The Canadian Champion

MILTON, June 9, 1904.

English office, 30 Fleet Street, London, E. C., where Messrs. E. and J. Hardy & Co. will receive for us news, subscriptions and advertisements, and where our readers can, free of charge, see our paper when in England.

Features of the Budget.

Globe.

Mr. Fielding in delivering his budget speech in the House of Commons on Tuesday dealt with admitted tariff inequalities requiring immediate treatment. There will be a thorough and detailed revision probably next session after an inquiry by members of the Government similar to that made in 1897.

A maximum general tariff, a minimum general tariff and the British preference will be adopted when the fiscal question is dealt with in detail. The highest scale of duties will be applied to countries whose trade policy is hostile to Canada, and the lower scale to countries that deal fairly with us, while the preference is to be kept for the firm of John Bull & Co.

The minimum duty on tweeds, coatings, overcoatings and other woollen goods, with the exception of blankets, bed comforters or counterpanes when imported under the preferential tariff, is fixed at 30 per cent.

A special duty will be imposed upon goods "dumped" or "slaughtered" in Canada, being the difference between the sacrifice price and the fair market value of the goods. On certain articles of iron and steel on which bounties are paid this special duty is not to exceed 15 per cent. ad valorem, and in other cases the limit of special duty is 50 per cent. of the present duty.

The minimum duty on twine and cordage under the preference is raised to 20 per cent. ad valorem from 16⅔ per cent.

The maximum duty under the British preference on china and porcelain ware is reduced from 20 to 15 per cent. ad valorem; that on common and colorless window glass from 13⅓ per cent. to 7½ per cent.

The duty on refined petroleum (coal oil) is reduced from 5 to 2½ cents per gallon. Fuel oil for manufacturing purposes is placed on the free list. The duty on crude petroleum is wiped out and a bounty of 1½ cents per gallon is to be given to the crude oil producers of Canada. The duty on paraffine wax candles is reduced from 30 to 25 per cent.; that on paraffine was from 30 to 25 per cent.; that on illuminating oils costing more than 30 cents per gallon from 25 to 20 per cent.; waseline from 35 to 25 per cent.; that on lubricating oils from 5 cents to 2½ cents per gallon; that on lubricating oils n. e. s. and axle grease from 25 to 20 per cent.

Pails and tubs of wood are made dutiable at 25 instead of 20 per cent.

The minimum value for duty on open buggies is fixed at $40, and that of covered buggies at $50.

To the list of prohibited goods is added stallions and mares of less value than $50 each.

The duty on plate glass not bevelled in sheets or panes not exceeding seven square feet each, n.e.s., is lowered to 10 per cent. ad valorem. On the same material in sheets or panes exceeding seven square feet and not exceeding 25 square feet each the duty will be 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Molasses from any country entitled to the British preference is placed in the free list.

The free list is further extended to comprise the following: printing presses not made in Canada, whale oil soap, plain basic photographic paper, hydro-fluo-salycilic acid, glass for the manufacture of photographic dry plates, ferment cultures for butter making, machinery not made in Canada for the manufacture of linen, machinery not made in Canada for the manufacture of certain brass goods, well drilling machinery not made in Canada, but not to include motive power, artificial teeth, quassia juice, crude petroleum fuel and gas oils. The free admission of machinery and appliances not made in Canada used exclusively in alluvial gold mining is extended until 1st July, 1905.

Estimated revenue for the current year, $72,000,000; ordinary expenditure, inclusive of sinking fund payments, $54,500,000; capital expenditure, $11,500,000; surplus over all current and capital expenditures, $7,500,000, inclusive of $2,500,000 added to the sinking fund. The debt of Canada to-day is about a million dollars less than when the Liberals came to power, although immense public works have been undertaken and carried to completion.

WAR NEWS.

The most significant bit of authentic news from the Liaotung Peninsular during the past few days was the despatch from Admiral Togo stating that the Russians are hard at work removing the mines which prevent exit from Port Arthur harbor. This can only mean that the defenders of the fortress know that its days are numbered and are preparing for the last desparate sortie for which the world waits. Were Port Arthur not in serious danger the removal of the mines that shut in the Russian squadron and at the same time make it dangerous for the Japanese to approach within effective range would be a piece of folly. So long as there is a hope of keeping the Russian flag flying and of a rescue by a fleet from European Russia, the mines around Port Arthur are a positive advantage to the defenders of the city. Their removal means that the Japanese are pressing the defending army back, that their seige guns are being got into position, and that in another week or ten days the Russian squadron may be forced out of Port Arthur by the city's capture.

Chinese reports to the Russian Headquarters at Liaoyang affirm that on June 6th the Japanese attacked Port Arthur from both land sea, but were repulsed with severe losses. Their position on the Kwantung peninsula is said to be precarious. It seems a very unlikely story that 30,000 men, with a series of wide spreading forts to defend, could make the position of the 80,000 besiegers precarious. The naval operations on both sides are for the moment left to gunboats and torpedo vessels. The Russians in an affair on May 26th lost a torpedo gunboat, while on June 6th the Japanese had a gunboat smashed during a reconnaissance of Port Arthur. This affair may have been magnified into the land and sea engagement reported from Liaoyang.

Of the armies of the north little in the way of authentic news is heard. Kuropatkin's cavalry is certainly working its way south, but there are no indications that it is preparing the way for a serious advance toward Port Arthur. Kuroki gives no sign. He is as silent as the Sphinx. When his combinations are completed he will begin to play the game, but until then he is "not talking for publication."

No Competition.

The uniform success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the relief and cxre of bowel complaints both in children and adults has brought it into almost universal use, so that it is practically without a rival, and as everyone who has used it knows, is without an equal. For sale by Higginbotham & Field.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada has endorsed the principle of the union of the Evangelical Churches by the adoption of Dr. Warden's motion for the appointment of a committee to confer with the other churches. The Assembly may discuss the matter again before adjournment.

Meat on the Farm.

Much valuable information regarding the butchering, curing and keeping of meat is given in Farmers' Bulletin No. 183 of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, entitled "Meat on the Farm." The many illustrations enable anyone to follow closely the directions for killing and cutting up cattle, sheep and swine. The general advice given is worthy of close attention by all farmers who do not depend on the butcher for their meat supply.

Selection of Animals.—The author of the bulletin points out that in the selection of animals for meat, health should be given first consideration. No matter how fat an animal may be or how good its form, if it is not in perfect health the best quality of meat cannot be obtained. If suffering from fever, or any serious derangement of the system, the flesh will not be wholesome food. Flesh of animals that have recovered from the ravages of disease before slaughter is not likely to cure well and is very difficult to keep after curing. Bruises, broken limbs, or like accidents all have the same effect on the meat as ill health, and unless the animal can be killed and dressed immediately after such accident it is not best to use the meat for food. A rise of two degrees or more in the animal's temperature at or just previous to slaughtering is almost sure to result in stringy, gluey meat and to create a tendency to sour in curing.

Condition.—First-class meat cannot be obtained from animals that are poor in flesh. A reasonable amount of flesh must be present to give juiciness and flavor to the flesh, and the fatter an animal is, within reasonable limits, the better will be the meat. The presence of large amounts of fat is not essential, however, to wholesome meat and it is far more important that an animal be in good health than that it be extremely fat. It is not wise to kill an animal that is losing flesh, as the muscle fibres are shrinking in volume and contain correspondingly less water. As a consequence the meat is tougher and dryer. When an animal is gaining in flesh, the opposite condition obtains and a better quality of meat is the result. Also a better product will be obtained from an animal in only medium flesh but gaining rapidly than from a very fat animal that is at a standstill or losing in flesh.

Breeding and Quality.—Quality in meat is largely dependent on the health and condition of the animals slaughtered, and yet the best quality of meat is rarely, if ever, obtained from poorly bred stock. The desired "marbling" or admixture of fat and lean is never of the best in scrub stock, nor do the over-fed show-ring animals furnish the ideal in quality of meat. There seems to be a connection between a smooth, even and deeply fleshed animal and nicely marbled meat that is not easily explained. Fine bones, soft luxuriant hair and mellow flesh are always desirable in an animal to be used for meat, as they are indications of small waste and good quality of meat.

Age for Killing.—Age affects the flavor and texture of the meat to quite an extent. It is a well-known fact that meat from old animals is more likely to be tough than that from young ones. The flesh from very young animals lacks flavor and is watery. An old animal properly fattened and in good health would be preferred to a younger one in poor condition. Cattle are fit for beef at eighteen to twenty months if properly fed, though meat from such animals lacks in flavor. The best best beef will be obtained from animals from twenty to forty months old. A calf should not be used for veal under six weeks of age, and is at its best when about ten weeks old and raised on the cow. Hogs may be used at any age after six weeks, but the most profitable age at which to slaughter is eight to twelve months. Sheep may be used when two to three months old and at any time thereafter. They will be at their best previous to reaching two years of age, usually at eight to twelve months.

Preparation of Animals for Slaughter.—An animal intended for slaughter should be kept off feed from twenty-four to thirty-six hours, otherwise it is impossible to thoroughly drain out the veins when the animal is bled, and a reddish colored unattractive carcass will be the result. Water should be given freely up to the time of slaughter, as it keeps the temperature normal and helps to wash the effecte matter out of the system, resulting in a nicely colored carcass.

The care of animals previous to slaughter has a considerable effect on the keeping qualities of the meat. In no instance should an animal be killed immediately after a long drive or after a rapid run about the pasture. The flesh of an animal that has been overheated is usually of a pale color and very often develops a sour or putrid odor within three or four days after being dressed. Bruises cause blood to settle in that portion of the body affected, presenting an uninviting appearance, and often caus: the loss of a considerable portion of the carcass. Therefore, a six-hour fast, plenty of water, careful handling, and rest before slaughter are all important in securing meat in the best condition for use.

Department of Agriculture,
Commissioner's Branch,
Ottawa, June 2, 1904.
W. A. CLEMONS,
Publication Clerk.

Thrown From a Wagon.

George K. Babcock was thrown from his wagon and severely bruised. He applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely and says it is the best liniment he ever used. Mr. Babcock is a well known citizen of North Plain, Conn. There is nothing equal to Pain Balm for sprains and bruises. It will effect a cure in one-third the time required by any other treatment. For sale by Higginbotham & Field.

TO CALIFORNIA FOR THE WINTER

VIA THE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Overland Limited and the California Express are daily trains from Chicago to Omaha and San Francisco via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Union Pacific line. There are no changes nor delays. Winter tourist rates now in effect. Descriptive booklets.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. No. 8 King St. East, Toronto, A. J. Taylor, C. P. Agent.

Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) has lost his wife, who died at Florence, Italy, on Sunday evening.

A number of Scotch building mechanics who have just arrived in Toronto complain that they were induced to come to Canada by an agreement fraudulently issued by one Graeme Hunter, of Glasgow, guaranteeing them immediate employment at high wages, on their arrival.

Disease takes no summer vacation.
If you need flesh and strength use
Scott's Emulsion
summer as in winter.
Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Ontario.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

MAY HONOR LIST.

Milton Public School.

Junior Leaving and Junior Matriculation Class. First class honors, 75 per cent. or over; second class, 60 per cent. or over; pass, 50 per cent. or over.

First Class Honors—Stuart Turnbull, Ethel Chapman, Oresta Blakely, Jasper Belt, Robert Butterfield, Bena McCowan.

Second Class Honors—Susan Jardine, Pearl Main, Walter Roach, Lily Smith.

Sr. "B" Class.

First Class Honors—Murvel Featherstone, Maud Freeman.

Second Class Honors—Lily Main, Olive Patterson.

Int. Class.

First Class Honors—Muriel Bennett, Alma Bradley, Brock Chapman.

Second Class Honors—Ed. Landsboro, Violet Bowman, Hazel Howes.

Jr. V. Class.

First Class Honors—Charlotte Campbell, Lily Gillespie, Pearl Anderson, Amos Newell.

Second Class Honors—Matt. Telfer, Laura Hemstreet, Eva McPhail.

Pass—Effie Harrison, Henry Robinson, Roy Syer.

Senior Latin—R. Butterdeld and J. Belt 78, S. Jardine and O. Blakeley 68, P. Main 54, B. McCowan 52, L. Main 48.

Junior Latin—P. Anderson 85, L. Gillespie 75, C. Campbell 73, H. Howes 64, M. Featherstone 60, W. Campbell 50, E. Landsboro' 40, M. Freeman 40, B. Harrison 26.

Senior French—J. Belt 77, O. Blakeley 65, B. McCowan 49, P. Main 46, S. Jardine 43, R. Butterfield 43.

Junior French—P. Anderson 84, C. Campbell 74, M. Featherstone 68, W. Campbell 63, H. Howes 63, M. Freeman 47, L. Gillespie 46, L. Main 35.

II. Dept.

Sr. IV.—Katie Brown 65, Solomon Hannant 64, Evelyn Gollins 63, Kathleen Hannant 62, Ella Henderson 62, Ketha Peacock 54, Marion White 54, Algus Sloan 53, Laura Petrie 52, Chester Earl 50, Elmer Turner 50, Muriel Douglas 47, Mabel Robinson 46, Bessie Brown 42, Norman McJannett 41, Grace Knapp 40, Hilda Gollins 40, Robert Fleming 40, Blaine Benson 39, Leila Roach 38, John Kelly 38, Walter Matheson 35, Stuart Jones 34, Edwy Howes 33, Clarice McKay 25, Anna Little 25, Ida Norris 19.

Int. IV.—Elizabeth Northwood 71, Percy Belt 68, Clara Mills 63, May Hitchin 60, Leonard Maud 58, Ethel Cochrane 58, Mabel Wharton 54, Mabel Jones 50, Amy Morley 48, Mary Miles 45, Wm. Sloan 40.

Jr. IV.—Harry Atkinson 55, Ruthven Campbell 50, Harry Wharton 35, Frank Dunbar 33, Wm. Durnan 30, Rena Brush 30.

III. Dept.

Sr. III.—Wilfrid Crozier, Ewart Peacock, Roberta Stewart, Frank McCannell, John Farlow.

Int. III.—Orland Houston, Charles Norris, Susie Hare, Norman Gollop, Alice Atkinson.

Jr. III.—Marjorie Hannant, Ethel Holmes, Gertha Featherstone, Vera Roach, Lina Landsboro'.

No. on roll, 49; average attendance, 40.

IV. Dept.

Sr. II.—Albert Marchand, Bessie Scott, Florence Tink, Frank Hemstreet, Edith Morely.

Int. II.—Mabel Hill, Margaret Tink, Robert Anderson, Maud McPhail, Mabel Timbers.

Jr. II.—Mabel McCannell, Gordon Ford, John Randall, Allan Griffith, Phoebe Hare.

V. Dept.

Sr. Pt. I.—Mary Brown, Norman Winn, Max Norris, Alma Smithson, Fred Shepherd.

Int. Pt. II.—Jean Panton, Willie McKay, Laura Belt, Ruth Hamilton, Eva Jones.

Jr. Pt. II.—Russell Peacock, Maggie Anderson, Ina Ford, Lilian McCartney, Wm. Morley, Ella Dow.

VI. Dept.

"A"—F. Cooley, C. Knapp, B. White, B. Hannant.

"B"—M. Anderson, C. Houston, L. Marchand, G. Roach, G. Hamilton.

"C"—A. Kentner, H. Maud, I. Smith, E. Ford, N. Stover.

"D"—M. Sloan, J. Vaughan, B. Bradley, C. Nixon.

"E"—F. Williams, J. Willmott, G. Hanley, J. McLellan.

No. on roll, 80; average attendance, 60.

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No. 3, Nassagaweya.

IV. Class—Harry Higgins, Linus McMillan, Roy Finlay, Minnie Eveleigh.

III.—Lena Lamb, Orval Elsley.

II.—Nellie Hunter, Thomas Amos, Wm. Calvert, Grace Eveleigh.

Sr. Pt. II.—Etta Simpson, Daniel Hunter.

Jr. Pt. II.—Elva Elsley, John Hunter.

Pt. I.—Annie Moore, Agnes Simpson, Alfred Calvert, Jessie Moore Mary Higgins.

No. enrolled, 35; average attendance, 23.

C. McClenahan, Teacher.

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Appleby.

Form I. (Pt. I.)—Myrtle Blanshard, Edith Blanshard.

Form I. (Pt. II.)—Edna Wood, Earl Emerson, Albert Grice, Cecil Heslop, Elsie Dynes.

Form II.—Clara Williamson, Myrtle Heslop, F. Blanshard, Mary Stephenson, Dudley Alton, Florence McKerr, Ida Stephenson, Ethel Emerson.

Form III.—Joanna Cline, Ina Alton, Alice Blanshard, Ernest Tuck; Bertha Porter.

Form IV.—Wm. Cline, Mina Telford, Ida Tuck.

Form V.—Wm. McClenahan, Frank Alton.

No. enrolled, 51; average attendance, 40.

W. J. McClenahan, Teacher.

***

No. 8, Nelson.

V. Class—Beulah E. Bennett, Beatrice M. Sinclair, Myrtle J. Bridgman, IV.—Elma Harrison, Charlie Simpson, Robert J. Harrison.

Sr. III.—Harvey Patterson 268, Leona Bridgman 250, Velma Gowland 231, Pearl Lee 175, Charlie Cartwright.

Jr. III.—Ethel A. Patterson 324, J. Stanley Gowland 315, Mary E. Lee 313, Stafford Bennett 306, Homer W. McMullen 283, Lloyd Gowland 223, Kenneth Patterson 221.

II.—Gordon Bridgman 178, Margaret Dennis 165, Archie Bell 134.

Part II.—Bertha Gowland 185, Hugh Harrison 176, Alfred H. Husband 172, Florence Dennis 170, Percy Lee 154, Chauncey Bell 147, Willie Kerns 110.

Sr. I.—Bruce Walker 135, George Sherwood 132, Edgar Sherwood 129, Nettie Bennett 117, Norah McMullen 112, John Curtis 96.

Jr. I.—Angelina Curtis, Blake Kerns, Ormie Sherwood, Hazel Lee.

Average attendance, 29.

Ethel S. Shields, Teacher.

The British Government has no intention of proposing the adoption of a system of conscription, as recommended by a royal commission.

The London Conference of the Methodist Church has placed itself on record as being opposed to Government control of the liquor traffic.

Compared with the same month last year, the traffic on the Soo canals for May showed a falling off of more than 6,000,000 tons.

Most people think too lightly of a cough. It is a serious matter and needs prompt attention. Take
Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung Tonic
when the first sign of a cough or cold appears.
It will cure you easily and quickly then—later it will be harder to cure.
Prices 25c., 50c. and $1.00
S. C. WELLS & CO.
Toronto, Can. LeRoy, N.Y. 20

Ordered His Own Head Off.

The great Count Saigo was an instructive example of the habit of mind of the Japanese. The count was in insurrection against his emperor in 1873 and was nearly in the toils, and he knew it, so in his stronghold he employed his leisure time in playing chess with his immediate friends. Reports kept coming in from the outposts, each one more disheartening than the last. But the count still went on playing chess, while the utmost good humor and pleasant raillery continued among the whole party. Yet another messenger from the outposts came in, which left no doubt as to the situation. Still the count and his companions went on playing. "Your move, sir," were the words that broke the absorption of the moment. Then when there was a pause in the game at which he could rise without being discourteous to his guests the count got up and said, "Gentlemen, now it is time." He directed some one to send for his sword bearer. The man advanced and immediately received his orders. A few seconds later Count Saigo's body and head had been separated at one heavy blow.

Favorite Japanese Card Game.

A favorite card game of the Japanese is played as follows: One hundred well known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts and each part printed on a separate card. The host of the evening has the hundred first halves, which he reads aloud, one by one, the hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands face upward on the "tatami," or thick mat of rice straw, on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read the holder of the second half throws it out, or if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbor's cards seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords great entertainment to the players, for the quicksighted and keen witted are constantly seizing the cards of their duller and slower neighbors, and this leads to much laughter and many good natured sarcasms.

The Red Petticoat.

Unto all railroad engineers the red petticoat is a sacred thing. Upon scores of occasions red petticoats have been the means of saving trains from being wrecked. Invariably the woman who discovers a washout or a collapsed bridge or an obstruction on the track wears a red petticoat. There may be a psychological explanation of this remarkable fact, but whether there is or not the brave woman always manages during the one minute and twenty-seven seconds that must elapse before the arrival of the lightning express to get her red petticoat off and wave it frantically, thus warning the engineer and enabling him to stop the train on the very brink of destruction.

Cats as Food.

A writer in the London Chronicle says: "A few years ago—it may be the same today—the popular markets of the poorer quarters of Rome and even the stalls of the butchers near the Pantheon showed rows and rows of cats hung up for sale, with the skins off, but the tails carefully left on to show that they were not rabbits, for an old fashioned Italian does not think a rabbit quite fit for human food, nor will any Italian peasant eat the meat of sheep. Anything winged, however, is his favorite food. Like the lady in Boccaccio's story, he eats a parrot when he can get one."

HEADACHE
Neuralgia and Nervousness cured quickly by
AJAX HARMLESS HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA CURE
No heart depression. Greatest cure ever discovered. Take no other. 10c and 25c. All dealers or direct from AUSTIN & Co., Simcoe, Ont. Money back if not satisfied.

Flowers and Blood.

A superstition dating from olden times exists to the effect that roses and flowers generally attain greater beauty in soil fertilized by blood, especially by human blood, than elsewhere. Persons who have visited Newmarket, England, know of the so called "bloody flower of Newmarket," which is found nowhere else than in the old moat, now filled up, and in which, according to tradition, a very large quantity of human remains is interred. These flowers bloom in June and July and by the bloodlike hue of their blossoms suggest the name which has been given to them.

Y-Z (wise head) has an advantage over other soap powders inasmuch as it also acts as a disinfectant.

SAVING MONEY BY MAIL
Is the title of an interesting Booklet which explains our system by which deposits may be made and withdrawn by mail as conveniently as if your own post office were our office.
Send for it. You will find it interesting.
Canada Permanent
Mortgage Corporation
(Formerly The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation)
TORONTO STREET, TORONTO

Ligny.

Sr. IV.—Clare Robertson.

Jr. IV.—Jean McNabb, Ruby Campbell, Ethel Armstrong, Ellison Bowman, Elva Chisholm, Neil McCallum.

Sr. III.—Chester Hill, Willie Robertson.

Jr. III.—Kate McEachern, Bessie Murray, Margaret McNabb, David Wilson, Dorothy Rixon, Mary Pearson, Stuart McLarty.

II.—Chas. Armstrong.

Sr. Pt. II.—Alice Wilson, Maud Rixon, Clarence Hill, John Robertson, Olla Chisholm, Norman Chisholm, Willie Ellis.

Jr. Pt. II.—Willie Gillespie, Austen Gay, Chas. Hilson, Hy. Mills.

Sr. Pt. I.—John D. McGibbon, Mabel Hamilton, Pearl Miller, Mabel Miller, Anson Ellis, Gordon Armstrong, Lucy Coxe, Mabel McLellan, Mary Houston, Jennie McLellan, Aggie Atchison, Ed. Robb.

Jr. Pt. I.—Gordon Rixon, Nora Gay, Lula Transom, Hazel Appleyard, Ollie Mills, Alice Robb.

One of the most useful Institutions of this country promises to be The Diabetic Institute of London, established for scientific research into the origin, cause and treatment of Diabetes and the secondary symptoms; got rheumatism, carbuncles, etc. Hardly any disease is so little understood, and at the same time so insidious and dangerous as Diabetes, which, according to the highest modern authorities, is curable after all, when treated in time. If interested, write to the Diabetic Institute, St. Dunstan's Hill, London, E.C., for free information. 51-13t

An Ancient Aqueduct.

The ancient Roman aqueduct at Nimes is generally considered the most perfect of Roman relics. It consists of three great tiers of arches, the lowest having been used as a bridge and the uppermost as an aqueduct. It rises about 120 feet above the level of the river. The Pont du Gard, as it is called, is believed to have been built under the supervision of Agrippa, the Roman general, about fifty years before Christ.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
ALWAYS CURES
And is Pleasant and Safe.
For sale by Higginbotham & Field.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
VISIT YOUR FRIENDS IN CHICAGO ENROUTE TO THE
Great World's Fair
ST. LOUIS.
$18.55 FOR ROUND TRIP
Stop over will be allowed at any intermediate Canadian station, and Detroit.
To see the World's Fair while everything is fresh and exhibits are at their best. Now is the time.
For tickets, illustrated literature regarding World's Fair, and further information apply to S. E. Brandon, Depot Ticket Agent.
JAS. D. McDONALD, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Steamship Express
COMMENCING
TUESDAY, MAY 24th
NORTHBOUND
will leave Toronto at 1.30 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday for Owen Sound; Thursday, May 26th, southbound, leaving Owen Sound 9.00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, for Toronto.
Full particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent or
A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Genl. Passr. Agent,
1 King Street East, TORONTO.

DIABETIC
Patients will hear of something to their advantage by writing to the Diabetic Institute, St. Dunstan's Hill, London, E. C.
43 13t
NOTHING TO PAY.

Store Opens at 8 a.m. BASTEDO & CO. Store Closed at 8 p.m.
MILTON'S POPULAR STORE!

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
For spring showers and summer rains you should be provided for by buying a good, substantial Umbrella. We have two specials in Umbrellas—
No. 1, a fine Mercerized Sateen cover, guaranteed to be fast aniline black, with 20th Century runner and steel rod, handsome handles in bone and natural wood, for $1 and $1.25.
No. 2, Silk and Wool cover, best natural wood handles, silver mounted, 18 ribs, for $1.50.
Our Ladies' Parasols at $1.25 have pretty natural wood handles with silver mounting, are guaranteed to be fast colors, and altogether make a very neat and useful Parasol.
We have other values at 80c., $1, 1.40, 1.50 and 2, which are sure to suit your tastes.

Millinery.
Experience is always the best of teachers and it is only the study and experience of the tastes of Milton women that our milliners can tell how far the shades and styles will prove suitable and pleasing. This spring our milliners have caught the note, true and clear, and last month was one of the most successful we have ever had in this department. But this month we're aiming to do even better, for we are richer through experience and our milliners have that happy knack of always doing better, no matter how charming their last productions were. The hats for this summer have an exquisitely summery air about them that will instantly commend them as outing hats, not only to the summer girl but to the woman of taste as well.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.
Our Men's Summer Underwear combines comfort with serviceability.
Men's cotton rib'd Underwear, shirts and drawers, well made and finished, size 34 to 42 per garment 25c.
Men's fine Double Thread Balbriggan underwear, shirts and drawers, sateen facings, pearl buttons, overlocked seams, sizes 34 to 44, per garment 50c.
Men's fine Natural Wool underwear, summer weight, sateen trimmed, pearl buttons, ribbed cuffs and ankles, sizes 34 to 44, per garment $1.00.

SHIRTS AND OVERALLS.
Get a cooler shirt than you've been wearing; the weather is warmer. Get a shirt that will wear and one that will not fade.
We have a large stock—many different varieties to choose from, comprising black sateens, black and white striped ducks and drills, Oxford checks, indigo blues, moleskins, etc., at 50c, 60 and 75c. each. Every garment well made and guaranteed to fit.
Our 60c. and 75c. shirts have double backs and double bosoms.
We have a light weight flannelette shirts for men and boys, any size, 25c.
Those heavy cloth pants you are wearing are pretty warm for summer wear. Wouldn't you like something lighter in weight and that will stand the wear and tear of the farm?
Heavy moleskin pants, well made and perfect fit, any size, $1 pair.
Medium weight moleskin overalls, any size, 85c. pair.
Blue and black derry overalls, with or without bib, 65c, 75c, 85c. pair.
Boys' overalls 40, 45, 75c pair.

GET THE HABIT GO TO BASTEDO'S.

ESTABLISHED 1867 ROCKWOOD WOOLLEN MILLS. ESTABLISHED 1867.
WAITING FOR YOUR WOOL CLIP.
You can bring us your entire wool clip. It will be none too much for our business needs.
These mills need wool to keep them running, as surely as the saw mill needs logs.
Take the best market quotations and that is what we will give you for your wool—in goods, cash or goods, or all cash.
In goods of our own manufacture we are offering some excellent values in the following:—
—All-wool Blankets, same as made so long, $4.75 and $5.50 pr.
—Union Blankets, excellent for sheets, $3 and $3.75 pair.
—Woollen Sheetings, 35c., 40c. and 70c. per yard.
—Horse Blankets, shaped, strap and buckle, $5, $5.50 pair.
—Tweeds, 50c, 60c and 75c.
—Overcoatings (our own manufacture), double width, from $1.50 to $2.50.
—Ladies' Suitings, 54-inch—cannot be beaten for serviceable wear—75c, $1 and $1.25.
—Some lines to clear at 50c and 60c.
—Yarns, good strong thread, pure wool and thoroughly clean, 45c and 60c.
In any case stop at the mills and let us talk business with you. Many of you have been doing that for 37 years, for this is a business that has stood the test of time.
Harris & Company, Limited,
ROCKWOOD, CANADA.

SNAPS.
We have just now a lot of real, genuine snaps. We bought the W. R. Brock Co's traveller's samples of
CARPETS, RUGS and LACE CURTAINS
and are selling them quickly at a fraction of their real value.
The Lace Curtain samples are mostly in pairs; some odd selling as low as 10c. each. Some really beautiful designs among the better ones.
Rugs and Door Mats from 10c. up. Some very handsome sample ends of velvet carpet, 1½ yds. long, make exquisite rugs.
We are cutting prices all to pieces in the Wall Paper goods now. Still a splendid variety to select from.
This week we have added to the stock of Clothing a splendid lot of Men's Tweed Suits, Boys' Tweed and Serge Suits, Pants, Vests, and a lot of hot weather Coats and Vests.
NEW SUMMER CORSETS.
NEW VESTINGS.
NEW LAWNS.
Hemstreet Bros.

Deering Machines,
Cockshutt Plows,
McLaughlin Buggies
THESE ARE OUR LEADERS AND THEY CAN'T BE BEAT.
If you want a new Buggy call and see samples. I have a car load to choose from.
The Cockshutt 2 Furrow Plow, with new straightening lever, are a big improvement for straightening the furrow.
And last but not least, the Famous Deering Binders, Mowers and Rakes—Built on Canadian soil by Canadian workmen.
I also have the Ideal Woven Wire Fence, the best and cheapest fence made.
These of course are only a few of the many implements I keep in stock.
Give us a call when you are in need of anything in the Implement or Hardware line, and I will try and suit you.
GEO. STOREY.
I also expect in a few days a car load of "Paragon" brand of Portland Cement.