NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Great Success of the Removal Sale—Magee & Russell.
Boots and Shoes—Angus & Huckell.
Family Mourning—Grant & Henderson.
Notice—J. T. & W. Pennock.
Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Company—W. Moore.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which the following Ministers were present, viz.: Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD; Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER; Hon Messrs. LANGEVIN, MACDOUGALL, CAMPBELL, HOWLAND, MITCHELL, KENNY and CHAPAIS.

The Hon. Mr. TILLEY arrived yesterday afternoon, so that there will be a full meeting of the Council to-day, with the exception of the Hon. Mr. ROSS, now on his way to England.

IF we are to believe the testimony of the medical profession a crime of a most detestable character is alarmingly on the increase in the Province of Ontario. Elsewhere we publish the report of the committee to which this subject was referred, with the discussion which took place on its reception. But the debate which preceded the striking of the Committee, as reported in the Hamilton *Times*, gave some startling facts relating to the progress, of late years, in this country, of this worse than Chinese system of child-murder. One physician stated that during his first twenty years' practice in Canada, he had only been applied to four times to aid in procuring abortion; during the following ten years he had been invited to act in this abominable business about forty times; and during the past four years the applications had been most numerous, in fact of almost daily occurrence. We hope for the sake of the country that this gentleman's practice lies in an exceptionally corrupt and degraded locality, but it must be confessed that the testimony of the whole profession went to show that everywhere throughout the country the crime is rapidly on the increase.

The newspapers were severely censured for the publication of immoral advertisements tending to corrupt the public mind, and the Clergy, as will be seen by the report of the Committee, have been appealed to, in order that their influence may be specially exercised for the purpose of checking the evil. It is right, of course, that the Doctors should have their say upon this subject, for they of all men ought to be qualified to speak concerning the extent of the mischief that is daily working in the heart of so-called respectable society, and it is right, too, that the press should be censured in so far as it has been the means of aiding in the dissemination of the utterly false and criminal teachings, which lead to the belief that the deed in question can be done without outraging the laws of God and nature. But we are bound to say that the press of Canada is immeasurably guiltless in this respect when compared with the press either of England or the United States; and if in spite of this the evil is growing here, and almost keeping pace with its progress in older and more accomplished communities, the cause of its growth cannot be fairly attributed to the press—at least to the newspaper press of Canada. The immoral pamphlets issued from the press of the large American cities, and heretofore pretty freely circulated in this country, may doubtless have contributed to the general prevalence of this crime of modern society, but any one who will take the trouble to search the question to the bottom will find that the cause lies much deeper than the influence of the press.

The Ministers of religion may or may not respond to the appeal of the Doctors. We hope they will. In so far as our own views go, and with respect to the TIMES, we shall always be glad to exclude all and sundry of such advertisements as can be held in any way to have a tendency to sap the foundations of the moral safeguards of society. If the so-called "religious press" had as much regard for common morality as the secular political journals generally have, we think there would be little room left for complaint against the press. In fact we believe the *gravamen* of the guilt of the crime belongs to that ephemeral, undefinable thing called "society." It is "unfashionable" to be burthened with children, so that you cannot entertain your friends; it is "unfashionable" to have a large family—"vulgar," in fact, to have too many children, and the influences which originated such notions are not in the remotest degree traceable to the press, but to causes which operate in circles entirely beyond the influence of journalism—away up in the "upper crusts" of society—in the region of the meretricious and fashionable follies of "high life." We protest, therefore, against the impalement of the press as *particeps criminis* in this foul blot on the escutcheon of our country. The press has little or no part in it; on the contrary, we venture the assertion that the outspoken language of honest journalists has been heretofore—until the Doctors spoke—almost the only voice raised against this hideous crime. If the "religious journals," for love of filthy lucre, have stained their columns by the insertion of vile and crime suggesting announcements, let the fault be with the communities which nurture them; but we challenge the medical council to a scrutiny of the pages of the respectable "secular" press of Ontario, and defy them to show that journalists are in any measure responsible for the prevalence of the horrible crime, against the continued perpetration of which the Council has so very properly entered an emphatic protest.

It is not our Province to advise the Ministers of religion as to their duty in the premises. We believe that the charges preferred by the Medical Council against society are well founded; and further, that the Doctors have rendered good service to the cause of morality by so energetically taking this unpleasant subject in hand. Those who think with Dr. DEWAR that abortion and infanticide are convertible terms can have little difficulty as to what is their line of duty, and those who hold to a different doctrine are not likely to be influenced by anything that we might say to them.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ALEXANDER GIBBS.—The decease in our midst of one who, in the earlier portion of her life, held so distinguished a place in the realm of vocal art, seems to call for a passing notice. Margaretta Graddon was born in the West of England, in the year 1806. Her father was a partner in the celebrated music house of Clementi, Colbard & Co.,—her mother a lady from the Island of Jersey. The late Duke of Sussex was a constant patron of Mr. Graddon, and his friend through life, and subsequently became sponsor for the infant Margaretta. I may mention here that on the occasion of her first benefit at Drury Lane Theatre, the Duke took care that her share should be *exactly* £1,000 stg. Shewing a remarkable aptitude for music, the young lady, then not more than ten years of age, was placed successively under Sir George Smart, Crivalli, and Tom Cooke. Of the latter, it is said, that when she began to weep at being so "over-exercised," his command was "practice until you spit blood, then you may leave off." Miss Graddon was not more than fifteen when she appeared in Dublin, and afterwards in Liverpool; her fine voice, faultless form, added to her youth and beauty, created a great sensation, and her father was induced to accept an engagement for her at Drury Lane Theatre, where she opened on the 1st October, 1824, as "Susannah" in the *Marriage of Figaro*. Her success was very great, and it culminated when *Der Freischutz* was produced at that house, she being the original "Linda," the great composer Weber making her a present of a valuable diamond ring, so delighted was he with her performance. Miss Graddon was before the public notice in the year 1830, when she married a Mr. Gibbs, the only son of a rich London merchant, and retired into private life, with every luxury which could surround her. Her husband, one of the kindest of men, was, however, it must be confessed, rather "fast;" the old gentleman would not put up with it, withdrew his very handsome allowance—offering, however, to continue it to the wife if she would leave his son. This was spurned, the consequence was, Mrs. Gibbs had to return to her profession for the support of both, and sailed for New Orleans, where she opened the splendid St. Charles Theatre, as "Cinderella," under Caldwell's management. With an intermission of about three years Mrs. Gibbs and her husband sojourned in America ever since, but she was left a widow in Montreal about four years ago—without a relation that she knew of in the world. One of her oldest friends being settled in Ottawa, she determined to remove to this place, and try her fortune by tuition in music, knowing that there was at least one who would take an interest in her welfare; and she was succeeding when this suddenly cut down, to the grief of all who had the happiness of knowing her. She expired, preserving her consciousness to the last, with the most pious resignation, and in her grave is laid as many virtues as fall to the lot of even the best of human beings, or those thinking themselves such. Poor Gretta!

"To live in hearts we leave behind,
Is not to die."

J. S. L.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

OTTAWA, JUNE 16, 1868.

Afternoon Session.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met at 2 o'clock.

The clerk read a communication from Neil Stewart, offering his services as County Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the communication of Neil Stewart, just read, be placed on file.—Carried.

The clerk read a communication and statement from Wm. Smythe, Esq., late Treasurer of Gloucester, claiming per centage on certain moneys passing through his hands, while acting as such Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that the account, &c., of Mr. Smythe, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Mr. Sykes presented a petition from Hugh Robertson and others, praying for a grant to aid in building bridges on town line between Carleton and Lanark.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that the petition be referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that by-law No. 138, amending by-law No. 111 of this Corporation, be now introduced, read a second and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

By-law introduced, read and passed.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Smith, that whereas the bridge connecting the City of Ottawa with the Municipality of New Edinburgh, is now in a dangerous state, and in order to ascertain in whose jurisdiction and responsibility the bridge is, the Committee on Roads and Bridges are hereby authorized to take the opinion of the legal adviser of this council on the same: the law on this point having been altered.—Carried.

Mr. Cummings gave notice that he would to-morrow introduce a by-law to grant $1,000 to aid the Township of Gloucester to rebuild the Sandy Hill bridge.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that this Council do now take up the petition of Thomas Mansfield and others, laid over by motion 36 of December Session, last year, as no action has been taken by the Township Municipalities of Osgoode and Gloucester in accordance with Sec. 341 of the Municipal Act.—Carried.

Petition produced.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that $200 be granted by this Council to assist in opening up the town line leading from the Village of Manotick in the Township of North Gower, between the Townships of Osgoode and Gloucester.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that a by-law be introduced appropriating the sum of $200 to be expended in opening up the town line between the Townships of Osgoode and Gloucester, from the Rideau river to the Prescott road or highway, in accordance with the prayer of the petition of Thomas Mansfield and others relating thereto; said amount of $200 to be levied and collected with the County rates of this current year of the said Townships in the proportion of $100 in each, over and above the other rates imposed for county purposes.—Carried.

Mr. Dow called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS.—Messrs. Caldwell, McCaffery, Cowan, Graham, Blackburn, Green, Smith, Hinton, Sykes and Mills—10.

NAYS.—Messrs. Cummings, Tremblay, Morgan and Dow—4.

The original motion was then put and lost.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Smith, that this council do now adjourn till 10 o'clock, a.m., to-morrow.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1868.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Present, the Warden; and Messrs. Cummings, Hinton, Graham, Cowan, Smith, Dow, Mohr, Mills, Tremblay, McCaffery, Caldwell, Dawson, Green, Sykes, Morgan and Fraser.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The Clerk read a petition from E. J. O'Neill and others praying to be reimbursed certain moneys expended in arresting the Tierneys in Nepean, charged with counterfeiting.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, that the petition of Detective O'Neill, Sergeant Davis and Constable McVeity, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

The Clerk read a petition from Robert Hess, a prisoner in the county jail, praying for remuneration for acting as engineer in the jail.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. McCaffrey, that the petition of Robert Hess be referred to the Jail and Building Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Green, that this Council do now resolve itself into a Committee of the whole for the purpose of equalising the assessment rolls of the several municipalities comprised within this County, Mr. Dow in the chair.—Carried.

The Council then went into Committee Mr. Dow in the chair.

The Committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

On motion the Council then adjourned till 2 o'clock p.m.

Afternoon Session.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 2 o'clock p.m., and again went into Committee of the whole on the assessment, Mr. Dow in the chair.

The Committee rose and presented a report which was read by the Clerk:

That the several municipalities in the County should be assessed at the following rate per acre, viz.:

Nepean	$5.00
Gloucester	3.75
Fitzroy	4.00
North Gower	4.00
Huntly	3.90
Goulbourn	3.50
March	3.30
Osgoode	3.25
Torbolton	2.00
Marlborough	2.00
Richmond	30.00
New Edinburgh	300.00

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Graham, that the report on the equalization of the assessment just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor, concerning the appointment of arbitrators to settle the new arrangement between the city and county for the care and maintenance of prisoners, &c.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the communication from H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of the City of Ottawa, be laid over until to-morrow.—Carried.

The Clerk read a petition from John Nile praying that he be reimbursed the amount paid by him for rent of house at present occupied by the military guard on the gaol as a guard room.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Green, that the petition of John Nile be referred to the Gaol Committee.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from W. S. Powell, Esq., Sheriff of Carleton, in answer to motion No. 8 of this session, respecting the number of extra wardens employed in the jail, the reasons for their employment, and whether by order of Government. The letter stated the number to be five, and the reason of their being employed, that Mr. Powell being responsible for the safe-keeping of the prisoners in custody in the jail, deemed them necessary. As to the question touching Government orders, the Sheriff says: "I cannot acknowledge the right of the Council to enquire as to any or what orders I have received, or may receive, from the Government, and therefore respectfully decline to answer the last question in the resolution."

On motion the Council adjourned at five o'clock.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

COLES' DRAMATIC COMPANY.—This company were unable to get their effects here yesterday, nor did Mr. Coles himself arrive. Hence the performances were postponed till this evening. See advertisement.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.) Greatest degree of heat registered during the previous night, 70 above zero.

8 a. m., 78 " "
1 p. m., 94 " "
6 p. m., 94 " "

ANOTHER REPORTED SUNSTROKE.—We were informed yesterday that a man was stricken down by the sun on Daly-st, but on enquiry we could not learn any particulars. It behooves every one to take the greatest care during the prevalence of such excessive heat as we have had this week. Children are liable to suffer even at their own doors, if without the proper covering for their heads.

HOPE OF RECOVERY.—James Hall, who was brought into the hospital yesterday, having accidentally shot himself, was doing better yesterday than was expected. Dr. Sweetland, who is the attending physician, expresses hopes that he will be able to save him. There is one thing a little against his comfort, there are no bedsteads, unless made to order, long enough for the patient, for he measures six feet eight inches without his boots.

SUPPOSED SUN STROKE.—Yesterday afternoon, a man whose name is not known, and who had been employed in the morning by Mr. Booth, fell down at the Chaudiere Flats, and shortly after expired. It was believed that his death was caused by sun stroke. All that is at present known of the man is, that some time since he belonged to the 100th regiment, in which he had served for ten years. An inquest was appointed to be held on the body this morning at 7 o'clock.

POLICE COURT.—Marie Larive, a young girl not unknown to the conservators of law and order, was brought up on a charge of being found coming out of Sparks' bush under circumstances which justified her arrest. She received a very bad character from the police, and His Worship sentenced her to three weeks imprisonment at hard labor in default of a fine of $5 and costs.—Xavier Aubichon was fined $2 and costs for being drunk.—The adjourned rubbish-on-the-sidewalk case was disposed of by fineing the defendant $1 and costs.

ANOTHER SWIMMING HORSE.—The man who lives on the small island near the Gatineau Point, found a horse on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning swimming towards his island home, and secured it. He is now keeping it at his own expense, and is ready to give it up to the owner. The animal had taken a notion to bathe, but from what point he came to the island, is not known to the finder. Notice has been given of the circumstance to the police, and they are in quest of the owner.

Messrs. Godard and Reiffenstein purchased that very valuable and elegant property on the corner of Maria and Metcalf streets, from Mr. Hunter, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., H. McLean, auctioneer, for the sum of £1,400 (fourteen hundred pounds), with easy terms of payment. We think this a very favorable investment, as there are two good dwellings, nearly new, well furnished, and in one of the best locations in the city. This is an example that all the employees in the Government service should follow, and economise their salaries and invest in residences, which they can improve at will, and so add to the value of the property, and their own comfort, instead of living in rented houses at exorbitant rents and sometimes with great discomfort.

The great removal sale at Magee & Russell's still attracts crowds. Casual observers might suppose that an ordinary dry goods stock would not stand such a long siege, but when they consider that a well assorted stock, such as the one under observation, must be valued from $80,000 to $100,000, they need not be surprised that the excitement still continues.

HAMALL'S SERENADERS.—This company made their last appearance at the theatre last night. Their engagement here has been a very successful one, and if good performances and honorable dealing have any merit their success has been deserved. The last night's programme was entirely new, and was carried through with great *eclat* by the whole company, and drew forth the repeated plaudits of the audience. Their music, vocal and instrumental, was all that could be desired throughout. The feats of Will Leroux, assisted by Johnny Howard, evinced great training, brilliancy of movement, vast endurance and a high degree of proficiency; whilst that on the perilous ladder by the two brothers constrained the audience to hold their breath in a kind of admiring terror. At a fearful height from the stage, on their slender contrivance known as the double *echelle perilleuse*, the performers threw themselves about in all sorts of perilous postures, which caused the astonished beholders to fear every moment that they must inevitably fall and dash themselves into the arms of death, when in mid air they were caught by hands or feet, just at the moment when the audience thought they were falling to inevitable destruction, and yet all was done with an easy grace and self-reliance that when relief came, by their descent to the stage uninjured, brought forth torrents of applause. The company have shewn their wisdom in connecting themselves with these gymnasts, and we wish them prosperity in their travels, the more so that with one exception they are all Canadians.

FEMALE SCHOOLS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The gentleman who have been lately visiting the Catholic schools have made no special mention of the female schools in St George's Ward. Are there any such schools? If there are any why not mention them? The fact is that the Catholic Board gives no female schools to the ward mentioned. Whence comes it that a rumor is so common in town that the Sisters of the congregation have been duly authorised by His Lordship to establish themselves in Upper Town or Lower Town, except in St. George's Ward (or St. Joseph's Parish)? Is this rumor correct? I should think that this ward is as much entitled to good female schools as any other part of the city. The taxpayers think so.

Yours,
ST. GEORGE.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

THE MEDICAL COUNCIL.

[Extract from the Report of the Hamilton Times.]

Dr. Turquand, Chairman of the Committee on abortion, brought up their report as follows:—

Your committee to whom was referred the subject of the destruction of foetal life respectfully beg leave to submit the following resolutions for the adoption of this council:

1. Resolved—That this council is fully convinced that the crime of provoked abortion has alarmingly increased within the last few years, and that the publication of quack advertisements and the circulation of certain pamphlets in which the vile practice is covertly inculcated and encouraged have been largely instrumental in augmenting this deplorable evil.

2. In view of these facts, this council feels constrained to record in the strongest language possible its solemn condemnation of this unnatural and heinous crime; and calls upon the whole community—but especially the clergy—to assist, by every means in their power, in suppressing these dreadfully demoralizing and truly murderous acts.

Dr. Richardson opposed the adoption of the words, "but especially the clergy," in the latter clause of the report. He thought it was confessing that medical men could do nothing to put a stop to the evil without help from the clergy. The clergy themselves will take up this matter when they feel it their duty, but they will not only because they are appealed to. He thought the reference to them showed weakness.

Dr. Macpherson had read a great deal respecting such matters, and had given them every consideration. He was of the opinion that the clergy ought to be aroused, and have pointed out to them the fact that there remained a duty for them to perform.

Mr. Berryman said it was difficult for a clergyman to preach against a crime both secret and indelicate. It was proper that the community should be called upon, should be startled with this crime. It was the duty of the clergy to preach against all immorality and crime. He regretted that he was obliged to acknowledge that members of their profession would aid in the perpetration of this evil. It was one that the clergy could not preach on from the pulpit nor speak of in the family.

Dr. Dewar would join issue with the last speaker. All sin is indelicate, and there was really no difference between the murder of the foetus and the murder of the full matured child. No doctor can influence a woman who would be guilty of it, but it was more than probable they might be influenced by their clergy.

Dr. Turquand, as Chairman of the Committee, would say that they had only followed the instructions set out in the resolution referring to this matter. He was in favor of the report as it stood. The clergy were not expected to go and preach, *at all times*, from the pulpit or yet in the family circle on this or any other sin. There was a time for all things and when clergymen were appealed to, and knew that such things existed, it was for each one to choose the proper time. He related two cases of secret and indelicate crime that had come under his treatment. Our public schools were a nursery of these. In one case he got the clergyman to interfere, who spoke to the mother on the subject, and the mother then to her daughter, and he was glad to say with the happiest effect.

Dr. Clarke asked if they were to be told that, after all the money and influence that were placed in the hands of the clergy, there was a false delicacy among them, so that they would not assist to put down this immensely growing evil. It was their *duty*, and they should be told so, and make them responsible for the neglect of that duty. Have they really too much delicacy to speak about these crimes against God and man? and will they enter a drawing-room and take up a newspaper containing those infamous advertisements before alluded to, and not call the attention of the parents to the fact that such advertisements are calculated to increase these crimes by affecting the female mind, and boldly offering them a means of escape from the consequences of their immorality, and hiding their shame. For a doctor to speack in the family on this matter was useless, as they would be told they were interested in the dollars and cents, as he had before alluded to.

Dr. Richardson would like to hear further from Dr. Workman on this matter.

Dr. Workman thought they could not get the co-operation of the clergy, for, in fact, they knew nothing about the practice or extent of these secret vices of and crimes; they were far too innocent of what was going on around them. There was nothing he was so suspicious about as a young man coming to the institution over which he presided with a high character from his minister. He knew in a moment that he had one guilty of secret vice, when he as recommended as mild, quiet, respectful, shy of female society, a regular attender on Sabbath School and Bible class, &c., &c. The clergy, as a general thing, are quite innocent judges of human nature, and, it was to be feared, could not be aroused to take hold of this matter. He thought the press was much to blame, when, for a few paltry dollars, they would consent to sow broadcast the seeds of these crimes.

Dr. Aikens thought the clergy could do much, more particularly with with press. They did not hesitate to denounce the reading of novels; but he could point out to them religious papers, so-called, that were not too particular as to what advertisements they admitted into their columns, for the sake of the dollar.

The motion for the adoption of the Report was then put and carried.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 17, 1868.

The races came off here to-day. About 4,000 persons were present, and they afforded good sport. A large amount of money changed hands. The following were the winners names: Dominion plate, A. Smith's *Luxemburg*; United Service Stakes, D. Morton's *Twilight*; Queen's plate, Jas. White's *Nellie*: the 5th Queen's plate won by this mare; 13th Hussars Charger Race, Capt. Starke's *Hilgram*; Hurdle Race, Mr. Moore's *Charger*.

The *Globe* says if ever a man betrayed his party for a bribe it was Mr. W. P. Howland, and the fact may be only the prelude to still greater treachery.

The gunboat *Heron* has returned to port under orders.

FROM HALIFAX.

Meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of British North America—Little interest taken in the Proceedings.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 17, 1868.

The Canadian delegates, and a few from the Maritime Provinces, attended the annual meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of British North America in this city yesterday. The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron delivers an address to the organization this evening. Very little attention is paid by the citizens of Halifax either to the delegates or their proceedings. The Canadian delegates will leave for home on Friday, going by way of St. John N. B.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—The steamer *Siberia* for New York which put back disabled a few days ago, sailed again, and has been obliged to put back again.

PARIS, June 17.—The corps Legislatif yesterday gave their assent to the proposed Suez line.

MADRID, June 17.—The following changes have taken place in the Spanish Cabinet:—The Marquis DeRoucilli has been made Foreign Minister; Coronado, Minister of Justice, and Ruhi, Minister for the Colonies.

BRUSSELS, June 17.—Admiral Farragut invited the King to review the squadron under his command. The King has accepted the invitation, and the review will take place at an early day in the harbor of Ostend.

PARIS, June 17.—In the ministerial report on the budget, reference is made to the general arming represented to be going on in Europe, and the report declares that both the people and Government of France desire peace, and there is now no evidence that the existing state of tranquility throughout Europe will be disturbed.

BERLIN, June 17.—In the North German Parliament to-day, the budget was adopted. A report is in circulation that certain important papers have been discovered in Silesia, which reveal the existence of a plot involving the lesser European powers with France against Prussia.

King William has gone to visit Hanover for the first time since the late war with Austria.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Trial of John H. Surratt.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The trial of John H. Surratt, which was yesterday postponed until Monday next, is not likely to take place then, as those who represent the Government say that further time will have to be granted them to prepare. If a request is made for further postponement the prisoner will be admitted to bail.

Fenian Convention in Portland.

PORTLAND, ME., June 17.—The State Fenian Convention met here to-day. Addresses were made by Gen. O'Neill and others, wherein a war movement was explained. Men and money were pledged and several officers, graduates of West Point, offered their services.

The American Sangerbund.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Preparations for the Sixteenth Annual Sangerfest of the North American Sangerbund, are about completed. The decorations are on a magnificent scale. The foreign delegations are expected here to-morrow.

Congressional.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The *Tribune's* special says: No definite action has yet been reached by the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, on the Bill for the better protection of United States citizens living abroad.

Gen. Grant has not yet taken any measures to check the Fenians.

The *Tribune's* special says the report that Gen. Grant had sent out an inspector to look after the Fenian movement on the frontier is untrue.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Counterfeiter Sentenced to 12 years' Imprisonment.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—The notorious counterfeiter of 100 dollars and 500 dollars greenbacks, Charles Ulrich, who has given the government much trouble, has pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment. His conviction breaks up a dangerous gang.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The steamer *Australasian* from Liverpool has arrived.

Shipment of Specie.

The steamer *Cuba* to-day took out $576,400 in specie.

The Pacific Railroad.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—In the Senate to-day the chair presented a communication from Gen. Sheridan, urging that the Central Pacific Railroad be compelled to extend their line from Atchison to Fort Leavenworth.—Referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroad.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The *Post's* financial article says there are no new features in the money market. Latest move to-day—Money ruled quiet and easy with a large supply at 2½.

A New Coalition Against Radicalism.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says there is a coalition against Radicalism, forming by the Conservative Republicans and Democrats, with Chase at its head. The Democratic leaders still hold aloof from the movement.

Congress.

It is thought Congress cannot adjourn till the latter part of July.

A 100 Miles Race.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The match of 100 miles, for a purse of $1,000 and the championship of New England, between a young man named McEtterick and T. A. Scott, commenced yesterday afternoon, at Winter Park, in Medford, which resulted to-day by McEtterick winning the match in 21 hours, 6 minutes, and 49 seconds.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—Thackeray being told that an acquaintance of his, who was notorious for his love of beer, had sailed for India, remarked "he was a good fellow; take him for 'half-and-half,' we shall never look upon his like again." Had the friend been fond of Italian Bitters he could have been praised for "all-in-all."

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS, BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS, BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS, BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES, BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES, AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—My attention was attracted to a paragraph inserted in an evening paper of this city, said paragraph bearing the heading of "Pass them Round," and calculated to injure the reputation of the company of which I have the management. The proprietor of this sheet states that I refused to pay his bill when presented, which is so far correct, but he forgets to state the reason why such payment was refused. The plain facts of the case are these: the agent of the company, who is now ahead advertising it West, on concluding a contract with the newspaper in which he wishes to advertise *always* gives a printed contract, a book of which he is furnished, and fills up with the amount to be collected, in order that there may be no trouble in collecting. The proprietor of the aforesaid sheet acknowledged that he had no order for the advertisement, and that he copied it out of a morning paper. We have always paid our honest debts, and mean to do so still, but will not submit to imposition in whatever form it is attempted to be made. The term "men of straw" may with more truth and greater force be applied to the proprietor of a sheet who attempts to collect money on a "debt" which was never contracted.

JOHN HAMALL,
Business Manager,
Hamall's Serenaders.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

—"Spiced mutton" is now being imported in large quantities into England from Australia.

—A photographer of Berlin, wishing to add to his stock a likeness of Julia Ebergenyi, the poisoner, requested a friend in Vienna to procure one for him. His friend, unable to get what he wanted, sent him instead the *carte de visite* of the beautiful Princess Furstenburg, which the photographer copied and sold in thousands as the likeness of the criminal. Most of the illustrated journals of Europe have accepted Princess Furstenburg's likeness as that of Julia Ebergenyi, and the Princess has brought an action against the Prussian photographer for the discredit which he has thus innocently been the means of bringing upon her features.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Those who are desirous of RECRUITING THE HEALTH of themselves and their families *will* do well to pass a few weeks at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 770-3

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brzah, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.,
Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. NO MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-3m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your BRONCHIAL TROCHES."

C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

DIED.

On the 17th instant, Oliver, infant son of Mr. G. Mann.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

Two cheques given by the undersigned for $100 each, dated in the months of July and December, 1867, upon the Royal Canadian Bank, Ottawa, and marked good by the Bank, but not returned for payment, must be presented to us to be cashed, as payment of them has been stopped at the Bank.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

Ottawa, June 18, 1868. 771-1awd