The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3912. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Crockery.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 527-ly

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building, Rideau st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. | G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Eight-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q.C.
McLEOD STEWART. | J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG
Sept. 9, 1874. 366

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874. 264

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office (over Mr. H. Hockey's clothing store, corner of Sussex and Yorkstreets Ottawa.
3-3-ly

G. H. TAYLOR & CO.
Accountants, Assignees, General Commission Agents
OFFICE—No. 3, Victoria Chambers, O'Connor Street, lately occupied by C. Stephenson & Co.
P. O. Box 9.
May 29th. 38 6-3m

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
O. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1874.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 3, 1874. 464-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Co House, Ottawa, Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c. for the Province of Quebec
Barrister Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., for the Province of Ontario.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 5-28-6m

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2664

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1874.

R. C. W. MacCUAIG
Official Assignee.
CITY of OTTAWA, County of Carleton.
3795-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. TUPPER may be consulted professionally at his residence Metcalfe Street house formerly occupied by the Hon. P. Mitchell. 26-7 ly

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert Streets.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2491

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau street, near Glouster.
Consultations at all hours. 254

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks street, Centre Town Night Office—At his residence, Maria Street Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to artiles successfully treated if required.

Business Cards.

J. T. LAMBERT.
LUMBER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, BROKER, &C.
OFFICE—No. 2, Wellington St., Rideau Block, Ottawa, Ont 3840-1y

NEW Tailoring Establishment.
F. MEINDL has opened out as a Merchant Tailor and Outfitter, on Elgin st., opposite the Post Office. First-class goods always on hand and satisfaction guaranteed. 3836-1m

ARTHUR F. COTTON,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman.
Successor to W. R. Thistle & Co.
Office, as formerly, over Mann's Hardware Store. 3819-tf

In retiring from the practice of my profession, I have left with my former Assistant, Mr. A. F. COTTON, my Plans and Records of Surveys in Ottawa and vicinity, and have much pleasure in recommending him as my successor.
3 19 W. R. THISTLE.

JARVIS,
(LATE JARVIS & ARLESS)
PHOTOGRAPHER
69, SPARKS STREET.
3796-3m

PATENTS.
GIBBS & COURSOLLE,
SOLICITORS OF
Patents of Invention,
[TRADE MARK REGISTERED.]
VICTORIA CHAMBERS, WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA. 3694

Hotels.

CLISBY HOUSE,
Corner of Elgin & Wellington Sts.
The public are respectfully informed that the house lately known as the NELSON HOUSE, has passed into the hands of Mr. L. K. CLISBY who intends opening it as a
First-Class Private Hotel.
No expense or trouble has been spared to accomplish this end, and it is intended under the present management to make it
SECOND TO NONE IN THE DOMINION
Its commanding situation being immediately opposite the Government Buildings, with a full view down the Ottawa River, and in a line with Dufferin Bridge, with many other advantages, place it beyond doubt the best situated in the City of Ottawa.
In connection with the above, there will be the most
Magnificently-Fitted up Bar this side of New York,
where the choicest Wines, Spirits and Malt Liquors that can be procured may be obtained at reasonable charges.
A Luncheon will be Provided in the European Style,
every day, (Sunday excepted) from Eleven till Two o'clock.
The Proprietor hops by personal personvision, and procuring the service of polite and attentive servants, who thoroughly understand their business, to merit a fair share of support from his old friends and the public generally.
THE RESTAURANT WILL BE OPENED
—ON—
Friday next, 16th Inst.
Meals at all Hours.
Ottawa, August 3. 3909-3m

The Dufferin House,
Corner Bank and Wellington sts.,
OPPOSITE THE GOVERNMENT WORK SHOPS
IS now open for business after being renovated and newly fitted for the comfort and accomodation of the travelling community.
The Bar
is beautiful and furnished with the choicest brands of Liquors, Cigars, etc.
Your call will be kindly elicited.
E. J. HENRY, Proprietor.

THE "LONDON,"
[Rideau Street, near Sapper's Bridge,]
FRED FOOKS - - - Proprietor.
The above popular Restaurant has been enlarged by the addition of several spacious and well furnished rooms on the second story. The finest Luncheon and Dining Rooms in the city.
Gentlemen honoring this Establishment with their patronage may rely on strict attention being paid to their orders.
Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best quality.
Luncheon served at all hours.

The Royal Oak Hotel,
Wellington Street, near Bank.
The above Hotel is well supplied with the
Choicest Wines, Liquors, Cigars
&c., &c. &c.
Bass' Pale Ale and Guinness' Extra Stout
ALWAYS ON HAND.
A FIRST-CLASS HAIRDRESSER kept on the premises.
H. LETCH, Proprietor.
July 18, 1875. 3905 3m

ALBION HOTEL,
Court House Avenue,
OTTAWA, Ont.
V. H. CHALKER, - - Manager
ROBERT GRAHAM - - Proprietor
Omnibus to and from the Cars and Boats free
3784

1875. 1875.
Caledonia Springs.
Joyful Tidings to Thousands.
The Elysium of the Invalid is again open
SULPHUR, SALINE and GAS.
The REJUVENATING WATERS so much sought for in years long past.
Invalids! Attention!
Dyspepsia, Derangement of the Digestive Organs, Dropsy, Diseases of the Skin, Affections of the Liver and Urinary Organs are positively cured by using the water for a few weeks.
Rheumatics! Read!
Hundreds of Rheumatics have been cured by the Sulphur Baths. Suffering is alleviated by the first, and cripples throw away their crutches after about half-a-dozen baths.
TESTIMONIALS.
Montreal, 28th July, 1875.
"I hereby certify that I entertain a very favorable opinion of the baths and Waters of the Caledonia Springs in many forms of disease, among which I would especially mention chronic Rheumatism, the stigmata of Gout, Neuralgia, some of the varieties of Cutaneous disease, Dyspepsia, Chlorosis, and in carefully selected cases, some of the diseases of the Kidney and Bladder.
(Signed) GEO. W. CAMPBELL, A.M., M.D.
Dean of the Medical Faculty, McGill College.
Dr. Wm. Robertson, of Montreal, wrote as follows, in 1858:—But the disease above all in which the action of the water is most decided is Rheumatism. * * * I have known a few individuals who suffered much from improper use of mercury who were restored to health by the use of the Waters.
ACCOMMODATIONS.
A magnificent new hotel, capable of accommodating 500 guests, will be opened on June 1st for the accommodation of visitors. The grounds have been improved and beautified, and every means for amusement and exercise provided. The trip thither by the Ottawa River is most enjoyable, and a railroad from the river to the Springs is in course of construction. Until the railroad is built, comfortable carriages will be in waiting at the wharf for the conveyance of visitors to the Springs. The distance of the Springs from Montreal and Ottawa respectively is 65 and 50 miles.
Mr. W. CHAMPNESS will open a good Livery Stable, providing good carriages, horses, saddles, &c. There is a good race-course on the property of the Company.
The PARAGEAN WATERS of these Springs will yet make Caledonia the greatest resort in the world for health and pleasure seekers. Thousands of testimonials might be produced, but the reputation of the Springs renders it unnecessary to do so.
TERMS.
Transient Guests.....$2.50 per day.
By the Week..... 2.00 "
By the Month..... 1.50 "
JAS. A. GOUIN & CO., Proprietors.
JOHN KENLY, Manager.
Dr. Laing, Surgeon-General, will take up his residence at the Springs during the season, and may be consulted at any time.
Ottawa, May 6th, 1875. 3820-tf

Legal Notices.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of
T. W. HILL,
Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the powers vested in me as assignee of the estate and effects of the above named insolvent, I will offer for Sale by Public Auction, all the lands and premises hereafter mentioned, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, on Monday the 6th day of September, A. D. 1875, all the estate, right, title, and interest of the said Insolvent and of myself as assignee of this estate, in and to, all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, being composed of the undivided one half of a part of a lot number twenty in the Fourth Concession of the said Township of North Gower, butted and bounded and described as follows, that is to say, commencing on the northern limit of the allowance for road between lots numbers twenty and twenty-one, in said Fourth Concession, at the distance of six hundred and fifty-three feet from the south east angle of said lot number twenty, from thence south sixty-six degrees west along the northern limit of said allowance for road, one chain and fifty links, from thence north thirty-six degrees west, one chain and fifty links from thence north, sixty-six degrees east, one chain and fifty links from thence south west, thirty six degrees east, one chain and to the place of beginning, containing by admeasurement two and one quarter square chains, be the same more or less.
There is a cheese factory on said premises in good repair and in running order.
Terms of sale cash.
W. H. HILL, Assignee.
North Augusta, June 29, 1875.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of JAMES WELLINGTON DUFFY, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, Tobacconist, an Insolvent.
The above Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office Russell House Block, on THURSDAY, the 26th DAY OF AUGUST next, at Two O'clock in the Afternoon, to receive statement of his affairs, and to appoint an Assignee.
R. C. W. MACCUAIG, Interim Assignee.
Dated at Ottawa this third day of August, A. D., 1875.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks Commercial paper discounted. Collection made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-8m wk

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3769y3awk

Clothing.

The retail Clothing Business so long carried on by Joseph Metcalfe is now transferred to the Firm of JOHN SMITH & CO
Mr. Smith's knowledge of the Ready Made Clothing business (14 years experience), and their determination to keep the best class of Goods to be had, and to sell at the lowest prices possible, will be a GUARANTEE to Mr. Metcalfe's old Customers and the general public, that they will have every satisfaction in buying their Clothing
—AT THE—
CLOTHING Establishment,
59 Sparks Street. 3781

Grocers.

Alph. J. Steers & Co.
—WHOLESALE—
Commission Merchants,
—DEALERS IN—
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, ETC., ETC.,
RUSSELL HOUSE BLOCK,
[Opposite Sappers Bridge,]
OTTAWA, ONT
Liberal advances made on consignments.
References:
J. H. SEMPLE, Importer, &c., 53 St. Peter St., Montreal.
JAS. HARTY & Co., Merchants, Kingston.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., Messrs Campbell & Cassells, Bankers, 56 King Street East, Toronto

HOUSEKEEPERS,
Baskerville & Bros.,
No. 36, Rideau St., Ottawa,
Are offering General Groceries, Wines And Liquors at unusually LOW PRICES, to make room for their Spring Stock.
5 lbs. of sound Tea for $1.00, value warranted, also, a reduction on Sugar, taking 10 lbs. or upwards a reduction on No. 1 Labrador Herrings, from 50 cts. to $1.00, according to quantity, or No. 2 Labrador Herring, reduction of $1.25 per bbl., dry Cod-fish, Coarse Salt in large bags, Fine Salt, 280 lbs. per bag, Good Western Apples and Onions, also on hand, all of which are selling at a reduction for CASH.
TOBACCOS, PICKLES, BALL BLUE STARCH, RICE, RAISINS,
CURRANTS, NUTS, CIGARS, PAILS and BROOMS, also.
HIGH WINES,
PROOF AND RYE
From Gooderham and Worts Celebrated Distillery, SOLD LOW.
BASKERVILLE BROS.
81

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY WARNER & CO., Sole Wholesale Agents, Toronto. 3 cent stamps.

Hardware, &c.

THE "DOMESTIC" IRON.
4 COMPLETE IRONS IN ONE.
A combined smoothing glossing, fluting and crimping IRON, a great labour saving machine and one that should be in every house, and no doubt will be when seen, at ASHFIELDS Crockery and Glassware Store, sole agent for City and Counties.
ALSO,
For Sharp's Safety Oil Cabinets, for all kinds of oil, fluids, &c., all sizes from 5 to 20 gallons, neat, cheap and durable—will save their own price in oil in a short time.
Please leave your orders. Agents wanted to canvass. Apply at
ASHFIELD'S Crockery Store, Duke Street

COAL OIL
COOKING STOVES,
ALL SIZES,
SAVING FUEL
—AND—
AVOIDING HEAT IN THE HOUSE,
—AT—
BLYTH & KERR'S.
3874

HOTEL COOKING RANGES!
HOTEL CARVING TABLES!!
HOTEL PASTRY OVENS!!!
HOTEL IRON BEDSTEADS!
HOTEL LAUNDRY STOVES!!
HOTEL HOT AIR FURNACES!!!
ANY SIZES of the above, supplied to order by
H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex Street,
Ottawa, April 16th, 1875. 3821

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks Street, Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers.
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 26, 1874

Hatters & Furriers.

HAT! HATS! HATS!
JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEW STYLES FOR 1875.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
March 12, 1875. 379

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!
FOR THE MILLION.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!
GREAT CHEAP SALE
OF
Felt, Silk and Straw Hats and Caps, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, &c.,
AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES!
AT
O. COTE'S,
RIDEAU STREET,
UNION BANK BLOCK.
In order to clear the Stock as soon as possible I have decided to sell all the assortment of Hats, Caps, &c., at cost for cash. 3806-2m

DEVLIN'S HATS THAT R HATS
TOWNSEND'S
CELEBRATED CORK LINED
SUN PROOF HATS,
—AT—
DEVLIN'S.
Indian Helmets and Puggeries,
—AT
DEVLIN'S.
MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.
3993

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'GARA, P.M.

THURSDAY, Aug. 5.

William Cross was arraigned for having a cow at large. He was fined $2 and costs.

Isaac Gibbs was charged by Health Officer Brown with removing night soil from Government Hill. The case was adjourned until to-morrow, in order that a legal objection might be considered.

Alphonse Gauvreau was arraigned for assaulting Peter Percy, at the emigrant sheds, on Sunday night last. The case was adjourned until Saturday.

Joseph Ayotte was charged with assaulting Onesime Boucallier yesterday. The prosecutor was struck with a bottle. A fine of $10 and costs was imposed.

Thomas Reardon was charged by Thos. Grant with refusing to pay wages. The Magistrate stated that he had no jurisdiction over the case, and it was accordingly dismissed.

Evan Edwards was charged by Health Officer Brown with slaughtering inside the city limits. He was fined $2 and costs.

Joseph Morreau was charged by Deline Seymour, an inmate of a Bolton Street house of ill-fame, with stealing a trunk containing a quantity of clothing from her. The case was dismissed.

CANADIAN.

MONTREAL.

Proclamation—A Clue obtained—A Complicated affair—Meeting of Harbour Commissioners—Shipment of Cattle to England—The Turkish Ambassador—Charitable Deed.

By Special Telegram.

MONTREAL, Aug. 5.—The Mayor has issued a proclamation inviting the citizens to observe to-morrow as a general holiday.

Some information has been gained by the detectives which may act as a clue to the diamond abstractors.

John Whyte, assignee for the firm of Louis Marchand, son of a James Street Broker, at the instance of Mr. Perrault, French Vice Consul, seized to day the cash box of the firm containing some $6,000, on behalf of the heir of a Mr. Truehart, who died in the lunatic asylum. After his death he placed upwards of $4000 at interest for one year. In July 1874 Mr. Trueheart died ere the year was up, and an action was entered to recover the money but the trial was delayed by some objections raised by the advocates of Marchand & Son who shortly suspended payment, of which no notice was given the plaintiffs. The firm also appear to be beginning business under a fresh name, hence the novel means resorted to, which were not fully carried out as Mr. Marchand retaining Mr. Whyte in conversation watched an opportunity and again possessed himself of the box, and locked it in the safe which has a combination lock. Mr. Whyte will therefore have now to get possession again of the cash box.

The monthly meeting of the harbor commissioners was held to-day. The business was chiefly to consider the state of works under construction

More cattle is to be shipped to England on Saturday.

The Turkish Ambassador to the United States is at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The late Mr. Guy bequeathed $4,000 to the Montreal General Hospital and the Hotel Dieu.

Stocks dull, Montreal, 188¼; closing 158¼ to 188¼. Commerce 127, closing 127½. Merchants 101¾, closing 101½ to 102. Telegraph 158¼, closing 159½. At afternoon board, Royal Canadian 94½. Montreal 188¼. Telegraph 158¼.

TORONTO.

Masonic Ceremony—The Abortion Trial—Lynching Threatened—An Excited Mob.

By Special Telegram.

TORONTO, August 5.—At a meeting of delegates held last night from each Masonic lodge in the city it was decided to hold a special communication of Grand Lodges on August 19, to lay the corner stone of Grace Church. Grandmaster Kerr will officiate and the ceremonies will be of a most imposing nature.

Arthur and Oliver Davis were put on trial at the Police Court this morning charged with wilful murder of Jane Mahon Gilmour, the victim in the abortion case. The Court was crowded at an early hour, numbers remaining outside during the whole morning. Alderman Baxter was on the Bench. Mr. J. D. Edgar appeared for the Crown, Mr. C. V. Warmoll for the defence, and J. E. McDougall for the College of Physicians & Surgeons. The prisoners pleaded not guilty, but were very nervous. They were put in the dock together. Charles Lovell testified to finding the box containing the body about 8 o'clock on Sunday morning. He described minutely the manner of finding it. The body was perfectly naked and much decomposed and was that of a young woman between 20 and 25 years of age. John Albert, County Constable, testified to being called by the last named witness. He went for the Coroner. Dr. Fisher passed the place about 10.30 on Saturday night. There was nothing there when Dr. Beatty said he was called by the coroner to hold a post-mortem examination. He was assisted by Dr. Wallace. He corroborated the other witness as to the position in which the box and body was laying. He found a contusion of the left temple about one to two inches in diameter, and another on the left shoulder, about an inch and a quarter deep Decomposition was setting in rapidly. From his professional experience and the result of the examination should certainly consider there had been pregnancy, from the appearance of the body abortion must have taken place and death was caused by violence to the genital organs. Dr. Wallace stated that he examined the body along with previous witness. The body is of a healthy and a robust person, supported by the last witness in everything. Police Constable Henery, sworn, said he brought the body to the place of inquest and from thence to the city. Wm. Fraser, carpenter, was then called, by Counsel for the defence. It was requested as the witness has had information laid against him that no question should be asked which would tend to criminate him. The witness said I know the prisoners, saw Davis last Saturday—Davis asked me to come to his house. I went and he asked me to make him a box of a certain width and length, as he wished to take some furniture into the country. Both Davis and his wife shewed me what they required. I took a box about six feet long and two feet wide to their house at six o'clock in the evening, I left it outside the door and saw the box at the City Hall Police Station. Will swear it was the same box. The Counsel for the Crown withdrew the charge against the witness and he was discharged on his own recognizances to appear at the Assizes in $1,000. The court adjourned at two o'clock till to-morrow morning. The witnesses were all subjected to a severe cross-examination but none of their evidence was taken. The crowd were very much excited. When the prisoners were expected to come from the Court to be conveyed to the goal, fears were entertained for their safety. The man Davis was in a fearful state of mind, expecting violence. Both he and the person he calls his wife were taken out of a back door of the Court but the crowd had followed the prisoners van and as they came out hoots and shouts of every description arose and cries were heard of "lynch him," "bring a rope," "hang the fiend," &c. About ten women made a dash for the female prisoner, evidently, intending to tear her to pieces.

The O'Connell Centennial will be a successful affair. The heads of the Orange lodges are determined to do everything in their power to preserve order.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Davis' Wife Turns Queen's Evidence.

There is a rumour in to-night that the woman Davis has turned Queen's evidence against her alleged husband. The carpenter, Fraser, arrested on Monday, and lodged in gaol for no crime whatever, except that he fulfilled an order for a box given him intends to bring an action for false imprisonment against the sitting Magistrate and the Chief of Police for $6,000.

The editor of the Taunton *Gazette* has been eating 'em, for he says: "The comely cucumber cometh, conveying countless cases of cholera and colic, causing cheerful comments on the part of the compounder of curious but comforting cordials.

NOMINATION
FOR THE
COUNTY OF RUSSELL

Speeches of the Candidates and their Proposers.

From our own Reporter.

The nomination of candidates to represent the County of Russell in the Legislature of the Province of Ontario took place yesterday at Duncanville. The attendance was not very large, owing doubtless to the period of the year which is the busy one amongst the farming classes. The proceedings were conducted throughout with very creditable order, nothing beyond the good humoured banter usual on such occasions having interrupted the business of the day.

At one o'clock, Mr. Sheriff Wells ascended the hustings, and after the reading of the Writ, he said that it afforded him much pleasure to meet so large and respectable an assembly. It was not for him to make a speech on that occasion. The duty devolved on others, and he had no desire to deprive them of the pleasure the opportunity afforded them. He had his own political opinions as well as they; and like them had been in the past industrious in his political partisanship; but in the present instance he acted under commission and under oath to discharge his duties with strict impartiality, and thus he would endeavour to discharge them to the utmost of his ability. It now became his duty to call on any elector who had a candidate to propose to come forward and do so

Mr. John Tytler, of Clarence, then came forward and proposed A. O. Rocque, Esq., of Ottawa, as a fit and proper person to represent the County in the Provincial Legislature. (Cheers.) Mr. Rocque, he said, was well qualified to represent the county, being a man of high character and standing, of well known integrity and extensive commercial experience. He was well acquainted with both languages, and was possessed of the aptness and knowledge indispensable in one seeking to represent so important a constituency. Though he was not a man to be bound neck and heel to any party, he would, if elected, give to the present Ministry a fair and generous support.

Mr. S. J. Raiche, who spoke in French, said he had much pleasure in seconding the nomination. Mr. Rocque's election would confer an honour, not only on their country, but upon their entire nationality, which had been hitherto ignored in the management of political affairs in the Province. Mr. Rocque had been brought forward by his English speaking friends anxious to see justice done to the French Canadians, who formed no unimportant part, in the county. When they saw strangers aiding them, and anxious to do them justice why should they hold back or be divided? Mr. Baker was doubtless a high-minded and an honorable man, none of them questioned that; but Mr. Rocque's ability and high sense of honor were best shewn by the confidence so long reposed in him at Ottawa, where, during a long trial, he had proved himself a useful and able representative. He was a man who from his varied knowledge and experience would be competent to represent all classes. As he had been brought forward by persons of other nationality well conversant with his worth, he trusted his French Canadian fellow countrymen would come forward, to a man, in his support (loud cheers).

Mr J. W. HUGHES had much pleasure in proposing Mr. A. J. Baker, who had won the last election by an overwhelming majority, which he hoped to see doubled at the next. He had done nothing to compromise himself at the last election; and his disqualification was looked upon throughout the county as an act of mean spite and tyranny on the part of the Government. Above all he belonged to the county where he had lived as a farmer, like themselves, for thirty years; while his opponent rested his claims to their confidence on the fact that he represents one of the wards in the City Council of Ottawa. He (Mr. Hughes) knew of nothing during his career in that body that redounded much to his credit. On the contrary he knew that he had been implicated in jobbing and intrigues. Here Mr. Hughes read from the minutes of the City Council bearing on the contracts received for the main sewer in that city, contending that Mr. Rocque's conduct in sending in a tender while sitting as an alderman, had been highly discreditable and illegal. He thought the man to be selected should be one resident and well known in the county and conversant with its wants. Such a man they had in Mr. Baker, who from his lengthened residence had acquired a thorough knowledge of its requirements, while his opponent, if he knew anything of the city, was totally ignorant of the county and had no interest in it. Mr. PETER STEWART of Cambridge seconded the motion.

Mr. JAMES STENHOUSE nominated Mr. Alexander McEwan. Mr. PETER MCLAREN of Cumberland seconded the nomination. He gave a sketch of the reform movement at the time of the family compact, and of its subsequent growth, shewing that the best laws were passed under reform administration, and that Canada's prosperity dated from the time when a reform Government came into power.

Mr. JOHN W. MAGUIRE proposed Mr. John Wilson of Cumberland, Mr. A. McEWAN seconded the nomination.

Mr. JOHN STEWART of Osgoode proposed Mr. John Kennedy, Mr. JOHN HAMILTON seconded the nomination.

The Sheriff announced that Mr. Rocque had appointed Mr. Peter McLaren of Cumberland as his Financial Agent, and that Mr. Baker had appointed Mr. W. Stringer of Osgoode to act in that capacity. The deputy returning officer then read a list of the polling places; and the candidates having been asked what colour they chose to have their names printed in, on the ballots, Mr. Rocque selected red and Mr. Baker blue.

Here Mr. R. SPARKS came to the front of the hustings, and having uncovered his head commenced to address the electors with the object of nominating another candidate, when the Sheriff interposed, intimating that the time had expired. (A voice—give us a speech anyhow Bob.)

Ald. ROCQUE then came forward and was received with much cheering, mingled with some hisses from a knot of bucolics who were evidently a little elevated. He said electors of the County of Russell, I should have preferred to address you after hearing what Mr. Baker has to say on public affairs, more particularly those of your county. As he has already sought your suffrages, and has been for some days at least your representative, I regret that the honour of a first hearing was not accorded him (hear hear,) Mr. Baker's proposer, Mr. Hughes, has told you in his very inconsistent speech that you should view in the unseating of Mr. Baker an act of mean spite and petty tyranny on the part of the Government. Now a candidate to be properly elected must be elected by the voice of the people and not by his money or that of his friends. Mr. Baker has been unseated for bribery; and he and his friends must give you credit for a disloyalty which I would be sorry to see prevalent among you, were he to believe for one moment that you look on the solemn decision of judicial tribunals of the country as the results of the whims or the fancies of the party in power no matter what party that may be. It is clearly your duty to your Queen as loyal subjects to abide cheerfully by the decision arrived at in the case by the legal tribunal of the country (applause) and I trust you will dismiss all notions of the spite which Mr. Hughes' speech would seem to indicate pervades the Government in regard to Mr. Baker, and which is said to have instigated his disqualification, and judge that gentleman solely by his personal merits and fitness to represent you. These are the qualities by which you should judge of him; and I have too high an opinion of your intelligence to suppose for a moment that you would accord any such honor to a man who based his claims on the grounds of his having been previously unseated for bribery (cheers). Mr. Hughes has spoken to you very glibely about independence as a necessary qualification in any candidate seeking your suffrages. But he spoke of his friend, Mr. Baker, as an independent candidate, he told you towards the end of his speech that you have had enough of Liberal governments, and urged you to send Mr. Baker to Parliament to thwart and oppose every useful measure brought forward by the Administration. (Cheers.) Having studied the political history of our country for a number of years, and carefully observed the course of recent events, and the men of whom both parties are composed, I have become more firmly attached to Liberal principles, would like to see them meet the unanimous support of my country-men, and am personally proud to be the candidate for the representation of your County in the interest of the Liberal party, which for so many years has discharged the duties of the state with justice and impartiality to all classes. Mr. Baker through his voice and vote will support the opponents of the present administration; while I a liberal by profession and at heart shall always accord them a generous support in all measures which I shall deem calculated to advance your interests on those of the country at large. (Loud cheers and confusion.) Mr. Baker here came forward and asked his friends to give Mr. Rocque a hearing. Mr. Rocque, resuming said that it became his duty to shew that the Government now in power in Ontario was the one they should encourage and maintain in the interest of the Province, and of their county. He referred at length and amid interruptions to the benefits conferred by the policy of the Government in regard to the system of schools, the appropriation of the surplus and many they distributed had been plus fund, and to the railway bonuses (a voice present)—saved by the Conservative Government.) Alderman Rocque—well, if they saved it, they kept it for a long time locked up. (laughter.) He further gave them credit for the purity of their present elections, the higher financial standing of the country abroad, as well as for the ballot by which every citizen of whatever calling or occupation was enabled to record his vote fearlessly and without favour or effection. He concluded his speech by warmly appealing to them to give him an earnest support irrespective of creed or nationality. Every vote recorded in his favour would serve to indorse the policy of the liberal administration (loud cheers and some hisses). He explained that the charges of intrigue preferred against him by Mr. Baker's proposer were unfounded. In point of fact he sent in a tender manfully, openly, above his own signature; but when he found that a tender lower than his own had been sent in, he had instantly recorded his vote for the lowest offer, as would be seen by a reference to the minutes of the meeting on the occasion referred to.

Mr. Rocque next addressed the electors in French, impressing on his fellow countrymen the necessity of union. He said it was the first time they had before them a candidate of French Canadian origin. His liberal English-speaking friends, anxious at length to do them justice, had kindly put him forward with a promise of honest support, he trusted they would second the efforts of his liberal friends by rising as one man to support him. If his opponents had wished to give proof of their liberality why had they not brought forward a candidate of French Canadian origin, as from the numbers and importance of that origin in the county they had a right to expect. They had a double interest in supporting him, firstly, because he was French Canadian by birth; secondly, because he was the firm friend of the great Liberal party to whose wise and liberal administration they were so much indebted Mr. Rocque then referred in detail to the topics reviewed in his speech in English, and concluded by begging an unanimous vote in his favour. Although interrupted at times, he was very attentively listened to by the French Canadian party, notwithstanding that he was personally unknown to most of them.

Mr. BAKER on coming forward was received with cheers. He said he was pleased to meet so many of the electors on this occasion although the circumstances under which they met were not calculated to afford him much gratification. It was but a short time since they were convened together for a similar purpose. They had elected him by a large majority, then for which distinguished honour he now sincerely thanked them, (cheers.) They all knew what had transpired since to necessitate a new election. He would not occupy much of their time discussing the protest. He could not help noticing the fact that not one of the petitioners nor one of those who had made out the paws of the petitioners were present on this occasion, (cheers) He was sorry that he could not address his French fellow electors in their native tongue, but he thanked them for the generous support they had accorded him at the former election, and he hoped they would do so again. In discharging his duties as their representative he would make it his aim to treat all alike and make no distinctions of class, creed or nationality. His motto was equal rights to all men. Had he been allowed to maintain the seat which he had justly and fairly won in the previous contest, he would certainly be more ready to support the measures introduced by the present Administration. Still he would support good measures no matter whether they emanated from a Reform or Conservative government, although he must say that the existence of the present administration would not be safe in his hands. He contended that the Government deserved credit for the Municipal Act and the Consolidation of the School Laws. (Cheers.) But in the distribution of the Railway Fund and in other important measures they had been unjust to Eastern Ontario. He criticised their action in the Central Prison matter and the sale of Municipal Debentures. The Agricultural College conferred no benefit whatever on this section of the Province although it was taxed for the support of that institution. He denied the report that had been circulated in the Riding that he had signed a written pledge to support the Orange Bills. He intended to ascertain the views of the constituents regarding compulsory voting, and he would carry out their wishes as he had great confidence in expressing the opinion that he would be again their representative. (Cheers.)

Mr. ALEXANDER MCEWEN next addressed the electors. He did not intend to be a candidate for their suffrages, but there were two matters to which he wished to direct their attention. He held that there was a deficiency in the Game Laws. The protection of game was a question of more importance to us than the Washington Treaty or any other subject that had occupied the minds of Legislators for years. (Applause.) He hoped to see a stringent law for the protection of deer in this constituency. There was also an annual appropriation for Agricultural Societies. He contended that this money should be equally distributed among the municipalities for their disposal (hear, hear). He repelled the the charges of corruption that were brought against the government without a tittle of proof. It only became men of clean hands to find fault (applause)

Mr. JOHN WILSON next came forward. He first informed the electors as to what Parliament was. The electors could not all go to parliament, for which they should be truly thankful (cheers). Parliaments should only grant the supplies. They should let the laws alone. He would rejoice to see all the statutes that had been passed since the year 1792 gathered into a heap, placed over a ton of gunpowder, ignited, and sent into eternity. (sensation.) He hoped they would all make their wills (hear, hear,) but before they did they should read the wills Act of 1873, which operation would take them a few years (confusion) Mr. Wilson here went into a very minute financial statement regarding the cost of Government. There were two many useless hangers-on employed on Government Hill. He was a Reformer, had always been a Reformer, and had done good service for them when they were in Opposition. Since they got into power they had never paid him the compliment to enquire after his health (cheers and cries of shame.) He said he intended to go to the polls and he was sure of his election. He would give an account of his stewardship at the termination of each session and would visit every family in the Riding and discuss political questions with them at their firesides (immense applause). He would support no Government but he would go to Parliament as an independent man to support the British Constitution (cheers.)

Mr. John Kennedy on being loudly called for came forward and thanked his nominater and seconder for the honour they had done him. He had been a Liberal Conservative but could see no difference between a Liberal Conservative and sound Reformer. He did not think it was fair to criticise the transactions of the family compact. They had nothing to do with them now. He believed that the members of the Government in those days were honest men and if they were living now they would be working for the best interests of the community. He would take the part of the persecuted, and would make the injured man's cause his own. (Hear, hear.) He contended that Mr. Baker was an ill used man, and he (Mr. Kennedy) would retire in his favour. (Cheers.)

The Sheriff announced that the proceedings would now terminate. He thanked the electors for the order that had been maintained. He proposed three cheers for the Queen, which were heartily responded to.

Mr. Baker then proposed three cheers for the Returning Officer.

The meeting appeared to be largely in favour of Mr. Rocque.

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