

NEWS and VIEWS

Of Halton Farm Interest

Norval Juniors Hold Annual Rally

T. R. Hilliard, Junior Extension Fieldman of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, was the guest speaker at the Annual Rally of the Norval Junior Farmers held in the new Esquing Community Hall at Stewartstown, on Tuesday evening of last week. Mr. Hilliard delighted the large audience with his resume of Junior Farmer activities throughout Ontario. Another pleasing feature of the evening was the presentation of John Bird, president of the Esquing Agricultural Society, of a number of trophies won in connection with a Special Seed Show sponsored by Norval Junior Farmers at Georgetown Fair last September. Those receiving trophies included, Miss Ismay Kean, and Messrs. Craig Alexander, George C. Wilson, Floyd Bridgen and Bob Alexander. Neil VanVliet, president of the Norval Juniors was the able chairman of the evening's program which also included vocal selections by the Misses Viola Bridgen and Jean Chester, and an instrumental by Donald Garbutt. A dance to music rounded out another of those most enjoyable evening's programs staged by Norval Junior Farmers.

So You Have No Erosion?

"I haven't any erosion on my farm but you should see my neighbor's fields," remarked Alf Jones at a recent farm meeting. This statement was not original with Jones for not more than five minutes before I had listened to the "neighbour" tell about his drainage ditch which was plugged with soil from the Jones' farm. The neighbor hastened to explain, however, that his fields had no erosion.

Erosion taking place over the fence was more evident to each of these men than that occurring on his own farm. It is a situation heard many times.

That there is plenty of erosion in Halton on nearly every farm, despite what some of our farmer friends try to tell us, goes without saying. One has only to look at the colour of our streams after a rain—compare our crop yields today with those of fifty years ago. Statistics reveal that in each ten year period with the exception of fall wheat, our yields of grain, roots, corn, etc. are lower than in the previous decade. Just recently within a period of a week we talked to two different farmers—one in the lower end of Nelson Township and the other in Esquing Township in the Georgetown area.

The Nelson Township farmer planted a fairly large acreage of husking corn—it wasn't worth picking, yet on the same farm he had an acre or two of grain corn on some land which had not been cropped at least during the lifetime of the present generation. This latter land had produced a great crop of corn with ears a foot long despite the drought conditions which existed in that area this past season.

The Esquing Township farmer broke a few acres of virgin land this past year. This along with another section of the same field which has been cropped about 8 years was also put into grain corn. The contrast in yield between the two areas in the same field sown at the same time under the same conditions was almost unbelievable.

Why the difference in the yields on different parts of the same farm—almost entirely due to difference in organic matter content. And yet, day after day and year after year we see truck load after truck load of manure going out of the mixed farming sections of this County down to the fruit and vegetable areas at the front. Is it logical to even suggest guaranteeing prices based on cost of production to such farmers? Last September we had the privilege of hearing Hon. John Bracken address a luncheon on Farmers' Day at the C.N.E. During the course of his address, as we recall, Mr. Bracken stated that the average production per acre in North America is 2500 calories while the average production per acre in China is 5500 calories. Hon. Mr. Bracken also pointed out that the per capita consumption in North America is 10,000 calories and in East Asia 2700 calories. The point is, North America, a comparatively new country is depleting her soil resources much more rapidly than the people of China.

We would do well to bear in mind the message of Charles E. Sweet entitled "Our Soil." "The Soil is the heritage of our Nation. We, who can ourselves the owners of the Soil, are only its custodians for a brief span of time."

"The Soil is our most priceless possession—and our greatest responsibility. Freedom has never flourished in a hungry and impoverished land."

"God grant us the intelligence to respect our soil, and the will to conserve it in all ways, so that when our period of Stewardship is done, we may pass on the soil with its fertility and fruitfulness undiminished."

inished. Thus our children's children and their children's children shall not know want and their Nation will remain the Land of Plenty and the Home of Freedom."

We do not need to point out that that message does not tie in with the practice of selling manure—nor the practice of plowing up hill and down dale.

It also means that more of our farmers should grass down their water runways—it also means, that if we wish to preserve this Canada of ours for future generations we must get back to some of the good old farming practices of 35 or 40 years ago. In short, most of our farmers, whether they realize it or not are mining their farms. How many today plow down a good crop of clover as green manure? It may mean a longer rotation, particularly on our hilly fields, so that our fields remain in meadow or pasture which are soil building crops for a longer period of time. With this program must go increased tree planting on our more rougher, more unproductive fields. Germany we are told has 27% of their total acreage in timber. In Halton and surrounding counties have we more than 5% in bush which is not pastured?

Much more could be said but we will try and content ourselves for the moment by referring you to 2 comparatively new books on the subject; "The Road to Survival", by Wm. Vogt, and "Our Plundered Planet" by Dr. Osborne.

Who Owns Industry?

By Joseph Lister Rutledge

Anybody might be surprised to see a dog baying at its own heels. But that is a very fair picture of much of our arguing and thinking. We want to challenge corporate enterprise. We want to take from it its so-called ill-gotten gains. But, brother, the gains are your own, and the only profiteer you can reasonably challenge is yourself.

Maybe you don't believe this. It's not surprising if you don't. It's hard to believe. Especially so after such a long build up about how much everybody but the honest worker was getting out of our economy. We like the honest worker. We rather consider ourselves a worker, honest, we hope. This honesty compels us to look some facts in the face, to wit: Total corporate profits in 1946 were \$1,421,000,000. These are government statistics and hardly to be doubted. That represents better than a hundred dollars for every mother's son of us. Do you remember getting yours? Maybe not, but you did, most of you.

For instance, out of that total came almost half, \$670,000,000, in taxes. Where did you think all the social securities that we have been demanding came from? and who did you think paid for them? Don't get to thinking that it was some elderly Midas who gave up these profits to pay for your privileges. You're paying for them yourself. They are your profits. It isn't a dream. It's a fact.

After the taxes were deducted there still remained a tidy \$751,000,000. Less than half of that—\$340,000,000 in all—was distributed in dividends. The remainder was retained in the business for expansion, for increased wages, for better methods and newer machines, the factors that pay your way and protect your job.

Of course you may be thinking that \$340,000,000 isn't a bad little plum. It isn't. Sixty-six million of it went to those 75,744 fortunate Canadians with an average taxable income of over \$5,000,—something under \$900 each. The remainder directly or indirectly, went to us.

So it seems that it is really we little folk who own the business and get the profits without any turmoil of upsetting governments and redistributing wealth. Eighty per cent of all the profits outside of taxes comes to you and me already.

REFINE OLD OIL

High prices for oil have meant boom business for U.S. refineries which re-fine used lubricating oil and for firms which manufacture re-finishing equipment, reports The Financial Post. Cost of re-fined oil is about 10c a gallon, and makers say that properly reclaimed oil stands up to all required tests. The idea had its start in the depressed thirties, but greatest growth has come during postwar boom.

PIGS BY AIR TO EASTERN EUROPE

Hungary is to improve the quality of bacon by importing pedigree pigs from Britain. 2400 of these animals are travelling by air to Eastern Europe. All were bought by the mission of agricultural experts sent to Britain by the Hungarian Government. They are being transported at the rate of 45 a day, in individual travel crates of which 15 can be fitted into a plane.

CLEARING AUCTION SALE IN ERAMOSA

OF FARM STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, FEED and FURNITURE

The undersigned have received instructions from

J. R. TUCK

to sell by public auction at his farm, Lot 1, Con. 4, Eramosa, situated on the 4th line of Eramosa, just south of Gray's Mill on

WED. NOVEMBER 24TH Commencing at 1:00 o'clock the following:

HORSES and HARNESS — Gray Percheron Gelding, 12 years old; Bay Percheron Gelding, aged; Set of Team Harness colliers, Pulley, Forks, Hoes, Shovels, Bags, Chains, Boxes and the usual line of small articles.

HAY AND GRAIN — 8 Ton of Mixed Hay; 400 bus. Mixed Grain; 500 bus. Turnips.

IMPLEMENTS — M.H. Binder, 7 ft. cut; McCormick Deering Mower; Dump Rake; Fleury 21 P; Six Section Harrows with 4 and 6 Draw Bar; Spring Tooth Cultivator; 11 Spout Seed Drill; Lumber Wagon; Combined Stock and Grain Rack; Gravel Box; Set of Light Sleigh; Scuffer; Pulley; Forks, Hoes, Shovels, Bags, Chains, Boxes and the usual line of small articles.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE — The entire contents of the house consisting of as good as new dining room with extension table, chairs, side board and china cabinet; Chesterfield Suite and 2 Chairs; Dishes; Knives; Forks; Spoons; Cooking Utensils; Linoleum; Mats; Gramophone and Records; Bedroom Suite with Simmons mattress, good as new; Dressers; Wash Stands; Bed Clothes; Kitchen Table; Chairs; Small Table; Kitchen Cabinet; Cooking Utensils; Stoves.

TERMS: CASH ON DAY OF SALE No Reserve as the farm is sold. The farm is just west of No. 7 highway midway between Rockwood and Eden Mills.

HINDLEY and ELLIOTT, Auctioneers Ph. 19r3 Rockwood or 1773 Milton

TOWNSHIP OF TRAFALGAR MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Construction of and Equipping a Hospital in Oakville to be known as the Oakville-Trafalgar Memorial Hospital

VOTING ON THE QUESTION IN RELATION TO THE TOWNSHIP OF TRAFALGAR RAISING \$50,000.00 BY SALE OF DEBENTURES TO ERRECT AND EQUIP A HOSPITAL IN OAKVILLE

Notice is hereby given that the votes of the Electors ENTITLED TO VOTE ON MONEY BY-LAWS

will be taken at the Municipal Elections to be held on MONDAY, the 6th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1948

on the following question (which is correctly stated, viz: "Are you in favor of providing the Oakville-Trafalgar Memorial Hospital Board with \$50,000.00 for the purpose of erecting and equipping a Hospital in the Town of Oakville, and to the issue of Debentures to cover cost of same, said hospital to be known as the Oakville-Trafalgar Memorial Hospital."

Each Elector is Entitled to Vote on Said Question in Each Ward in Which He or She has the Right to Vote on Money By-Laws.

A tenant who has a lease which extends for a period of at least twenty-one years and who has, by such lease, covenanted to pay all municipal taxes in respect of the property leased (other than local improvement rates) shall, if he or she makes and FILES WITH THE CLERK OF THE MUNICIPALITY NOT LATER THAN THE 26th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1948, BEING A DATE NOT LATER than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote, a declaration under "The Canada Evidence Act" so stating, be entitled to have his or her name entered on the list of Electors to vote on the said question.

A CORPORATION assessed on the last revised assessment roll as owner or as lessee, having a lease for a period of at least twenty-one years, shall be entitled to appoint a nominee to vote on its behalf on this question. All such appointments must be in writing and filed with the Clerk of the Municipality not later THAN THE 26th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1948, BEING A DATE NOT LATER than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote.

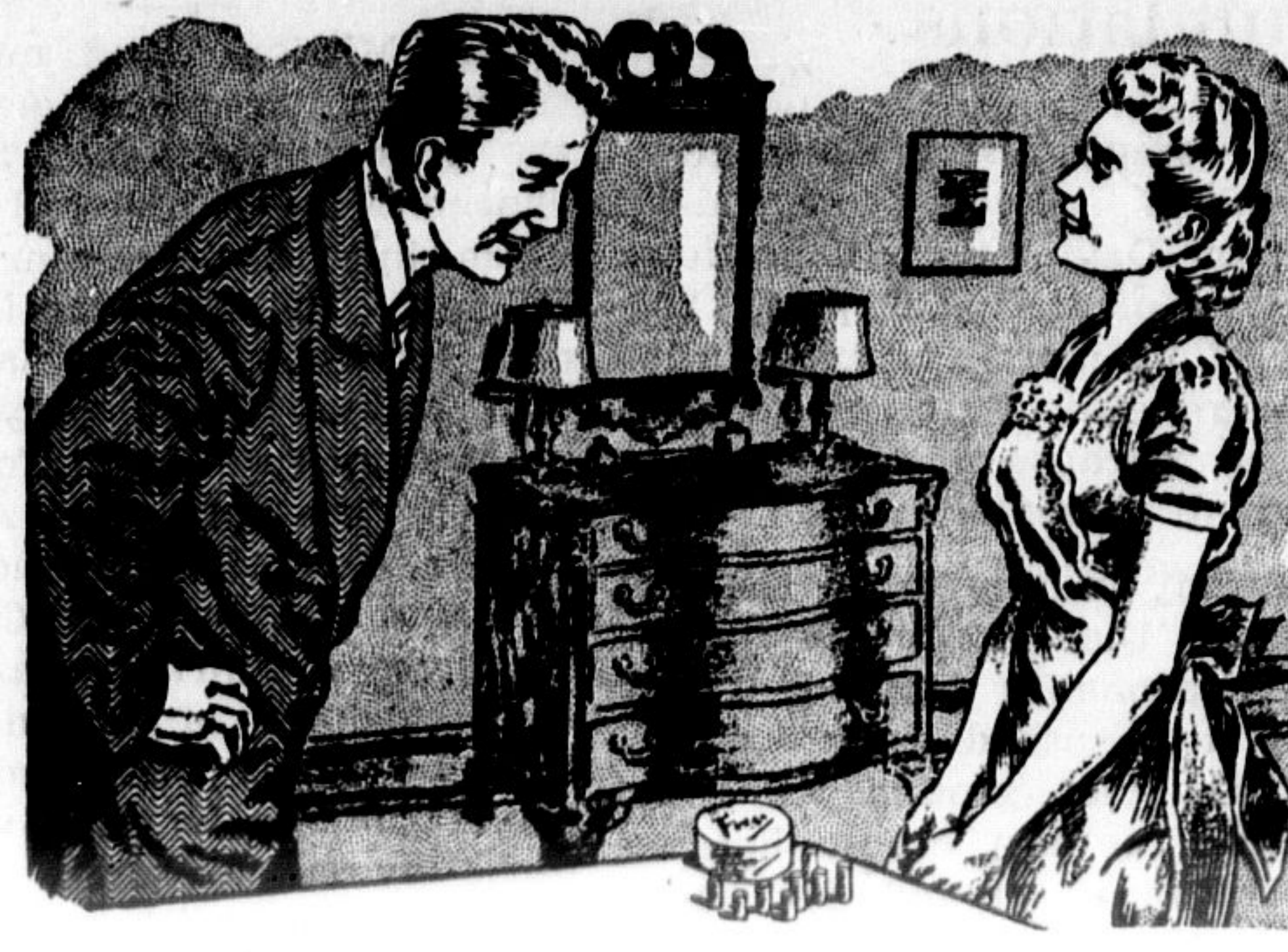
When a corporation is a lessee, a declaration in accordance with the preceding paragraph, must also be filed.

A list of all voters entitled to vote on the above question has been prepared and may be inspected at the Clerk's Office after November 15th, between the hours of 9:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., excepting Saturdays and Sundays.

Notice is further given that the 29th day of November, 1948, at hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon at the Clerk's Office at Trafalgar, is the time and place which has been fixed for the appointment of persons to attend at the various polling places and at the final summing-up of the votes, on the 8th day of December, 1948, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon by the Township Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in voting in the affirmative or negative on this question.

S. A. FEATHERSTONE, Clerk Township of Trafalgar, 23-3

I, Sheldon A. Featherstone, Clerk of the Township of Trafalgar, do hereby certify that the above question to be voted on contains a correct statement of the question submitted and if the assent of the electors is obtained it will be taken into consideration by the council after the expiration of one month from the 11th day of November, 1948. A tenant who desires to vote must be delivered to the clerk not later than the 10th day before the day appointed for taking the vote. The declaration provided for by sub section 3 of section 283, chapter 266 R.S.O., 1937.



The Wife who Saved Dimes

SHE STARTED WITH A FEW DIMES THAT QUICKLY GREW INTO DOLLARS— THEN HER HUSBAND GOT THAT IDEA TOO. TO-DAY THEY OWN THEIR OWN HOME. YOU MR. AND MRS. SHOPPER CAN DO IT TO.

BY SHOPPING HERE WE CAN HELP YOU TO DO THIS

Our Prices Will Save YOU Many Dimes Each Week

Compare These Prices

MEAT SPECIALS

Country Style Pork Sausage 2 Lb.

65c

Choice Old Cheese

49c lb.

Extra Special FRESH PORK SHOULDERS 4lb. Average Weight 6 lb.

BURNS BAKEASY SHORTENING 2 LB. 75c

BONELESS ROLLED VEAL SHOULDER ROASTS 49c LB.

FRESH HAM or BUTT PORK ROAST 47c LB.

CHOICE BEEF Blade, Short Rib or Rib Bone Shoulder Roast 46c LB.

FRESH GROUND HAMBURG 37c LB.

Small Link Pure Pork Sausage 2 Lb.

79c

Steak or Steak Roasts

67c lb.

Round Sirloin T Bone or Wing

EXTRA SPECIAL Metcalfe's 20 OZ. TIN PORK and BEANS 2 FOR 19c

CLOVER LEAF SOCKEYE SALMON 1/2's 39c

VITA B CEREAL 27c 3 Lb. Bag

CREAM STYLE CORN Garden Patch or Red Boy 2 FOR 39c

OGILVIE GINGERBREAD MIX 27c PKG.

Choice Seedless Raisins 2 LB. 29c

Fruits and Vegetables

Choice Pink Grapefruit 96's 6 for 29c

Oranges, 34's, juicy sweet, 2 Doz. 47c

Choice California Grapes 2 Lb. 25c

Celery Hearts - 2 bundles 37c

Lettuce, Celery, Apples, Cabbage Etc.

STOP, SHOP AND SAVE AT

ELSLEY'S FROSTED FOODS Ltd.

PHONE 131

1948 GRAIN CROPS

Production of all grain crops in Canada in 1948 will be greater than in 1947, according to an estimate made by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

At 372 million bushels, the wheat crop is 31 million bushels heavier than the 1947 total. All but 10 million of this increase was realized in the Prairie Provinces. Since there was a slight reduction in wheat acreage, the increase can be wholly attributed to higher yields per acre.

Oat production in 1948 reached 338 million bushels, a gain of 59 million over 1947. Although there was some increase in acreage, the gain was due mainly to excellent crops in Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba.

The gains in barley are not as great as in wheat and oats but the estimated production of 146 million bushels is about 5 million better than in 1947.

Combined spring and fall rye, estimated at 26.3 million bushels, is about double the 1947 output. Yields were good, but a nearly doubled acreage was the most important reason for the increase.

Canada's flax crop was the largest since 1912, 18 million bushels from 1.9 million acres. The 1912 record crop was 26.1 million bushels.

FANCY FUR STYLES AND PRICES

There's a new look in fur coats this year — and in their prices, also, says The Financial Post. Fashions will provide better protection from the wintry blasts, but means a bigger dent on the pocketbook.

Best-dressed women will be wearing their coats 12 inches from the ground this winter. This means an extension of anywhere from two to four inches per coat and a fuller back thrown in. It also means 10 to 20 per cent more skins per coat and about the same hoist in prices. For those women who are satisfied with last year's styles, a little shopping around will provide close to last year's prices.

About five million United States citizens are connected with Canada either by birth or marriage.

ONE WAY TO GET A SEAT

The nervous little man glanced nervously at his watch, grabbed his bag, and rushed out to the station platform. The effect on the other travellers was all that could be desired. They also picked up their luggage and ran. Shortly afterwards, the little man returned, picked out the best seat in the station and sat down to wait for the train—which was not due for 30 minutes.

QUICK SMOOTH POWER

CROWN DOMINION

YOU CAN RELY ON



AVAILABLE AT 550 SERVICE STATIONS IN ONTARIO

YOU CAN RELY ON RELIANCE

COUNTY OF HALTON 1948 - LOCAL COURTS CALENDAR - 1948

Place of Sitting	Day of Sitting	Jan.	Mar.	May	June	Sept.	Nov.	Jan. 1949
1 Milton	Friday	9	5	7	25	10	5	7
2 Oakville	Tuesday	13	2	4	22	14	2	11
3 Georgetown	Wednesday	7	3	5	23	8	3	5
4 Acton	Thursday	8	4	6	24	6	4	9
6 Burlington	Monday	12	1	3	21	13	1	10

All Division Courts Open at 10 a.m. Standard Time

Names and Addresses of Clerks—1, C. Laundon, Milton; 2, John Chambers, Oakville; 3, Elmer Thompson, Georgetown; 4, Wilfred Coles, Acton; 6, C. D. Bull, Burlington.

County Court and General Sessions, Monday, 7th June, 1 p.m.; Monday, 6th December, 1 p.m.

Sittings of County Court without Jury, Monday, 5th April, at 10 a.m.; Monday, 4th October, at 10 a.m.

Audit of Criminal Justice and County Accounts, Tuesday, 6th January; Thursday, 8th April; Tuesday, 6th July; Thursday, 7th October.

By Order W. I. DICK, Milton Clerk of the Peace