Stilton Cae Pickles a d Sauces in large variety. Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin, &c

CAMPBELL & ALIVIAS, Ryan's New Block, Second Door from O' Connor Street

Ott.ws. Mar. 10th, 1875

THE CANADIAN

Bendy this Week.

## PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

'For 1875, Edited by -

HENRY J. MORGAN,

men to learn, as though it were a grand ac Containing the latest Election Returns omplishment, to imbrue their hand and much other useful information n each others blood scientifically, artisti-E. A. PERRY, eally. If the quarrels which men are thus

Elgin Street.

## A Good Blank Book Ruler.

WANTED.

Apply immediately at . THE TIMES OFFICE.

to Adultification

Bill of Fare-European Dining Rooms

American Invoices-J. Johnson C.O.O.F. Meeting-R. J. Cook.

Gold Brooch-H. B. S. Tenders for Carpenters' Work-Horsey

Watch Lost-R. J. Faulkner.

Hand-in-Hand Insurance Co.-R. C. W. MacCuaig

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAR 24, 1875 COLORADO POTATO BEETLE.

The insect known as the Colorado Po tato Beetle, which has already caused considerable de truction in the cultivation of the valuable tuber-the potatohas attracted of late the attention of the Board of Trade in England. To prevent the introduction of this pest into that country, my lords of the Board of Trade have requested the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs to direct their officers at the various ports of the United King. dom to examine carefully all potatoes coming from the United States of America and from Canada, whether brought as merchandize or ships' stores, and to take care that all particles of haulurs or stalks, or of loose soil which may be found with such potatoes, be destroyed by fire. Exporters and shipping masters ought take care that potatoes shipped have no aghering stock or soil, which are considered to be the receptacle by which the insect is carried. The Colorado beetle for the little that it does, we ought to guard, against propagating it elsewhere, and injuring our trade thereby.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

tions, instead of the system of resorting to the barbarity of war, which has obtain ed generally, up to this period in the world's history, created quite a breeze in the House of Commons, on Monday even-When we come to apply the theory to of us, the hon doctor changed his tone.

clusion by a sense of our weakness in the United States re-imposed the duty on trusted that by and by the Government ;

back against which Mr. Cameron has to

contend is that he is ahead of the time

The common interests of humanity de

mand that no step which can be taken

with honour and propriety should

neglected to be taken with a view to pro-

vent the horrors of war. It is an unna

tural and an unhuman thing for men t

approved method of taking away that

which is most dear to each of them-fo

called upon to settle with their lives were

as a rule of their own seeking, if it were

not notorious that they have been, on the

other hand, the result of the personal di

the system should be maintained. It

erences of foolish or vicious potentates

probable that in Canada more than any

pared for every duty which can be required

of a citizen. Every foot of land belongs

to t e people, and it is their personal in

terest to see that the land is not invad

have no personal stake in the country

who have no such patriotic reasons for

not the historic "hearths and homes" o

their own to defend. They would suffer

The aristocracy, who monopolize the

fat offices and manage to shirk the leader-

ship of active warfare, except so far a

directing their subordinates is concern-

ed, are those whose interest it is to main

tain the martial spirit. The same can-

not be said of Canada, however, for every

man here has an interest in his country

of a tangible nature, and while it is right

ivate friendliness and good feeling with all

the world, we are among those who think

hat we should not be unprepared when

ecessary to take more active steps, both

argressive and defensive, for the preserva-

for South Ontario would limit us to

TEA DUTIES.

Whig, which appears fair and conclusive

since he was made to say that "he hoped

the information given him was erroneous.

that the United States either abolished or

considerably reduced the differential

and becoming a Christian people to cul-

invasion, they have nothing

gain by victory in

the importers' interests? standing forces of trained solnfers upon a people. But the failure ameron's theory, although it must be somer was paying too much for his tea, admitted that the absence of any argus we and that in the following year-1873 gent against it was a point of great im oftanee, as showing howeunprepared

- to less than nine hundred-thousand is were imported from the United are and paid the 10 per cent, differsword to sustain their part in the discuss go to formerly? Assuredly into the pockets the importer. No wonder he would sion. There was some force in what was said on both sides of the controversy, that snug, ready made profit. As we have said ere now, the only draw Instead of the importers having a genu-

e grievance, it is the country which as a right to complain at having been nde pay an unjust subsidy into the ockets of the importers. If the tea-men ere listened to every branch of industry nd class of imports, in respect to which ne duties of the two countries vary 10 deliberately train themselves in the most

tates surplus stocks. But, after all, the sophistries of the teamen should not obscure the just principle to see newspaper postage abolished altoof trade involved in the matter. Tea is gether. here would be some show of reason why an article of national - necessity, and all tea markets should be open to the conther country under the sun there are strong reasons why each man should be pre-Eccause the United States have imposed, ince the early days of their independuce, an arbitrary retaliatory duty against ireat Britain, in this enlightened and to gunish our own people? A few years ago a similar blunder was made, under file of the army is made up of men who he plausible name of a "National Policy," putting an import duty on coal, anther article of prime necessity, but earning the art of self-defence, who have manufacturers and consumers speedily seized its abolition as a grievous tax on but comparatively little from a foreign the like of which we hope never again to ce. The coal industry, too, gives employment to thousands of people, while ne tea trade only to a mere handful.

SENATE.

Vhole on this bill. Hon Mr. Allan in the

tion of our rights and liberties than the notion of the hon, and venerable member There are none, or very few, in this to Manitoba certain provisions of the newspapers at a correct and reasonable road Dominion who will not sympathize very strongly with the hon. gentleman in prepared, perhaps, to take such a decid- reported without amendment, read a use of the mails. Under the present sys

third time and passed. d position on the question as he would THE POSTAL SERVICE. On the order of the second reading of the bill relating to the Postal Service, Hon. Mr. SCOTT sa d this bill was great importance to the people of Canada We quote an article from the British and involved important changes in the postal arrangements of the country. The principal change involved was the is quite evident, after reading the payment in all cases of mail matter. inance Minister's answer to the question | was assumed that would be a great saving put him, that he had been mis reported. to the Department in doing away with the

keeping of accounts, and it would simplify the whole work of the Department. Prepayment in all cases to be by stamps. What the Finance Minister said "was, Another feature of the bill was, that under arrangements made with the Postmaster General of the United States, all mail matter from that country should be duty at the time of the re-importation of prepaid, so that parties receiving letters tea duties in 1861-2; the fact being that or papers from across the line would ed that the object of this bill was to give they had actually reduced it ten per always receive them free. Another im- the Company power to construct some cent., but not abolished it altogether lortant item was that making large de-It is worthy of note, that numerous pamphlets &c., reducing the amount submitted for the approval of the Minister

one cent. Publishers of journals praying that the duty may not be imperiodicals &c., now had the privilege posed, as stated by the Minister of Fiof weighing their mail matter in the aggregate, irrespective of the place to which THE TEA IMPORTERS AND THE DIFFERENTIAL they might be going-that is, the publisher was not obliged to weigh each separate parcel sent to each post office, but he The tea importers nurse their fancied might weigh the whole together, and pay grievance with an assiduity which shows the aggregate weight. Another feature that their profits under the late 10 per | was the return to the sender of all letters ing last. The hon, gentleman who moved cent, differential duty must have been not taken out of the Post Office within a large when they strove so earnestly to certain time. Heretofore the practice had have it restored. It is an unprecedented been to advertise the uncalled letters, amendment to propose. While the bill gight for a deputation of British mer- and after a certain period they were sent contained one principle with which no chants, in this age of commercial enlight to the Dead Letter Office and destroyed. one in the House was disposed to quarrel CAPITAL . . . SIX MII-LION DOLLARS. enment, to wait upon a Government to But hereafter, if the letter is not called -that of regulating marine electric teleask it for a subsidy to enable them to im | jor within a reasonable time—two or three | graphs—it also contained two exceptional port a foreign product like tea-for this week -- it is sent to the General Office, principles with which the House might differential duty is nothing short of a sub- there opened, and returned to the sender. be disposed to differ. The first of these by all the ability, which is sidy. Such a request in England to be He believed the Department would ere was one which protected, specially ex- ROB naturally negotien of the advocacy of a protected against the United States would long introduce the custom now prevailing empted one particular company from the turn those who made it into laughing in the States of having printed directions operation of that Act. He thought it stocks. Subsidies to aid home manufacton the outside of the letter to return the his duty, on the second reading, to expose tures find favour with some, but a subsidy same to the sender if not called for what was, to his mind, the injustice, the to enable importers to bring in a foreign within a reasonable time. Under the old one-sidedness of endeavouring to exempt product like tea, has a close resemblance system the advertisement of letters not from the operation of the Act that parto a mercantile fallacy, if not the real called for cost at least \$10,000 a year, ticular company. The Minister of Agri-

The tea men of to-day are more ingen system. Another important feature was favour of that clause, and warned the ious than their fathers were in discovering the free delivery system, extending only House that if they did not so exempt what the latter never did, that, in this to cities. This experiment entailed con- that company, the well-known John Young matter, they were martyrized by a tyran side able expense, but it was thought the company, the effect would be to put bis country in for a very large amount of Block of Parliament Buildings. nical Government. The differential duties advantage to the people would be very this country in for a very large amount of on tea in the United States are nearly as great, and the Postmaster-General now indemnity. He was happy to say the old as the Republic, having been imposed believed, from the experience already Government re-considered their position, to spite England. Up to the time of the gained, that within a few years the sys- in view of the very strong expression of ate American war tea imported direct tem would amply repay the increased opinion elicited on that point, and that com the place of growth into the United expense. States was free, while other teas had to lion. Mr. READ asked if the Govern- other exceptional portion of this proposed pay a differential duty of twenty per cent, ment did not intend to extend the free legislation related to the Angle-American of Canada, a mere colony, dictating to the which was reduced to ten during the war. delivery system to other places. He Company, with regard to which he would This ten per cent differential duty was thought at least the towns ought to be in only say that the arguments of himself

ontinued until the first of July, '72, when | cluded in the arrangement. tea was again made free in the States. Hon. Mr. SCOTT replied that it was been answered, nor attempted to be an-The differential duty was abolished for not intended to extend the system at swered. But, in order that there should three months-from July 1st, to October present beyond the nine cities of the be no mistake as to the position of the Sir Francis Hinces, then Finance Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, subject, he would take the liberty of put-Minister, said in the session of '72 that he Quebec, St. John and Halifax. He had ting, in the shortest possible form, the would impose the differential duty in no doubt, however, that before long the grounds upon which he contended Canada, if the Americans restored it. Why system would be extended to towns. Anglo-American Company had rights, and did not Sir Francis, in his young and Hon. Mr. BOURINOT thought the that they ought to be respected by the palmy days, when also Minister of Finance, bill would be a great book to all the peo- Legislature of this country. As to the discover that Canadian importers required ple of the Dominion. He had been for want of necessity for this bill, the Direct be the cause of it ? Dr. Brouse will not to be protected against an American dif- many years a member of the Post-office Cable Company had a line at this ferential duty of not, as now, ten, but Committee in Nova Scotia, and was grati- moment, to Nova Scotia, which was twenty per cent? In the vigour of his fied to see that many of the provisions to be extended to Ireland; tenance so unjust a subsidy to importers some years prevailing in that Province, as it was impossible to run a line from Nova wealth- to the consumers. And, for example, the free delivery in towns. Scotia to Ireland? This cable was landed Upon what in good truth, the tea merchants of those He would like to have seen a provision on the mainland of Nova Scotia, some days did not appear to have asked him. establishing a system of money order hundred miles west of the point that we have no record that either they offices with the United States, and might be reached in Cape Breton; and that it was impertinence or any Board of Trade grumbled that the he was aware that several attempts yet it was to be found practicable, and in us to pass a resolution in favour of in- American differential duty of twenty per had been made on the part of expected to be worked under this Act ternational arbitration, while on the other and in those days the direct tea trade at arrangement, but the Washington Governwent on to say:) Under this Act, under defen I ourselves against any and all invalers, come from what direction they port. Sir Francis must have become invalence of the two statemen's are perfectly with false nctions of trade, when on his trade, when on his other. If the hon, the country where from carelessness, and the country where from carelessness, the Government, unless previously chartered in England. The effect would, the country where from carelessness, the Government, unless previously chartered in England. The effect would, the country where from carelessness, the Government would be incorporated by the bill, he thought it might bear rather hard upon some people, particularly in the country where from carelessness, the Government, unless previously chartered in England. The effect would, when on his sold in time to contain the country where from carelessness, and the country where from carelessness, the Government would be incorporated by the country where from carelessness, and the country where fr Montreal was large, many cargoes, unlike ment had declined to meet them. With the next clause, the Company which would member for South Grequille was right in against its simplest laws, as to tax the in us to attempt dictate," as he was in us to attempt dictate," as he was leaved to term it, to the nations of the laws not ever the was not ever the would prefer to see the duty on news relic of commercial barbarism, simply because our neighbours were equally foolish.

The was not ever the was not ever the would prefer to see the duty on news relic of commercial barbarism, simply because our neighbours were equally foolish.

Rut he was not ever the would prefer to see the duty on news relic of commercial barbarism, simply because our neighbours were equally foolish.

Rut he was not ever the would prefer to see the duty on news relic of commercial barbarism, simply because our neighbours were equally foolish.

Rut he was not ever the would prefer to see the duty on news relic of commercial barbarism, simply because our neighbours were equally foolish.

Nova Scotia a close borough; and other

the 1st October, 1872. Why did not Sir would see its way clear to remove that rancis do likewise, as he previously tax entirely. breatened in the House he would? He Hon. Mr. WARK highly approved of

to this the respect of all, in waited until the 1st January following. the bill, which contained improvements which the possession of armaments, Was it because he was so thoughtful of he had vainly urged some years ago in the old Act. With regard to unstamped In reference to the public accounts we letters he thought they ought to be open-It hat a large quantity of tea, between /ed at once in the office where they were ly | and 3|st Dec, '74, was brought in | mailed, and returned to the sender, in the hon member for South Grenville from the United States, which stroke of stead of being sent away to the Head a ness must have been profitable to the Office. He scarcely thought the present he by operators. And, to show the cer- very light impost on mail matter could be self be no argument in favour of Mr. tarity of their profits, and that the con- called a tax on newspapers.

Hon. Mr. KAULBACH said it was a wrong principle to tax newspapers. The revenue derived from that source was so somp-Julian, small, that it ought to be wiped out. Hon. Mr. McLELAN thought the bill were the advocates of arbitration by the ential duty. Where did that 10 per cent. was an admirable improvement in post that improvements suggested eight years | Carrots. ike to coax the Government to restore ago were adopted in the present bill. As Roast-Beef, Lamb and Mint Sauce. to the tax on newspapers, he considered Vegetables-Potatoes, Turnips, Carrots. it quite fair. There were such immense Pudding and Pastry -Tapioca Pudding, quantities of them carried through the mails that they ought to contribute some-

thing towards paying their transportation. Test and Coffee. tax whatever on newspapers, and considered the revenue from that source so small that Government could well afford r cent in favour of the United States, to dispense with it. Moreover, the exacsould have equal grounds for whining tion of prepayment by the publisher about the injustice wrought it by the would have the effect of causing them to nited States tariff, while it was only pro- send the papers to their subscribers by tected by 174 per cent. here. Each one some other means than the Post Office of these with a 10 per cent, higher tariff in | carriers. For instance, the Globe and Mail the United States against it, would have of Toronto were almost entirely carried to an equal claim upon the Government to subscribers' offices by express agents and e subsidized in defence. It would be as stage drivers, and had very little to do wise and seemly for deputations repre- with the Post Office Department. And in enting these 10, 20, 30 and 40 per cent. the case of many country publishers, lifferences between the two tariffs, to ask whose receipts were small, they would the Government to protect them against generally seek some other way of sending the American tariff, as they allege Canada their papers to subscribers in order to is used as a slaughter market for United avoid the postage. - He was in favour of making the subscribers pay the postage on newspapers, but would like still better

a great hardship on publishers to make samer, who should not be debarred from them pay the postage on their own newsthe benefits of unfettered competition. papers while, as is often the case with country papers, they lose their subscription into the bargain.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said the postage on newspapers had been greatly reduced, and he did not see why the Post Office Department should be expected to ACCIDENT Insurance carry newspapers free any more than partment was made as moderate as it was possible to be, and he did not think the carriage of newspapers ought to be made a burden upon the general revenue of the country. He asked whether it was necessary to prepay mail matter coming from

Hon. Mr. SCOTT-In all cases, and the same on mail matter going from here to Sir A. T. the United States. Hon. Mr. READ said this bill was in the right direction, and he had been looking

forward to it for years. But the free delivery system ought to be extended to towns as well as cities. The postal de EDWARD RAWLINGS. livery of letters was one of the greatest luxuries that could be given to the people. In England this system prevailed throughout the whole country, in rural parts as well as in cities. Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST

called attention to the 34th clause, which provided that the Postmaster General night extend the free delivery system wherever and whenever he deemed it ex-

Hon. Mr. BROWN thought the country was greatly indebted to the present Government for this measure, which was as of the people. He did not see why newspapers should be carried for nothing any Hon, Mr. SCOTT explained that it was more than letters, and thought Governvery short bill, and intended to extend ment had fixed the rate of postage upon Criminal Law now applying to Ontario figure. He apprehended that the deducand Quebec, for the more speedy trial in tion made on postage would eventually certain cases of persons charged with produce as much revenue as the Governtelonies and misdemeanors. The bill was ment had before, by encouraging increased any tem of charging newspaper postage a great many small sums-were lost in each office. The bill was a great boon to the ournalists. All Canadians in the United States would now have largely increased CHAS. DESJARDINS, facilities for subscribing to Canadian ournals. The Post Office Department was loing well in confining the free delivery

Hon. Mr. BENSON wished that towns of ten thousand inhabitants should be included in the free delivery system; that would include only about three more places. He suggested to the Govern-After some more discussion, the bill

UPPER OTTAWA BOOM COMPANY. Hon. Mr. SKEAD, in the absence of the constructed. The bill was read a second

The House then adjourned.

SATURDAY, March 20, 1875. The House met at three o'clock.

MARINE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH BILL. Hon. Mr. SCOTT moved the third read

which would be saved under the new culture took a very strong stand in Dominion, namely, London, Hamilton, matter, and as to his own views on the

the clause had been struck out. The pleased to term it, to the nations of the But he was not even prompt in his unworld, he must have been led to that concalled for retaliation. As we have said, Hotels.

Dining Looms, 80 Sparks Street. I. W. ARLESS, Proprietor.

BILL OF PARE. WEDNESDAY, MARCH. 21, 1-75;

Fish .- ('od and Lobster Sauce. Entrees-Stewed Kidneys, Spiced Heart office arrangements, and was glad to see Boiled-Pork and Beans, Corned Beef and

> Dessert -Fruits in Season, Almonds, Raisins reakfast on Sundays at 10. Dinner at 5 p m. DINNER, 2ie.; LUNCH, 150.

Private Dinners prepared to order. ecals, Parties, and Wedding Breakfasts furnished in first-ol as style. Gentlemen Boarde ! by the Month. Ice Cream Saloon open in Summer Months.

Insurance.

ACCIDENT

insurance Company OF CANADA.

The only CANADIAN COMPANY solely devoted to insurance against Ac-

Bonus to the Policy. Holders. This COMPANY is not mixed up with Life, Fire, or any other class of INSU-

RANCE, It is for

sione, and can th Tefore Transact the Business

upon the most favourable terms and a SECUR! PRESIDENT:

. Galt, K. C. M. G.

MANAGER and SECRETARY: 40, ST. JOHN STREET, MONTREAL W. F. BUCHANAN,

General Agent, Office over Duris's Book Store. Active English and French AGENTS and CANVASSERS wanted.

Mutual Life Insurance Co., HARTFORD, CONN. DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, - - -

This Company, whose Azency in Canada was ominion is nearly \$200 000 from rremiums competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the susiness a speciality and give it their

Ad iress with references and experience, SIMPSON & BETHUNE,

General Agent

Citizens Insurance Co'v \$2,000,000.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE. Temporary Office:

York Street, near Sussex Street

HAND IN HAND

MUTUAL

R. C. W. MACCUAIG.

Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity. POYAL CANADIAN

FIRE AND MARINE.

ANGUS. Jr. 36 SPARKS STREET. -

Bank Aotices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

interest Allowed on Deposits. Gold, Currency and Sterling Drafts Purchases

Savings' Department,

All are invited to attend.

May be nad at the Bookstores of Messrs, Durie Perry, Messes Jas H padro. Brakfast to be served at 930 A. M., precisely Outwa, March 22nd, 1575.

DATURATATUIA Asthma and Bronchitis SAVORY AND MOORE And Retail of 'll chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver On with out nauses or indigestion. Wilters & Unrriers



WATERPROOF ULSTER.

LATEST NOVELTY

ENGLISH RUBBER COATS. -AT-

DEVLIN'S.

HATS, Fifteen Cases

All New Styles

FOR 1875. An early call solicited. No. 33, RIDEAU STREET,

SIGN OF THE RED HAT JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS

JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEW STYLES FOR 1875,

HODGES. 56 SPARKS-ST. Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Gift Enterprises.



\$60,000.00!

In Valuable Citts To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 172nd Regular Monthly GIFT ENTERPRISE, To be drawn Monday, May 3, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

\$5,000.00 Each in Cash Two Prizes \$1,000 Five Prises, \$500 } Each in Cash Ten Prises \$100 )
1 Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Har-One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano,
worth \$550.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth \$100 each.
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth \$500 each
Three Gold American Huntin; Watches. worth \$125 each Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to warm Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets \$1; Six Tickets \$5; Twelve fickets \$10; Twenty-five Tickets \$30.

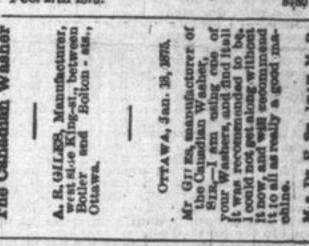
Circulars containing a full list of prises, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any, one ordering them. All setters must be addressed to L. D. SINE, Box! 432,

\$8,000.00

Mar. 2 18-5

brick building (not veneered) used as sh ps and dwellings, on Duke Street, fire wall and two

Water Works, Main Sewer, and Street Cars. Trade is fast working to this end of the City, to doubt purchaser would double his money in ten years. For further particulars apply to JAMES ASHFIELD. Orockery & Glassware Merchant. Duke Street, Chausiere



HARPER'S WEEKLY. ILLUSTRATED.

best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, t Weekly is read by at least half a million person and its influence as an organ of opinion is sim ly tremendous. The Weekly maintains a posti-position, and expresses decided views on poli-cal and social problems.—Louisville Court and its pictorial illustrations are often corrob-orative arguments of no small force.—N Z. Ex-aminer and Chronicle. its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—Putsbury Commercial.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year. Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, pense of purchaser.
Necespapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.-A victim of youthful imprudence sausing premature decay, nervous debility, & having tried in vain every known remedy, is found a simple solf-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow deters, Add ess, 78 Nassau-st., New York 9748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN Extract from a Letter minste:, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pilis are an excellent for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours

NE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS nary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitu-tional, Gravel, and pains in the bacd. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Paten' Medicine vecdors. sell at astoni-hingly low prices

Fole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London F XPORT AGENTS. Burgoyne, Bu-bridge a Co., Coleman street, La B Newbery & 3cns, 37 Newgate street, London, Barclay & Sucs, 95 Farringdon street, London, Hanger & Sons, Oxford street, London, And all the London Wholesale Houses. AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesaie Drag

Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Dru is a
Shapter & Owen,
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halltax—Avery Brown to TUTICE

West End Establishments—2; Old Bong Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, Lond D. Morson's Effectual Remedies MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and \* ULESALE BUYERS are specially invited or re sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain nom the manufactory the Hilustrated Catalogue of Watches Clocks Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Patrolich are sent rout from as not only sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is monson's Persine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Giobules; and as Wine in it.

Orders can be sent direct to the manuscript in England.

WATCHES

Of all kinds, from 2 to 200

Of all kinds, from 2 to 200

Gins. CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Monson Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made

THOMAS MORSON & SON 81, 88 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON the most accomplished artists in the precion Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Laws a Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supply 4 to members of the Court, and other distinguious WORKS-HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

Selected, and Shipping orders executed DIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

URE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICIN

Patronised by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Binna,
lockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfum so ditcham Flowers. Rimmel's Toliet Vinegar, celebrated for its u ful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Julee and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially inwarm climates. Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 95 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Bonlevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton old by all Perfumery Vendors

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGES Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine. As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improveds.

A UST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

SAVORY & MOORE 148 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON.

Respers throughout the World, who also supply AVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c. PAIN-KILLER. After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving

for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but fo : Dysentery or Cholers, or any sort of Bowel compisint it is a remedy unali such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsis, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most acundant and convincing testimony the It is used Internally and Externaly.
Sold everywhere, Price 25 ets.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Propries re

New York Weekly Herald. JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor. SECADWAY AND AND STREET HE WEEKLY HERALD is published every

Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WERKLY HERALD the A giance at portion of the Weekly Heral will beappropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Fioriculture, Poloolay and the management of domestic anim Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets, The aim will be to make the Weekly Herald

vents of the week. none are necessary. Any person pretending be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should The price of subscription, whenever practi-cable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting

BERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the
a me of each subscriber, o iPost Office, County
d State so plainly that no errors in misiling
pers will be liable to docur. Carpets.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular constant ments of Furniture of all descriptions from SIGN WRITER. HOLD Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine.
Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for year, \$1000; or, two of Harper's Periodecals to one address for one year, \$700; postage free.
Back numbers can be supplied at any time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weerly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$700 each. A compiler pett comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receip-of cash at the rate of \$525 per, vol., freight at expense of nurchaser. A Large Stock of Curtains on H SHOOLSKED & CO.

NA X MAK JOSÉ TEL

Watelmaners, &c. MANUPACTURING

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmake

36-SPARKS STREET-36

ust received, a magnificent assortment of

EWELLER

Comprising Diamonds and other fine

designs. Also, a complete assortment of fine finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low articles.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special

pointment]; and to several Initial

Potentates, Foreign Govern-ments and RatilwayCom-

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLIBAITS

SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER

Prize Medalist of the London, Fur and Par

ker to the Chronograph, by which the Dervand all other Races and great events of the Exhibitions

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludget

1000 Gus.

Church, Torret,

rom the largest stock in the world.

exceed in beauty those manufactu

tinental ateliers of the highest reputsing

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Bucing Cups, and Jewelles and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Con-

poration of London and other put lie bodies

anciose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edia

Clectro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coatlog of aliver to re-

ist daily wear and tear satisfactority. No other

nanged. Merchants, Shippers and Cinns mo-

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate ..... is

Mails.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

8 minutes faster than Ottawn time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT, HE

DOST OFFICE OTTAWA.

is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled work

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richestand mesognisite designs, with Monograms, Creats and

J. W. BENSON,

sings, Opera and Victoria Chains-very

A very unique assortment of Whithy Jet. Nov. 26, 1874.

Watchmaker and Jeweller, Having sold out the retall business to Merce Hadford & Gryer, I beg leave to Messe thanks to the rubble for their strongs der the last 18 year and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS n my former workshops, over Menny Har

Arrives in Ogdens-

Arrives in Ogdens-LUSINESS NOTICES

Rideau street.

and O'Connor streets. Baskets, woodenware, tinware very, very cheap at Moore Bros,

Offices to let in the Victoria Apply to R. C. W. McCuaig.

SARBATH SCHOOL PAPERS. -The at Work Co., in addition to The at Work, issues also five smalle papers for the Sabbath school an which are handsomely illustrate under the editorial supervisio Rev. Dr. Talmage. They are and non-sectarian, and supply tant place in the field of Sabb literature. The low rates at wh are sold make them accessible schools whose resources are Chambers street, New York, will to furnish samples of all the p full particulars on application

THE HUMAN HAIR .- To give it and lustre, to improve its textur vent ats falling out, and quicken i -in short to make it as intecrowning personal charm of both this is the work Burnett's Coco accomplish if faithfully used." The stimulating property in this prewhich greatly assists the growth fibres, at the same time render smooth, silky, and elastic

year, and the credit is due to ondition Powders and Arabian Remedy." This preparation is be tensively used, and exacts from highest praise. Nothing of the given such universal satisfaction recommend it, and would advise own horses to keep a supply hand-it may be the means of your horse's life. Remember th and see that the signature of Huro is on each package. Northrop & Toronto, Ont., proprietore for bold by all medicine dealers.

neglect, thousands find their hair gr wasting away. Burnett's Coconi repair this waste. The Cocoaine is fect hair dressing-a promoter growth of the halr-a preparati from irritating matter. It has gr nity for the human skin-is absorbed, and imparts lustre and sta

many do for years with the differen of piles, without going at once to the gist for Fowle's Pile and Humos which is an infallible cure.

by Dr. E. Mathieu, 198 Notre Dame House Keepers ! If you desire t and have them to select for you.

People's Tea Stere, 36 Rideau stre Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil-T Ten Limes its weight in Gold

vendors throughout the city.
MONEY ORDERS JOB MONES PERALE PILLS On Money Order Offices throughout the Do-minion, Newsoundland, Great Eritain and Deposits will be received at this office. Interest and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

EXCEP: IONAL POSTAGE —Postage to Hall

New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, I cent. per half ounce, if post poid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster-

Parnters. SIGN WRITER. HOUSE DAKORA TOR, PAINTER, PAPE ..

Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

accesside.

Via New York, close every Satulday, Monday

A su plementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.25 p m. in which only un-

sed from any of the licensed stamp

HANGER, &c Glasing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a work manlike style-ONDERS, &c., is treceived, and me an every Opposite the Post Offic : 11-81-Do+ 20 1874.

Travellers' (

ST, LAWRENCE AND OTE,

Leaves..... 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p Arrives .... 7.35 a.m., 4.10 p CANADA CENTRAL KA GRAND TRUNK RATE Leaves Prescott Junction

Leaves " 4 east, 4.45 BONE, WATERTOWN, AND Leaves Ogdensburg.. 8.00 a.m. Arrives in New York. 10.00 p.m. Leaves New York.... 6.00 p.m.

burg ...... 1.15 a.m. CENTRAL VERMONT RAI Leaves Ogdensburg for Boston ......12.15 p.m. burg from Boston. 8.00 a.m.

Two WEEKS ONLY .- The ol of boots and shoes, at J. & G.

Moore Bros. are selling Self-Heating Stoves, so low, that it buy and keep them over for ne use. All other goods in th wonderfully low prices; com

Horses Saved .- The lives of the of horses have been save I during

How seldom we see a splendid hair! From sickness, excessive in

FALSE MODESTY. For people disease to become seated upon them than consult a physician, or to s

HEMORRHOIDS (or PILES) are permi ly cured by Mathieu's Pile Ointme money refunded. Price \$1 per pot pots for \$5. Sold wholesale and rethe Wingate Chemical Company, Mc and retail by all druggists, or will warded to any address on receipt of

refund the money for what you Their wines, liquors and general gre are of the best brand.

worth has cured an old standing It positively cures Catarrh, Asthr Croup. Fifty cents worth lias cures in the back, and the same quantity; different parts of Canada, which, we sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, O Electric Oil. Have sold-all I had from wonderful." William Maguire, of I lin, writes: "I have sold all the ager it acts like a charm-it was slow at

Ions, writes: "Please forward six commended by those who have use J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: at once a further supply of Electric have only one bottle left. I never anything sell so well, and give such ral satisfaction." J. Thompson, ord, writes: "Send me some mo ectric Oil. I have sold entirely out. thing takes like it." Miller & Rev verton, P. Q. write: "The Electric is getting a great reputation here, as daily called for. Send us a further s Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send

gross Electric Oil. We find it S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronte tario, sole agents for the Dominion Note - Electric-Selected and

This well-known medicine is no it but a sure and safe remed Female Difficulties and Obstructions any cause whatever; and althou powerful remedy, they contain no In all cases of Nervous and Spinal tions, Pain in the Back and Limbs, F on slight exertion, Palpitation of Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those will effect a cure when all other n have failed; and although a por

mony, or anything hurtful to the con-Full directions in the pamphlet are For full particulars, obtain free, of agent a pamphlet, or refer to adver-

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIET \$1.00, and 124 cents for postage, en ed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, general agents for the Dominion, w ure a bottle, containing over 50 pill