Soda Water Apparatus for Sale,-Wm. Prod A Good Cook Wanted. Rooms to Let-Mrs. Sutton's.



County Official Paper. TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1868.

WE understand that it was determined by the Privy Council yesterday to post pone the consideration of the Intercolonial Railway Route, in order that further

HAVING on former occasions given promi. | career nence to the arguments of the press and the several Boards of Trade against the existing Sugar Duties, we publish to-day the other side of the question. Audi alteram partens is always a safe rule, and as this whole subject of Segar Duties will doubtless be discussed in all its bearings when the Tariff. comes up for reconsideration, it is well that the public should be in possession of the fullest information concerning it.

A RECENT issue of the Halltax Citizen al-Newfoundland, frankly admitted that the the existence of a disposition "to look the ever reached before. "supject in the face." The Cifizen then prothere is very little hope of repeal for Nova and cheap vellow refined sugars. Scotia; that formerly, guided partly by the moderate tone of the Untario and Quebec diminished Tates of duty, is in excess of prethe "Nova Scotia party" would not be semously opposed; but that now it is evident- last year's experience is that there were intia within the Union, but to bring the other | Hamilton itself seems to have been the chief Provinces into it also, and that consequently the question is forced upon the Nova Scothat reason a great deal more, earnest in its | the instance of the grocers, examined and advocacy of repeal; and from the article to | tested them, that they are superior in strength which we have referred it is evident the and purity to raw sugar of apparently equal Citizen has now abandoned whatever hopes quality. it may have entertained of withdrawing the We are far from advocating excessive pro-Province from the Union.

Citizen and the Chronicle, and other Anti- porters .- Com. Union papers in Nova Scotia, will have a grave responsibility resting upon them they give heed to rash counsels. The leader gressed the bounds of sobriety and common sense in his denunciation of the Union Act and the means for setting it aside; it is for those occupying no less responsible positions, but having perhaps more interest in the peace and prosperity of the Province, to see that his inflammatory appeals to the passions Scotians in time of their obvious duty to give pirts were 37,652,249 lbs. and 35,655,653 the system a trial. Their Delegates are libs. respectively. Now, I want to know what To withdraw his troops of winds and blustering scarcely yet on " the high seas," yet one harm the present tariff has done to the forwho is doubtless sincere in wishing them success reads in "the signs of the times" the certainty of their failure. There can be no longer a reason why the Citizen should refuse to discuss the question "What then?" and we think it its duty to speak out before some zealot, reckless of consequences, gives another turn to the agitation that has already done a great deal of mischief, and under the guidance of bad or mistaken men, is capable of doing a great deal more.

A movement which has for its opponents the greater number of the best men of both the old political parties, and in which the best men in its favor are cast aside from the leadership, and thrown into the background by the magnates of the Local Legislature, cannot after all have a deep hold on intelligence of the Province. There must of necessity be a very large amount of clap trap and electioneering nonsense at the preposterous statement as that. bottom of it, to give it the appearance of am equally sure that the vitality it possesses. But we must not forget | who made the statement had that when these are successful they act just slightest intention of conveying a false as powerfully and effectually on the prejudices derstood the question? The actual quantity for being drunk and disorderly on the street | Denver and Cheyenne and along the Pacific | and the Sultan of Lahej has contracted to of men as if they were gospel truths; and of sweets taying duties lower than \$2.25 was was fined \$3, or in default of payment one from feeling controlled by prejudice, to action 32,623,479 lbs., of which 8,796,478 lbs., incited by passion, the passage is neither long nor hard to make. Since, therefore, the is a considerable one, even alongside of many been rather more given to argument and rather less to abuse, than and sugar refiners. I want to know the been engaged cleaning. Mr. Langrell testified side of the question, it could perhaps now more appropriately than the others take the lead in inviting the Nova Scotians to try the Union for a while; to try it long enough at least to dissipate or confirm the predictions of those was have prophecied either against it. A single year will show something of its effects; a few years will place its influence on the prosperity of Nova Scotia within the scope of actual demonstration: and until that time, repeal being admittedly give 8 to 9; with only two months' credit "hopeless, at least for the present, further agitation will be not only useless, but positively mischievous. As one of the instructors of the refiner" would be a benefit to those who are now nearly as cheap as before the Ameriof its party, the Citiza is bound to find a seek the change? confessedly groping in the dark.

Manager of the Royal Canad an Bank in this restored to health.

THE UNITED SERVICE GAZETTE; Devoted to should have paid \$1.37 per 100 lbs , instead the interests of the passed candidates of of 73c? the Military Schools, the Volunteers and | There is a prodigious amount of non

Alex. Riggs, Elitor.

above named journal, the scope and object of which are sufficiently expressed by its title. Its mechanical appearance is very creditable, and its "get up" generally, attractive, while the quantity of reading matter it furnishes is large. Of the editorial his reputation in this department of journal- ing at the Police Court. sm, and being now "enabled to present a journal entirely under his own control." will ably fulfil its mission, and satisfy the expectations of its friends. Of the value of a urnal devoted to the diffusion of military nowledge, and the cultivation of a patriotic spirit among the wouth of the country, we need say nothing; it must impress itself the attention of every man who reflects the subject, that any defensive effort which Canada can make on its own behalf, must be measured by the patriotic fervor of its pec ple as to its extent, and their military edu cation as to its capacity-hence the duty of eacouraging such enterprises as the Gazette, o which we wish a long and prosperous

THE SUGAR DUTIES.

The letter reprinted below from a Montrea paper, puts all the outery about the sugar points which are remarkably at variance with preconceived notions, and directly contradicts the cutter became frightened and gave herself standing 242 affirmatives to one negative. fancy in this country; that it is very much the assertions freely made at the meetings held at Toronto and Hamilton, about the intervened between her and what she con-

1st. So far from direct importations sugar diminishing, they never were larger. 2nd. So far from total importations

3rd. Sofar from consumption diminishing. tion to press the Union of Newfoundland. largely due to the plentitul supply of suitable 4th. The revenue from sugar, even from

> Tue great fault which can be found with equalities in the administration of the assess ment, which are to be regretted, but in this

To cap the climax, we have all been told than they anticipated, as to the that refined yellow sugars are weaker than raw sugars, in fact one theory has been that does | they were diluted in some way, as the only way of accounting for the low rate they have been sold at, and now comes from Quebec by telegraph the report of Dr. Larue, who, at

tection to any manufacture indeed on ar Now the grave question which our can article like sugar; we are of opinion that temporary proposes, though in advance as to the public at large are mainly concerned in time, is not by any means untimely, because getting cheap sugar, but we are grievously inevitable is prepared for the mistaken if the public or the Government better. It is merely the "Want then?" of will permit an important and successful the Hon. Mr. Hows repeated, and as in his manufacture to be treated unfairly for the case without a solution. To our view the purpose of benefitting a few wholesale im

Sir, -In your commercial columns of to

day you copy the Globe's report of the action Duties, and the Hamilton Spectator's report of a meeting in Hamilton upon the same

The statements which were made suggest some questions which, with your permission. I will take the liberty of publicly asking. 1. In order to show the importance of the sugar trade, and its effect upon the revenue. one gentleman stated the quantities of all the year ending 30th June, 1867. The aggregate the receding snow shall reveal to our view was 52,779,070 los., which I find by referpromising its own position, or being recreant | ence to the Trade Returns is very nearly to the cause it has espoused, advise the Nova | correct. The Trade Returns, however, show that in the two previous years the total im-

eign trade of the country. No. 2. I find that the total amount of duty

In 1867,.... \$1,080,018 In 1866, 934,609 In 1865, 889,621

sugar duties have done to the public revenue. 3. I find that under the present tariff, re fined sugar pays a duty of 3 cents per under the preceding thriff it paid 3 cents and 15 per cent. say \$4 20. Under the present tar.ff, grocery sugar pays \$2.25; under the preceding tariff it paid 2 cents and ten per cent. say \$2.50. I want to know why the so, it is hoped they may be all properly claspresent tariff is considered so favorable to foreigners as compared with the last.

4. One gentleman in Toronto correctly stated that the imports of the better grades, viz., sugars paying \$2.25 and upwards at Montgeal, amounted to 12,016,782 lbs., Toronto, though it is to be regretted that we to 237, 253,479 lbs., for the same period." am quite sure that the gentleman connected with Mr. Redpath's Refinery at Montreal never furnished the speaker with such a pression; but can it be supposed consisted of molasses. It strikes me that an error to the extent of 205 millions of pounds absurd statements I see about sugar duties | ner's Drug Store, Upper Town, where she had the wretched sugar refiners in Montreal are

upposed to have consumed last year. rellow refined sugars. If these sugars are excluded, how does it happen that they are quoted in the Trade Review of to-day at 81 to 92, while yellow refined is quoted at 82 to

won't give more than 81 for Porto Rico sugar with four months' credit, while they or sugars which are stated to be interior? 6. I want to know how a " change which would not decrease the revenue or the profits

7. The Hamilton gentlemen complain of a lately received a few bales of gray and white break in the Croton dam was unfounded in plied for the Crown, and Judge Fitzgerald solution for the difficulty it has already re.

seen and proclaimed; until it does so, it is duties at the different ports of entry."

The Hamilton gentlemen complain of a lately received a lew bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since fact.

An Extensive Snow Slide-Six Chinamen deliberation, were discharged without giving trade returns show decided evidence of this. any description of dry goods would do well Hamilton, however, would appear to be one to see their stock before purchasing. 582y Tue many friends of Mr. M. P. Haves, late of the greatest offenders. Is Hamilton con-Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c. - Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all entered at that port should have been admit- kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles city, will be glad to learn that letters recently tel under \$2.25, and whether every pound of of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the received state that he is almost completely the 970,263 lbs., entered as "Molasses" was cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery renot actually augar house syrup, which paired.

Service Militia, and the Naval force of sense spoken and written about the sugar the Dominion. No. 1, Vol. 1, Satur I duties. The question is no doubt a difficult day, March 7, 1868, Ottawa: D. P. & ohe; but can any one who reads the papers A. Riggs. Publishers and Proprietors; fail to perceive that the wrangling about if arises entirely, from the introduction We have received the first number of the manufacture here which of course has the effect of depriving importers of a portion

I WAST TO KNOW.

LOCAL NEWS

Boots-A boy named Brooks was arrested management of the Gazette, we need scarcely | yesterday for the larceny of a pair of boots speak, as Mr. Raggs has already established and will appear in genteel company this morn- THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

THE BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES .- The Slip have been brought here for trial. Board met last evening to examine plans and the public may rely upon it that the Gazette specifications for the new Central School

to state that this train will resume its regular trips on Wednesday the 11th inst., leaving on the Irish Church establishment, already Prescott at 6:30 p. m., and Ottawa at 10:30 appointed, shall have made their report. m., daily, Sundays excepted. Did'NT GO TO CHURCH .- An apprentice of

family of his employer on Sunday to go to Charch, but he gave them the slip, and returned to the house, which he pillaged, and made off with the spoil. Young AND KADFORD have the largest, best

Ottawa. They have also on hand a very Lieutenant-General. choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style.

Collision -A collision took place between a cutter and another vehicle yesterday afternoon at Sussex and York-sts. The lady in up for lost, when the brawny arm of a soldier saved by a gallant son of Mars

THE SIDEWALKS AGAIN .- While almost the whole cits have turned out to remove the francs; total estimated receipts 1,792,000,000 vote of the Legislature on the Address proved diminishing, they are far above what they snow from the sidewalks, no attempt has been france; expenditures from ordinary sources of the post office and the United Service Gaexpenditures 1,811,000,000 francs. zette. Considering the great number of people constantly passing and repassing, this should have been one of the first spots in the city to be attended to. When Parliament opens on

> there being several boats building in the neighthe jail by prisoners who are unable to work | the guilty parties. On the night before the | pect the ministry have been impelled too at stone breaking, and by all when the weather is such as to confine the prisoners commodity, and the difference between that business yet. Several other boats will be built during the spring and summer, and all

the juil can furnish can be sold. ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE, March 9 -H. W. Nelson, Alex. Bell, W. Bell, Davies, Robt. McGee, R. Lambe, Montreal; R. G. Haliburton, Halifax; W. H. Blush, New York ; C. H. Baldwin, Montreal ; K. B. Hunter, New York ; T. S. Detlor, Prescott ; John Davis Toronto ; Geo. Shipway, Montreal ; T D. Archibald and wife, Sydney, C. B.; D Bell Montreal; D. A. Wall, Montreal; E. Spelman, Montreal; James Gibb, J. L. Gibb, Quebec; Jno. Villier, Toronto.

GOODS FOR THE COUNTRY .- For some days past we have observed a large number of teams heavily laden with all kinds of goods required for the supply of country stores, as groceries, dry goods, &c., and some of the wholesale stores in the city have been doing of the Local Legislature has already trans- taken by the Council of the Board of Trade a good business. There being no certainty as in Toronto upon the subject of the Sugar to the continuance of good roads much hurry in to replenish their stock with sufficient to last them till the opening of naviga-

THE WEATHER. - Yesterday was a brilliant made people forget the biting frosts of the efferent grades of sugar imported into the expiring winter, and in spite of slop and slush

late Province of Canada during the fiscal to look forward to the bright days coming, when the purity of the snow-drop, for "The snow drop is the Herald of the Flowers Sent with his small white flag of truce.

To plead for his beleagured bre hren;

And, having won a smile of promise from the pity-Returns to tell the issue of his errand To the expectant hosts."

THE OPENING OF THE NEW SCHOOL HOUSE .-The new Central School East was opened without ceremony, yesterday morning for the reception of scholars. Drafts were made on the several schools in the Eastern section to the extent of nearly three hundred, when four sections were formed of about seventy each ; these will, of course, be arranged exactly according to the attainments, but in a week or sified and in smooth working order. The building itself is well adopted for a school house, and is in nearly all respects superior to any of the " palatial " school buildings of favorable comparison with the Toronto schools in interior economy, nor shall we do

so until we are prepared to pay for it. Police Court .- Robinson Lyon was brought up on a charge of using abusive language to Jemima Kerr. The case was proven and de. fendant fined \$6 and costs.—Isidore Gagnon week in jail at hard labor. - Catherine McMartin was charged with purloining a small amount of silver from the till of Mr. Skin authority for the astounding quantity which to her previous good character; and having elected to be tried summarily the Police | ly than last fall. 5. The same gentleman stated that the | Magistrate gave her a sound moral lecture finest class of raw sugars "excluded" by and sentenced her to three days in jail .- Two the present tariff are of more value than the boys, who had been in the lock-up all night, were brought up charged with playing marbles on Sunday, and in consideration of their having been locked up for the night were dis-

> Young and Rappond's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call, Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st.

COTTON NO LONGER KING .- Cotton goods

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES. Parts, March 8. - In the Corps Logislatif last week the clause in the Press Bill which subjects persons connected with the public | quell the revolution at Mazatella, journals to forfeiture of their electoral rights as punishment for certain offences, was rejected

VIESNA, March 8 .- The Imperial Minister Foreign Affairs yesterday, in reply to a Magyar delegation which waited on him, with an address, said he fully realized the importance of preserving friendly relations with all European powers, and especially with the King of Italy.

Lospon, March 9 .- The Fenians on trial a

Viron Gifford has been appointed Vice-

question will be put off until the Commission 2nd. Another commission will be appointed to enquire into the relations of landlord and tenant in Ireland. 3rd. A charter will be granted for a new Roman Catholic Univer-4th. Irish railways are to be subsidized DUBLIN, March 9 .- Messrs. Fitzgerald,

Dohoney, and McCarthy, arrested for seditious conduct, have been discharged from custody. Mr. W. Johnson, the Orange Secretary, refuser to accept the offer of release from his sentence and cheapest stock of watches to be found in of imprisonment on the terms proposed by the London, March 9 .- There has been a gen-

eral change in the Turkish Cabinet-all the Ministers have resigned. Ali Pasha and others a matter; and probably, had they acted upon have been appointed to succeed them. Paris, March 9 .- Eve .- In the Corps Legislatif to-day the debate on the Bill for the regulation of the public press was closed, and | than that which has passed the Legislature, the Bill, as from time to time amended, was | would have been the result. It must not be passed with remarkable unanimity, the vote forgotten that mining industry is in its in The Ministerial budget for the ensuing fiscal of a lottery; that there are many of the receipts and expenditures as estimated by M. Mague, Minister of Finance: Receipts from ordinary sources 1,699,000,000 francs receipts from extraordinary sources 93 million 1,627,000,000 francs; expenditures from extra-

London, March 9 .- In the House of Comfrom Mr. J. Harvey Lewis, Mr. Gatherne Hardy, the Home-Secretary, stated that the | vielding something like a steady aver police had been previously informed of the lage, ther. we might safely follow the plot for blowing up one of the walls of practice of the sister Province of Nova thoroughfares of the city, and one of the worst. the Clerkenwell prison, and effecting the Scotia. At this moment any tax is imposit OAKUM .- We are reminded by the fact of release of Fenian prisoners. Their informer, who was within the prison, was to give them | placed the minimum royalty as low as two notice when the conspirators approached to per cent-beyond which it is not likely they borhood of the city that we have on several light the fuse, by throwing a white ball over | will go in any case-even that ought to have occasions advocated the picking of oakum in the wall, whereupon the police were to seize been foregone at the present time. We susexplosion a cask of powder was seen in the | much with a desire to please all parties, and street, but as no attempt was made to blow | the result is that of the fable. At the same up the wall that night the signal was not | time the royalty imposed is so small that i within the jail. Oakum is always a saleable given and the powder was allowed to remain, need discourage no one interested in mining and no arrests were made. The police sup- operations. The proposal to grant licenses posed that the execution of the plot was post+ to miners to prospect .is a good one, and poned to the following evening, and were off doubtless many claims will be taken up their guard when the explosion took place under this system .- Leader. unexpectedly during the day.

Lord Stanley informed the House that an exhaustive investigation had been ordered in the case of the vessel Lizzie Line, seized in

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES. Sr. Louis, March 8 .- An accident occurred on the Missouri Pacific Bailroad, near Jefferson city, on Friday, by which an engine was upset into the Missouri river, killing the engineer

Cmcago, March 8 .- The rains of the past to voluntary assessment. Mr. Gladstone extwo days have extended all over the northwest, and a general freshet is threateued. Already much of the country is flooded, and much damage is reported. AURORA, ILL', March 7 .- By the breaking of

an ice gorge here this morning several dams and bridges were considerably damaged. The longer, no doubt all country storekeepers will rivers in this section are higher than they A Summons Served Upon President Washington, March 8 .- The Sergeant-at-

Arms of the Senate waited upon President Johnson at four p'clock vesterday afternoon, and served upon him a summons to appear before the Court of Impeachment. The Pre- tion of vestry cess in Ireland, over 30 years The President's Counsel.

NEW YORK, March 9 .- The Herald's special savs Jeremiah S. Black, Attorney-General Stanberry, and Benjamin B. Curtis, of Mass. have been positively determined upon as counsel for the President in his impending

Gen. Hancock asks to be

for his action, and will probably be denied. Examination of Reporters.

The impeachment managers on the part of porters have been sent for to testify before improved convention.

Excitement in New Orleans. NEW YORK, March 9 .- The Tribune's New Orleans special says, the opposition city papers are still apologizing for the conduct of Jeff. Davis and Hancock on the occasion of the firemen's parade. Not one of them condemns it. Gen. Hancock's policy seems still more ruinous. City notes have depreciated to 25 cents discount and a panic exists in the city.

The mayor, anticipating trouble, has issued a proclamation to-day, indirectly charging Gen. have not yet found the material for making a Hancock and leading rebels here with the responsibility of any event that may occur. The people are anxiously hoping that Grant will send a saf-r and abler commander to administer affairs in this district. From the Plains. Sr. Louis, March 8 .- Despatches from coint, and steamers have arrived at Council

Omaha say the Missouri river is open to that roilroad as far east as Fort Kearney, on Tues. | supply them with grass, &c. Everything day and Friday last. The railroad is blocked has doubled in price here except European by snow drifts. No trains have reached Omaha | articles. Sheep, grain, grass, firewood, and since Friday. Reports from Fort Laramie say | water are all scarce. Wages, too, have gone several thousand Indians were gathered in up 50 per cent.' that neighborhood to hold a council with the Peace Commissioners. They insist upon the abandonment of the Powder river country by the Government, but they appear more friend-

From Japan. New York, March 9 .- The Herald's Hioga Japan) correspondence of January 4th says mand of the fleet in the China seas in place of the deceased Admiral Bell. The English fleet, as well as the American, half-masted all their fings and fired minute guns during the funeral.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrived. HALIFAX, N.S., March 9 .- The steamship Belgian arrived here this morning at 11 o'clock, New York, March 9 .- The report of a

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8. - A snow slide of

five or six miles in extent has occurred near Commission. the town of Cizco. Six Chinamen are known to have been killed. From Vera Cruz.

been engaged in the late conspiracy to over- the Irish question was brought up by the treasury and indulge in scenes of rapine and murder. Troops have been despatched to

THE GLOBE'S HUMOR.

One of the leading articles in the Globs to-day looks as if it had just recovered from an attack of small pox, for every second line is graced with quotation marks. For the sake of those who appreciate humor, such as the Globe is able to furnish, we give a few

"Mice, rats, and cats have been taught to endure the most intimate relations, and the golden age, on a small scale, has in those particular instances returned.

This pleasant blending of the information acquired by the study of Natural History The Morning Post, in an editorial on the and Mythology is refreshing, and when we subject of Irish reform, says the plan which are informed that " mice and cats have St. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY PAR- will be pursued by the new Government, un shaken hands, serpents and infants have got LIAMENTARY TRAIN .- We have been requested der Mr. D'Israeli, in regard to Ireland, is as to be friendly, the calf and the crocodile have follows: 1st. The consideration of the church | looked each other in the face," our admiraalready provided for by acts of Parliament tion for the facetious writer knows no A desultory conversation followed, and ultibounds. Funny dog that man must be Sometime ago our contemporary startled people by a tale of a "loose fish shifting oats across a Tory fence:" It would seem as if the article under consideration were a second edition of the fish story .- Toronto Telegraph.

THE MINING BILL.

Massachusetts. It would be saying what we believe the facts would not warrant, were we to assert that the Mining Bill which has just become aw, gives satisfaction to those whom it wil most nearly concern. The Government were entitled to full time to consider so important their own conviction of what ought to have been done, rather than yielded to the pressure of interested parties, a more satisfactory Bill far been small; the expenditure large. We are within the mark rather than without it when we say that over half a million of dollars have been expended in the Madoc region, whilst not, perhaps, a thousand dollars have yet been realized. Under such circumstances the most liberal inary sources 1,840,000,000; total estimated | policy was required. Our mining industry is more in want of encouragement than repression. A royalty may be good enough, but it. Were the mines in full working order, tic, and although the Government have

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE CHURCH-RATE QUESTION.

On the 13th of February, in the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone moved the second reading of his Compulsory Church-Rate Abolition Bill. It abolishes hereafter all legal proceedings for the recovery of churchrates, except in cases of rates already made. or where money has been borrowed on the security of the rates; but it permits voluntary assessments to be made, and all agreements to make such payments, on the faith of which any expenditure has been incurred, shall be enforcible in the same manner as contracts of a like character in any court of law or equity. No one who has not paid shall be able to vote on any question relating pressed a strong hope that the Bill would elicit such a concurrence of opinion as would lead to a satisfactory settlement, but inti- to their horses for the purpose of improving mated that if he failed, he should no longer stand in the way of the total abolitionists. To Dissenters the Bill offered a total abolition of the principle of compulsion, while to Churchmen it offered the advantage of retaining and extending the existing machinery by which, in many cases, voluntary rates were now levied, without the smallest idea of resorting to compulsion. To those who objected to the principle of total abolition he

POSTAL TREATY WITH THE UNITED STATES. In the House of Commons on the 20th o February Mr. Hunt said, in answer to a question of the Secretary of the Treasury. that when the Post Office authorities began to bring the Postal Convention with the be no more wondering what is best to take for The Times' special says General Hancock's United States into operation it was found to coughs and colds, or for the cure of rheumatlast request to be relieved from command at require revision upon certain points. In ism, pleurisy, neuralgia, tooth-ache, strains, St. Louis, has been laid before the President order to put himself into a position to negotiate such a revision, the Postmaster-General found it necessary to give notice to terminate | everywhere for such complaints, and is enthe Convention. Correspondence is now the House have been examining the reporters | going on between the British Post Office and of President Johnson's speeches, and other re- that of the United States with a view to an

THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION. According to a despatch received in London

on the 21st ult. from the Times' special correspondent, Sir Robert Napier had reached Attegherat. The van-guard was beyond that place, moving toward Antalo. A despatch from Annesley, dated Feb. 3rd, says: "Six FLOUR-Extra companies of the 4th Regiment and the 3rd Bombay Infantry have gone on to Senafe. The 45th Regiment has arrived at headquarters. The 10th Bengal Cavalry has

A correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette writing from Aden on the 3rd of February, says : " One of the Bengal Cavalry Regiments, the 10th Sikh Horse destined for Abyssinia, has been stopped here. There ship-loads have arrived and have been landed; eight more are expected, A severe snow storm occurred at They are encamped cut at Shaikh Othman.

The trial of the Press cases having terminated, the prosecutions for the Dublin procession on the 8th of December last were opened in the Dublin Commission Court on the 20th of February. Messrs. John Marin, John L. Lalor, A. M. Sullivan, and Thomas Brecken were included in one indictment. Mr. Martin, Mr. Sullivan, and Mr. Bracken had no counsel, and Mr. Lalor alone was defended by Mr. Crean. Mr. Sullivan made a long and eloquent speech in his own detense on the following day. Mr. John Martin spoke over an hour in his own defease. He protested against the mode of impannelling the jury, and maintained the right of the people to express the feelings with which they regarded the Manchester short of coal, and experienced heavy weather, executions. He, as a loval man, would not have taken part in the procession did he not believe it was constitutional, and its legality a verdict, and the traversers were bound in their own recognizance to appear at the next

THE REFORM LEAGUE AND THE IRISH QUESTION. that the trial of the persons alleged to have | Eeq., M.A., in the chair. A long report on | 12s. Tallow 42s. 9d. Naval stores dull.

TIGHT BINDING

throw the Juarez Government is progressing. sub-committee appointed for the purpose of The plan of the Mexicans was to assassinate reporting on that subject. The first clause the members of the Juarez Cabinet, overcome recommended the total abolition of the Irish the regiment stationed at the palace, mob the | Church at once. | The clause was passed by a considerable majority. The President said that he would insist on his protest being en- \$11 for Common to Choice Extra Western. tered against the clause as passed. The fol. Rye flour quiet at \$7.60 @ \$9.50. Wheat a lowing sections, recommending the abolition of the endowment of Maynooth College and of the regium donum to the Presbyterians. were passed without any opposition, as were also those recommending the abolition of the customs of entail and primogeniture. Regarding the clauses which recommended the Mixed Western affoat; \$1 31 for old do. in sale of entailed property to the State, a dis- store. Barley scarce and firm ; sales, 12,500 cussion arose during which the President bush, at \$2.25 for Western, and \$2.30 for said that he objected altogether to making Canada. Oats 13c. better: receipts, 1,700 the nation the landlord of these estates. bush.; sales, 72,000 bush., at 83;c. @ 84;c. for for the repayment of moneys withdrawn, dark What they wanted was to change the present | Western in store. Pork lower and irregular at rents into fixed and permanent rents, as sug | \$24.60 @ \$24.80 for new mess; \$23.50 @ gested by Mr. J. Stuart Mill and Sir John \$23,75 for old do. Lard a shade firmer at 142c. Gray. He was of opinion that the law which @ 16c. for small lots. converted leasehold property, with covenants for perpetual renewal, into tenures and tee, should be extended to all leasehold property in Ireland. The clauses as they originally stood would obtain no more than what was

> mately the debate was adjourned. AN INTERNATIONAL BOAT RACE. For some time past efforts have been made with a view of arranging for an international boat race between the English University of Oxford and the men of Harvard University.

The representatives of the two Universities, however, are unable to agree upon terms, and there would seem but little prospect of this interesting event taking placeduring the present year, unless one or the other consents to a very considerable modification of the conditions which they now demand. The American oarsmen, accustomed to a wide, straight river, refuse to row upon the Thames. but propose that the race should take place upon the broad waters of Lake Windermere. They also ask to be allowed to row without a coxswain as they are aceight men, while the Oxford boat would Church, where she is prepared to undertake all have nine men to carry. To these demands work in her line. The latest styles and fashions kept constantly on hand. Oxford very naturally demurs and the Secretary of the Oxford University Boat Club, in a friendly letter, points out to the agent of the Harvard crew that no satisfactory result can arise from a race under such circumstances, the object of the race being not to test the excellence of the respective systems, which are both the result of the different waters in which the two crews are in the habit of rowing, but the skill and endurance of the men themselves. He says that it is much more reasonable to ask the Americans to adopt the English system of steering, which would involve no change in the boats or style of rowing, while the art of steering may be learned by a coxswain in 'the month, but not the art of steering without a coxswain. If the Americans consent to this the Englishmen are willing to meet them on Lake Windermere, or any other course which may be selected. The London Telegraph says: - "Surely the Oxford eight-oar against the Harvard eight is a basis which might be trankly accepted upon water to the taste of the Americans, so long as it was water where an outrigger could live. If Harvard " means business, she will accept the fairest terms that Oxford can offer : the race should be rowed on perfectly equitable conditions; and, as noblesse oblige, so the renown of the Dark Blue should induce the

famous oarsmen of the Isis to concede all that reason warrants. The New York World advises the Harvard

men to remember the fate of Hammill, who went over to row the English champion and was beaten out of sight. It adds : " At the English Universities men enter much older than in our Colleges, twenty being the average age against about seventeen on this side. And, finally, the physique of any class of Englishmen we must admit to be higher than that of the corresponding class among ourselves. We may revenge ourselves by saying that it is a case of beet against braine, of Mr. T. Fuller. There is a fine well on the pre- by the signature of that witness. but if we are wise we shall not attempt to revenge ourselves by entering upon physi- For terms, &c., apply to Messrs. T. & W. PENcal contests with our cousins."-Spectator.

VERY SENSIBLE.-Horse dealers who are sup posed to know what affects their interest, purchase " Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine " by the dozen and feed it their condition, which it always does -others should profit by their example. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman. Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas, Sold by all Medicine dealers.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (the great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years. hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. pointed out that but for Lord Derby's aboli- They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose sident replied he would attend to the matter. ago, the Established Church of Ireland lives and health they have preserved) to be a would have ceased to exist long since. The sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparacure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical, bold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

How the Prince Stoop IT .- Almost every body wondered, and so did we; but there will bruises, bowel complaints, &c. The "Canadian Pain Destroyer" now takes the lead tirely eclipsing all other preparations of the Tuesday, To-morrow Eving., 10th Inst.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS. (Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, March 9. Bags—Fall per 100 lbs... 4 05 @ 0 00

"Spring " ... 4 121 @ 4 25

Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.... 7 00 @ 0 00

Indian Meal " 5 50 @ 0 00

Rye—per bushel 56 lbs. 0 80 @ 0 90

Barley " 48 lbs... 0 90 @ 0 80 Buckwheat Plour-bbl. 5 50 @ . WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.1 90 @ 1
Spring " 1 80 @ 1
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs 1 25 @ 0 Beans " 60 lbs ... ORK-Mess-per barrel ... Mutton-per lb by the qr.0 06 Lamb-per qr.

Oats " 34 lbs..... 0 55 @ 0 55 1 50 @ 1 75 Prime Mess per do......14 00 @ 14 50 Hog per 100 lbs...... 7 00 @ 7 75 0 12 @ 0 13 Turkeys-Each .. Fowl-Per pair... BUTTER-Choice Table .. 0 60 @ 0 30 No. 1 Firkin ... 0 30 @ 0 35 3 00 @ 4 50 0 45 @ 0 50 Apples—per bri..... VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes. Onions-per bbl. HAY-Per ton, new14 00 @ 16 00 Woop-Per cord New York Markets.

New York, March 9 .- Stocks active an Sterling Exchange 1091. Gold 401.

Gold closed at 401. London Money Market. London, March 9-12 p. m .- Consols 93 @

Erie 501.

A. & G. W. 291. Illinois Central 987:

Liverpool Markets. LIVERPOOL, March 9 -12 p. m .- Cotton irregular. Uplands 10id, on the spot; do A meeting of the League was held in Lon- affoat 10td. Orleans 10td. New Coin 43s. HAVANA, March 8. - Vera Cruz news states don on the 19th February, Edmond Beales, 6d. Beef 155s. Pork 77s. 6d. Medium Rosin New York Markets.

New York, March 9 .- Cotton quiet at 25; @ 26. Flour closed quiet; receipts 5,800 bbls.; sales, 8,100 bbls., at \$8,90 60 \$9 60 for Superfine State and Western : \$10 @ \$10.50. for Common to Choice Extra State: \$9.85 @ shade firmer and quiet; receipts, 1,700 bush.; sales, 26,000 bush., at \$2.421 for No. 2 spring Th in store; \$2.53 for No. 1 do, delivered. Rve scarce and firm; receipts, 1,000 bush. Corn opened 2c. better, and closed quiet, with an advance partly lost; receipts, 39,000 bush.

WANTED. COACHMAN.

NE who understands his business, U and is willing to make himself generally aseful. A married man preferred. House will be provided. Must be sober and well recommended. Apply at the residence of HON. WM. McDOUGALL.

Between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. Ottawa, March 10, 1863.

FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommo-

A dated with board by applying to MRS. HAL-

PRIVATE BOARD.

PENNY, next door to Duignan's, Sparks-street. N.B .- Members attending Parhament by early application can be accommodated. MRS. SMITH, MILLINER, begs leave to inform her

Furnished Rooms THO LET, in Centre Town, well farnished bed-

SMITH, Bank-street. FOR SALE. SELF-ACTING SODA WATER AP-A PARATUS, with erlinders complete, cheap

for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK. WANTED. GOOD PLAIN COOK in a small

A family. Apply at the Times Office.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

Ottawa, March 10, 1868,

THE subscriber begs respectfully to inform his friends and the public generally that he has received via Portland 10 Cases London Dress Hats.

Finest quality, and newest styles. Also a large assortment of American and home Felt Hats constantly on hand.

Remember the place, No. 25 Rideau-street, next to A. Workman & Co. For Sale or to Rent,

FROM 1ST MAY NEXT. THE House, with Barns, Stables and acres of land, situate on the Richmond Road, two miles from the city, at present in the occupation NOCK, Sparks-street, Ottawa.



OTTAWA

CLUB.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

SHAREHOLDERS Will be held at the Office of Messrs. Lyon & Remon.

At half-past SEVEN o'clock.

Ottawa, March 9, 1868

A MEETING OF THE St. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION will take place at the HALL of the SUCIETY, Sussex st., on Tuesday Evening Next, At half-past Seven o'clock, to make arrangemen

for the celebration of the approaching National Ottawa, March 7, 1868 TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED FOR

30,000 Feet of Rock Elm 14 to 4 inches, 12 to 16 feet. 30,000 FEET WHITE ASH,

1; to 4 inches, 12 to 16 feet.

30,000 Ft. Hickory. 14 to 4 inches, 12 to 16 feet. To be delivered in MONTREAL in May or

March 6, 1868. Piano-Forte Tuition! W. C. CLARCE. DROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher | without the receipt and receipts of both

M. MULLIN,

Clarence-st., near Market.

DOOMS TO LET, farnished or unfur-P. CONWAY,

OFFICE, SAVINGS BANKS

CANADA. ic following Regulations are made und authority of the Act of Parliament, 21

Victoria, Cap. 10, intituled: " An Act

for the Regulation of the Postal Sergin

Every Post Office, being a Monny Order of e, at which the Postmaster-General shall be doposits to be received for remittance to it. Central Savings Bank in the Pot Office De Order business at the said Post Office, and at me other hours as may from time to time be appoint ed in any case by the Postmaster-General. 2. Deposits of One Dollar, or any number Dollars, will be received from any Depositor the Post Office Savings Banks, provided the D osits made by such Depositors in any year, and ing the 30th June, do not exceed Three Hunty Dollars, except in special cases to be specially an thorized by the Postmaster-General, and provided the total amount standing in such Depository name in his ordinary deposit account in the book of the Postmaster-General, do not exceed \$1.50 exclusive of interest.

No interest will be allowed on any sum over and above One Thousand Dollars in an ordinary & 3. Every Depositor on making a first deposit shall be required to specify his Christian name and surname, occupation and residence, to the

Postmaster or other Officer of the Postmaster.Ger eral, receiving such deposit, and make and sin the tollowing Declaration, to be witnessed by the said Postmaster or other Officer receiving the de posit, or by some person known to him, or by Justice of the Peace; and if such declaration or any part thereof, shall not be true, the Deposits making the same shall forfeit and lose all right and title to his deposits.

A copy of the above declaration shall be printed within the cover of every Depositor's Book. 4. On making the Declaration, and in all one in which the signature of a Depositor is required. if the Depositor cannot write, his man mu 6. Every Deposit received by a Postmaster, other Officer of the Pestmaster-General appoints for that purpose, shall be entered by him at ti time in a numbered Book, and the entry shall b attested by him, and by the dated stamp of h office, and the said Book, with the entry so atte ed, shall be given to the Depositor, and retained b him as primary evidence of the receipt of the a

The Depositor shall sign his name in a plan a The amount of each deposit, so received, an tor, shall, upon the day of the receipt thered, b reported to the Postmaster-General, and the at nowledgment of the Postmaster-General for it said deposit, signified in the following Form, b

the Officer whom he shall appoint for that y pose, shall be forthwith transmitted by Post tolk Depositor as the conclusive evidence of his claim to the repayment of the deposit with the interes thereon, upon demand made by him on the Pos-

on which he made the Deposit, he must apply if necessary renew his application to the Posts ter General until he receives the said acknown Dollars per cent per annum, shall be allowed a deposits, and shall be computed from the first or of the calendar month next, following the day which the deposit is made, up to the first day day of June in every year, and will then be ad 7. Deposits may be made by a Trustee

half of another person in the joint name! Trustee and the person on whose account the same, or any part thereof, shall not be me Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music tors of administrators of such survivor of the fact to his satisfaction, allow repays The following Declaration must be made in mot ages:

Repayment to be made in the U. Deposits ma deposits so ma afterwards mar 10. Every De the anniversary first deposit, for General, in a c Office Savings B said Book may Books of the Pos terest due to the June, may be in 11. No charge shall lose his B: cents to pay for tion be granted,

true, the person

right and title to

S. Deposits mi

In case of Min

any person unde

by a friend on b

Stamps to the at

the Depositors fo

to the Postmaste

to them, or for at

make for acknow

application or ne

ing the sums der

13. Any Depo

application for the

be obtained at a

12. No charge

No less amour of dollars, shall positor withdraw

> number of his his first deposit to withdraw, h Post Office at w