Let curiosity stimulate youngsters to learn, says expert

WILMA BLOKHUIS Special to The Champion

There's a mini revolution

primary education.

Dr. Pat Dickinson, a speech and language specialist focusing on developmental delays and learning disorders in a kindergarten children pilot project of the Halton Board of Education, believes children learn better if stimulated by their own curiosities.

"We used to think only a teacher could teach children how to read before we discovered Sesame Street was teaching them, as were their parents through reading to them."

and kindergarten teachers, and inter- this new philosophy took years. ested parents, at a workshop sponents, nursery school and kindergar- storytime and personal cleanliness. ten teachers to establish what children have already learned.

"There's a mini revolution in early lopment," said Ms Dickinson of her childhood education. Our philo- nephew's early assessment requiresophy is changing as to who we are ments. "We now know that the founand our view of the child as the learner," Ms Dickinson told the success are laid down during the workshop held last week at the Hal- first five or six years of a child's life." ton Region headquarters.

1950s' thinking

This revolution in education started about 30 years ago in the United States and only over the last five years has it become a new focus for parents and early childhood

She said it was known in the 1950s that children were capable of learnabout 100 early childhood education ght in school, but implementating

sored by the Halton Association for kindergarten report card of 1955 learning process" which began in the chief, taking a coat on and off, art exencourages interaction among par- responsibility, obedience, interest in

> "I consider this to be a narrow view of a child's growth and deve-

dations for early learning and later

Primary school teachers, unaware of the importance of early learning in the home, had told parents and child care workers not to teach children anything before they come to school, thus providing a "clean slate" for the school system to educate. Today, parents reading stories to their children is recognized as one of the "building blocks" of a child's education.

Ms Dickinson is a proponent of in-Ms Dickinson was speaking to ing more than what they were tau- teractive reading, where the child is asized corrections. asked to read the last word of a sentence, and eventually be able to read Ms Dickinson said her nephew's children's books to their parents or teachers. Interaction between parent Young Children (HAYC). She was showed a child was assessed on his and child - which teaches children encouraging kindergarten teachers ability to keep materials out of his to read simple works, scribble in to continue the child's "natural mouth, the correct use of a handker- their attempt to write, and count the fingers and toes - has only recently home and continued in a nursery pression, interaction, keeping hands been accepted as part of early learn-, give only the right answers." school or child care centre. She also to oneself, listening skills, taking ing, said Ms Dickinson. She said kindergarten teachers can expand on ing children to take risks in the classthese experiences.

have already learned, what they prefer to learn, what their curiosities are, and what they still need to learn, and how we can encourge them to learn more by taking risks."

She added children will feel more comfortable with taking risks when they have already had some learning experiences in the home.

"We can build on the child's previous experiences in a logical way. The child comes to you (as the teacher) as a learner since conception."

Ms Dickinson said the new philosophy places the onus of learning on the child and away from the teacher who traditionally emph-

Role a facilitator

The teacher's role has become that of a facilitator, instead of the person with all the correct models and answers," she told the group. "We have to teach children to take risks instead of expecting them to

Ms Dickinson added by encouragroom, even if they don't have the 'The real challenge is to interact right answers, the teacher can with children to find out what they provide feedback to help them un-

derstand what they need to learn. She said a "happy medium" has to be found between the small numbers of children who learn to read, write and do simple arithmetic with ease, and the larger number who are struggling to learn.

There is a lot of confusion by what we mean as an early start. We don't need the "fast track" nursery schools, nor should we eliminate the sandbox from children in Kindergarten to Grade Two.

Ms Dickinson said by "inviting children to learn" through interactive reading using oversize books which every child can see, "we can transfer the learning experience to the children from the teacher, instead of the children being just passive participants in the learning process."

She said the philosophy is best explained in a children's book titled Sarah's Questions by Harriet Zievert where a child interacts with her mother to find the answers to such questions as "Why are the clouds so white?" and "Do dogs dream?"

Children should be given the confidence to ask questions and to learn from an adult's responses, instead of children learning as a result of adult initiative, Ms Dickinson said. 'The focus is no longer on what the teacher knows, but on what the child has learned."

A recipient of the Children's Services Pin about eight years ago from the Halton branch of the Association for Early Childhood Education in Ontario, Ms Dickinson is wellknown locally for her research into how children learn.

R.N., LLB.

Barrister & Solicitor

Suite 301 205 Main Street Milton, Ontario

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