale,
A large lot of slippers, at cost and under, all kinds of Leather
BOOTS & SHOES
At a shade over first cost, at Lamb's Clearing Sale. In fact you can save lots of money by buying your feet wear at Lamb's Clearing Sale which will be opened to the public only a short time, as the stock is fast disappearing. A good opportunity for buying out a good and well established business. Personal application to
W. A. LAMB,
March 10, 1875. 28 Sussex-st. 3749

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12. 3592tf

Insurance.

CHAS. DESJARDINS,
General Agent
Citizens Insurance Co'y.
CAPITAL, $2,000,000.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.
Temporary Office:
York Steet, near Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, Jan. 22. 3750

THE
Equitable Life Assurance Company.
Cash Assets Over $26,000,000
J. T. Sutton,
Russell House Block,
AGENT for OTTAWA and vicinity.
Ma 14th. 3e

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance Co'y.,
HERTFORD, CONN.
ASSETS - - - - - - $16,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA - - - 130,000
This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1868, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200,000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a specialty and give it their entire attention.
Address with references and experience, if any—
SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal

THE
HAND IN HAND
MUTUAL
Insurance Co.
R. C. W. MACCUAIG,
Jan. 9, 1875. Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity. 3757-3m

Miscellaneous.

P. C. AUCLAIR,
Broadway Tailoring and General Outfitting Establishment
All kinds of
Haberdashery, White and Coloured Shirts,
To be sold at cost, previous to Removing to LeSueurs Block, Wellington Street.
August, 17th, 1875. 3920-1

PYRIMONT SEYSSEL ASPHALTE.
THE Compagnie Generale des Mines d'Asphaltes, who are now the Proprietors of the celebrated Asphalte Mines of Pyrimont Seyssel, Ain, France, are now prepared to supply to contractors and others, the produce of these mines, either in shape of the natural Rock, or in the form of Mastic, for use in the Dominion of Canada, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
The whole of the Footpaths in Paris, and a large proportion of the Carriage ways in that City are paved with the above Asphalte; while for the last 25 years and upwards the British Government has specified the Pyrimont Seyssel Asphalte, as the only one permissible in contracts entered into with them.
The Company will also gladly entertain proposals from first-class firms or individuals of good standing for agencies in the different cities and towns throughout the Dominion.
Applications for further information may be addressed to W. O. CALLENDER, 70 & 71 Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad street, E. C London, England 3839-6l

A FORTUNE
FOR $1
LEGALLY AUTHOR