Select Educational Classes.

Mrs. and Misses Cossar,

(Having lately arrived from England,)

BEG to acquaint the Ladies of Montreal and the surrounding country, that they will receive at their house, No. 1, Oxford Terrace, 45 McGill College Avenue, a limited number of Young Ladies as Boarders, who may be desirous of finishing their education, or who, from a residence in the country, have been unable to enjoy the advantages of the city seminaries.

Mrs. Cossar is prepared to instruct these young ladies in all the branches of a thorough English Education, also French, Vocal and Instrumental Music, General Deportment, Calisthenics, and particularly to sing an English Ballad.

Mrs. Cossar has been induced to open these classes, having been informed that there are many young ladies to whom attendance at a school is both irksome and unpleasant, but who would make more favorable progress when surrounded by companions of their own age and acquirements, and living with Mrs. Cossar and her daughters in all the freedom of a happy home, and yet with that correct restraint so steadily carried out in England.

Mrs. and Miss Cossar also give private lessons in singing and on the piano-forte, and beg to return their sincere thanks for the kind encouragement they have already received.

Terms on application to

MRS. COSSAR,
No. 1, Oxford Terrace,
45 McGill College Avenue.

References kindly permitted to:—Rev. Dr. Wilkes, Rev Dr. Jenkins, John Leeming, Esq., John Lovell, Esq., Theodore Lyman, Esq., Henry Vernon, Esq.

Montreal, June 28, 1867. 475*

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings, Drysalteries,
Perfumery, Dye Goods,
Drugs, Colors,
Paints, Lozenges,
Glassware, Chemicals,
Medicine Chests, Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers Veterinary
Sundries. Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgovne, Burbridges and Squire
COLEMAN-ST., LONDON. 12y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, Aug. 8, 1867. 506y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, wear upon the organs and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how Low directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are equally, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Proverding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Carterright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the princes of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DR. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever* have used with a purgative medicine, of those great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

Providence, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PRERLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious* complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J.-V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *sedentaries.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe confinement to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Rustrt, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the *stomach* and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PLEASANT HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, & F McCarthy and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 394d3w

RAILROADS.

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing 1st July, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:30 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.30 a.m., and 3145 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 1:10 p. m., and 9:25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 5145 a.m., and 2100 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:00 p. m., and 8:15 p. m.

The 7:30 a.m. Train from Brockville connects at Sandpoint with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c., and the Train from Sandpoint at 2:00 p.m., leaves after Steamers are due from Ottawa and Pembroke.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
anager for Trustee.

Brockville, June 29. 472y

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2:45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston, and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 4.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at....10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED are now manufacturing a new and what they claim to be the

Only Washing Machine now in the Dominion,

as we are prepared to prove from the evidence of those who have tried it. All they ask is a trial. It is simple in construction, easily adjusted, and answers for an IRONING TABLE. It never need be taken out of the Kitchen, as it answers for a piece of Furniture. The following testimonials will show what the Ladies at the Nunnery think of it. Parties desirous of giving us a fair trial will please to send us notice by post, or otherwise, naming time and place, will be attended to.

HOLGATE, OLIVER, & ANNABLE.

This is to certify that Messrs. Holgate, Oliver & Annable's Washing & Ironing Table have been used by the Grey Nuns, and they have proved to be very satisfactory.

GREY NUNS.

Ottawa, August 12th, 1867.

NEW DOMINION.

DRY GOODS!

—AND—

Readymade Clothing

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the store formerly occupied by

Messrs. Fingland & Draper

And where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS!

AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold at a small advance on cost.

JAMES HIGGINSON,
Union Block, Sussex-st.
Next to he Tea Pot.
Ottawa, July 10, 1867. 481tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.

LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED

Canadian Champagne!

WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.

☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other for the same.

LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 2206

STEAMERS.

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz,

SPARTAN,
GRECIAN,
PASSPORT,
KINGSTON,
MAGNET,
and CHAMPION,

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton, calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad.

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.
4448 Agents.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:55 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES

Return tickets to Montreal.....	$6 00 each.
First class.....	3 50
Second do.....	2 00

Master Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON,..... J. B. AUGER

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.
May 7. 428-S

CHANGE of TIME.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers

ANN SISSON,.....	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,.....	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,.....	" FINDLAY
OREGON,.....	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,.....	" TOMER.
JASON GOULD,.....	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,.....	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,.....	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,.....	" BLONDIN

On and after SEPTEMBER 1st, until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 11, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort, arriving at 2 p. m. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at noon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, leaving at 6 a. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 1 p. m., and arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 7:30 a. m., railway time, touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 11:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac at noon. Passengers reach Ottawa at 4 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet*, on and after Friday, 4th instant, will leave Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 a.m., returning from Chapeau Village same days at 2 p.m.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Sand Point 1 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 8 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For farther particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa City, Aug. 26, 1867. 419-s

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

COUNTY OF CARLETON,
To Wit.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the County Court, of the County of Carleton, and to me directed and delivered against the Lands and Tenements of Magloire Charlebois, at the suit of Edward Griffin, I have seized and taken in execution, and will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at my Office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa

On Tuesday, the Twenty-Second day of October, A.D., 1867,

At twelve o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the above named defendant, of, in, and to the north-east part of Lot Number Two, in the third concession of the Township of Gloucester, (Rideau front,) in the County of Carleton.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
July 18th, A. D., 1867. 489-1-29wtd

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor,

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.
Montreal, February, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir*: Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in certifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilirating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from its effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Picault.

Montreal, July 27, 1868.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867:

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are too bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demuit Dispensary.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir*: After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College, Havana.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir*: Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,
C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

[TRANSLATION.]

Sir: Allow me to congratulate you on the perfection of your preparation called "Royal Italian Bitters." I have prescribed it to many of my patients who had need of tonics to invigorate their energies, without failure in any case.

Quite recently, besides being composed entirely of substances stimulating, bitter and tonic, possesses every quality which constitutes a wholesome beverage and tonic in a remarkable degree. By the stimulants and bitters which it contains, it acts directly upon the stomach and digestive organs, by arousing the energy of the digestive functions, and in rendering the act of digestion more easy and perfect.

By the tonic ingredients, and especially by the iron which enters into its composition, it acts on the whole organization; the tissues resume a consistency more decided, a development more complete, a functional energy more regular: the globules of the blood become richer, the vital energies greater, the muscular system more powerful, the nervous system calmer.

This beverage, when it is stomachic and at the same time tonic, is serviceable not only to persons in health by promoting digestion, but may also be employed with advantage in a multitude of ailments which are the immediate consequences of excessive waste in nutrition, such as dyspepsia, enteralgia, anæmia, chlorotis, leucorrhœa, convalescence, in short in all cases where the system is much debilitated for want of restoratives to refresh its energies and strengthen its organs.

This preparation, by its elegant appearance, its delicious flavour, and above all by its restorative properties, deserves to attract public attention, and should be considered as infinitely superior to all articles of the kind which have appeared to the present time.

Accept, Sir, the expression of my distinguished consideration.

A. SOUSLACROIX.
Docteur Medecin et Chirurgien Francais de la Faculte de Paris, Bachelier en lettres, Bachelier en Sciences-es Physiques, Rue Notre-Dame, No. 192 Montreal, 20 Decembre, 1866.
A Monsieur GIANELLI.

31, Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,
E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.
September 14, 1867. 538-37w6m

CANADA.

DESPATCH AND REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN ORDERS.

Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
5th September, 1867.

SIR,—

Cases have not unfrequently occurred in which it has been proposed by Foreign Governments to grant Decorations to British Subjects residing in Her Majesty's Colonies.

It appears to be not generally known, that British Subjects are not entitled to wear such Decorations without Her Majesty's special permission, and that such permission is granted only in cases in which the Foreign Order shall have been conferred in consequence of active and distinguished service which had been performed before the enemy either at sea or in the field, or in cases in which the recipient shall have been actually and entirely employed beyond Her Majesty's Dominions, in the service of the Foreign Sovereign by whom the Order is conferred.

You will find in the to the Appendix recent Edition of Colonial Regulations, page 128, the Regulations respecting the grant of Foreign Orders and Medals to British Subjects, which have been promulgated by command of Her Majesty, and which are now in force. It would be desirable that general publicity should be given to these Regulations in the Colony under your Government.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,

(Signed) BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
Governor the Right
Honorable Viscount Monck,
&c., &., &.

8. (Page 43.)

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Regulations respecting Foreign Orders.

1. No subject of Her Majesty shall accept a Foreign Order from the Sovereign of any foreign country, or wear the insignia thereof, without having previously obtained Her Majesty's permission to that effect, signified by a warrant under Her Royal Sign Manual.

2. Such permission shall not be granted to any subject of Her Majesty unless the Foreign Order shall have been conferred in consequence of active and distinguished service before the enemy, either at sea or in the field; or unless he shall have been actually and entirely employed, beyond Her Majesty's dominions, in the service of the Foreign Sovereign by whom the Order is conferred.

3. The intention of a Foreign Sovereign to confer upon a British subject the insignia of an Order must be notified to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, either through the British Minister accredited at the Court of such Foreign Sovereign, or through his Minister accredited at the Court of Her Majesty.

4. If the service for which it is proposed to confer the Order has been performed during war, the notification required by the preceding clause must be made not later than two years after the exchange of the Ratifications of a Treaty of Peace.

If the service has been performed in time of peace, the notifications must be made within two years after the date of such service.

5. After such notifications shall have been received, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall, if the case comes within the conditions prescribed by the present Regulations, and arise from naval or military services before the enemy, refer it to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the War Department previously to taking Her Majesty's pleasure thereupon, in order to ascertain whether there may be any objection to Her Majesty's permission being granted.

A similar reference shall also be made to the commander-in-chief if the application relates to an Officer in the army or to the Lords of the Admiralty if it relates to an officer in the navy.

6. When Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken the Queen's pleasure on any application, and shall have obtained Her Majesty's permission for the person in whose favor it has been made to accept the Foreign Order and wear the insignia thereof, he shall signify the same to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department in order that he may cause the warrant required by clause 1 to be prepared for the Royal Sign Manual.

When such warrant shall have been signed by the Queen, notification thereof shall be inserted in the *Gazette*, stating the service for which the Foreign Order has been conferred.

7. The warrant signifying Her Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms.

8. Every such warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that Her Majesty's license and permission does not authorise the assumption of any style, appelation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of Her Majesty's realms.

9. When a British Subject has received the Royal permission to accept a Foreign Order, he will at any future time be allowed to accept the decoration of a higher class of the same Order to which he may have become eligible by the increase of rank in the foreign service or in the service of his own country, or any other distinctive mark of honor strictly consequent upon the acceptance of the original Order, and common to every person upon whom such Order is conferred.

10. The preceding clause shall not be taken to apply to decorations of the Guelphic Order which were bestowed on British subjects by Her Majesty's predecessors King George IV. and King William IV., on whose heads the Crowns of Great Britain and Hanover were united.

Decorations so bestowed cannot properly be considered as rewards granted by a Foreign Sovereign for services rendered according to the purport of clause 2 of these Regulations. They must be rather considered as personal favours bestowed on British Subjects by British Sovereigns, and as having no reference to services rendered to the Foreign Crown of Hanover.

Regulations respecting Foreign Medals.

1. Applications or permission to accept and wear Medals which, not being the decoration of any Foreign Order, are conferred by a Foreign Sovereign on British Subjects in the army or in the navy for military or naval services, should be addressed as the case may be, to the Commander-in-chief, to the Secretary of State for War, or the Lords of the Admiralty, who, if they see fit, may submit the same to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs for Her Majesty's sanction, upon obtaining which they may grant such permission without any other formality.

2. Permission to wear a Foreign Medal cannot be granted to a British subject unless such medal is bestowed for military or naval services performed by the command or with the sanction of Her Majesty. But no permission is necessary for accepting a Foreign Medal, if such Medal is not to be worn.

(Signed) CLARENDON.
Foreign Office, 10th May, 1855. 563-tf.

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT

—AND—

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Ottawa, Sept. 25, 1867. 541d

CANADA.

DESPATCH AND REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN ORDERS.

Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
5th September, 1867.

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