

## Ottawa Times. Office | 38, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1870.

A despatch received yesterday from Gov. ernor Archibald gives an encouraging account of the position of affairs in Manitoba

Hon. John . Young was in town yesterly. Also Mr. DeLisle, of the Montreal 'ustom House

1 ms duties received is \$1,161,537.

The Toronto Telegraph comes to us appearance. We are glad to see this evid. ence of prosperity on the part of one of the most enterprising journals in a journalist in Canada and deserves success.

advance upon last year.

nation went into mourning.

As usual when the Ottawa corresponden and, as usual also, he perpetrates a serie of blunders. Having for nearly a week past kept the readers of the Globe amuse by selegraphing almost every day a differcontract, he now favours them with the following intensely interesting informa-

tributed. The law requires that the having been issued on the 1st of July, the statutes are nearly three months behind

12th of May. The clerks are allowed three one correspondent, "that

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA.

a letter copied from Le Nouveau Monde which appears in another column. writer anticipates, thought we trust withquietude in the new Province. He thinks that an amnesty ought to have been grant ed to Riel and others, and states that "the half-breeds accuse Canada of having cheat, ed them." We are not prepared to enter it would have been wise to have granted an amnesty to the Red River insurgents The power of doing so was vested in the ala of having cheated anybody in reference thereto. It was expressly declared Governor Archibald or the Government he represents either to throw a veil over the past, or to recall its recollections. They begin de novo, they deal with things as they exist, and every man, whatever may

be his race or creed who is peaceful and

aw-abiding, will receive all the protection which the law affords. Any wrongs which have been perpetrated and which need re. dress will, no doubt, be considered by the courts, and dealt with in a fair and impartial manner. But in Manitoba as in all new countries the great danger we have to dread is mob law, or a disposition on the putes by argumentum baculinam instead of by those more peaceable modes which are in vogue in older communities. By whomever or whatever party any such disposition is manifested, it is Governor Archibald's duty to put it down at once with a strong hand , to show the people of Manitoba, French as well as English, that whatever may have been the condition of affairs the past, now and henceforward Law and hazards, and that "rowdyism," whatever m y be the shape which it assumes will be

We notice that the l'oronto Globe makes merry over the letter in Le Nouveau Monde to which we have referred, the point of The value of goods imported into Canada | the jest being supposed to be in the asung the fiscal year ending July 1st, sumption that Father Richot is its author. 1 70, was 171,232 134 against \$67,402,170 We are enabled to state upon undoubted r the like period in 1869. This shows an authority that this is not the case, that se of \$3.829.964 in the value of im the correspondent of Le oure u Monde ports. The increase in the amount of Cus- and the writer of this letter is a gentleman well known in Montreal literary circles, and hence the Globe's remarks about "Friar Tuck among the banditti," &c., fall new dress and presenting a very creditable | to the ground void and menningless. Does it ever strike the Globe that in addition to gratifying political prejudices and t mporary. The Telegraph is known as creasing the circulation of his paper, that now, when every inhabitant of The Victoria Colonist contains some in this Dominion can do something towards teresting particulars relative to the imports strengthening the foundations of ou of Vancouver's Island. It appears that new Empire, it is specially the duty and the total value of imports for the quarter privilege of those who help to mould pubending 25th June, 1870, \$428,826 76. The lie opinion through the columns of the total value of imports for the correspond | newspaper press, to try and reconcile ex- dustry and uprightness may do for ing quarter of last year, \$421,735 47. | isting differences and jealousies, and to ing quarter of 1868, \$499,913 87. It will of the community into one harmonious able falling off from 1868 there is a slight critical position of affairs in Manitoba, (and critical it most certainly must be until- the muchinery of Government is in thorough working order)calls for somethingmore than a mere flippant notice from a leading jour nal. There are times, and we believe that in the same way. No doubt absolute for duty of statesmen and of journalists to tunes are being made now by the purvey. rise superior to the trammels and preju ors of trappings of woe. It was by a lucky dices of party, and, in the memora le coup in crapes that Mr. Morrison, of the words of the Hon. George Brown himself. famous firm of Morrison, Dillon & Co., who with the spirit of mere fault finding left behind him the greatest estate ever nushed, and with the voice of partizanship known in England, made the germ of his banished from our debates." Whatever He speculated on the their political views may be, and what probable demise of the Princess Charlotte, ever may be their race or creed, the peoof Wales-first wife of the Late King of the ple of Canada can have but one common Belgians-who died in childbirth. No object at heart, viz: the peace, welfarlamentation in England, and the whole most possible extent. And when in order to bring about the realization of this end, the doing away with all sectional and sectarian

prejudices is the first thing to be effected.

flippant remarks which may be relished

and may pass for wit with some thought-

able journal like the Globs.

We have spoken of the present position some newspaper correspondents would antees us those advantages, and the Doascertain that "the law requires that the nationalities seem already to have found weeks for the purpose of revising the Governor was not one of the Macdoug II | Statutes, and when the latter pass into the kind;" and all agree in commending the printer's hands he is all wed six weeks firmness and dignified courtesy that have remember that it was our forefathers who killing and wounding several French. cives them from the printer, and there strength at the Governor's leves, in conse. Christianity and civil zation into the coun- work. being twenty thousand copies to bind, his quence of the inclemency of the weather, try. History has registered in bright and . The rumor that Thiers is empowered to task would occupy ten weeks; so that but the address which they presented to noble types the conduct of the children of offer the Russian Government sull latitude present Government, which combats and without allowing anything for accidental him, and which will be found in another delays, the Statutes instead of being dis- column, may be taken as a fair exposition Britishs flag, on the banks of the great utterly unfounded. Were Russia so distributed six weeks after the close of the of their views. We believe from what we stream that had seen the cradles of our posed, she requires no consent from France, session, are not "due," so to speak, until hear from the most direct and reliable foretathers and our fathers. We affirm who is now besten and powerl ss. the 22nd September. We understand that sources, that if anything like common prutheir delivery is now fast progressing. If dence is shown by the leading men of both cious inheritance bequesthed to us, and perative; it is doubtful where they will go the Globe's correspondent, instead of believ. parties in Red River, the affairs of the new | which we in turn should transmit to our | to ing everything he hears would use his own Province will soon be in a flourishing state, common sense, he would perceive that it and that its future will be full of hope and is simply impossible to properly revise, promise. Intolerance, of whatever kind print and bind twenty thousand copies of it may be, whether it springs from politithe Statutes with n six weeks after the cal or sectarisn motives, or from personal animosity and spite, is the great evil ag inst which we have to guard. But we all events a very large majority of them, will understand that their true safety and of Law and Order, and that under the mild ondition of public feeling will daily be proved, and that the evils and misformes of the Past, will be forgotten in the

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

nued preservation of peace and order will

THE NOVA SCOTIA JUDGESHIPS.

as can be found for the Provincial Show.

and Mr. McCully, Q. C., have been ap governed by the same rules of administra-Their appointment cannot fall to be favor sponsibilities. Your prosperity in the fuably received. Both gentlemen are men with which you exercise the powers so lib- ing rapidly. At Barcelona many people the Dominion are progressing of high legal attainments, and are in every erally conferred upon you. way qualified for the important positions all am happy to perceive that you recog- Lyons, Sept. 27 .- A correspondent which they are called upon to fill. congratulate the Government on the wise selection they have made.

The King of Sweden is an advocate

SIR EDWARD KENNY.

It affords us much pleasure to announce that Her Majesty has been graciously Kenny of Nova Scotia, the henour of knighthood. We rejoice, first because through many years of public life has faithfully served his Sovereign and won secondly because we regard Mr. Kenny's notion as a recognition of the stewifast ary trisland difficulty. We are sure that our the honor of knighthood more worthily bestowed than in the present instance.

affords a bright and notable example what an Irish Roman Catholic may hope for and aspire to in British America. It is now forty-seven years since he, a friendless lad, began to carve his way fame and fortune in Nova Scotia. Twenty years afterwards, viz. in 1843, he became M yor of Halifax, and during the same year and while still Mayor he was appoint ed to a seat in the Legislative Council. In 1856 he was appointed President of the council, which position he held until in 1867 when difficulties having arisen in forming the first Cabinet of the Dominion, Mr. Kenny accepted office as Receiver General. Last Spring he resigned office on being appointed Admin strator of the Government. Perhaps no public min now living has made fewer political enemies than Mr. Kenny has done. His high toned character and unwavering integrity are universally admitted by all, and of him it may be said that he is a living proof of what

therefore well qualified to uphold the dign.ty of his new position. Every honest, industriously disposed emigrant in this country, may derive encouragement from for it shows that whatever may be a man's

GOVERNOR ARCHIBALD AND THE FRENCH POPULATION OF MANI-TUBA.

We have received a copy of the address resented to Lieut. Governor Archibald by the people of Manitoba, and also the Gov. ernor's reply. Both were delivered in French. The following is the address to To His Excellency Adam George Archibald,

May it please your Excellency to allow the people of Manitoba of French origin, to greet respectfully in your person the representative of our most Gracious Sov. ereign, as well as the distinguished states not support these statements. man chosen by the Domin on of Canada, to administer in this young Province the French cities unoccupied by the Prussians mintary principles of responsible Gov.

We are happy to profit by this solemn occasion to strongly evince our loyalty to Billault from the principal square of the Her Majesty, and the satisfaction which city a few days ago. Instead of tearing it our entrance into the Canadian Confedera the manifold advantages secured all British subjects. The metropolis guarproof of its good will in the passage of the Manitoba Bill : and the appointm nt of your Excellency as Lieutenant Governor of this Province warrants us in expecting in every way worthy of the high and good alone remain, tempted by enormous pro eputation which preceded you to our fits.

ancestors in the path of duty, as a pre- ders the removal of the Government im-

ielicate work entrusted to you. " Jealous of our rights and liberties, we ob-dience of orders is a specimen. claim no other privileges than those gua ranteed by the constitution and laws to grounds at Chislehurst, Kent. Dr. Evans, our fellow countrymen of other origins, who accompanied her from France, man We even desire, that distinction of origin ages her affairs. be manifested merely in as far as they are | The Irish Times suggests that the ex gentle and agree ble, so that the entire population of Manitobs, without any ii- Ireland alry whatsoever, may form but one peo A Madrid correspondent states that ple, willing to develop the resources of Rodius refuses to execute the orders of our common country, and to reap the the Minister for the Colonies and the wise administration of Your Excellency | gradual abolition of slavery.

ciously accept the wishes dictated by the American losses in Cuba

parating from your family. ling is frequent, we understand the pangs an appropriation of 50,000,000fs. to defray hends Mount Vatican and the castle of S of separation, and we earnestly pray for the expenses of the inauguration of Rome Angelo, forming the so called Leonine the happiness of those so deeply entitled as the capital of italy. The enthusiasm of city; its complete armament, flags, arms, to your affection, and whose absence is so the inhabitants is boundless, and the ple-

heart-rending to you. "GENTLEMEN, -- I receive with great plea- soon as the result is declared. sure the kind address of the people of this Province of French origin. "It gives me sincere gratification to

assured of your loyalty to the Crown, and

of the satisfaction you feel in becoming a ferred on the people of Manitoba, places them on a floting of equality with the peothe same rights and privileges; you are pinted to fill the vacant Judgeships tion; and you must accept the same reture must depend mainly upon the wisdom

part of the Confederation. Its prosperity which is in the way of formation at Tours, morrow to Civita Vecchia.

eral Legislature in framing a Constitution ized from Marseilles to Lyons. These two one of engineers, and a functionary of the for the new Province to make such provi- armies will harrass the Prussians during the administration. The commission will revisions as were best fitted to develop the | siege. resources and assure the prosperity of the

the exercise of the functions devolving that they abandoned their siege requisiupon the people of this Province under tions. that Bill, they will appreciate the soundness of the policy which has extended to them at so early a stage of their political life, all the privileges of a self-governing

"I shall look to the people of all clusses, irrespective of engin or tace, to unite with played by the Irish Roman Catholics of this me in my efforts to preserve the peace and arrested him, has been tried by a court-Dominion, during times of more than ordin. good order of the community, to maintain martial and shot. the supremacy of the law, and to suppress disturbances and disorder of all kinds. So views will be unanimously shared by the far as matter of Civil Government are are mostly recruits who joined a fragment people of this country, and that men of all concerned, I shall know no distinct ons. of a Zouave regiment which escaped from races, cree is, and political parties will It shall be my duty to treat you all as one Sedan. agree with us in thinking, that never was people, slike interested in the prosperity Your services to civilization and to chris-

Mr. Kenny's career has been a strange tienity, to which you allude with just and eventful one, and it is one which pride, your loyalty to the Crown in times gone by, which you so well characterize; as a precious heritage from your ancestors me good ground to look in the future for he continuence of the principles which have been your distinction in past times. Gi e me then loyally your confidence. Let us work together for the good of the Province. With this as our aim and object we may fairly promise ourselves an era of prog ess and prosperity such as the coun- of need. try has not yet seen. "Accept my thanks for your kind wishes

towards those who are near and dear to me by the ties of nature."

"A. G. ARCHIBALD.

SY PEOPLE'S LINE, OFFICE :- G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office

## 19 Sparks Street.

CABLE NEWS.

This Morning's Despatches. LONDON, Sept. 28th .- At a grand parade russians in the courtyard of Versailles esterday, the Crown Prince standing under a statue of Louis IV., distributed onors to the soldiers who had distinsished themselves by gallantry in the The Duke of Wurtemburg was wounded

the action at the outposts of St. Clou i. Mo iles are deserting in crowds at Paris. Two hundred have been shot for insubo: -All the democratic papers in France

have resumed publication. The fall of Strasbourg is considered to make little difference to the resistance of

Everything turns on the ability of Paris to defend itself three months. The British Cabinet met on Friday consider the question of intervention. The Prussian corvette Berthe was sunk in the Euxine after a protracted engagement with three French frigates. Troops in Poland have been strengthened on account of the sympathy of the Poles | peace. The King of Bavaria to return to

It is reported that the Belgian militia Advices from Tours report that confi dence and enthusiasm prevail amongst the people of Paris, but impartial observers do generally disapproved. Troops are muster ng at the principal

and large bodies are marching from the A mob at Nantes removed the statute

down and smashing it, they packed it up and considerately sent it to his family. Paris have returned to their homes, whence The T mes of this morning says: "F ance

may be serious and heroic in refusing to cede her territuy to Germany, but it is ity in seizing the territory of others." The region around Paris for 20 kilome tres from the walls is depopulated and dea wise, just, and impartial administration, vistated. A few courageous shopk epers

It is not without just pride that we boats while passing St. Cloud recently, first penetrated the vast solitudes of the The Prussians are erecting batteries at forts and the first sacrifices to introduce from Fort D'Issey while they were at their he is always ready to serve his country,

"La Nouvelle France," combating and of conquest in the East, as the price of in. negotiates, and a future Government freely

Ferrieres has become a manufactory for presence of Sagaita. After Olosaga ex-

Prussian canards for French Departmental sincere concurrence in the important and consumption. Of this character the al-I ged shooting of 200 Mobiles for dis-The Empress has taken a fine house an

Empress and family be invited to settle

abundant fruits of prosperity, which the laws voted by the Cortes, relative to the The Spanish Government refuses to "May it please Your Excellency to gra- sioner to fix indemnities payable for

most hearty welcome. May your stay in | BERLIN, Sept. 28 .- The idea broached by our midst be sufficiently agreeable to The rs at Vienna, that the Prussian Gov. slightly compensate for the sacrifice you ernment is insincere in demanding Alsace have accomplished in our favor, when se- and Lorraine from France, is ridiculed on

"Inhabitants of a country where travel- The new Roman Government announces | the walls of Sante Spirito, and compre biscitum is expected to be unanimous. To this the Governor replied as follows: The Pope will probably leave Rome as signed to the troops of His Majesty the treal

> Parliament will meet on the 13th proximo, to ratify the plebiscitum, and on the shall depart, receiving the honors of 18th the King will make his entry into war, with flags, arms, and baggage. After for the royal navy, was successfully The officers shall have a right to carry with launched at Jerrow yesterday.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 28 .- The order VIENNA, Sept. 28 -In yesterday's session

istry was voted by a large majority. MADRID, Sept. 28 .- The vomito is spreadare leaving, and business is at a standstill erally conferred upon you.

"I am happy to perceive that you recog.

Thise in the liberality of the provisions of the Manitoba Bill proof of the good will be formed to the good w the Parliament of the Dominion towards rived here only on Monday night. Every at a depot unarmed; the Government will day's Chronicle, a ivocating the establishthe people of this Province. You are un- where the roads were crowded take into consideration their claims as doubtedly right in your appreciation of the with sol liers and recruits for their future situation. sentiments of Parliament. Manitoba is the army at De La Hansie, 5th. The troops will be forwarded to

The Prussians have retreated from before Waltansen, and generally from the Haute Rhine. They left in such a hurry

Tours, 28th .- A letter dated from Paris 24th says the populat on are animated by one sentiment, the defence of the capital. Mobile and National Guards behave with great calmness and determination. A Zouave who fled without firing a shot,

New York, Sept. 28 .- The steamship and then attempted to kill the officer who Scotia reports having signalled the steam. ship He man yesterday morning, under full head of steam, pursued by a French war Severe measures have been taken with vessel, also under full steam.

others who behaved badly. The cowar a The terman was a long way a head the Frenchman, and the belief was that should she be able to maintain the same distance between herself and her pursuer Officers of the Bank of France propose until nightfall, she could then escape in destroying notes of hand to prevent their the da kn sss.

falling into the hands of the enemy. Trep rations have been made to light u , the cits with petroleum if it becomes blockade of New York harbor has been re-Rrchefort has remarkable influence over ceised both from Government officials, and the working men, who are prepared to de-

fend Paris to the last. The city has been orderly and quiet up to the 24th The Pruzsian reports of riots are false. French vessels had yet taken place. Gunboats guard the Seine effectually on

both sides of the city. A large number of men who have not arms have been detailed as firemen in care The strictest measures have been taken to ensure order. The police force is large, and can readily be supported by the mili-

tary. There is no possibility of a lack of evening from Fort Garry. He reports the Great numbers of women who have been organised to take care of the wounded marched through the streets one day carrying banners, and were enthusiasti- three companies of the 60th, and the

The Bourse is no longer frequented. The Protes aut is tor Paschaul, in the name of the League of Peace, his sent a ed at the Sault until the troops have passtelegram to the Queen of Prussia, as President of the Society of Aid of Berlin. An answer came in the name of the Queen, exressing her ardent hope for peace. Gamietta, Garnier Pages and Arago, h we been added to the Committee of De-

NOON DESPATCHES.

Surrender of Strasbourg-Particulars of the Capitulation of Rome, &c., &c.

DURMSTADT, Sept. 27.-A tel egram an land. nounces that Strasbourg surrendered on NEW YORK, Sept. 28 .- The Tribune's

special correspondent at Carlsruhe telegraphs, on the 27th, that a great meeting of the Prussian party was held at Munich and resolved to accept the Stuttgardt r positions, and requested the King to take immediate steps to bring them into ing himself in his own stables, in rear o Representatives of the democ atic so-

cialist party attended, and were allowed to offer protests against Bavaria joining twelve months has followed the occupation the Confederation, and against the annex- of milkman; was of temperate habits, and ation of Alsace and Lorraine. It is understood that Prussia has assented to alter the articles 62 and 64 of North German constitution, so as to allow

the Bavarian army to te an independent rendered. part of the general army, having their own uniforms and arms, and exempt from garrison duty out of Bavaria, during the right to appoint commanders of his perance Society are anxious to prosecute army and fortresses.

An address from Kiel to the King Prussia, asking him to violate the treaty of Prague, relating to North Schleswig is

meetings as possible, and the committee The special correspondent at Berlin telegraphs on the 27th that the following circular, datad yesterday, has been addressed to the North German diplomatic agents : The French rulers having declined an armistice, and made Paris the theatre of efforts to secure large meetings, and if war, and here being no recognized goverment existing in Paris, the Goverment de facto having been, as is reported, removed to Tours, we have the honor to form you that the safety of intercourse to and from Paris has now become wholly subordinate to military events.

erals, known as the party of Progress, pub- sider the best way of marking the apprelishes an address to the people declaring ciation of the citizens of Montreal of the as a basis for the organization of the United German Empire. The movement promis- this morning at eleven o'clock, at the Proceetings have commenced for the re-

election of J coby, rom the district of Berlin, the district he now represents in the A telegram to the Tribune from Brussels, the trade of millwright, was accused of comdited 27th says, that the Duc d'Aumsle mitting a most brutal assault on his wife. ligion and in 1610.

together, owing reatly to the intemper. lowing programme: "Adhesion to the ate habits of the husband. On Monday her with his boots about the head and face. The patient was taken to the English hos The bombardment of Mezieres is expectpital She is in a very precarious state. ed to take place to-morrow. The Madras correspondent writes under

date of 20th Sept .: An interview has taken Tuesday next, to await the recovery, place betwen Olos ga, and Gen Prim, in plained the true situation of affairs at Paris, Prim askedthe construction of the road from Sorel to Why did you recognize the Provisional Yamaska, to Mr. Senecal.

Government w.thout orders? Olosaga replied-I always had great sympathy for France, with which Spain is bound by its geographical position and race, and I recognized without instructions what is done. It is for you to approve or yesterday paid over by the executors. repudiate, to retain or remove me. Were | The annual meeting of the members and my political life to count but this single act, I should not think it useless. My country awaits your decision, my residence is at Vico. Subsequently Olosiga breakfasted with the Regent, urged the recogni-

tion, and triumphed over Prim. The following are the terms of the capit lated between the commanding general of the troops of the King and commanding Tuesday, the 11th Oct. next. general of Papal troops, respectively represented by the undersigned.

VILLA ALBANIE, Sept. 20. 1st. The city of Rome, except that part which is limited to the southern part of longing to the Government shall be con-

2nd. All the garrison of the cit the honors shall have been rendered to Mary have voted \$10,000 towards the con- of the Moors, was carried off by plague at The new ironclad steamer Triumph, built them, they will lay down flags and arms. struction of the Levis and Kennebec Rail. Tunis them their swords, horses, and anything belonging to them. The foreign troops Jean finds it necessary to publish a mani- shall leave first, the others will follow in ple of the older Provinces. You enjoy festo defending the Belgians from the the order of battle, with the left in front. ing the city limits. The garrison will leave to-morrow morning

> there respective countries; they will leave with great encouragement from respeccorrow by railway. The Government table merchants and all good citizens inthe right of taking into consideration

ment of the library. The Lord Bishop of Quebec returned to \$2,50 at home last night. His Lordship held an

ordination at the Parish Church, Melis the prosperity of the Dominion, and it another at Du Rhone, under command of pointed, formed of an officer of artillery, bourne, last Sunday, when Mr. Hephren was alike the duty and interest of the Fed. Gen. Chaseret, which is about to be organ. 6th. A mixed commission will be apon the next trip of the steamer Napoleon (Signed,)

F. RANOLTA.

F. D. PRINCETANO,

F. CARDONNA,

Chief of Staff of Papal Army.

Gen Comdag Italian Army.

laws would be rigorously enforced, and

TORONTO.

Col. Wolseley, who is accompanied

The troops are on their way home.

1st October, in company with General

President, who is about to leave for Eng-

MONTREAL.

o'clock with the prisoner's acquittal.

to Washington, wife and two daughters.

the meeting at the Mechanics' Hall to co

The \$2,000 endowment to

Cleared at Custom House, Sept. 26:-

Barque Balmoral for Montevideo, lumber

QUEBEC.

QUEBBC, Sept. 28.

199,373 feet; pickets, 12,000 feet.

at Quebec.

arrived in the city last evening.

MONTREAL, Sept. 28.

Chicora the same number.

join the depot at Kingston.

TORONTO, Sept. 28.

A number of ruffishly blackguards amused themselves on Sunday by firing Commissioners wharf, Lower Town, at or recently imported English sparrows. Th Chief of Staff of Italian Army. birds have became as tame as pigeons. The annual games of the 69th Regiment Approved and ratified by Gen. Coming.

takes place on Friday next. Archbishop Baillargeon is still in a c

The ship / xodus now lying on the Port neuf shoals was sold to-day for \$1,000. Men are at work to bring up the wreck. The Japanese troupe will perform at the Music Hall on Monday next. The foot races yesterday at the

Charles course result d in Ryan and Muicaire winning. The horse races to-day at the St. Charles

course were well attended. The champion cup regatts takes place on the 5th Oct. There are five entries. Washington, Sept. 28 .- It has been as-The Gauntlet yacht, built by E. certained at the State Department that the facts in relation to the alleged French Sewell, is the favorite.

AFTERNOON DESPATCH.

from Prussian representatives. It was London, Sept. 28 .- An armistice of semi-officially stated that the neutrality hours was concluded at Mezi res on was thought no violation on the part of day for the removal of the wounded. Tours. Sept. 28.—The disposition to re- terrible responsibility. I preim sist the Germans to the last grows stronger in the west and south : troops continue to pour into Tours.

Advices from Paris to Sunday say per fect order existed in the city. The Prussians have not entered Orleans. They came near the city, halted and then his A.D.C., Capt. Huyshe, arrived last commenced moving back towards Paris Citizens whom they captured and sub sequently released say that Prince Albert new road made to be very rough travelling. received a despatch which seemed to suddenly change his plan. On her next trip the Algoma will bring

The Prussians have entirely evacuated but made heavy requisitions for provisions Captain de Bellefeuille, with sixty men of the Quebec Battalion, are to be station-

LONDON, Sept. 28 .- Reports thicken that Russia is preparing for war. ed through, after which they will probably The army at the south has been mobilized, and late movements towards the Col Wolseley will sail for England on the

A despatch from Epen d, 27th, says the Prussians attacked Raon yesterday but in his bed. Schultz called him a comwere repulsed.

scribed to erect a Y. M. C. Association of Strasburg was signed at 2 him, and finished by offering him o'clock this morning by Col. Leezuiski. By hand. laid down their arms. At 8 o'clock the presented to Robert Baldwin, the Vice- place will be occupied by the besiegers.

French Royalty.

"I'neasy lies the head that wears the breeds who, though able to resist a crown," is the sentiment put into the trined, nevertheless, their promise to mouth of Henry IV , proud Bolingbroke, Yesterday about noon, Etienne Auger, the murder of his predecessor, helped to not be the cause of any trouble and point the moral. The recent deposition | waiting patiently the farmer, a man in the prime of life, in good circumstances, committed suicide by hangcareer, call to mind some historical recol- party show respect for law and legis the house where he also resided. The deceased was 42 years of age, and for the last Louis Phillippe, the royal predecessor of Louis Napoleon, began by fleeing for his

was generally regarded as an honest and by fleeing before the republicans of '48. respectable citizen. An inquest was held His early experience had taught him to last night, when a verdict of felo de se was put no faith in the tender mercies of an who witnessed it excited people, whose enthusiasm might On Saturday last, at the Bay of & The Bureau trial for arson ended at two The committee of the Montreal Temten any evil in the exile and adversity of destroying their work with vigor during the coming

ight. The ordonnances against the press tering the most horrible and the advice of the Polignacs brought this solitary old fall and winter. Rev. Thomas Earles will the revolution of 1830 and the three days out defence. Such is their bravery. It is proposed to hold as many public of July upon Paris, and Charles X. was cure of the place, Rev. Mr. Cavanagh, Napoleon, the man of destiny and favor- breviary before he chapel perance in the city and country to unite his pride of place by the combined power that after a while they would go and with other friends of the cause in their of all the kings. He abdicated once, broke faith, was again deposed, and ended his career at St. Helena. Prometheus pre sion, and all goes on among the bound to the rock, dev ured by ceaseless plation as if there was not a single son practicable, arrange for some good temper-

Louis XVI perished by the guillotine. Col. Manuel Freyre, Peruvian Minister

Louis XVII., a baby king, a mere legiti- verified to day. The half-breeds and The committee appointed yesterday at of the expedition to Red River will, meet away from the dying couch, either on plea-Lawrence H. l. Col. Wolseley is expected

Henry IV., the great King, the French-Yesterday, John Kirk, aged 32, living min's royal ideal, lived a youth of couron Jacques Cartier street, and practicing wer attained his crown by abduring his re- seigneur Tache having been appe lig on and died by the knife of Ravaillac | the affair, wrote to Col. Wolseley ! mew's Day messacre, died of disease ed when the nuns accertaine.

Henry III., a profligate and unprin- up. The good Sister brought has cipled ruler, was assassinated by Jacques Herry II. a brave and able prince, to cesses but for the gross insults whom was owing the annexation of Metz, to our Catholic convents. Verdun, and Toul, with the adjoining To-day will be a memoral

Bradenburg (now Prussia) against Charles | the commission of the Lieut. V. and Austria, was killed by the stroke be read at Fort Garry, in the The Directors of the Richelieu & Artha baska Railway have given the contract for Francis I , the last of the kings of chival- leves will be attended by in ry, fell before the astute policy and vast expedition, the clergy, an ast power of Charles V., against whose com- It is true that the weather of the instions of Spanish infantry and German is detestable, and that when a Protestant House of Industry and Refuge

by the late John Frothingham, Esq., was less. He was taken prisoner at Pavia and reading, the troops of the lat Batta friends of the Montreal Ladies' Benevolent hat he refused to be bound by his own andience. It is this which compact, and a terrible war of extermina haste with which I write this ltm tion was waged, both countries wasting I have not time to read it over. The semi annual meeting of the Board of Chirles VII., during whose reign Joan of Arc rescued France from the English closed Physicians and Surgeons, for the purpose a not inglorious reign by falling into a

melancholy and starving himself to death. Charles VI., during whose reign the desperate civil war of the Armagnaes and Burgundians raged, became insane, and was virtually a prisoner in the hands either faction. John, the prisoner of the Black Prince

at the battle of Poitiers, 1356, and taken away to England, was not libereted for many years. These wars of dynasty led to frightful suffering in the people, amid and Colonel Hamilton are here from Mon, king, wandered up and down the country Louis IX., or St. Louis, famous for Colonel Hamilton s to be Commandant

piety and crusades against the Moslem, was made prisoner by the Egyptians, The The municipalities of St. George and St. same king, persisting in his conversion The residents of the Banlieu are holding

Louis, the debonnsire kings of that age. meetings to oppose the scheme of extend- In those outrageous days of fraud and violence, when every evil passion raged der even of kings was a small matter, and binded, and immediately sent backs to Men's Christian Association. It meets the inglorious vicissitudes of such a succession of weak tyrants and brutal marau-

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Affairs in Manitobs From the Correspondence of the Sage

hi h men ices the country was expected; the half-by who believe themselves on menaced have already retired back, each one to his own

return now, for the most part or away their families. Governor Archibald also find most critical position. the best intentions, rosy, y al, having a sufficient expense ities, Mr. Archibald would car sole requisite to exercise the tries, that of being able to cast make the past by a complete amnear. meanwhile we wait yet, and true dence that all will be arranged

catastrophe will be terrible

and that which is being prepared

respectable Englishmen of More ed in Winnipeg last Sunday even Mr. Spence, the editor of the New L nder the pretext that the english ormerly belonged to him in pe sented himself at the office, told that Mr. Spence was yethin ascended the sters, burst out then You con imagine the terror of the with terror, the latter did not dere to a is fast recove. use of his weapon against the seven pi directed towards him, and covered him

This last is hardly credible. happy confrere. The band then denor life from the republicans of '89, and ended this pussed a few acres from Fortier

country, as the price of his alliance with | Manitoba. At one o'clock in the the leading people of the brilliant victors of Marignan were power- on horseback. After the

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consumer a privilged purchaser.

ROBERT WILEES, 1991 Brod