Why envy those who wear becoming, well-designed, made and fitted glasses? You may have the same advantages.

Let us examine your Eyes, design, make and adjust your Glasses.

—x—

A. D. SAVAGE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician

"Right at the Post Office"

PHONE 1091 K GUELPH

Christmas Seals in Aid of Hospital for Consumptives

With the announcement of the Xmas Seal campaign for the Free Hospitals for Consumptives, comes the information that there never was a year in the history of the hospitals when the campaign was more urgently needed.

350 patients are already in residence, 302 of these not pay a single cent for their own maintenance. 4287 charity patients have been cared for in these institutions since they were opened.

Although the cold weather has hardly set in, there is a waiting list of applicants urgently seeking admission.

After a year of war conditions, and with winter approaching, there is every prospect that the number of needy consumptives will be greater than ever before.

In these times of stress, when many voices proclaim and worthily proclaim the needs of citizens who face sickness and death away from home, the Hospitals for Consumptives are urgently in need of the influence of every friend to help in the increasingly difficult task of securing funds for the maintenance of those citizens who, through the ravages of consumption, face sickness and death right in our midst.

The design of the Xmas Seal selected for this year of suffering and anxiety is the most attractive and appropriate that has ever been used. It takes the form of a nurse in uniform making her appeal on behalf of the sick ones under her care, by holding up the double barred cross, which is the emblem of the Crusade against Consumption.

Last year the proceeds of the Xmas Seal campaign reached $15,000, which was $1000 ahead of the previous year. $20,000 is the sum aimed at this year.

Seals will be handled in this district by school children, banks, and others.

Supplies of seals, to brighten letters and parcels going to our boys at the front, should be ordered at once from the Seals Department, Gage Institute, 220 College St., Toronto.

CANADA'S FIRE LOSS

Badly Handled, Reaches Very Alarming Amount—Causes Controllable

The fire waste in Canada is the worst in the world. The losses in Canada would pay off the National Debt in 20 years. They are seven times as great, per capita, as they are in Great Britain, and we pay five times as much for our insurance as they pay in Europe. The fire loss averages over $2,000,000 per month, or $67,000 per day. Fire commissioners agree that a large proportion of fires are of deliberately incendiary origin, that a still larger percentage are unconsciously incendiary and that a not inconsiderable number are the result of carelessness or neglect. The number of fires resulting from causes beyond human control constitutes almost a negligible quantity in the year's total.

How this situation should be handled is a difficult question. The law prescribes punishment for arson but under present conditions and with the machinery available, it is exceedingly difficult to secure convicting evidence. The insurance companies, being private corporations, cannot be expected to prosecute unless the amount at issue is sufficiently large and the evidence is conclusive. It is cheaper for them to pay the loss than to contest it. The police departments of our cities are seldom interested in fires unless it be shown that there are suspicious circumstances surrounding the occurrence. Even should this be demonstrated, there are no trained men connected with the police forces qualified to thoroughly investigate the circumstances.

Ducks Oust Mosquitoes

A few years ago much was heard about the utility of bats as a means of destroying mosquitoes. According to experiments the most formidable animal enemy of the mosquito is the duck and the introduction of this bird is recommended for eliminating mosquitoes and the diseases which these insects spread from marshy regions where draining would be too costly. Two artificial pools were constructed of equal area, ducks being placed in one and bats in the other. The former pool was quickly freed from mosquito pupae and larvae, while in the other they continued to abound. Wild ducks are said to prefer mosquitoes to all other food.

Comfort for Travellers

The Canadian Pacific Railway has introduced a novel feature on their dining cars in the form of a special buffet in the dining room, on which cold meats, salads, etc., are tastefully displayed under glass covers, giving passengers an opportunity to select their salads or cuts of cold meat, which are served from the buffet by a chef in white uniform. This is the first time a cold buffet has been introduced on a dining car.

Some Royal Treasures

Windsor Castle contains many historic treasures. There are the beautiful cups and flagons that were wrought by Benvenuto Cellini; the huge gold pieces of Flaxman that were made for George IV., of which the finest represents the Shield of Achilles, and many more besides.

HOW TO SHIP GRAIN ADVICE OF AN EXPERT

Complete Guide For Western Farmers in Handling Cars—Cleaning and Measuring

Advice to western farmers in shipping grain is given by H. H. Winearls, Grain Exchange, Winnipeg. Briefly his suggestions are: Get your application in early for what cars you need to the station agents and if you cannot be served promptly try one railway whenever possible try another and lose no time. Having secured your car or cars proceed as follows:

Sweep the cars well, both floor and sides, especially if it has carried coal or wood recently. Examine cars carefully for defects, and secure same against leakage. In loading flax, it is just as well to use car liners if available, if not you should cover floor and sides with building paper (don't use tar paper as it is apt to damage your sample of grain or seed.) If the grain door does not fit closely do not drive nails through the door as that interferes with the opening at the terminals. Instead, drive a three-inch nail into place and bend the nail against it. This will hold it secure and will not interfere with the opening of the door as nails driven through would.

Measuring and Weighing

Whenever possible weigh your grain before loading and keep accurate record of the weight of same. Be particular to level the grain accurately in the car, and keep a record of the depth in inches of the grain and put it on the shipping bill. In case of leakage or damage in transit this is invaluable evidence in establishing your claim for shortage against the railway companies. Do not load cars much in excess of the amount allowed, but always be sure and load up to capacity as you do not want to pay freight on grain the companies are not carrying for you, through being below the minimum weight allowed in any cars.

Whenever possible clean all grain that shows more than say 2 per cent. dockage. I have handled many cars that show 12½ per cent. Now what does this mean? It means that you are paying freight and practically making a present to terminal elevator of about three tons of first class screening in each car, which should be very valuable to you when crushed and used for cattle and pig feed at home.

How to Use Stencil Strips

I would advise you to use stencil strips. Strips for six feet are in two sections and for eight feet in three sections. To secure best results with stencil strips place one about four feet from each end of the car and one about two feet each side of the door on both sides of the car. See that strips are placed so that they just touch the floor and are kept perfectly straight. I have found small wire shingle nails with clippings of cardboard to protect the strips: the most convenient to fasten the strips in place, tack about four inches apart in the strips. Use six feet lengths for wheat or flax in all cars and barley in 60,000 pound cars and the eight foot strips for barley and oats in 80,000 pound cars.

In a car of standard size 36 feet long by 8½ feet wide grain of standard weight should weigh at loading points about 2½ bushels to the inch in depth of the grain, and heavier and lighter than can be computed accordingly. When placing your name on car order local state the size of car required. Advise your commission man by mail when shipping, car number, kind of grain, grade expected when you want to sell, that is, when inspected or on arrival at Port Arthur or Fort William, or only on further orders. Send the right side of the bill of lading and not the railway company way bill.

Frank Old-Time Critics Driven Out and Lamented

May Irwin sighed a sigh for the good old days of the theatre, her favorite form of sport when she is not telling her fellow-Harrigan nations to take her pictures 5 miles from her, or her decision to turn her Thousand Islands estate into a home for retired comedians and comedienne. "And where is the old-fashioned gallery god?" she asked. We of the old school miss him. He has been driven from the theatre by the high prices. Fifteen years ago the theatre managers put down carpets in the gallery, called it the second balcony, and raised the prices. Then the boys quit coming and we lost the greatest of all our dramatic critics. We miss that tousled little head hanging over the gallery rail and telling us whether he liked us or not, even though now and then he dropped peanut shells into the pit. He knew his business and was fearless in the expression of his opinion. I wish we had him back."

Poor Old "Robinson Crusoe"

The most popular novel the world has ever known is "Robinson Crusoe." It has lasted two hundred years, and is still "going strong." Yet very few people have the least idea where the famous island was on which Crusoe was cast. Defoe, with that exactness which makes his fiction so like fact, states the island was situated in the neighborhood of north latitude 12-18, and that it was not far from the mouth of the Orinoco. Now, there is only one island that answers all these conditions, and that is Tobago, one of the Windward Islands, in the British West Indies. The people of Tobago know all about it. They are very proud of the fact that their island has been immortalized by the genius of Defoe. They regard Robinson Crusoe and his man Friday as the first settlers in Tobago, and they are very angry indeed with anyone who says anything to the contrary.

SHE RECOMMENDS "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Mrs. Corbett Read the Advertisement and Tried It

Avon, May 14th, 1914.

"I have used 'Fruit-a-tives' for *Indigestion and Constipation* with most excellent results, and they continue to be my only medicine. I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised with a letter in which some one recommended them very highly, so I tried them. The results were more than satisfactory, and I have no hesitation in recommending 'Fruit-a-tives'" ANNIE A. CORBETT.

Time is proving that 'Fruit-a-tives' can always be depended upon to give prompt relief in all cases of *Constipation and Stomach Trouble*.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Wake Up, Washington!

The New York Herald, under the caption "Wake Up, Washington!" says:—The Ancona infamy is but one of the grand scheme. Germany assumes that this Government can be kept asleep. Why not? The Lusitania is forgotten and filed away in Mr. Lansing's pigeonholes. And yet a doubt arises. True, the Zealandia, which is suspected of having on board the German officers who broke parole at Norfolk, was not searched by the United States navy, which should long ago have been after this suspected ship. True, the Lusitania is forgotten, and equally true that Captain Boy-Ed and Captain Von Papen still insult this country with their presence. But the Government shall be given the benefit of the doubt. Something may happen to wake it up yet.

But one thing is certain: the tide of popular wrath is rising surely, higher and higher with each unspeakable outrage that must be laid at the doors of the Teutonic allies. They are equally blood-guilty, and there is surely a limit, if not to official, to public patience.

HOW WORMS LIVE

The Common or Garden Worm Has Funny Habits

Many people who have had no previous taste or inclination for gardening, have taken to growing vegetables, and in their work with the fork and spade continually come across the common or garden worm. There are thousands of different classes of worms inhabiting both land and water, and there are over a thousand different species of earthworm alone. How many people, for instance, know how the worm, which has neither eyes, limbs, or anything which corresponds to teeth, manages to get about so easily in its underground life?

To begin with, a worm is divided into a large number of segments, or joints. The first of these acts as a mouth, and by means of this he eats his way through the earth, obtaining nourishment as he does so, and at the same time casting out all unnecessary matter or earth. The earth passes through no fewer than five distinct chambers in the worm, the last of which is filled with minute stones that grind the food. According to Darwin, as much as ten tons of soil an acre passes through the bodies of worms. The earth is therefore, continually being turned about, more effectually than man could do it. In the course of years the underneath earth is brought to the surface, and the worn-out earth on top is sent to the bottom to be fertilized again.

The worm is a glutton for food, and if kept on a stony path where he is unable to carry out his natural powers of earth-eating he will die from hunger in a few hours. Although the worm is very fond of moisture, yet he will soon drown if unable to get out of a puddle or pool of water. This is due to the fact that he breathes by means of pores in the skin through the whole of his body. Owing to the segments, a worm can be pulled in and out concertina fashion, so that he can be made very fat or very thin. Put near the head there is always one fairly thick portion, this is where the worm's eggs are contained. When not on the prowl worm like to nest among the roots of decayed plants, or in a hole in the ground, or anywhere where the earth is not too closely pressed together. It will be seen, then, that even the despised worm has its purpose in life, although it is better to rid the earth of them as much as possible, for near the surface they are injurious to seeds and plants, and however many you destroy there will always be a sufficient number left to keep the ground fertilized.

Pennyroyal Keeps Furs

All insects dread pennyroyal. The smell of it destroys some, and drives others away. At the time that pennyroyal cannot be gathered or bought, get some oil of pennyroyal, pour some into a saucer, steep in it pieces of new cotton wadding, and place where required. When putting furs away for the summer, fold carefully with a little pennyroyal, then wrap in a newspaper, and gum down the edges. When wanted they will be found the same as when put away.

The City of London embraces 638 acres of land.

BAD STOMACH TROUBLE

Yields to Delicious Vinol

Shreveport, La.—"I had a bad stomach trouble for years and became so weak I could hardly walk or do any work. My appetite was poor, my food would not digest, I bloated and was very weak and nervous. I tried many remedies without help. I saw Vinol advertised and tried it, and now my stomach trouble is completely cured and I am well."—E. L. MARSHALL.

Vinol is guaranteed to tone up the tired, over-taxed and weakened nerves of the stomach and create strength.

CAMPBELL'S DRUG STORE, Milton.

HOW SCOTLAND YARD TRACKS ITS VICTIMS

Minutest Details Verified by Big Staff—Photography Is of Great Assistance—A Great System

"Let us see what happens, says an English weekly, when a person is found murdered. First of all, unless the case is likely to be a difficult one, the local detectives make the necessary investigations under the direction of the local divisional inspectors. But if, as in the Crippen case, the case is likely to be a difficult one, it is taken charge of by one of the chief detective-inspectors of Scotland Yard. As soon as possible the chief detective-inspector is on the scene of the crime, together with one or two of the higher officials of Scotland Yard, the official photographer and finger-print expert as well as a medical man, preferably one of the Home Office experts. Photographs are taken of the scene of the crime, and, of course, the position of the dead body. Every policeman has the strictest injunction never to move anything whatever until his superior and experts are on the scene, for the very position of things may throw a flood of light on the way the murder was committed and lead to the arrest and conviction of the murderer. The camera is, indeed, of the utmost importance, and Scotland Yard has among its members a number of photographic experts, as well as a very complete dark room, enlarging cameras and so on, so that photos may be developed and duplicated without the least delay.

A photograph, too, is a permanent record, and once taken things may be disturbed without fear of the police not being able to remember the position of some vital thing. Photographs of a room are taken in sections, as well as a whole, and from various positions, so that the detective in charge can have a thorough grasp of things as they were when the murder was committed. If finger-prints of any kind are found they are not only photographed but whenever possible the articles on which they appear are removed to headquarters.

Hundreds Busy

The immediate vicinity of the crime is thoroughly searched for any clues, footprints, and so on. A shred of cloth, a scrap of paper, a button, a blood-stain, and other little things overlooked by murderers in their flight have brought them to the scaffold. The dead man's relations, friends and acquaintances are sought out, questioned, their movements accounted for and every little piece of information followed up and pieced together. A hundred detectives may be actively engaged on the case at once, each following his own thread, and not knowing but what he may hold in his hands the all important clue which may solve the problem with which the police are faled.

Reports are Watched

Every man engaged sends in his report to headquarters as soon as possible, where it is indexed and filed with other reports, so that the whole history of a case is instantly available at any time. Any statement of any witness is taken down and filed away until there may be at the Yard three or four bulky volumes each of many hundred type-written pages dealing with one case. Suppose an acquaintance of the victim is missing, and suspicion is extremely strong that he is the murderer, a description of the wanted man is circulated as quickly as possible and in a very short time is in the hands of practically every police officer all over the country.

No Safety Anywhere

All the great railway stations are watched, every passenger at every port in the United Kingdom is scrutinized, and hotels, lodging houses, and tourist agencies come under the eyes of detectives who know exactly what the man they are looking for is like, from the color of his eyes, to the size of his boots. If the murderer is suspected of being on board ship, the wireless is promptly set in motion, and the police of every country to which the fugitive is likely to flee have a full description of him. The captains of all big steamers are informed by wireless that Scotland Yard is after such and such a man, until the whole world, one might say, knows the appearance of the murderer. Descriptions of the wanted man are printed in a number of languages and the printed matter sent across to the countries concerned.

DR. BOBO,

the most persistent revolutionary leader in the stormy black republic of Hayti. Bloodshed and wholesale murders disguised as political executions are the customary features of the internal troubles of this little state to which the United States had to send an expedition to restore order. The Haytians are anything but progressive, though their country might easily be a prosperous one if properly developed.

DOCTORS DID NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Mrs. Bradley's Health—Her Own Statement.

Winnipeg, Canada.—"Eleven years ago I went to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, suffering with a growth. The doctors said it was a tumor and could not be removed as it would cause instant death. They found that my organs were affected, and said I could not live more than six months in the condition I was in.

"After I came home I saw your advertisement in the paper, and commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it constantly for two years, and still take it at times, and both my husband and myself claim that it was the means of saving my life. I highly recommend it to suffering women."—Mrs. ORILLA BRADLEY, 234 Johnson Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

Why will women take chances or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

RULERS' SALARIES

According to reliable reports, the war has brought about a decided diminution in the income of the Kaiser. The tearing up of the little "scrap of paper" has already cost him personally $25,000,000. Wilhelm, however, has still a respectable fortune left, if a recent calculation by Herr Martin, an authority on German rich people, is correct. The Kaiser, however, has never been the richest monarch in the world. This honor belongs to the Czar, who on his accession came into the Romanoff private estate, yielding about $10,000,000 a year. Beyond that, his salary amounts to another ten millions, besides many profitable investments abroad. There are small expenses to be deducted, such as some $2,500,000 a year to Grand Dukes and Duchesses, but when everything is taken into account the Czar's income is far ahead of that of the Turkish Sultan with his six millions and a half, or our own King, who is the poorest in pelf and palaces of all the Old-World potentates. A State grant of $7,500,000, added to his other revenues, brings the Czar's income up to $40,000,000 a year. Out of this he has at least $25,000,000 a year for his private use.

King George receives $2,350,000 per annum from the State, but little more than a fourth of this goes into the privy purse. It would be naturally impossible for our King to live in a manner befitting his rank on an income of $600,000 or so, but there are miscellaneous revenues from invested funds and other private sources which help to swell the privy purse.

The Emperor of Austria, who is also King of Hungary, draws two salaries amounting to $2,812,500 each. The King of Italy receives $3,750,000 a year, but has to make allowances to several members of the Royal Family out of it. King Alfonso has an allowance of $1,787,500, a sum which is his own to spend as he pleases. Belgium's King receives about $875,000.

CANADA'S FORESTS

Enormous Areas Are Reserved—Quebec Leads All Provinces

According to a report recently issued by the Canadian Government, the total area of the forest reserves of the Dominion amount to 152,935,593 acres, divided among the Provinces as follows:

Province	Acres
Quebec	107,997,513
Ontario	14,430,720
Manitoba	2,606,400
Saskatchewan	6,195,705
Alberta	16,813,376
British Columbia (in railway belt)	2,417,638
British Columbia (outside of railway belt)	2,474,241

Besides the areas given for British Columbia, all lands west of the Cascades bearing more than 8,000 feet, board measure, of timber per acre, and all lands east of the Cascades bearing more than 5,000 feet, board measure, of timber per acre, are removed from entry.

In Australia the original flowers were scentless, but the leaves odoriferous.

In France tobacco shop privileges are usually granted to the widows of army and navy officers.

The range of the modern torpedo is nearly 8,000 yards.

One German mile is four times the length of an English mile.

OLDER BUT STRONGER

To be healthy at seventy, prepare at forty, is sound advice, because in the strength of middle life we too often forget that neglected colds, or careless treatment of slight aches and pains, simply undermine strength and bring chronic weakness for later years.

To be stronger when older, keep your blood pure and rich and active with the strength-building and blood-nourishing properties of Scott's Emulsion which is a food, a tonic and a medicine to keep your blood rich, alleviate rheumatism and avoid sickness. At any drug store.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

MISSING THE NIGHTS

We are too much indoors. Even when night comes we turn on the lamp and sit within its exclusive circle to read what other indoor men have written, or we go out, hastily and under cover of the street lights to get within other walls where folks are gathered to see or hear something of what others have done in films and plays and lectures. Or we sit on a shaded porch with trees about so that the vast enveloping night is only coolness and a breeze. The stars do not get much chance at us. Thus we keep the universe away from our souls. Such living makes for pettiness of the spirit. Those scandalizing, gossiping little villages always live under roofs and behind blinds and curtains as if in ambush, that each inhabitant might lie in wait against the reputation of the other. Almost all of those who wrote the Bible lived in flat-roofed houses and went up on the house-top when day was done so that the wheeling planets and the whole host of the stars were their familiars. It was in that light that they thought of man and his destiny. In this modern confusion of change we need the eternal influences—the moon etching patterns on lake and roadway, the night gleaming of the rivers, the solemn beauty of the Milky Way, the steadfastness of the North Star. Night ought to free us from the littleness of the day's doings and lift the heart to the things that are above and beyond our days.—Colliers.

Character and Clothes

Fred Church

Fred Church is one of the "cowboys" of the "movies"! There are few players who can more completely change themselves by dress than he. In a dress suit he looks the polished gentleman in every detail. But in ten minutes, with the aid of chaps, a sombrero, a red bandana handkerchief, a flannel shirt and a beltful of cartridges, he can transform himself into a regular cowboy off the range. He has played cowboy characters in many of the popular pictures.

THE KING LEAVES TOWN

Some Idea of Routine for Journeys of Royalty

Half past noon at the Palace. There is a busy stir in all the chief departments of the Household this morning, for the King and Queen are to leave London in a couple of hours' time for the country, where they will both take a few days' rest. The King has finished a long and strenuous morning's work, ending with a half hour's interview with Lord Kitchener, who has just taken leave of His Majesty. Lunch is to be served at one o'clock, and the King hurries to his room to change into tweeds from the khaki uniform he has been wearing in the morning, and which, it may be incidentally remarked, he has had on since seven o'clock.

Upstairs in the luggage room three men servants are busy getting the Royal and Household luggage together. The luggage is taken to the station in one or two of the Royal motor luggage wagons. In peace time the luggage is always sent on by a train some hours in advance of the Royal train, but nowadays with curtailed railway facilities, the luggage is taken in the same train as that by which the King travels. Lunch is a light meal as it always is when the King is leaving London. Cold roast beef, salad, some fruit and cream and coffee is what is on the menu, but in point of fact the King's lunch consists of nothing but fruit and cream and a few biscuits, and a cup of coffee. In a few minutes the Royal Party are gathered together in the equerry's entrance hall. As the cars whirl out of the Palace yard, an official goes to the telephone and a couple of minutes later they know at the station that the King is on his way to the station, and two minutes after the arrival of the Royal Family the train will be ready to start.

Sane View of New Note.

Wall Street Journal (New York):—Mr. Lansing is contesting for principles. We have no force in this country with which to dispute the practices, unless we elect to cut off our industrial noses and stop exports of food, arms, ordnance and other supplies to Great Britain. This, under the circumstances, would be equivalent to our entering the war on the side of the invaders of Belgium—an unthinkable proposition when we consider how lately we have assumed, to quote from Mr. Lansing, "this task of championing the integrity of neutral rights." The time for the United States to become the champion of neutrals was when Germany invaded Luxemburg and Belgium in violation of all law and morality. It is Great Britain, in control of the seas, that is to-day the champion of neutral rights and of national integrity and international morality.

FOR SALE BY

Clements & Co. and M. E. Nixon.

COUNTY OF HALTON

LOCAL COURTS CALENDAR FOR 1915

Place of Sitting	Day of Sitting	Hours of Opening	Jan.	Mar.
1 Milton	Friday	10.00 a.m.	15	5
2 Oakville	Tuesday	10.00 p.m.	12	2
3 Georgetown	Wednesday	10.00 a.m.	13	3
4 Acton	Thursday	10.00 a.m.	14	4
5 Campbellville	Saturday	10.00 a.m.	16	6
6 Burlington	Monday	10.00 a.m.	11	1

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF CLERKS—1. Wm. Panton, Milton; 2. 3. Chas. C. Roe, Georgetown; 4. Geo. B. Agnew, Acton; 5. Wm. 6. John A. McArthur, Burlington.

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings w June and 14th December, on opening days at 1 p.m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, 6th April and 5th Octob times as may be required for the despatch of business.

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts, 4th January, 5th April, 5th

By order W. I. Dic

Day and Night Service.

Kindel Divanettes

For the small bed-sitting room or to give that "emergencies" the Kindel Divanette has been especially comfortable davenport by day, made to match signs, and a roomy, comfortable bed at night. It the other quickly and easily.

C. R. TURNER, : : Furniture and Funer

Parcels for Soldiers.

Memo from Post Office Department, re packing of parcels for soldiers at the front:

The public is urged to exercise every care in packing parcels for the troops, as careful packing is absolutely essential to ensure delivery of the parcels in good order.

Parcels sent abroad require a higher standard of packing than is necessary in the Canadian Parcel Post, and this applies with even greater force to parcels for the troops. Those which are inadequately packed run great risk of damage or loss of contents.

Thin cardboard boxes, such as shoe boxes, and thin wooden boxes, should not be used; nor does a single sheet of ordinary brown paper afford sufficient protection. The following forms of packing are recommended:

1. Strong double cardboard boxes, preferably those made of corrugated cardboard, and having lids which completely enclose the sides of the boxes.
2. Strong wooden boxes.
3. Several folds of stout packing paper.
4. Additional security is afforded by an outer covering of linen, calico or canvas, which should be securely sewn up.

The address of the parcel should be written in ink on the cover, preferably in two places.

The address of the sender of the parcel should also be stated in order that it may be returned if undesirable. The contents of the parcel should be stated in writing on the cover.

In the case of parcels sent to the Mediterranean Force, they should be very strongly packed. They should be as nearly round as possible, and well padded with shavings, crumpled paper, or similar protective material. The outer covering should consist of strong linen, calico or canvas, and should be securely sewn up. The use of wooden or metal boxes with square corners is undesirable, as parcels so packed are liable to injure other parcels in transit. No perishable articles should be sent, and anything likely to become soft or sticky, such as chocolates, should be enclosed in tins. Parcels merely wrapped in paper or packed in thin cardboard boxes, such as shoe boxes, cannot be accepted.

Monkey Brand Soap will clean a house from cellar to roof, but won't wash clothes.

Winston Churchill will go to France this week to join his regiment.

It is estimated that France's war bill up to December 31, 1915, will be $4,287,712,200.

Pump Work &

Having retur... now prepared ... well drilling of ... prices. Your w...

51-2m.

We have purch... the late Wm. W... should be ...

CATER ...

Monuments

GALT, ONT.

IMPORTED DIRE... Send for Catalogue a... MILTON ...

WANTED NOW

Reliable salesm... HALTON

PAY W...

Outfit free, ex... money making ... cies are the la... we sell the highest ... reasonable prices ... in first class condi... selling well this yea... be made in this dis... write Sales Manage...

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

Pacific: Con... To...

VIA THE CANADIAN ROCKIES

AT ATTRA...

Through Tour... See that y... CANADIAN PACIFIC

"Nature's Ex... to the Califor...

Particulars from Ca... Agents or write M. ... senger Agent, Toron...

F. S. COCHRAN...

Monkey Brand So... solisher combined, ...

SKUNK

Get "More Money" for your Skunk

Muskrat, Raccoon, Foxes, White Weasel, Fisher and other Fur bearers collected in your section.

SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS a reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for more than a third of a century. A long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper," the only reliable market report and price list published.

Write for it—NOW—it's FREE

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