The Best
IN
Glasses
AT
Reasonable Prices

A. D. SAVAGE
GUELPH
Regt at the Post Office

With the Immortals

THE VERACITY OF NOAH

It was the first day out, and Noah was standing on the upper deck, nervously swinging the vast expanse of the waters with his eye.

"Smith," Noah said, "I'm worrying about my father. Anything gone wrong?"

"I don't know, my boy," said the old gentleman. "But if the wind continues to blow in this direction, I'm afraid we'll land somewhere in the United States, and if that happens the days are numbered of our voyage."

Whereupon, ringing for the Library Steward, he Skipper called for a copy of the Line's rule book, and spent the remainder of the morning in an uneasy perusal of the same.

CONVERSATION CONSERVATIVE.

"The boss was standing upon the quarter-deck when all but him had died."

"Lucky Fordson for him, he said he preferred cremation."

"Yes, but there's one comfort. He'll never be able to say I told you so."

Whereupon he went under with everything that popular ballad.

"You need not set up for me."

"I don't promise to come back."

THE WAITER—GOOD TEACHER.

SIR WALTER RALEIGH had called to take a cup of coffee with Queen Elizabeth.

"It was very good of you, Sir Walter," said her Majesty, rolling a cherry upon the gallant Knight. "Did you your cloak the other day so that you feet should not be wet by that horrid puddle. May I not instruct the Lord High Treasurer to reimburse you for it?"

"Don't mention it, your Majesty," replied Raleigh. "It only cost two and six, and I have already sold it to an American collector for eight thousand pounds."

A MOMENT OF TRUTH.

Brownson had just finished his poem. Suddenly

"There, by George!" he ejaculated as he signed his name at the end. "If that hasn't got Henry James and the Sphinx beat I'm a sinner!" Ninety-two ways at once in the line of periphrasis, tautologistic and nubiferous obfuscation. I'll go in for vitrified diaphaneity from this time on."

CHARLES THE SECOND'S REGRET

WHY CAN'T he be backed up qualities in the heart, said Lord Clarendon, in discussing Cromwell with the King, "I must admit that he had a good head."

"Why should we not admit it?" said Charles, with a glittering eye. "It took his rather."

[illegible]

[illegible]

CANNOT UPSET IT

Two Tests Made of New Lifeboat and Both are Successful

The new Harry Fisher lifeboat was successfully launched at Polson's Iron Works, Toronto. It was dropped from the davits and demonstrated its self-righting properties in both. The first drop was made from an iron cradle ten feet from the water. Although the framework of the cradle broke just as the boat was being tipped thus turning it bottom upside down, it righted itself in a few feet, and fell in the water right side up.

A rope was then let down from an overhead crane and fastened by an ordinary hook to the top of the boat. When the boat was raised a few feet from the water the hook slipped, owing to the weight of the vessel, nearly four tons, and the boat dropped back into the water.

The boat was next raised to a height of twenty feet suspended from the overhead crane and at a given signal was dropped into the water. It landed right side up.

The boat, which is of steel, is shaped somewhat like a cigar, and in shape like a steel boat working on the principle that it is always in proper position.

It is stated for the boat that it is practically unsinkable and non-capsizable. It has capacity for fifty persons, and with the aid of running-boards on the sides and top could, if necessary, carry another fifty. It is twenty-four feet long and seven feet wide, and is propelled by a screw operated by a crank.

Light is obtained through a number of glassed-in port holes and air by special self-closing devices.

The "Ne Temere" Again.

An Irish Roman Catholic farmer in Dublin is seeking to have his secret marriage with a Catholic annulled, because, although celebrated by the parish priest, it was performed before one witness instead of two, as required by the "Ne Temere" decree.

In Winnipeg, Mrs. Frederick Brewster was refused permission to visit her husband, who was sick in the St. Boniface hospital, the reason being that Mrs. Brewster is not a legal wife under the Ne Temere decree, for while she is a Roman Catholic he is a Protestant, and they were married in a Protestant church. Mrs. Brewster states that for some time the parish priest has been urging her to be married in a Roman Catholic church, but this she refuses to do, and was told by the priest that she could not visit her husband until she promised to do as he wished. She then applied to the authorities, who took up the case, and finding that the marriage had been duly solemnized according to the civil law of Canada, compelled the hospital authorities to allow her to visit her husband freely.

The Sulpicians of Montreal have won their suit with the Indians for the possession of the Two Mountains seigniory.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Dr. Andrew Macphail Speaks of Conditions in the Island Province

Some of the reasons for the depopulation of Prince Edward Island, and the efforts which will be made to offset it and re-establish the former industries, were recited to a Toronto audience by Dr. Andrew Macphail, of Charlottetown. He called attention to the fact that forty years ago there were 94,000 people on the island. In 1881 there were 108,000, and in 1891 109,000. Then the population commenced to decline, and in ten years it had dropped to 103,000, and the last census showed that the population was only 92,000. The industries of the island also had largely disappeared, and it was proposed, in order to regenerate them, to apply to the island the same tariff system as was applied to the Dominion as a whole, in order to protect the manufactories on the island. It was proposed also to have instead of a Minister of Politics, a Minister of Industries. The fact that both political parties were so strong, or so weak, also had much to do with the lack of development. Forty years ago the island contained more people than it did to-day, said Dr. Macphail, and there must be some reason for it in a province which was one of the best in the world so far as agriculture was concerned.

In connections with transportation facilities, the speaker said it was possible to send goods from Montreal to Sydney, Cape Breton, the market for Prince Edward Island, for less than half what it cost to send goods from any point on the island to Sydney. Of the 72,000 people who had left the island in the last forty years, 88 per cent. had gone to the United States, and only 12 per cent. to the other provinces in the Dominion. How to get those back was the problem which he was confronting the island, and it was thought that the best [illegible] to be to apply to the island the same tariff system as was applied to the Dominion as a whole. He was sorry that what was good for the goose was not good for the gander. In the island at present quantities of tobacco could be grown, and it was confidently hoped that in ten years no more tobacco would be [illegible]

DO YOU KNOW HOW TO BREATHE?

Not One in Ten Adults Know the Correct Way.

A gentleman gave good advice to a young lady who complained of sleeplessness. He said: "Learn to breathe, and darken your room completely, and you won't need any doctor bills."

"Learn how to breathe!" I thought that was one thing we learned before coming into the world," the insomnic said, rudely.

On the contrary, not one in ten adults know how to breathe. To breathe perfectly is to draw the breath in long, deep inhalations, slowly and regularly, so as to relieve the lower lungs of a noxious accumulation.

I have overcome nausea, headache, sleeplessness, weakness, and even more serious threatenings, by simply going through a breathing exercise, pumping from my lower lungs, as it were, all the miasmatic inhalations of the day by long, slow, ample breaths. Try it before going to bed, making sure of standing where you can inhale pure air, and then darken the room completely. We live too much in an electric glare by night. If you still suffer from sleeplessness after this experiment is fairly tried, I shall be surprised.

LARGE IRRIGATION PROJECT

Three Thousand Laborers at Work in Mesopotamia.

Work has just been begun on the irrigation of the Mesopotamia desert, a long projected scheme, and the first 3,000 laborers are at work with the preliminary preparations. The British contracting engineer, Sir John Jackson famous for dock works, has control of the contract, with Arthur Noetzli Whitley, another Britisher, who has been second in command on the railway construction work across the Andes, as a commander on the spot.

The work is a huge one, for it entails opening a gap through the mountains, building watercourses, dams and reservoirs. Three great barges will be built, the first at Hindia on the Euphrates, where the first section, irrigating 1,000,000 acres at a cost of $7,500,000 will be worked. It will then match the work the British government has done in the lower Nile in consequence of the building of the great Assouan dam. It is expected when a regular supply of water once more reaches the arid zone it will be worth at least $200,000,000.

FORESTRY IN SOUTH AFRICA

Conservation is spreading in South Africa and tree planting is to be commenced around Bloemfontein. The council of that city recommends all other municipalities and village management boards to follow their example. It is believed that all South Africa was formerly covered with forests and the remudation of the [illegible] as contemporaneous with [illegible] of the Zambesi. A forestry [illegible] of the Union Government [illegible] been organized and it is hoped to carry out extensive work of afforestation in the immediate future.

ARE MICROBES IN YOUR SCALP?

It Has Been Proved That Microbes Cause Baldness.

Professor Unna, of Hamburg, Germany, and Dr. Sabourand, the leading French dermatologist, discovered that a microbe causes baldness. Their theory has time and again been amply verified through research experiments carried on under the observation of eminent scientists. This microbe lodges in the Sebum, which is the natural hair oil, and when permitted to flourish it destroys the hair follicles and in time the pores entirely close, and the scalp gradually takes on a shiny appearance. When this happens there is no hope of the growth of hair being revived.

We have a remedy which will, we honestly believe, remove dandruff, exterminate the microbe, promote good circulation in the scalp and around the hair roots, tighten and revitalize the hair roots, and overcome baldness, so long as there is any life left in the hair roots.

We back up this statement with our own personal guarantee that this remedy called Rexall '93' Hair Tonic will be supplied free of all cost to the user if it fails to do as we state.

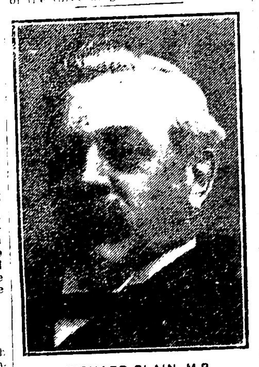
It will frequently help to restore gray and faded hair to its original color, providing loss of color has been caused by disease; yet it is in no sense a dye. Rexall '93' Hair Tonic accomplishes these results by aiding in making every hair root, follicle, and pigment gland strong and active, and by stimulating a natural flow of coloring pigment throughout the hair cells.

We exact no obligations or promises—we simply ask you to give Rexall '93' Hair Tonic a thorough trial and if not satisfied tell us and we will refund the money you paid us for it. Two sizes, prices 50 cents and $1.00. Remember, you can obtain it in Milton only at our store, The Rexall Store, F. H. Smith.

SCOTSMEN IN CANADA

Least Likely to be Discouraged by Hardships in Canada

In an article discussing types of colonists in Canada, the Winnipeg Daily Colonist has some [illegible] views of the various national [illegible] in the United Kingdom. "Experience with settlers from Scotland in the [illegible] provinces shows that of all classes of settlers they are the least likely to become discouraged by hardships and disappointments. Instances [illegible] where settlers from Scotland who were by no means well placed in respect to worldly in Canada have persevered against very adverse conditions and achieved success. They do not readily give up and they are not willing to sacrifice the result of their work, the latter quality leading them to stick out against conditions which would discourage people of almost every other nationality. When the Scots can be induced to go upon the land they exhibit excellent qualities, but rarely, speaking from experience in the past, they are some [illegible] to drift to the cities and work for wages in preference to becoming farmers. There are many conspicuous exceptions and I would not be difficult to mention localities settled [illegible] immigrants from Ireland [illegible] very prosperous. Two [illegible] Scotch and English [illegible] their work in a [illegible] Canada. He [illegible] serving as a guide. A [illegible] Englishman [illegible] are not [illegible] could be developed [illegible] show that [illegible] make a success [illegible] country [illegible] difficulties that most [illegible] case if the farmer [illegible] can from away. [illegible] type of Englishman will [illegible] We are speaking now of the farmers, they the men who go out [illegible] wide and make a farm out of [illegible] When it comes to the professional and farming, we do not know that there is any difference [illegible] between the people of the three kingdoms."



RICHARD BLAIN, M.P.

Peel. He is one of the veterans of the Commons.

GLEANINGS

The coinage [illegible] of the England employs many more men than it [illegible]

The Thames Embankment cost $8,550,000 to build.

A Russian dog is not some of age until he is twenty-six.

False teeth made of paper in Germany are said to retain their color as well as porcelain ones, and to be stronger and cheaper.

The naval twelve-inch gun has an effective range up to fifteen miles and will actually throw a projectile the astounding distance of twenty-three miles.

Women carry some forty or fifty miles of hair on their head. The fair-haired may even have to dress seventy miles of threads of gold every morning.

A coin is in currency on an average for twenty-seven years.

No earthquake has ever been made with sufficient strength to resist the bursting power of frozen water.

The average Englishman is two inches taller than the American.

The peach and plum are short-lived trees. The pear and apple are long-lived.

Wild ducks are estimated to fly ninety miles an hour; swallows fly faster, and the swift flies over two hundred miles an hour.

A compact sound-producing machine for use in connection with moving pictures can be made to produce fifty-four different effects—storms, hoof beats, washing of surf, breaking of glass, and many more.

The North Essex recount leaves Hon. Dr. Reaume with a majority of 52.

"Take my advice! I have proved Zam-Buk best for eczema and skin disease."

As a mother you owe it to your family to give it a trial! It ends pain and it heals!

50c box all Druggists & Stores.

AEROPLANES IN WAR THEIR POSSIBILITIES

Colonel Capper Gives an Interesting Estimate Regarding Bomb Dropping by an Aeroplane Fleet

Colonel J. E. Capper, a military aviation expert in England, has given a very interesting interview regarding the possibilities of the aeroplane in warfare.

"Fifty machines," he said, "making two trips each per day, within a radius of a hundred miles, could drop each day 15,000 pounds, or about six and a half tons of bombs, on any selected area." Colonel Capper, however, does not think much damage could be done by single machines, but remarks that several flying squadrons of ten or a dozen machines would prove of the highest importance during a campaign.

The question naturally arises: What about the cost of such fleets? If numbers were ordered, the average price for a military machine would be about $2,000. The cost of a fleet of a hundred flying machines would, therefore, be about $200,000. Portable sheds, workshops, etc., could be provided and fitted up for about $100,000, and, allowing a similar amount for expenditure on flying grounds, motor-cars, etc., an initial expenditure of $500,000 would suffice for the provision of a fleet of a hundred flying machines. The upkeep would be about $200,000 per annum, and providing for, say, forty new machines annually would cost $120,000.

Repairs and upkeep of those in use, fuel, etc., would be liberally provided for at $80,000, so that an original outlay of $500,000 and an annual grant of $500,000 would suffice for the provision in peace of a fleet of a hundred flying machines, including the renewal of the whole fleet every two and a half years.

It has been suggested that it would be an easy matter to destroy a squadron of flying machines with artillery or infantry fire. As a matter of fact it would be extremely difficult to do so if the machines were flying at any fair height. It must be remembered that the flying machine travels from fifty to seventy miles an hour, and it is obvious that a hit in such circumstances would be very difficult to secure, even by the best artillery in the world.

Moreover, quick-firing guns have, but a small angle of elevation, and even a field howitzer could hardly hope that its shells would reach a height of 3,000 feet, so that it a very considerable height a flying machine would be absolutely immune.

"But what about meeting the attacks of other flying machines?" some reader may ask. For this purpose, says Colonel Capper, every military flying machine must be armed with a quick-firing small-bore gun or rifle, and the aeronaut must be trained to use it whilst in rapid flight. In addition, a few small deadly explosive bombs should be carried for the destruction of hostile airships.

Airships will be of little use in warfare when it comes to fighting flying machines. They are slow in speed, and are not calculated to manoeuvre at heights much over 6,000 feet, and even by sacrifice of all fuel and ballast can hardly reach 10,000 feet, a height which flying machines can speedily attain. No airship will be able to engage in war without a small squadron of flying machines to guard her, and in a fight between flying machines the victory will go to that which can fly and rise fastest, manoeuvre easiest, and shoot the straightest.

TRUTHS IN BRIEF

The unpardonable sin in preaching is to be dull. Canon Talbot.

In the restaurant oyster sauce, two is company, and three a crowd.—Ellis Flinn.

True happiness is simply a case of not wanting the things you can't get. —G. Sinnick.

The backbone of all the virtues is courage. Life is a poor thing without it.—Bernard Snell.

When a man's successful it's pretty easy for him to forget how he made his success.—G. S. Paternoster.

The essentials to happiness in this life are something to do, something to love, and something to hope for.—E. Kineton.

Study to be what you wish to seem. Socrates.

Men marry because they are tired; women because they are curious; both are disappointed.—Oscar Wilde.

Solomon had seven hundred wives, but we have no evidence that any of them could cook to suit him.—S. E. Kiser.

There never was a piece of literature yet you couldn't, if you cared to stretch a point, call indecent.—H. G. Wells.

I like extravagance. Economy, anyhow, is only a way of spending money without getting any fun out of it.—Eleanor Sears.

NEW CIGARET CARDS DISEASE CARRIERS?

Health Officer Traces Sore Mouths to Boys Playing With Them

Germ infection through cigarette cards is the latest danger to health, Dr. Hastings, Medical Health Officer, Toronto, tells the following remarkable incident:

"In one of the city schools recently it was noticed that a large number of children had sores around their mouths and on their faces. Those affected were all boys; no girls were infected.

"A lady at the noon hour noticed a number of boys on the way home from school playing with cigarette cards in the following manner: One of the boys would take the cigarette picture card, put it between his teeth, then smartly snap it with his finger and try to strike another boy with the spinning card. The card would fall to the dirty pavement, would then be picked up by the other boy, and put into his mouth. As the lady watched, she saw the same card pass into seven different mouths, some of them with sores upon them. Finally she picked up the card, and found it so absolutely filthy that neither the picture nor the writing could be seen for dirt.

"The homes of some of the boys with the sore faces were visited, and the mothers of some complained that their boys had been playing this game around the house, until they had been driven almost frantic.

"This is a concrete case of contact infection which has happened, and is happening right now, in Toronto; a contact infection by means of a very simple game, the effect of which can be seen by anyone."

SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

All Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is more widely and successfully used than any other remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed. Why don't you try it?

WATER POWERS ACQUIRED

To be Used in Connection with Electrification of C. P. R.

In connection with the probable ultimate electrification of a portion of its line in the Rocky Mountains, the Canadian Pacific Railway acquired a water power on the Adams River, which flows out of Adasm Lake, and experts have reported that it is capable of developing a hundred thousand horse-power at two different points between the lake and its confluence with the South Thompson. It is in a heavily timbered country where extensive lumbering operations are now being carried on.

Parcel Post.

Montreal Witness

Mr. Taft has in his last message to Congress urged the immediate establishment of a rural parcel post. This is the most daring attempt on honary privilege that Mr. Taft has yet made. Does he not know that his free country has been since long before he was born in servitude to express companies? Does he not know that parcels can be sent all over Europe, crossing half a dozen different international boundaries, for far less than a free citizen can have the like delivered by post or express at his house in the suburbs. He has proposed the rural parcel post, but will Congress pass it? If it does make parcel rates on a par with those of the effete countries of the old world, we may hope soon after to see a like emancipation in Canada.

Wood's PhosphoLodine,
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

Butcher Shop

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BUTCHER
DEALER IN
Fresh and Salt Meats, Fresh Fish, Poultry, Sausages, Etc.

Meat for Threshings a Specialty.

Horse and Cow Hides, Sheep Skins and Tallow bought at Highest Prices.

People having fat cattle, sheep, calves or fat or store hogs for sale, will please leave word at the shop.

Can we be of Service to You?

WE don't suppose there is a house in this town or county but has occasion occasionally to patronize a jewelry store. This store likes to be of service to as many people as possible. We are pleased to quote prices to those who are only looking around. Or we will explain what is in favor for presents, or give any other information within the knowledge of the jewelry man.

E. MARCHAND
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
MILTON, ONT.

PRINCESS PATRICIA

England is loath to part with her, for she is young, pretty, witty, a charming English girl, possessing a most unroyal sense of humor and an extraordinary amount of brains.

Possibly some of these admirable qualities are due to her love of outdoor sports. As a child she played cricket like an expert, handling bat and ball with equal dexterity. So eager was she and so fearless of everything that she had many narrow escapes, and her mother was in constant expectation of having her brought home on a stretcher. Now, however, Princess Patricia can ride, play golf, and tennis, or sail a boat with the best sportsmen.

And the lovable qualities are very evident. The Royal children think it a red-letter day when their big, fun-loving cousin comes to stay with them. King Edward used to tell how one day he came upon Princess Patricia in the gardens at Sandringham, little Prince Henry on her back, and Prince Albert gravely leading her with a string. She was laughing and happy, and not at all disconcerted at being discovered. At dances which are given especially for her she does not select her partners and then send them word that they may have the honor of dancing with her, after the traditional Royal fashion, but she takes her chances along with all the other pretty women in the room, and it is not altogether because she is a Princess that she is never a wallflower.

King Edward loved Patricia dearly, and used to urge her to give imitations of her friends and relatives, and then laugh at her skill. As she grew older she exacted from him a promise not to use his Royal prerogative to force her into any marriage she did not wish. Thus she has been able to keep her freedom, even though not permitted to marry the man of her choice.

A pretty little story is told of one of Princess Patricia's visits as a child to Queen Victoria. The little girl had been running gleefully about on the lawn, when the Queen summoned her and made her sit down, saying: "Little girls should not run about so." The Princess obediently seated herself, crossed her legs, and began to rock to and fro.

"Little girls should not cross their legs," said the Queen severely, whereupon Patricia sighed and uncrossed them; then, after a few moments of thought, she asked gently: "What do little girls have legs at all for, grandma?" History does not relate Queen Victoria's answer.

HON. CHARLES MARCIL, M.P.

Bonaventure. He is an ex-Speaker of the House of Commons.

SALMON NURSERY

The Largest in the World is in British Columbia.

From the Fisheries Department of the Dominion Government, whose duty it is to replenish the Canadian rivers with the commercial varieties of fish, come some interesting facts concerning fish-hatching. The work is carried out by a series of points both on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and on the Great Lakes.

The largest of these—indeed, it is said to be the largest of its kind in the world—is the hatchery at Harrison Lake, drained by the Fraser River in British Columbia, which deals exclusively with the hatching of salmon. There are always 10,000,000 fish in the building—7,000,000 sockeye salmon eggs and fry (the fish principally used for canning purposes), and 2,000,000 spring salmon.

The building contains 160 hatching troughs, each averaging 90,000 fish. During September and October the eggs of the female are expressed into a pan and the fertilizing "milt" of the male thoroughly mixed with them. The eggs are then carried to the hatchery and placed in troughs set in flowing water.

When ready to be liberated the fish are placed in a specially-constructed semi-submerged boat. This is towed to a chosen spot, and when in proper position is allowed to sink below the water.

THE TRUTH ABOUT CIGARETTE PAPER.

Of the great army of cigarette smokers there is probably not more than one in a hundred who knows that rice paper, in which the tobacco is wrapped, has nothing to do with rice, but is made from the membranes of the breadfruit tree, or, more commonly, of fine new trimmings of flax and hemp. So light is this paper that 500 of the tiny sheets go to make an ounce (says "Science Sittings"). They are perfectly combustible, and give off the minimum of smoke.

SHOT A LARGE BIRD

A large bird, supposed to be an eagle, was shot by James Ferguson on his farm near Plattsville, Ontario. The bird, which measured seven feet one inch from tip to tip, was shot while carrying off a goose. The beak of the bird shot was found to be more like that of a falcon, a still rarer bird in the neighborhood.

Bear Near Ottawa

Bears have been troubling the nerves of the people of Chelsea, near Ottawa, and talks of organizing a hunting posse have been heard. Mr. A. Thibeault stated that he saw four in the vicinity of the Canadian Pacific Railway station on one day.

The new King George postage stamps will be issued early in the new year.

The Customs collections for the eight months of the fiscal year amounted to $50,306,708.

A Small "Wireless"

Mr. Frank Chambers, of Philadelphia, has invented a wireless apparatus so small that it can be carried in the crown of a hat.

Eulogy and the Commons

Mr. Edison was disappointed in the British House of Commons because there was not enough excitement in the proceedings.

After Forty Years

A remarkable meeting took place at Stuart town, in the Wellington district, between a man named Flowers and his son, who had never seen each other, though the son is forty years of age. Mr. Flowers, senior, left America for Australia forty years ago; his wife remained behind, intending to follow later, but she died in giving birth to a son, who was cared for by an aunt.

RECORD CASKET FOR BIG MAN

It is 40 Inches Wide and 30 Inches Deep, and Heavily Built.

The largest casket ever built in Ontario was shipped to Louisville from Chatham for the burial of Alvin Merritt, the 610-pound shopkeeper. The casket is so large that the outside rough box would scarcely pass through the freight car doors.

The coffin was 6 feet in length, 3 feet 4 inches in width, and its depth 2 feet 6 inches. There were eight heavy handles on the coffin, and under it were four heavy oak cross-bars, each braced with stout steel braces. A draped drap had to be used as a hearse.

The grave is 7 feet 6 inches long by 5 feet in width.

C. R. TURNER. R. BURLING & CO. J. E. TURNER.

OFFICE DESK

Solid oak, polished, large top 38 x 48; has five drawers and book cabinet; extra value $16.50

Couches—A big range of rug, velours, verona and imitation leather, open construction, from ..... $5.00 to $24.00

Oak Rocker. The celebrated roll seat rocker, very comfortable to sit in and well balanced ..... $4.75 to $8.00

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
PHONE NO. 62. DAY AND NIGHT.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
THE IMPERIAL HOT WATER AND STEAM BOILERS
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SCREW FACTORY MACHINE SHOP
Also All Kinds of ELECTROPLATING
Nickel, Silver, and Copper Oxidizing
AT FAIR PRICES.
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Satisfaction or Your Money Back!

That's the condition that goes with every bag of Cream of the West Flour. It's a fair, square guarantee, and I want you to take it to mean just what it says.

Cream of the West

the hard wheat flour guaranteed for bread

Give Cream of the West a fair, square trial. If you don't have satisfaction in baking bread, you'll get satisfaction at your grocer's. We guarantee one or the other. Cream of the West is a superior bread flour. Improve your home-made bread by using it.

The Campbell Milling Company, Limited, Toronto
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, President 108

For sale by E. SYER, Milton.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the [illegible] pimples, blotches and ulcers heal up; the nerves become [illegible] nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear; the [illegible] face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the [illegible] systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more [illegible] You feel yourself a man and know marriage cannot be a failure. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

THREATENED WITH PARALYSIS

BEFORE TREATMENT

AFTER TREATMENT

Peter E. Summers relates his experience: "I was troubled with Nervous Debility for many years. I lay it to indiscretion and excesses in youth. I became very despondent and didn't care whether I worked or not. I imagined everybody who looked at me guessed my secret. Imaginative dreams at night weakened me—my back ached, had pains in the back of my head, hands and feet were cold, tired in the morning, poor appetite, fingers were shaky, eyes blurred, hair loose, memory poor, etc. Numbness in the fingers set in and the doctor told me he feared paralysis. I took all kinds of medicines and tried many first-class physicians, wore an electric belt for three months, but received little benefit. I was induced to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kennedy, though I had lost all faith in doctors. Like a drowning man I commenced the New Sanitarium Treatment and it saved my life. The improvement was like magic—I could feel the vigor going through the nerves. I was cured mentally and physically. I have sent them many patients and continue to do so.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

We treat and cure VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES and all Diseases peculiar to Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE

All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

LAX-A-COLD WILL CURE GRIPPE, COUGHS & COLDS
Safe and sure. 25 cents a box.
MACKENZIE'S
The People's Druggist. MILTON

VOLUME 52.

BANK OF H[illegible]

Capital Paid Up
Reserve and Undivided Profits
Total Assets.

In an age of [illegible] thrifty folks are [illegible] their less provident [illegible] mulate debt.

May a thrifty [illegible] point to the fact [illegible] as having been taken [illegible] account was opened [illegible]

A Savings [illegible] Hamilton will [illegible] Toward this [illegible]

H. P. WANZER, Agent, Milton.

LOCAL COURTS

Place of Sitting

1 Milton
2 Oakville
4 Georgetown
5 Acton
5 Campbellville
6 Burlington

NAMES AND ADDRESSES
3. Chas. C. Bee, [illegible]
6. Samuel J. Green, [illegible]

General Sessions [illegible] June and 10th December.
County Court [illegible] times as may be required.
County Court Sittings [illegible]
Audit of Criminal [illegible]

Canadian Ch[illegible]

EVERY THURSDAY
At the office
MAIN ST.,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: [illegible] if paid in advance.
TO SUBSCRIBERS: [illegible] until all arrears are paid [illegible] the proprietor [illegible] continue is not sufficient [illegible]
To subscribers in [illegible] year, $1.50 if paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES
Space [illegible]
1 Column [illegible]
1/2 Column [illegible]
1/4 Column [illegible]
1/8 Column [illegible]

Business Cards [illegible] annum. The minimum [illegible] by the space occupied [illegible] solid nonpareil.

Advertisements [illegible] inserted until forbidden.

Any special Notices [illegible] promote the pecuniary [illegible] vidual company [illegible] considered an advertisement [illegible] accordingly.

Notices of births, [illegible] each.

Transient advertisements [illegible] except those of [illegible] which will be inserted [illegible] insertion, and [illegible] insertion.

W. [illegible]

LEGAL

WILLIAM [illegible]
Barrister, Solicitor [illegible] to loan. Office [illegible]

VICTOR [illegible]
Barrister, Solicitor [illegible] Money to loan [illegible] Upstairs over Bank [illegible]

J. W. ELLIOTT, [illegible]
Barrister, &c. Money [illegible] loan. Office: First [illegible] Winn & Co's [illegible]

DENTAL

T. T. HARRIS, L.D.S.
DENTIST, Oakville [illegible] last Wednesday of each [illegible] Bennett House.

MEDICAL

H. A. McCOLL, M.D., [illegible]
Physician, and Surgeon [illegible] hours, to 9 a.m. [illegible] Office, two doors east [illegible] Milton.

MARSHALL E. GOWLAND, M.D., [illegible]
M.C.P.&S. [illegible]
Honor Graduate and Silver [illegible] Toronto University.
OFFICE and residence, [illegible] Charles Sts., Milton.

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Piano, Organ and Violin.
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East Mary St., MILTON.
Carpenter, Contractor
Kitchen Cabinets made to [illegible]
Repairs, etc. Estimates [illegible]

Private Funds
to loan on good farm security [illegible] cent. Interest payable yearly [illegible] yearly.
WILLIAM I. DICK, [illegible]
Barrister, Milton.

Clubbing Off[illegible]