The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1240. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
23 Sparks-st.
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Fall and Winter Stock of Foot Wear which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
in Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Order taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

Tailoring.

1869. FALL 1869.
AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS.
DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS!
Readymade Clothing! Readymade Clothing!
SMALL WARE! SMALL WARE!
No. 34. T. RAJOTTE, No. 34
Sparks street, Central Town, Ottawa
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Satins, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Slops and General Outfitting Goods, which all be found very select.
FOR CASH ONLY.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA,
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Tubs, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Young Hyson, all fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES; Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines of all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and favor, at extremely low prices.
Thomas's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Deerlie's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale attendant' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE
SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE
PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar aina. 1186

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Desbarats's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S S FOOTE A THOMSON; T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

IMPORTANT TO
HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.
I hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.
The increase of trade during the last four years having compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my special purpose.
The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest in Canada, and the question of quality is readily settled by making known the fact that I raise my vegetables from seed procured at any expense pending it is the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported.
And another and important fact is that being mixed and manufactured in Ottawa thereby avoiding freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than any importer.
These advantages, I think, cannot fail to satisfy those who may favor me with their orders.
JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box No. 1, Post Office, Ottawa.
Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau River.
Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected and the highest price given. 1199y

CHURCH OF
ENGLAND SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES.
MRS KENDALL, one of the Lady Principals, and Teacher of the French and Italian languages has vacancies for a few ladies, as boarders, and will attend the above establishment.
French is made the language of the house. Mc Leary's Terrace, Stewart street, Ottawa.
October 26. 1189.2aw tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
HON MALCOLM CAMERON has removed his Office to the New Building between the Ontario Bank and the TIMES Office on Sparks street. Mr. Waddell will act for Mr. Cameron in his absence, and is authorized to grant receipts.
MALCOLM CAMERON.
Oct 13, 1869. 1204tf

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
DIVISION OF PROFITS NEXT YEAR.
At 30TH APRIL LAST, the net valuation by HON ELIZUR WRIGHT, of Boston, showed a divisable profit surplus of $181,790.

Assets	$968,141
Liabilities	806,351
Surplus	$181,790

The rates being lower than those of any other office, are peculiarly suited to cases of assurance in companies whose condition or terms are unsatisfactory. A transfer of assurances to the Canada Life will, in many cases, be an immediate annual saving of expense.
A G RAMSAY,
Agent in Ottawa, Manag
R H HAYCOCK.

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 32. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1145tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HURRAH FOR THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,
desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of
TEAS,
SUGARS,
TOBACCOS,
LIQUORS
of all descriptions, and a general assortment of
GROCERIES
suitable for town or country use.
Goederham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.
ALSO,
A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.
A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.
$40,000 worth of goods arriving.
Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
Country Produce bought for cash.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 17th December, 1869.
Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 18 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191f

BEAUDRY'S
PATENT SAW MILL MACHINERY.
This improvement is incontestably of the greatest importance to mill owners. Its superiority over the old system in gaining power and speed, and in reducing the waste of lumber, increasing the capacity of a mill from seventy five to one hundred per cent, renders it indispensable.
For terms for altering old machinery to new system, and for right of use, apply to or address
TALBOT & TOUSIGNANT,
Advocates, Quebec.
General Agent for the United States, GEO R ROLT, Esq, No 4, Gold street, New York. 1221

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING
Now open for Sale and Inspection at
O'MEARA & CO'S.,
50 Sparks-st.
CENTRAL OTTAWA.
A large and varied assortment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter "city and country trade."
We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c, &c, to which we invite the attention of the LUMBERING COMMUNITY who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.
1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,
Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.
1,000 PIECES ETOFFES AND SATINETTES,
from 50c to 70c per yard.
A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins
5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,
5,000 LINEN BAGS, very cheap.
A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.
In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
October 6, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!
NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!!
THE PICTORIAL
PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,
A FIRST-CLASS
FAMILY MAGAZINE,
Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.
PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.
PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.
ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.
PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.
Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.
PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.
Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.
ADVERTISERS—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.
We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.
Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

BLOCK TIN,
Planished Iron and Britannia Metal Tea and Coffee Pots, in different sizes and shapes, very cheap.
AT THE VARIETY HALL

FOR SALE
Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,
Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.
It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes its great efficacy. It is specially recommended for the following affections:
GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.
MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle of powder and box of lozenges.
Depot in Paris at L. FRERE'S, 19 rue Jacob.
Nov 30. 1219y

NOTICE.
Public notice is hereby given that the Canada Central Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada at its next session for an Act to extend the delay allowed them for the completion of their railway, to authorize the enactment of a Bylaw giving voting power to bondholders, and restricting the voting power of stockholders under certain circumstances, and to authorize the company to acquire by purchase, any railway or portion of railway available for the purposes of the Canada Central Railway. 1202 2m

FROST, FROST, FROST.
BUSS & CO'S OYSTERS
Are free from frost, and always fresh, received daily.
LOBSTERS AND FISH
always on hand at lowest prices in the city.
All descriptions of
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
supplied and delivered on shortest notice.
Game of all kinds.
BUSS & CO'S, 21 RIDEAU STREET,
Old Citizen Building, near Little Sussex st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN
BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate It
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors S. S. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 30 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.
MRIUR 40. 1198-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Cramp or Spasms.—DR. BIRMAN, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test of trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BEMISS, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Teas.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 40c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1869.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be had for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a entire sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company
Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
R McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

"THE CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS,"
A WEEKLY JOURNAL of current events, Literature, Science and Art, Agriculture and Mechanics, Fashion and Amusement.
Published every Saturday, at Montreal, Canada, by Geo. E. Desbarats.
Subscription, in advance.....$4.00 per an.
(Including Postage.)
Single Numbers.....10 cents.
CLUBS:
Every Club of five subscribers sending a remittance of $20, will be entitled to Six Copies for one year.
Remittances by Post Office Order or Registered Letter at the risk of the Publisher.
Advertisements received, to a limited number at 15 cents per line, payable in advance. 44 2m

CHAUDIERE
STEAM PLANING MILL,
Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.
On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingles No 1 and Extras.
43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

WARNING.
We hereby forbid any person hiring or harbouring:

Jule Sardine,	John Kennedy,
Theopele Morrisette,	James Sargeant,
Joseph Lepage,	Peter Vion,
Joseph German,	James Burke,
Pierre Lenoise,	Robert W. Pringle,

Or any of them, they having deserted our employ at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and service entered into with us. And hereby give notice that we will prosecute any and every person hiring or harbouring any of the above named.
PERLEY & PATTER.
Ottawa, December 17, 1869. 1224.a

(For the People's Journal).

PER NOCTEM PLURIMA VOLVENS.

I

When the weary sun has ended his journey
and descended,
By his own bright, golden pathway, to his
mansion in the west,
And the sentry stars has taken the sky he has
forsaken,
To watch till he awaken, bright and smiling,
from his rest.

II

Any the Moon is rising slowly with a light
serene and holy,
The Queen of all the watchers, the sister of the
Sun,
And hushed are all the noises from Earth's
unnumbered voices,
And the heart of sleep rejoices in the conquest he has won.

III

In the still, unbroken quiet, free from day's
unceasing riot,
I love to call around me the friends of long
bef re,
And to fill my vacant places with the well-
remembered graces
Of dear, old familiar faces that may smile for
me no more.

IV

Some that shared my boyish pastime, as they
seemed to me the last time
That I saw them, full of life and joy and
hope that knew no bound,
But who now are sad and grieving, and have
lost the gay believing
In the deeds of hope's achieving, or—are laid
beneath the ground.

V

Some, not merely friends for pleasure, but
who cherished friendship's treasure
More than gold or wordly honour or the mob's
unsteady smile,
Who would neither scorn nor flatter, who
spoke honestly, no matter
How the world might rain and chatter, loving
truth and hating guile.

VI

Some whose silvery hair seemed saintly, and
whose eyes though shining faintly,
Shed a tender lustre o'er me that will light
me till the grave,
That with all men I inherit, takes my body
and my spirit,
Trusting in my Saviour's merit, has returned
to God who gave;—

VII

One, whom I have lost forever, but whom I
will still endeavour
To deserve, though undeserving to have passed
before her eyes,
For I know that while I love her, what is
best and purest of her
Near me, through my life shall hover, like an
angel from the skies;—

VIII

These, by Fancy, great enchanter, called, into
my presence enter,
When the Sun and Earth are sleeping and the
Moon and Stars are bright,
And whatever past seemed pleasant I live
over in the present,
And the cares of day are lessened by the
magic of the night.

JOHN READE.

THE PROPOSED MERCHANTS SHIPPING ACT.

From the Halifax Citizen, Dec. 11.

In July last, we published a brief synopsis of the leading features of the Merchants Shipping Act submitted to the Dominion Parliament at its last session, and allowed to remain over for consideration, with a view of obtaining the views of all classes interested in it before its final enactment. Since the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday last, we have been requested to republish that an article for the information of those who may not have had their attention turned to this subject before, and who cannot conveniently obtain a copy of the bill. We cheerfully comply with this request:—

"The operation of this Act will be twofold; in the first place it repeals that part of the Merchant Shipping Act of the United Kingdom which is inconsistent with its provisions, as well as our own Act relating to Shipping and Seamen. In the place of these enactments it will give us a body of legislation very similar to that which the Imperal Merchant Shipping Act gives to the United Kingdom. It provides for the examination of all persons intending to become Masters or Mates of foreign-going ships—meaning ships trading from any place in Canada to any place out of Canada, and for awarding them certificates of competency.—Persons who have held the position of Masters or Mates before the first of July 1867, and can produce evidence of experience, ability, and good conduct, will be entitled to certificates of service without examination. No ship of over one hundred and fifty tons, registered in Canada, will be allowed to go to sea, or, if trading on the lakes, to go to any port in the United States, unless the Master and first Mate possesses either certificates of competency or of service. Certificates of competency for ships trading on the Inland waters, are to be of a lower grade than those for sea-going ships, and will not entitle the holders to use them for sea-going ships. In case of improper conduct, the Minister of the Marine is invested with the power to suspend or cancel any certificate. The bill also provides for what has been felt a crying want in this Province for years—the establishment of Shipping Offices for Seamen. In every other trading community such Offices have been established with great advantage, while in Nova Scotia the business of shipping sailors has been left in the hands of every shark and crimp who thinks himself adapted for the business, or sees a chance of fleecing that unhappy victim—Jack—ashore. The Governor General is empowered to establish a Shipping Office at each port where a Custom House is situated, and in such other ports where they will be considered necessary. The duties of the Shipping Masters are thus laid down:—

"To afford facilities for engaging seamen by keeping Registries of the names of such seamen, who may apply to them for engagements; and registries of all shipped or discharged by them, which registories shall be opened for public inspection:—

To superintend and facilitate the engagement and discharge of seamen in manner hereinafter mentioned:—

To provide means for securing the presence on board at the proper times of men who are so engaged, when requested so to do; the expense of such service to be defrayed by the master, owner, or agent of the ship requiring the presence of men on board:—

To facilitate the making of apprenticeship to the sea service:—

To perform such other duties relating to merchant seamen and merchant ships as are hereby or may hereafter under the powers herein contained be committed to them."

Any person other than a Shipping Master who receives a sum of money as a reward for procuring seamen, is subjected to a penalty of not less than $20, nor more than $80, and any person employing any other person than a Shipping Master, to procure seamen is subjected to a penaly not to exceed $40. All apprentices are to be brought before the Master, together with the Indentures, before each voyage. Advance notes are forbiden until after the signing of articles, and are not to be made payable sooner than five days after sailing. All discharges of seamen and payment of wages are to be made before the Shipping Master, under penalty of $40, and a full account of deductions is then to be rendered. Where Shipping Masters are made referees in any dispute between Master and seamen, their decision is to be final. No seamen is to be allowed to waive or forfeit the usual methods of recovering his wages, and the right to wages is made independant of the earning of freight; but it is provided that in case of loss or wreck of the ship, proof of negligence or ill-conduct will work a forfeiture. The present mode of collecting wages are preserved; but suits under $200 are not to be brought in the Vice Admiralty or any Superior Court excepting in special cases. The same remedies are given to the Master as to the seamen. The bill also with great precision regulates the provisions, accommodation, and treatment of seamen, and the mode of enquiring in cases of complaint. It gives the Court of Vice Admiralty, and in some cases the Registrar of Shipping, the right to remove Masters on proper representations from the owners. The forfeiture in case of desertion will remain as at present, but the Master or owner is empowered to arrest deserters without a warrant. The details of this bill are very comprehensive, and extend to nearly every subject connected with the business of shipping. It is most desirable that measures of this kind should be thoroughly canvassed before they come up for legislation."

The Chamber of Commerce has acted wisely in calling attention to this subject. The proposed Act is one that will very seriously affect the shipping interests of this Province, and our shipowners and merchants should take some steps to have their views on the subject properly placed before Parliament when the bill again comes up for discussion. If the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce could procure from Ottawa a few copies of the bill, or if they cannot be procured there, have them printed for distribution among leading shipowners and merchants throughout the Province, the views of those gentlemen might be obtained and laid before the adjourned meeting in January, when a report covering the whole question might be prepared in the shape of a petition from the Chamber, to lay before the House of Commons. Some of the provisions of the bill will be most valuable, and we hope to see them become law; but some of the proposed regulations about shipping masters, if enacted and rigidly enforced in Nova Scotia, will prove vexatious and injurious to the trade of the Province to an extent that can scarcely be foretold

THE VACANT JUDGESHIP IN THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

Last evening we received the following despatch from Ottawa:—

Editor Daily Telegraph.

OTTAWA, Dec. 21, 1869.

You may announce on the best authority, if you think proper, that Vice-Chancellor Spragge succeeds the late Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet, as Chancellor of Ontario; and that S. H. Strong, Esq., Q. C., receives the appointment of Vice-Chancellor, rendered vacant by the promotion of Judge Spragge.

M——

These appointments accord exactly with the suggestions offered in these columns several weeks ago. Sir John Macdonald has first of all, to be congratulated on the promptitude with which he has acted in this important matter. The appointments are of a character which required more than ordinary consideration at the hands of the Minister of Justice—in view of the eminent judicial standing of the late Chancellor—in view of the character which the Court of Chancery has to maintain, (if it is to continue to exist at all with a distinct jurisdiction) and in view also of the rival claims, of various eminent professional men, who were candidates for the appointment. So that, we take it, Sir John has not lost an hour that was not necessary to a carefully considered decision on the matter before him.

By the profession generally, as by the public at large, the nominations just made will be regarded with perfect satisfaction. Although it is probably a good rule which (with limited exceptions) long prevailed in England, that promotion on the Bench was to be discountenanced, no one will say, that such a rule could work so well here, where judicial talent of the right sort is not always so available as it is in the Mother Country. And if we look back at some of the promotions which have taken place of recent years, it is impossible to avoid the conclusion that they were eminently proper, and, in one or two cases, almost a necessity. We need only mention, in connection with these references, the names of Chief Justices Macaulay McLean, Draper and Richards. These distinguished men were so clearly pointed to by the judgment of the profession, and by the sentiment of intelligent laymen, as entitled to the cumulative honors which were bestowed upon them after they were appointed to judgeships in the higher Courts, that the Government which should have neglected their claims, would have been held recreant to duty. Both Sir John Macdonald and Attorney-General Macdonald, as successive Premiers of Canada, can look back on these particular preferments with satisfaction—as honorable to their own relations with the judges promoted, and as harmonizing entirely with the enlightened opinion of the country.

—Life has few Charms for the Dyspeptic which is not to be wondered at when we take into the account the amount of bodily and mental suffering that this distressing malady generates. The Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron) has cured thousands who were suffering from this disease.

THE WOMAN QUESTION.

One more Word from "Sarah Ann."
To the Editor of the Express.

I find it very necessary for me to put one more spoke in the wheel of this momentous affair. Meantime you can accept my most sincere thanks for your generosity in according me a place in your columns. I think your correspondent, X. Y. Z., and it may be others, take me for one belonging to the "Woman's Suffrage Society." To such I would say, don't think it, for I do not. I am only trying to stand up to the thing, as far as it goes. I believe in Woman's Rights, though; but I didn't like to think we must *fight* for our rights. The men ought to do that for us. Then if they will not, what will we do? It is not all of us that want to take the place of bricks and be walked over. I'm glad, however, that the "abused males" have found a "champion." The poor little things ought to have once in a while a friend. She says, too, "God bless 'em." They ought to be good after this. (I think X. Y. Z. is a man, though.) Nevertheless, what she says is very good and quite true, but there are always two sides to a story, you know. Did you ever hear the story of the blind man and the elephant? I cannot tell it all, but any way, there was more than one man, and all equally anxious to see an elephant. So they went to see one. I think one got hold of an ear, and cried he: "Why the elephant is very like a cabbage leaf! Another got hold of a leg, and cried he: 'The elephant is very like a tree!' I have forgotten the rest, and, perhaps, what I have told is not quite right. So that's the way with life—some find it one way and some another, and all are right. X. Y. Z., says she kas known of one unhappy marriage in her life. Only one indeed! I wonder how old she is? She must be very much indoors and receive very few visitors, or she may be one of those very discreet women, who seal their lips and shut their virtuous ears to any one who would complain of the dear men. How did she happen to hear of that one case? By observation, perhaps. That's just the way I know lots of them, and some I learn through the relatives of the unhappy ones. They don't all confide in the friend who belongs to the Woman's Suffrage Society. Their ills are discovered fast enough without that. Did X. Y. Z., ever ask herself why this woman of the unhappy marriage endured her trials with such patience, and in silence? Suppose she done otherwise would not her respectability have suffered. There are a great many such, but I have failed to discover their great virtue. I don't believe they take much comfort, and I guess they are usually glad when their hateful old husbands die. They are just the kind of woman that men likes for wives. They are so convenient. No matter what their husbands do, no one dare tell them of it; they would not believe it. Husbands know that. Only she would know that every word was true in her own heart; but she would console herself with—"its better to have a husband than not to; its more respectable, and men will be men." Don't men chuckle over such things? and haven't heard them say, with great satisfaction, 'My wife is of the right sort, I can trust her.' I can tell you a story of another one of these pure (?) self-forgetting delightful women, who is so good that she allows her dear husband to take a strange young lady from the country and become her guardian and protector, and board her out and visit her alone by himself whenever he chooses. I discovered this through another man—one of the nice ones, too—who was trying to find another boarding place for the girl in behalf of his friend, and her guardian. "Does his wife know of this girl?" said I. "Oh, yes." "And she does not oppose her husband in this?" "Why, no; his wife is a sensible woman; stays at home and minds her own business, and does not interfere with her husband's affairs." She has brains and a heart too, I suppose; and the world wants more of such, does it? If such women are not miserable, then they don't know what love means. One thing I've got to say is—that if any man ever marries me, expecting to get a wife like that, he'll get fooled, that's all. I will not, for the sake of eating my bread and butter under any man's roof, hide such faults; I'll go lecture on Woman's Rights first; I'd cut loose and be independant to all such men, and take care of myself or die trying. If I admire Miss Dickinson, it is because I think them's her sentiments. I've known women to act like the mischief, too; but its no use talking, they cannot get ahead of the men.

If women go wrong, it matters not in what way, the men are to blame. If they have an insensible desire to dress pretty, it is their fault. What woman does not know that, to insure for herself attention and respect from them she must be well and fashionably attired; and it is the same with them all, minister, lawyer, doctor, groceryman, land agent or dry goods clerk. A woman must be very strong minded to resist the temptation. Her very pride cannot endure the slight occasioned by her outward appearances when she knows that beneath the poor dress lies a heart as good and pure as ever beat. What a recompense for virtue in rags! I have thought many times that a poor woman gets very little credit for being virtuous, and it would be no comfort to her to be any thing else. Ground to the earth and unhappy.

Women are naturally the willing slaves of men, and all I want is the men to appreciate them for it—to become good and unselfish, and learn to treat the stranger girl with a poor dress on as they would have others treat their own daughters. Until then we cannot teach our daughters to be the wives they would like them to be.

SARAH ANN.

BURIAL ROBES at Swalwell's Undertaking Establishment, for old and young people. 1227a

Hark! What sound is it that strikes such a chill to the heart? A deep hollow cough. In awe we listen to the warning, and we know Consumption, the destroyer, has marked another for its own, but science has given to the world a reliable powerful ally, able to cope with the formidable foe. To all, each and every one I would say, sit not down in despair, but hasten to procure Dr. J Briggs' Renovator, the great Throat and Lung Healer—and conquer the heretofore conquering deadly malady. *Sold by druggists and country merchants generally. Dr. J. Briggs & Co. No. 6 King Street West, Toronto*

EXCITEMENT AT SALT LAKE.

A Young Gentile Intrigues with a Mormon's Daughter and is Set Upon by the "Destroying Angel"

[From the Corrinne Reporter]

Last Friday night while a young man and his chum were walking along one of the principal streets of Salt Lake, a daring attempt was made by a lot of Mormon ruffians to kidnap him; but for what purpose we are left to guess as best we can. We that