When your sweet tooth says
CANDY
Your wisdom tooth says
BARNARD'S

The Canadian Champion

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CANADIAN CHAMPION

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WE SELL
Exclusive Canadian and Imported
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Give us a call to see our samples at popular prices.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.
SIGN WRITING A SPECIALTY.
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TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

(Standard Time)

JANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING WEST.	GOING EAST
12.43 a.m.	5.57 a.m.
7.56 a.m.	10.52 a.m.
1.30 p.m. (Sat. only)	2.11 p.m.
5.30 p.m.	7.47 p.m.
6.00 p.m. (ex. Sat. & Sun.)	

—SUNDAY—
Going West—5.30 p.m.
Going East—7.21 a.m., 2.11 pm., 9.34 pm.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
8.23 a.m.	6.50 p.m.

MONUMENTS
SCOTT'S
Granite and Marble Works
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All Kinds of Monuments and Inscriptions at Moderate Prices.
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OUR MOTTO:
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A Toronto client writes :
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The Reliable Collectors
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All candidates for Toronto Conservatory of Music examinations in piano, voice and theory successful in 1930.
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Agent for Dale's Funeral Designs.
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Valuations promptly attended to. sales conducted and satisfaction guaranteed.
PHONE 108 - - MILTON.

COUNTY OF HALTON

LOCAL COURTS CALENDAR

FOR 1932

Place of Sitting	Day of Sitting	Hours of Opening	Jan.	Mar.	May	June	Sept.	Nov	Jan. 1933
1 Milton	Friday	10.00 a.m.	8	4	6	24	9	4	6
2 Oakville	Tuesday	10.00 a.m.	5	1	3	21	13	1	11
3 Georgetown	Wednesday	10.00 a.m.	6	2	4	22	7	2	4
4 Acton	Thursday	10.00 a.m.	7	3	5	23	8	3	5
5 Campbellville	Saturday	10.00 a.m.	9	5	7	25	10	5	7
6 Burlington	Monday	10.00 a.m.	12	7	2	26	12	7	10

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF CLERKS—1. J. P. Roper, Milton ; 2. J. H. Chambres, Oakville ; 3. E. C. Thompson, Georgetown; 4. Geo. E. Agnew, Acton; 5. A. T. Moore, Campbellville ; 6. W. J. Stuart, Burlington.

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings with or without Jury, 14th June and 13th December, on opening days at 1 p.m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, 5th April and 4th October, 10 a.m., and so often at other times as may be required for the despatch of business.

Audits of Criminal Justice Accounts, 8th January, 4th April, 5th July, 3rd October, 10 a.m.

By order W. I. DICK, Milton,
Clerk of the Peace.

CANADA'S BARGAIN WITH BRITAIN

The most far-reaching chain of Empire trade agreements ever enacted in all history were signed, sealed and delivered at the last chapter in the British Empire Trade Conference at Ottawa on Saturday.

What Canada Gets

Preferences in the United Kingdom market, as follows:

Wheat in grain, two shillings per quarter, or about six cents a bushel at par.

Butter, 15 shillings per cwt. (112 lbs.) or about $3.75 at par.

Cheese, 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Raw apples, four shillings sixpence per cwt., or $1.08 par.

Raw pears, four shillings sixpence per cwt., or $1.08 par.

Canned apples, three shillings sixpence per cwt., or 85 cents.

Dried fruits, 10 shillings sixpence per cwt., or $2.52 par.

Eggs in shell, from one shilling (24 cents) to one shilling ninepence (42 cents) per great hundred (10 dozen), according to grade.

Condensed milk, whole sweetened, five shillings per cwt., or $1.20 par.

Copper, unwrought, whether refined or not, in ingots, bars, blocks, slabs, cakes and rods, two pence per lb. (4 cents).

Free entry for Canadian eggs, poultry, butter, cheese and other milk products for three years certain, with possible revision after that period.

Continued free entry to the British market under the import duties act.

Continuation of the present 10 per cent. duty on foreign lumber, fish, both fresh and sea; canned salmon, other canned fish, asbestos, zinc and lead, with Canadian products free.

Modification of restrictions against Canadian live cattle on agreed lines. This, it is estimated, will mean at least $3 more per head to the Canadian shipper.

Bacon and ham quota up to a maximum of $2,500,000 cwt. per annum.

Existing margin of preference on Canadian tobacco to continue for 10 years.

While potatoes are not specifically mentioned, Great Britain will consider lifting the embargo against the Canadian product.

What Canada Gives

New or increased margins of preference on 220 items in the Canadian tariff. Many items which were subject to preferential rates transferred to the free list.

These changes are understood to be in the iron and steel, textile, chemical, glass and other schedules, but details are withheld for the time being.

Protection against United Kingdom products to be given only those industries which have sound opportunity for success.

United Kingdom producers to receive full opportunity of reasonable competition in Canadian markets.

Canada will appoint the tariff board which will review tariffs on request of the United Kingdom.

Duties against United Kingdom products not to be increased except on report of the tariff board.

Existing surcharges on U. K. products to be abolished as soon as finances of Canada will permit.

Sympathetic consideration to be given to reducing and ultimately abolishing the exchange dumping duty.

Modification of regulations on the importation of pedigree stock from the United Kingdom.

ONTARIO'S PEAR CROP

Prospects are reported to be exceptionally good for a large pear crop in Ontario. The trees came through the winter with very little injury and weather conditions have been excellent for the development of the fruit. Niagara district looks for a big yield double that of last year and Burlington also expects to top last year's figures. Taken as a whole, the production for the province should be far in excess of 1931. It is interesting to note that weather conditions have not been so favorable in Nova Scotia, where the crop will be about two-thirds of that of last year, while British Columbia will likely have a crop about equal to that of 1931.

CASE SETTLED

William Wales, of Milton, appeared before Magistrate Barr on Monday, charged with obtaining certain goods to the value of $30 by fraud. Harold McCay, of Nelson, was the complainant in the case. It was alleged that Wales received considerable manure from McCay and made certain representations regarding payment which were not strictly correct. The case was finally settled out of court after Wales agreed to pay the court costs.

SEE
Gordon MacNabb
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All Kinds of Insurance.
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BRAMPTON, ONT.
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For the Counties of Halton and Peel.
FARM SALES Promptly Attended to.
Phone 17-r-31 Brampton.

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SPECIAL TERMS FOR BEGINNERS.
Phone 24 H. WHEELER Milton.

J. A. ELLIOTT
Licensed Auctioneer
For the Counties of Halton and Peel.
R. R. 3, MILTON,
Phone 154-r-11.

How Yellow Fever Was Stamped Out in Panama

With a finely meshed net, figuratively speaking, Dr. Walter Reed ensnared the yellow fever infecting mosquito in his control until it could be truthfully claimed of his famous camp near the present Panama canal that no one developed yellow fever except when Reed and his staff gave their permission.

Dr. Claude Lillingston has told in Hygeia Magazine the thrilling story of Reed's experiments. Men, not laboratory animals, were the basis of his experimentation. After it had been definitely settled that yellow fever was caused by the biting of a mosquito, Reed experimented further. He settled such questions as the following: Was infected clothing by itself capable of starting the disease in a new subject? Was infection air borne, independently of the mosquito? He learned such interesting things as the fact that a mosquito may still be infective 118 days after feeding on a yellow fever patient. He also discovered that the disease is so highly infectious that it may be conveyed to another person simply by his skin becoming contaminated with a patient's blood.

Excavations That Shed Light on Ancient Days

Perhaps the most remarkable excavations ever made are those conducted upon the site of the ancient city of Kish, in Irak. There the spade has dug up history that goes back for many thousands of years. One city was found below another. Beneath the lowest of all were found the flint implements of prehistoric man, and below the layer which contained these came virgin soil with no traces of human inhabitants.

The first city of Kish was built centuries before the time of King David, and from then until the time of Timur, Kish was a great city. Five hundred years ago, Timur with his hordes, laid waste the city, and from then until the present day it has remained a mass of ruins.

During the excavations, great palaces have been found, as well as the houses in which the ordinary inhabitants of the city lived. Coins, jewels, weapons, and implements have been brought to light, and the history of the world's oldest city slowly reconstructed.

Cleveland's Beginning

Moses Cleaveland was never a resident of the city of Cleveland, the place he founded and named. He was a solid citizen, honored and well established in his own Connecticut community. He did not migrate to the West, but came to the reserve for the purpose of exploring, surveying and laying out part of the properties of the Connecticut Land company, of which he was a member. General Cleaveland and his surveyors arrived at the mouth of the Cuyahoga on July 22, 1796. About the middle of October they left again for the East, having no desire to be overtaken by winter while enroute. The work was not finished, and other surveying parties came out in subsequent years.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Women's Styles in 1826

"An ingenious mechanic has invented a machine by which ladies can lace their corsets equal to a two horse power," facetiously remarked the Telescope, a New York weekly paper, back in 1826, in furtherance of a campaign against "frivolous" dress. "This will be a great saving in time of attendants and will enable ladies to dispense with the screws and windlasses formerly in use. In a letter to the inventor, Miss Wasp states that she has reduced her waist from five inches in diameter to four and a sixteenth."—Detroit News.

Locust Plagues

The so-called seventeen-year locust is really a periodic cicada and is not related to the locusts which frequently plague parts of Africa and Asia. It is divided into broods, the cycles of which overlap in such a way that a particular section may have more than one visitation in a period of seventeen years, while every year is a locust year in some part of America. Putting it in other words, each brood is true to its own cycle, but the cycles of different broods are not simultaneous.—Pathfinder Magazine.

Trade Dollars Repudiated

The trade dollars were used from 1873 to 1884 in trade with China, Japan and other countries. They were repudiated in 1884 and then for a short time were redeemable for standard silver dollars. Now they are of value only to collectors or for their silver content. On one side of the coin is a sitting figure of Liberty, on the other side the eagle of a different design from that of the standard dollar, with the inscription "420 grains 900 fine."

Iron in History

Iron was first used in prehistoric times, known as the "Iron age." There is mention on the use of iron in Genesis, 4:22 by Tubal-Cain. Herodotus, writing about 450 B. C., speaks of the Chalybians tempering iron. Sophocles, who died in 406 B. C., speaks of the tempering of iron in water. Aristotle also speaks of the tempering of iron by the Chalybians. Damascus-tempered sword blades were famous in antiquity.

LUMBER TO AUSTRALIA

Australia has been making large purchases of Canadian lumber of late. During the last two months it has amounted in value to $290,212. The purchase by the Irish Free State in July was valued at $38,468, compared with $1,738 in June.

Trace Shorthand Notes to the Ancient Romans

The cute little symbols which American shorthand writers scribble on their pads are of ancient Roman and not American origin, archeological study has revealed.

As a matter of fact, Romans were widely using a uniform system of shorthand writing 200 years before Christ. After the fall of the empire the use of abbreviated writing fell into decay until modern American business methods revived the need.

Such are the declarations in a scholarly investigation of Gino Massano, Italian savant. His studies have brought to light the full alphabet of ancient Roman shorthand writers, and, curiously enough, the symbols are much similar to those employed today. The basic idea is the same.

Several centuries before Christ, when Rome was extending her provinces into every part of the world, the need for speed brought forth several forms of abbreviated writing by symbols, which were swiftly adopted by commercial enterprises. Ancient records show most of the accounts and letters of Roman firms were written in shorthand without transcribing, as the recipient was perfectly familiar with the code employed.

Men and Monkeys Alike in Baldness "Patterns"

Men grow bald and their hair turns gray because they have to follow certain fundamental "patterns" in the great primate family to which the human race belongs. This is the conclusion of Gerrit S. Miller, Jr., curator of the division of mammals of the Smithsonian Institution, after a study extending over several years. When the male of the human species begins to lose his hair, the study shows, the spread of baldness tends to follow certain definite patterns similar to patterns characteristic in bald chimpanzees, Celebes black apes, macaques, South American monkeys and other primates. The process of turning gray, the anthropologist says, affords even more striking likenesses running through the primate family. But the "patterns" of baldness and gray hair common to men and apes, he explains, do not mean the two groups are closely related. They show only that the "patterns" are not characteristic of man alone but of a large branch of the animal kingdom.—Pathfinder Magazine.

Fewer Fur Animals

Farmers and trappers are trapping fewer fur animals each year, says the bureau of biological survey. Some of the causes of this are: Overtrapping for many years in reduced breeding areas, low prices for raw furs in the last few years, and the drought of 1930, which reduced the number of fur animals. The floods of 1927 also destroyed many fur animals in the Mississippi basin and New England. The numbers of foxes, martens, minks, fishers, and beavers reaching the market are decreasing, says the bureau, but there are still many skunks, opossums, raccoons, and muskrats. The muskrat, which breeds often and raises large families, is one of the biggest fur producers.

Eagle Held in Honor

From ancient times the eagle has been universally regarded as the emblem of might and courage, and like the lion, it has been fancifully invested with other attributes of greatness, such as men thought to harmonize with these. Its extraordinary powers of vision, the vast height to which it soars in the sky, the wild grandeur of the scenery in which it abides, and perhaps also its longevity, have concurred to recommend it to poetic regard. It was associated with Jupiter in the Roman mythology, and its figure on the standards of certain Roman legions has descended to the national ensigns of several modern nations.

Would Be Long Session

Murmuring, "I'll teach her who's boss," the little man pushed open his gate and after knocking at the front door gained admittance to his home. Almost immediately sounds of conflict came from behind the closed door.

Presently the door flew open and the little man, no longer aggressive, tumbled down the front steps, propelled by an arm which closely resembled a shoulder of mutton.

Picking himself up, he scowled at the owner of the hefty arm.

"I'll teach her who's boss," he murmured, "but she's going to take a lot of teaching."—London Tit-Bit.

Effect of Hot Bread

The public health service says that as to which is considered the harder to digest, hot or cold bread, is a point upon which scientists disagree. Many contend that hot breads are injurious, while others point to the fact that many persons eat hot bread throughout their entire lifetime without ill results. There are, no doubt, many factors entering into the matter—the health of the individual concerned, the character of the bread and perhaps the occupation of the individual or his activities.—Washington Star.

Natural Laws

Water always seeks its own level—and so does man. Life's pull is ever downward, the same as that of gravity. This is why it requires strength, courage, and will power to reach higher ideals. But wise is the man who makes the effort.—Grit.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TREES RUINED BY STARLINGS.

Jack Miner Predicts that Birds will be Harder to Control than Corn-Borer Menace, and Urges Speedy Action

Kingsville, Ont., Aug. 23.—Completely ruined by the depredations of millions of starlings, several thousand white and Scotch pine trees planted at the Jack Miner bird sanctuary 20 years ago will be cut down next week.

In two years, according to Manly Miner, son of the famous naturalist, the starlings have grown so plentiful that all efforts to deplete them have failed. More than 200,000 of the birds have been trapped in nets, and thousands of shots have been fired at them. The birds netted were taken to Windsor to feed the unemployed.

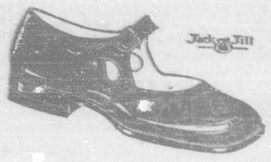
In a statement to the Canadian Press, Mr. Miner said no effort had been made to entice the birds to the sanctuary. "On the contrary, we did everything to keep them from coming here to invade our sanctuary. They have killed our thousands of white and Scotch pine trees which we have been cultivating for twenty years. "As a last resort," he continued, "on Monday, August 29, we are going to start to cut down our trees. "The sooner the people of this continent realize what a menace the starlings are and are going to be, the quicker we can face the situation and concentrate on control. When the authorities do get busy they are going to have a harder situation to handle than the corn-borer ever was."

WEDDING.

An event of unusual social interest took place on Saturday afternoon, August 20th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Harris, Nelson township, when their third daughter, Eva Maud, was united in marriage to John Henry, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew S. Edington, of Flamboro Centre. While Mrs. Fred. Hamilton played the wedding march the bride was escorted across the lawn by her father, where an arch artistically decorated with ferns and gladioli against a background of evergreen, had been arranged. The bride, attractively gowned in ivory georgette and lace with embroidered net veil and orange blossoms, carried a bouquet of Sweetheart roses and ferns. The ceremony was performed by the bride's pastor, Rev. J. F. Clugston, B.A., B.D. During the signing of the register, Mr. Melrose Hood played a number of violin selections. Then followed a brief outing for the happy couple, in a chariot of historic interest, drawn by a span of fleet-footed greys. A dainty luncheon was then served in the dining room to the guests, who consisted of the immediate relatives. The many useful and valuable presents attested to the popularity of both and expressed the good-will of a wide circle of friends. Later in the evening the happy couple left on a honeymoon motor trip to Northern Ontario, the bride wearing a smart traveling suit of black and white, with matching accessories, also a brown fox fur, the gift of the groom. Upon their return they will reside in Flamboro Centre.

—The wrong eagle—the golden variety—is shown on the new United States quarters. But no one has yet refused them on that account.

Kaye Don, the great British sportsman, who is to make Gar Wood "step on the gas," at Detroit, this summer, will be at the Canadian National Exhibition with his new super- boat, "Miss England III."

THREE DAYS of SPECIAL PRICES
Thursday to Saturday
SEPTEMBER 1ST, 2ND, 3RD.
Jack and Jill
Flexible Health Shoes for Boys and Girls
Growing Girls' 2½-7 $2.98
Misses' 11-2 $2.49
On Thursday, Friday & Saturday you can get these fine shoes at these very special prices.

Smart Styles and Long Wear at Reduced Prices!

We fit all Jack and Jill Shoes by the Visible Fitting System.
Child's 5-10½ $1.98
Infants' 2-6 $1.29
R. M. FASKEN
PHONE 287 - - MILTON, ONT.

Plymouth Binder Twine
New Lower Prices for 1932
Gold Medal, 650 ft. per lb ..... $9.50 per 100 lbs.
Superior, 600 ft. per lb ..... 8.75 per 100 lbs.
Strictly Cash—No Credit.
Use Plymouth Ship Brand Pure Manilla Rope the highest grade of Rope manufactured to-day.
Phone 28 C. T. DAY & SON, Milton

NEW REDUCED FARES
ONLY
$3.75 One Way
$6.50 ROUND TRIP
between BUFFALO and CLEVELAND
Autos, any size, carried for only $3.75
($4.75 July 1st to Sept. 14th inclusive)
Why drive when you can put your car aboard for less than the cost of oil and gas? More restful...cheaper...and saves a day.
Steamers each way, every night, leaving at 9:00 P.M., May 15th to November 1st.
Cleveland-Pt. Stanley, Canada, Division
July 1st to Sept. 5th incl. on Friday, Saturday and Sunday only $3.00 one way; $5.00 Rd. Trip. Any car only $3.75.
Ask your Local Tourist or Ticket Agent for new C&B Line Folder, including Free Auto Map and details on our All Expense Trip.

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