

between 15 and 16 on the first Com. near school house, and that James Richey do support not the laying out of the same—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fotherston and seconded by Mr. Mohr that this Council do grant the sum of twenty dollars to cover expenses on a public line between William Weston's Hill and Mr. Fotherston's, and William Cavanagh, overseer, do superintend the same—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. MacLaren that this Council do grant the sum of sixty dollars to the Firey volunteers as a slight token of esteem for their services in leaving home at this season of the year to defend their country at the last raid—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. MacLaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr that the Clerk of this Council do by instrument in writing certify that the same have not done so, to come and do so, otherwise the Inspector will be directed to prosecute them—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fotherston that Michael Herrick be and he is hereby appointed overseer of Highways, instead of Richard Searforde, whose appointment is cancelled—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that this Council do now adjourn until the 15th day of August next—Carried.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Direct Importations.—Thos. Patterson. Ottawa Agricultural Society.—A. S. Woodburn, Secy. Treasurer. County of Carleton Agricultural Society.—A. S. Woodburn, Secy. Treasurer. Auction Sale.—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1870.

The Premier passed a very good day yesterday, and is recovering as rapidly as can be expected.

Dr. Tupper, who is now in Ottawa, will probably leave the city for a day or two, shortly, but will return almost immediately.

It is generally believed that there will be an early dissolution of the Ontario Legislature.

Since the 1st of January last, 835 emigrants have arrived in Ottawa, 75 at Arnprior, and 90 at Almonte. All have obtained situations.

A correspondent of the Toronto Telegraph points out that on twenty-seven occasions the Americans have invaded Canada for the purpose of subjugating its people, and have, in every instance been ignominiously defeated.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe says:—

"The political campaign for the next House of Commons elections opened to-day in Carleton county. Mr. Holmes, the present member, is to be opposed by Sheriff Powell, and Mr. John Dochow, Opposition, is also to be brought against Mr. Robert Lyon, for the Local Legislature."

We direct the attention of our readers to the remarks of the London Telegraph on the late Fenian raid. It is gratifying to find that one of the most influential English journals, and certainly, the one which enjoys the largest circulation, recognizes the unity of the Empire, and the right of Canadians to be looked upon as an Englishman."

How are the mighty fallen? A short time since the Hamilton Times saw in Mr. George Brown the only Canadian statesman, whose services and ability were worthy of special recognition. Now he is passed by unnoticed, and the Times says that "there is no statesman in Canada who is half as deserving of the gratitude of the whole country as Mr. Mackenzie."

We alluded yesterday to a resolution lately passed by the State Legislature of Massachusetts, in favour of the annexation of British America. It is a pity that the gentlemen composing that body have not something better to do than pass resolutions of this kind. The Boston Traveller characterizes it as a piece of impertinent nonsense, uncalculated by circumstances and insulting to Great Britain and Canada. This is well and wisely said.

The road for the Red River expedition is now completed for 45 miles. Mr. Dawson's line of route having been so farthestly adhered to. The advance guard has arrived at Kaminastagna river, and Captain Young, with 47 men, has gone to explore that stream, for the purpose of ascertaining whether it is navigable as far as it is, the boats will be brought up to that point by water, and thus 45 miles of land transport will, so far as they are concerned, be avoided.

CHARLES DICKENS was buried yesterday in Westminster Abbey. His grave is close by those of Macaulay, Sheridan and Handel. Of course the account of the funeral, which we received by telegraph, is a meagre one, and we do not hear any particulars as to the public expression of sorrow, which no doubt took place in London. But however general it might be in the streets of the great metropolis, it would be as nothing compared with that genuine feeling of grief, which is experienced throughout the whole civilized world at the loss of so great and good a man, and which is nowhere more sincere than in Canada.

Some of our readers will perhaps recollect that a short time since General Buxton proposed a resolution in Congress pressing for the cessation of belligerent rights to the Cuban rebels. President Grant has points out to Congress, in which he points out that the rebels have not attained such a state, which would justify such a course and belligerent rights. It is rather amusing to see General Buxton, who has so often denounced Great Britain for recognizing the South, demanding for the Cuban rebels, the greater part of what fugitives in the mountains, the same rights which he thinks were improperly conceded to the South.

CHEAP PRINTING AND FANCY DRESS SALE ALL THIS WEEK AT HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S. BAR GAINERS ARE TO BE HAD. 47 & 49 SPARKS ST.

DR. REYNOLDSON AND THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

No one would regret the circumstances more than we should do, if a large and respectable body like the Wesleyan Methodist Conference were to act with discomfiture by one of our leading public men. In spite, however, of all the arguments of our contemporary the Toronto Telegraph, we certainly cannot see why the fact of the Rev. Mr. Fotherston's letter having been acknowledged in the usual official manner, should be construed into an affront. Let us examine into the facts of the whole case.

On the 6th of April last there was a meeting of Council held for the express purpose of organizing the Red River expedition, and at that meeting it was determined that two chaplains, and two only, should be appointed to the force, one a clergyman of the Church of England to be attached to the Ontario Battalion, and one, a Roman Catholic to accompany the Quebec Battalion. It was not considered necessary that a chaplain representing each denomination of professing Christians in the Dominion should be appointed; but that a minister from each of the two above named churches would be sufficient. For this action St. George E. Cartier was no more responsible than was the Hon. Mr. Aikens or any other member of the Council.

After the two battalions were organized, it was ascertained that the Quebec force included some Protestants, and the Ontario battalion, some Roman Catholics in its ranks. This being the case, it was deemed best that the two chaplains should be gazetted, not each to his separate battalion as originally intended, but to the whole force, the object being that the members of either the Protestant or Roman Catholic communions might have an opportunity of obtaining the services of ministers of their own faith.

Several applications were made by clergymen from various parts of the country, and after due deliberation, the Rev. Mr. Patterson, of Strathroy, and Father Joseph Boyer, of Ottawa, were the men selected. Some days after the appointments had been made, other applications were sent in, and about the same time came Mr. Fotherston's letter, the receipt of which was acknowledged in the same manner with the rest.

We do not see that under those circumstances there is the slightest necessity to apologize for any neglect on the part of the Minister of Militia, in the Toronto Telegraph, in the latter part of the article to which we have referred, thinks proper to do. We have no doubt, indeed, that when the Telegraph says that "during the last few weeks he (Mr. Fotherston) has been working day and night," it asserts what is perfectly true, but we submit, that the two appointments authorized by the Government have been made, in acknowledging in an official manner the receipt of Mr. Fotherston's letter the Department was doing all that was necessary in the premises. But the Telegraph asserts that Mr. Fotherston in his letter expressly said that "though Roman Catholic and Church of England chaplains were to be sent out at the expense of the Government, the Methodists were prepared to pay the expenses of their quarters. Now, although even if this offer were made, it would not make any material difference in the question at issue, we fancy that our contemporary would be very firm upon this point. It is strongly affirmed on this point, that we suggested a day or two since, it would be well if the whole correspondence were published, so that the exact nature of Mr. Fotherston's offer might be made known, as well as the character of the "insult" offered to the Wesleyan Conference. Of course many of the assertions made in connection with this affair, are entirely incorrect, as for instance, Dr. Ryerson's own statement to the effect that "no fewer than twelve Roman Catholic priests are connected with the expedition." We regret on Dr. Ryerson's account, that this discussion should ever have been provoked; we regret it also on public grounds.

To kindle religious animosities is so easy, to soothe and tranquillize them so exceedingly difficult, that a truly patriotic man will consider long and be thoroughly well convinced that there is a public necessity for his doing so, before he says or does anything which is likely to awaken jealousy of this nature. We have shown, however, that it was the Privy Council, and not St. G. E. Cartier, who determined as to the number of chaplains who should accompany the Expedition, that the two appointments authorized were filled before Mr. Fotherston's communication was received, and that the receipt of his letter was acknowledged in the ordinary manner. Putting all other questions aside, it is scarcely likely that St. G. E. Cartier would have wilfully and unnecessarily insulted a body of men like those who constitute the Wesleyan Conference. He could not in so doing, nor would it have been in accordance with his usual course of procedure if he had done so. Dr. Ryerson spoke as he did in the heat of passion, and without due consideration. We have little doubt that he now regrets the circumstances as much as his friends and well-wishers cannot fail to do.

EMIGRATION.

We have received a copy of the circular addressed to the Wardens of County Councils by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works for Ontario, on the important subject of Emigration. From it we learn that the number of arrivals from Great Britain during the present year is already considerable, and there is good reason to believe that as large a stream of immigration will continue to pour into the Province during the whole of the season. Although it would seem as though the people of the mother country were beginning to appreciate the advantages which this Province offers as a field for immigrants; and to understand that here, without renouncing the sovereignty and nationality of Britain, and without ceasing aside the habits and traditions which are dear to Englishmen they can find opportunities for making a permanent home, and obtaining a good living, fully equal to those offered to them in the United States. We have little to be enabled to do this, is not by any means so trifling a boon to a majority of old countrymen as some people would have us believe. It is not among the wealthy alone that a life for British institutions is felt. Among the poorer classes also, the same patriotic feeling exists, and would lead ninety-nine out

of every hundred British emigrants to Canada; if they were sure that anything like the same opportunities would be found here for making a home and a livelihood in the neighboring Republic. One exceedingly gratifying fact which cannot be made too plain, is that every able bodied industrious emigrant who arrives here, immediately obtains remunerative employment, and that there is still an increasing demand for labor in all parts of the Province. But the countries and township must assist the Government in making known the real condition of affairs, here, by furnishing particulars as to the number of labourers required by each, and the number of immigrants upon each, as they are all forwarded to those points where the greatest demand for labour exists. All that is required is facts. We want no misrepresentations, or rose colored pictures of Canadian social life. Great Britain is overflowing with surplus labourers, who in Ontario can find comfortable homes, assist in the development of the country, and at the same time add to the strength and stability of the Empire. Under such circumstances it seems a strange and anomalous fact that so many thousands should be annually directing their steps elsewhere, simply because they do not know what is offered to them here, and because American emigration agents, not content with exaggerating the claims of their own country, never miss an opportunity of belittling and misrepresenting Canada.

On Saturday last Mr. Wainwright of the Grand Trunk Railway was entertained at a dinner given by the Hon. Mr. Aikens, in the presence of the Hon. Peter Mitchell, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, General Meade, late Commander of the United States Army, Colonel Gale, Major-General A. W. Ogilvie, M. P. F. R. Griffin, of Ottawa, Mr. Wm. McNaughton, Secy. of the Board of Trade, and Mr. Walton, in the last Sherbrooke Gazette, announces his retirement from the office of Editor of the Ottawa Times, in which he has been engaged during the last 20 years. He is the oldest editor in the Eastern Townships.

The steamer Magnet, under command of Captain Sneyd, is despatched for the route on the Saginaw route, begins her trips on the 21st instant, to Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Tadoussac and the Saguenay. The Hamilton Spectator says:—An accident, followed with fatal results, occurred at a newly erected saw mill of Messrs. Coleman & Church, on the edge of Blenheim and Blewett, on Friday last.

Erin Village is to have a grand celebration on the 1st of July. Quite a large sum of money is being raised for the purpose, such as horse racing, athletic games, fireworks, &c.

W. Mitchell, of London, having called upon Mr. Cartier, a cabinet-maker in the world, for \$1,000, for a number of years we are authorized by The Bell, of this village, to say that if Mr. Mitchell will reduce the amount to \$500 he will accept the charge.—The Bell, of California, has engaged the services of a Chinese lawyer, who was educated at a school in England, and who will defend their interests in all cases they may be concerned in.

The Ontario Indians have organized a brass band, and purchased twenty five brass instruments, which they get fairly into practice good music may be expected from this source.

The editor of the Augusta (Ark.) Statesman certainly ought to procure numerous copies of his subscription list, and send it to his subscribers, as he has done. We better here at our office. Wood will pay—feathers will too. Or has anybody got a left-handed shoe, or a pair of shoes to sell, or anything else of that kind, that he wishes to put in a newspaper? Come right along, if you have—we are our man. This is the place to get it.

A Sacramento paper gives an account of the butchery of a Chinese woman by her husband, who claims, in justification thereof, that he bought her for \$500 in gold from her former owner, and is entitled to do as he liked with his property.

One of the Russian singers at Pittsburgh the other day, thought he had got fair wages for his services, and sat down at the table, and accordingly asked the waiter at his side to pass him "some kiss." She blushed, and he repeated it, with the untranslatable "kiss," the same as you give me this morning, and he was on his seat with indignation, the boarders stared on the wretch that would thus glare on his crimes, while he barely retained breath to get up and reach the desired vault. It was closed.

A story comes from Baltimore that certain women of that city, assembled ostensibly to decorate the graves of Rebel soldiers, devoted their time to the more profane profession of the grave of John Wilkes Booth.

The International Typographical Union refused to entertain the question of neutrality in the present contest between the printers, preferring to refer the matter to the discretion of the subordinate Unions. The project of establishing a respectable printing press was considered impracticable. The next Convention will be held in Baltimore.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

The first number of a Japanese newspaper entitled the Yomi Yomi, has just been printed and published in Paris. The editor is M. Leon Kosky, Professor of Japanese at the College des Langues Orientales. The first number, 1,500 copies of which have been sent to Japan, contains a letter to the Mikado, advising him to throw no hindrance in the way of free circulation of the Journal.

The pavement of modern Rome is excellent. Each stone has the form of a blunt wedge—eight inches in length—which, when laid on the principle of the arch, grows more compact and durable the more it is travelled over. It also wears smoothly.

A poor Danish exile, who died on the Battaglia, in Jersey lately, committed suicide, having been made crazy by reading Mr. Stowe's attack on Lord Byron, with whom he was long acquainted, and for whom he entertained a high opinion.

Late advices from South America represent the revolutionary movements in Uruguay and the Argentine Republic as still in progress.

The Empress Eugenie has promised to give a confirmation dress to every child whose father or mother shall address a deputation to her, supported by the clerical authorities, in this acknowledging for the result of the Plebiscite.

It is twenty-two years since the Austrian Government put to death Count Lajos Kossuth, a Hungarian statesman, who was suspected of being a traitor to his native country of 1848. His resentment extended also to his wife and children, who were expelled from the country and deprived of their property. On Thursday five Hungarians reversed the judgment of their country, and the name of Batthyany, in Pesth. The funeral procession, consisting of a division of troops, and a half-mile literary societies of the city, occupied an hour in passing a given point. The disorder, notwithstanding its sombre character, is said to have been brilliant and picturesque.

new, Mr. Thomas Agnew, Mr. Topham, Mr. Robert Carstairs (Inventor), Mr. Thomas Parry (Sawyer), Major Meekie, Mr. C. De Krens, Jr. and Mr. Compton. The sympathy of the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, to which Mr. Mark Lenon had been invited, and recognized service, was warmly testified. Every house was closed, and the village church was lined with ladies, who showed the utmost reverence, and stood respectfully apart from the mob. The coffin lay on a simple bier, with the name of "Mark Lenon, editor of the 'Queen'" inscribed thereon by their Royal Highnesses the Princess Louise and Beatrice, left Windsor for Balmoral on the 15th ult. the distance, nearly 600 miles, was performed in 18 hours. The Court will return to Windsor Castle on Tuesday, the 17th inst.

Mr. Charles Mathews has arrived at a comedian had to encounter a series of deceptions, dimness and darkness, of every kind, thus pleasantly preparing the way for his first appearance on the Australian stage, announced to take place on April 9.

The ironclad turret ship Cleopatra, 4,250 horse-power, which has been fitted at Chatham for service in Australia, where she is employed for the defence of the Straits, was launched on the 10th ult., on the completion of her outfit. Since she has been in the shipwrights' hands at Chatham she has been fitted with an engine, and is now being equipped with all her outfit for the defence of the Straits. The entire expense of her outfit has been defrayed by the Colonial Government.

Lucien Assas, Prevost Paradol, the famous French journalist, appointed Minister to the United States, is 41 years of age and a native of Paris.

UNITED STATES.

A Buffalo commercial editor, in his list of imports, notices the arrival of another lot of the same kind of goods as the last, which he says are of the same quality as the last, and that they are becoming scarce in that village, and it is thought that they are of the same quality as the last.

An East Indian merchant named Colah became insane, while witnessing the battle between the English soldiers and the rebels on the 1st of July, at the village of Nihilah, and was taken to the Police Station, where he attempted to commit suicide. A straight jacket was put on him, and he was removed to the Asylum for the Insane, where he is now confined.

The editor of the St. Cloud (Minn.) Journal, is a devoted friend of great men. See how he addresses President Hill, of Red River:

To Mr. Biel, President of the Winnepeg Conference:—

If you will be kind enough to return to me the money which I sent you, I will be very glad to do so. I have no objection to your using the money for any good purpose, and I will be very glad to see it.

Yours revolutionary wish, F. S.—Would it be convenient for you to pay the express charges with some of the money which you sent me in the Hudson Bay Company's safe?

A grave digger who buried a man named Button, sent a bill to his widow follows:—"making one Button hole ten shillings."

A man at Atlanta, Ga., who sleeps with his mouth open, had his false teeth stolen last night by a thief who stole them.

Chien, a Chinese boy, California, has engaged the services of a Chinese lawyer, who was educated at a school in England, and who will defend their interests in all cases they may be concerned in.

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Latest by Telegraph. By Postal Line. Office G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. TORONTO.

At the general assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church the Rev. Dr. Green and Mr. Gienley, Wesleyan delegate, were received.

The Province of Manitoba was transferred from the Foreign to the Home Mission department.

The question of establishing a missionary school at Red River was discussed, and a motion passed to remit to the Presbytery of Manitoba, who should co-operate with the Home Mission, to promote higher education.

A discussion took place as to sending a missionary to China, and also as to Indian and French missions, which were referred to the Committee on Foreign Missions.

Col. Hamilton presented the claims of the French Canadian Missionary Society, which was commended to the sympathies of the members.

A communication on union was received from the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of St. Catharines in connection with the Church of Scotland.

A committee was appointed to consider the advisability of a complete union of the Presbyterian Churches of Canada.

The Terrestrial Church of Christ was inspected last night by Col. Durie.

A moon light excursion took place on the bay last evening under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society. Five hundred were present.

The steamer City of Toronto yesterday took 100 head of cattle to the American markets.

The Algona arrived at Collingwood yesterday morning with a cargo of furs and copper ore.

A number of men who had been employed as boatmen for the expedition have returned, as they had been promised too high wages.

COLLINGWOOD. COLLINGWOOD, June 15.

Sixty voyagers, who left Ottawa yesterday, arrived here, and leave immediately on the Algona for Thunder Bay—all safe.

In charge of Mr. Wm. Aumond—who has been very successful in forwarding the men, which has been done with great despatch.

All the troops have left here, and last accounts from Thunder Bay say that they have all arrived there safe and in good health. A portion of them have got out fifty miles on their route, and are preparing to start with their boats down Kaminastagna River.

MONTREAL. MONTREAL, June 15.

Yesterday forenoon a child about three years of age, whose parents, named Nelson, resided at the corner of Shannon and Wellington streets was knocked down and run over by a car No. 291. The child was cut on the head in two places. The carter drove off without seeming to care whether the child was alive or dead.

It is likely St. Lawrence Main street will be extended through to the river.

It was suggested at the City Council last night, to insure the lives of corporation employees, for the benefit of their widows.

A report to erect permanent buildings for holding exhibitions, was adopted.

Canada Central Railroad petition for one million dollars was referred to the Finance Committee.

Prince Arthur's house and furniture has been purchased by a city merchant; his name is not yet known.

Flour market very firm, and about five cents higher. The sowing season has begun. Several quantities having already been found unsold, buyers are very careful in their selecting, and anything that is at all doubtful is neglected.

Greenbacks bought at 11; sold at 11 1/2. Silver bought at 6; sold at 6 1/2. 5-20's sold at 115 to 114.

QUEBEC. QUEBEC, June 15.

A fire occurred last night in the upper story of a stone house in Cule-de-Sac, Lower Town. It was occupied by Mr. Bergeron, whose loss is not large and insured. But for the energy and promptitude of Chief Ferguson, of the fire brigade, this fire would have involved another disastrous loss of property.

A young girl named Adelina (Gamache), after being taken from a house of ill-fame by her friends, was yesterday sent to the Good Shepherd Asylum for a term of four years by the judge of Quarter Sessions.

The steamer Marguerite Steenson, from Moisie River, reports the French brig Emma, from Charente, with a general cargo for Montreal, as a total wreck on Cariboo Point rocks.

From sea this morning: The steamer St. David, with 413 passengers, for Montreal, and three barges with coal for Quebec.

Weather still fine.

CABLE NEWS. GREAT BRITAIN. LONDON.—In the House of Commons a report was demanded on the results of the

Mr. Rattal, Home Secretary, said that the principle of open competition for candidates for offices was still untested in certain departments, though the Home Office was prepared to adopt it.

The Marquis of Hartington examined the proposed reduction of the French postal rates. The principle was inapplicable to correspondence passing through France to England.

Mr. Gladstone urged the consideration of the Educational Bill.

Morning sessions of the House were adjourned to begin on Friday next.

Mr. O'Connell, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, described the burning of the Embassy removed to Pavia, a village on the Bosphorus, seven and a half miles from Constantinople.

The House then went into committee on the University Test Bill.

A number of amendments were discussed. That relating Doctors from subscribing to the Formulas of faith was rejected. The Committee rose and reported progress.

The Stamp Duties Bill was advanced a stage. The Merchant's Shipping Bill was read a second time. Several measures of only slight importance were read twice, and the House adjourned.

In the House of Lords last evening, the proceedings were mainly on local affairs, and unimportant.

The High Court of Justice Bill was reported. Lord Cairns withdrew his opposition to it.

A proposed revision of the rules was discussed till adjournment.

Advices are received that an American built bark, in company with a schooner, had been wrecked on the coast of the United States, on the 9th of June.

At the recent election of the Isle of Wight, Alexander D. W. Cochrane was chosen a member of the House of Commons. Mr. Leggate was also elected for Leicester.

The London Rowing Club decline the challenge of the Hudson Rowing Association, because a trustworthy crew is not forthcoming.

The channel match of the Royal Thames Yacht Club, from Dover to Boulogne and back, occurred yesterday. The wind was W. S. W. at the start and was favourable for the first half of the race. The yacht arrived at Boulogne in the following order: Julia, Hironelle, Egeria, Cambria. There was only four minutes difference in the time of all at Boulogne. Returning, however, the Cambria won by 21 minutes. The Egeria came second.

It is rumored that the remains of Mr. Dickens will be brought to London to-day, the family having consented to their burial in Westminster Abbey.

The Westminster station on the Metropolitan Railway was nearly consumed by fire last night.

Advices have been received here announcing the total loss of the British gun-boat Stoney in the China sea. The commander and forty-three of the crew perished.

Baron H. Mercier de Lotenside will not be disturbed as ambassador to Spain, as reported.

The Prince of Wales has declined to offer a cup as chief prize for the yacht race unless the American yacht will also compete.

Mr. Douglass declined to enter the Regatta, and Mr. Bennett is to enter in his place. The Daily Times rejoices at the progress made in the House of Commons on the University Tests Bill.

Some rain has fallen during the past week. The betting on the race for the Ascot Cup stands at about 100 to 15 on Dolphina.

The son of Ismael Pacha is daily expected here.

QUESTIONS.—The Siberia and City of Brooklyn, from New York, for Liverpool, arrived here yesterday.

LONDON.—At six this morning the remains of Chas. Dickens were taken from his residence at Gadshill by train to Charing Cross station. There were waiting at the station a plain hearse, with the usual English trappings, and three plain carriages. In the first coach were placed the children of the deceased, Charles and Henry Dickens, and Mrs. Charles Collins. In the second were Mr. Hogarth, the artist-in-law, and Mrs. Austen, the sister of Dickens, Mrs. Charles Dickens, Jr., and John Forster. In the third coach were Frank Beard, Mr. Charles Collins, and Mrs. Charles Collins. The hearse and carriages were drawn by a deep but simple mourning, without bands or scarfs.

There was no crowd at Charing Cross station, and the procession was driven at once to Westminster Abbey, where the remains were received by Dean Stanley and other officials, and placed in the usual manner, at the foot of Handel's and at the corner of Sheridan, with Macaulay and Chamberlain on either side. The usual flowers were strewed upon the bier.

Dean Stanley read the Latin service. The coffin was deposited in its final resting place, and the funeral of Dickens was ended.

Upon the coffin plate were inscribed the words, "Charles Dickens, born February 7th, 1812; died June 9th, 1870."

Thousands of citizens have crowded to the Abbey during the funeral day, to look upon the spot where the great novelist lies.

FRANCE. PARIS.—Harvest is expected to begin throughout the country in about ten days.

The Emperor to-day is suffering from an attack of gout. His condition is thoroughly uninteresting on the Bourse.

Rentes closed flat, and declined to 74 1/2.