Milton Hotels and the License Act

By Mel Robinson

In the period from 1908 to 1914 there many items in the local newspapers about the liquor trade in this area. In those days Milton had three hotels, the McGibbon House, the Commercial Hotel, and the New Royal Hotel. Each was authorized by the County License Commissioners to sell liquor in its bar — under the provisions of the License Act.

The editor of The Champion upheld this act with "its Indian list and other restrictions which were calculated to lessen the evils of intemperance." He was convinced that the town's three hotels were well run and that the owners tried hard to comply with the

provisions of the act. There were many news items, however, from court cases involving violations of the act. Many were about the drinking of local men who were on the Indian list. It was illegal to sell liquor to them. There were really two of these lists. All native Indians were on the one 66 under federal legislation. The magistrate in a police court was empowered by the License Act to put the name of habitual or troublesome drunks on the other list.

For instance, there was a row on

Return

head

Boston

Church.

President,

Tressurer.

Gerhard

Bob Merry

By Henry J. Stanley

Halton Federation of

Agriculture elected their

officers following their

Bob Merry, Milton,

continues as the Presi-

dent with Ed Segsworth,

Milton, First Vice-Presi-

dent and Murray Harris,

Second

Sherwood, Milton re-

maining on as Secretary-

Other members of the

executive committee are

Georgetown and Harold

the main committees of

Federation

Agriculture, are as fol-

Richard Kunica, George-

town, Land Use, Ed Segs-

worth; Property, Harold

Middlebrook, Insurance,

Bruce McClure, George-

town; and Rep. to the

Council, Ken McNabb,

Delby Bucknow, a Dir-

ector of the Ontario

Agriculture, stated the

Halton Federation of

Agriculture deals with

the politics of agricult-

Georgetown.

Federation

Farm Safety

Education, Dr.

Chairmen, selected to

Middlebrook, Milton.

and

meeting at the

Presbyterian

Vice-

Judy

Treiranus

Main St. one Saturday evening in the early summer of 1911. Two members of a local family got into a fight. They were jailed by Constable Chapman and charged in court. The aggressor was obviously drunk at the time so he was fined \$1 and costs. That his name was also added to the Indian list seemed quite reasonable to editor Panton, but he felt that a \$10 fine would have been

more appropriate. On another occasion two brothers were charged with "being under the influence" while on the prohibited list. Because they were on that list it was not necessary to prove that they were actually drunk.

Legitimate drinking and a resonable amount of drunkenness was tolerated. Two drunks were trying to fight on one occasion but were unable to do each other much harm. They were fined \$5 and \$3.50 costs. As a boy I can remember seeing the occasional drunk lurching home during the daylight hours after drinking too much at a bar. In general, however, local drinking was under reasonable control.

The License Act put hotel keepers in a difficult position. They had to make sure that men on the Indian list were not served at their bar. They could not

ANXIOUSLY AWAITING their new

hockey sweaters from the Milton Lions

Club, skating school members Ryan

Colby and David Duffy watch others get

their pictures taken.

A HAPPY YOUNGSTER was Billy Melee, 5 who recently re-

ceived his new hockey sweater from the Milton Lions Club from

Carol Brooks. The club donates sweaters to each member of the

MMHA skating school annually.

sell liquor to them by the bottle. That type of man would try almost anything to obtain liquor.

When one of them was charged with drinking, the constable had to try to discover the source of the liquor. The accused was always most reluctant to supply information. Two men in this situation in April 1912 had novel answers. One claimed to have obtained his in "a club in Toronto." The other said he got his from some Italian workmen of the Christie Quarries and that

remembering faces, and had only a hazy recollection of his supplier. It was easy for a regular hotel customer to buy a bottle of liquor quite legally, then turn a neat profit to a man on the list. It was risky business, for whether a hotel man or not, the fines ran from \$25 up into the hundreds for

he did not know their names. Another

man in 1908 had great difficulty in

It was recognized that this bottle, or "growler," trade was difficult to control. As a result the Liquor License Act was amended in 1913 to stop the sale of liquor by the bottle. It could be sold only to those who needed liquor for medical reasons. It was necessary to present a prescription signed by a

medical doctor for each purchase. For many years there were jokes galore about illnesses for which a prescription for a bottle of liquor was quite

necessary. The hotel men had government supervision, of course. Once a year they had to apply to the Liquor Commissioners of the county for a renewal of their licenses, and that group was a vigilant one. Then, too, there were inspectors checking government continually for violations of the provisions of the Act.

In August 1910, for instance, four inspectors went to Georgetown as part of the Alton baseball team. They were able to buy enough beer to become drunk. Then they charged the owners of three hotels with serving them with more than the law allowed. Each hotel man was fined \$20 and costs for that

A hotel man in Bronte allowed a question said they were youth in his employ to help himself occasionally from a barrel of cider. An inspector managed to obtain a sample from the barrel from the youth. Apparently it was hard cider taken from a barrel that was "maturing for vinegar." The hotel owner was fined \$100 as a result of that inspection.

Between the Willows

Losing credibility

It seemed, when we left home, to be your average, cold, January morning. Driving conservatively, it was a snap to reach the E.C. Drury School, and let Rhea off.

But when I got onto Hwy. 401, it was an entirely different story.

Glare ice. Cars were flying off in all directions

directly in front of me. Having already had a very tricky experience out there, I drove 30 mph and

into the snow-filled median...one

hugged the inside lane. arrived at Conestoga College, leaving the "white-outs" and ice behind

In the haste of leaving the car (I was 30 minutes late for my class), and considering my parking slot was about onehalf a mile from Portable 16, I left my

headlights on. While teaching, this thought haunted me: Were my lights on or not? After class, as I approached my car, I

sighed relief. The lights were off. But my joy was short-lived. When I slipped in behind the wheel, there was the headlight toggle pulled right out. And the battery was dead.

A student, driving a Mini Austin,

tried to help. But we couldn't successfully connect my jump-wires to his

Back to the main building, seeking help. I'm really up tight, because I am due at Seneca King Campus (100 miles away) at 1.30. It is now 12.15.

Through the Manager of Maintenance, I reached the Head of Student Services. This remarkably kind man put on his winter gear, and directed me to his car.

We drove over to the parking lot, where the Cutlass sat white and cold We had to push the damn thing out in order for my friend to position his car to jump my battery. Within a couple of minutes, the Cutlass roared into life. Back on the 401, I headed east. Most

of the ice, over which I had driven in the morning, had disappeared. But what about my battery? Stopping at a Service Centre, I dis-

covered I needed a battery charge. No way to reach Seneca in time. So I phoned in my class assignment. Some time later, I returned home,

and hiked up the frozen driveway. I'm always telling people to make sure to turn off their headlights when they park their cars.

I think I've lost some credibility.

Halton board sets example

No bar bills will be run up in Halton schools.

Halton school board trustees stuck to a no liquor in schools policy in a recent meeting.

The re-affirmation of policy was prompted by a motion from Burlington seconded by Halton Hills trustee Betty Fisher, to allow community groups, who regularly use the schools, to sell alcoholic beverages provided student activities were going on at the same

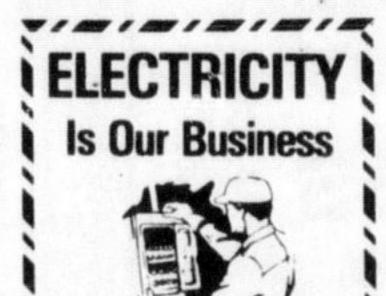
and Fisher Cooper were the trustees who voted for the change in

Most of the trustees who spoke on the liquor concerned about the example the Halton School Board would be setting to its students.

Milton trustee Ivan Armstrong was opposed, he said, because of the responsibilty the board would be placing on principals who would have to decide on the merits of applicants to use his school.

Director of Education Em Lavender assured trustees he would keep the student interest first and the community's second if there was a conflict in the scheduling of a school's use.

Concern was expressed



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by a southern trustee about the number requests for the use of schools, north of Highway 401. Halton Hills Ward 2 and 3 trustee Barry Shepherd said he was aware of the Georgeexpressing a desire to serve wine and cheese at

"Apart from not wanting to see the Catholic Church done out of the

its functions. "They go to

a Catholic church hall,'

revenue," Separate School trustee John Bradley said he would vote against the bid to amend the policy. "The young people will be looking for Friday

he understood they alright by bringing liquor on their own. director Education

Lavender said there was a scheduling between two community groups the use of a school, but by

and large there are no problems between outside groups events and student events.

The question came before the board because of a request by a Burlington group to have liquor Pearson high school. An the board and Burlington concerning the use of the building. and that agreement is not



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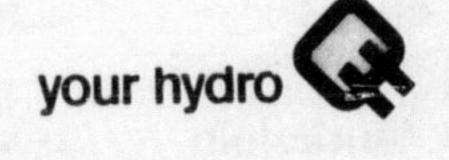
At one drop per second, a dripping hot water tap can waste about 175 gallons of hot water each month. The electricity required to heat that water would keep a 60-watt bulb burning continuously.

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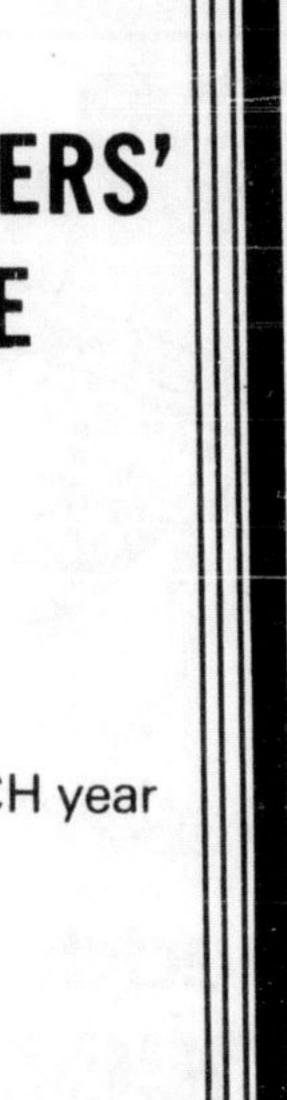
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- taxes are imposed and,

INFORMATION

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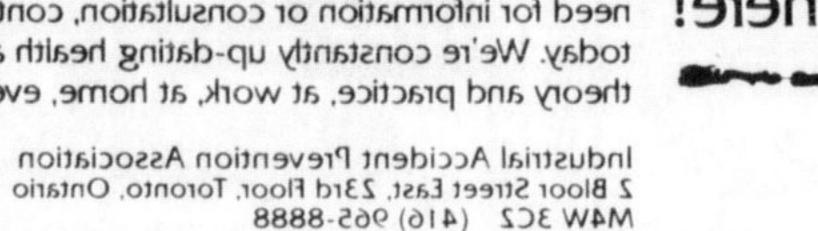


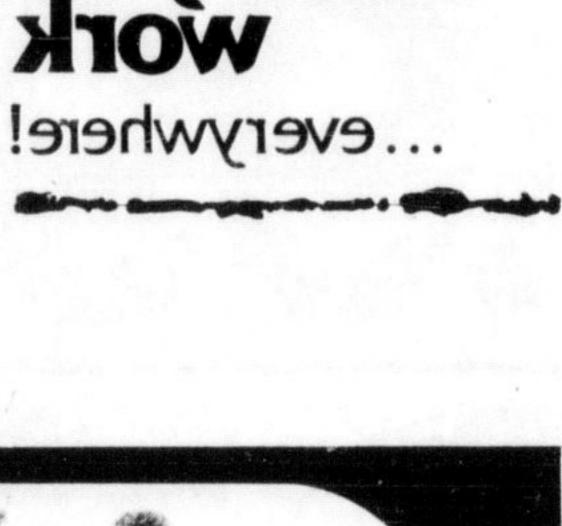
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