CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

TAKE THE BEST

25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

THIS GREAT COUGH CURE promptly cures where all others fail. Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough and Asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands, and will CURE YOU if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For a Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S BELLADONNA PLASTER, 25c.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.

Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price, 50 cts. Injector free.

Sold by J. H. McCollom.

SCHEDULE OF CONVICTIONS

Returned to the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Halton, during the quarter ending the Eleventh day of September, A. D. 1894.

PROSECUTOR.	DEFENDANT.	NATURE OF CHARGE.	DATE OF CONVICTION	NAME OF JUSTICE.	AM'T OF FINE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
John G. Harley	Holt Warren	Disorderly conduct	June 13, 1894	Joseph Barber and T. Ruston	$ 1 00			Committed to jail 10 days with hard labor in default
Geo. H. Henderson	L. T. Delcomyn	Assault	" 21 "	W. H. Young and J. D. Marlatt	2 00	June 22, 1894.	Treasurer Town of Oakville.	
Mary Ann Teboy	Angus Schram	do	" 16 "	J. H. McCollom	5 00	" 16 "	" " Milton.	
Arthur Pitcher	Thomas Crozier	Breach of Town By-law No. 165	" 20 "	do	2 00	" 20 "	½ to Treas. Milton, ½ to complainant	
do	James McIntosh	do do	" 26 "	do	2 00	" 26 "	" "	
James McIntosh	J. W. Grant	do do	" 25 "	do	1 00	" 25 "		
William Holman	Frank Irvings, John Coleman, Charles Lewis, and Thomas Flaherty.	Trespass		R. Foster and T. Atkinson				Committed to jail for 30 days
do	John Walsh, George Henderson and Henry Brown	do		T. Atkinson				Committed to jail for 10 days
George J. Sumner	Alfred Prake	Peddling tea without a license	July 4 "	W. H. Young	12 00	July 6, 1894.	½ to Treas. Oakville, ½ to County Treas	
William Felker	Robert William Hilson	Cruelty to animals	" 16 "	John White & J. H. McCollom	5 00	" 16 "	½ to Treas. Milton, ½ to complainant	
E. Search	William Pitman	Harboring dog contrary to By-law	June 4 "	G. H. Kennedy	1 00	June 4 "	Treasurer Village of Georgetown	
John Beeman	Allen Massales	Assault	" 15 "	do	1 00	" 15 "	" "	
E. Search	Thomas Campbell	Assaulting a constable	July 27 "	G. H. Kennedy & J. R. Barber	10 00	July 27 "	" "	
Hannah Armstrong	Robert A. Armstrong	Drunk and disorderly	" 30 "	D. Robertson	5 00	" 30 "		Time given for payment
Charles Downey	Hugh Woods	do do	Aug. 3 "	J. H. McCollom				Sentence suspended
do	Maurice Leonard	do do	" 8 "	do				" "
S. Bradley	T. H. Goodson & Wm. McCann	Violation of County By-law No. 165	" 6 "	do	5 00	Aug. 6 "	½ to County Treas., ½ to Treas. Milton	
Jane Markell	Emily Nordtheim	Assault	" 10 "	W. H. Young & Jno. McDonald	1 00	" 10 "	Treasurer Town of Oakville	

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct Schedule of Convictions returned to my office for the quarter above mentioned.

T. G. MATHESON,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Halton.

Milton, 13th September, 1894.

SURE CURE FOR SNORING.

One of the most remarkable divorce cases ever entered in a Philadelphia court was on Saturday settled without a final appeal to the blind goddess, when Attorney Robert Arundel filed a motion in the common pleas court that the case of Eleanor Kane against her husband, Hannibal A. Kane, be discontinued.

Mrs. Kane filed her petition for an absolute divorce at the June term of court, alleging as her reasons for wishing a separation and alimony that her husband subjected her to cruel, unusual and barbarous treatment. Hannibal, the petition stated, had the habit of snoring stentoriously at unseemly times, in fact, at all hours of the night. Mrs. Kane, being of a fragile physique and nervous temperament, had suffered intensely because of her husband's noisy habit, and had finally been obliged to call in a physician to treat her for a nervous affection resulting therefrom. Mr. Kane, after repeated protests from his wife, had on several occasions promised to break himself of the habit. The only remedy, however, that he had consented to use had proved worse that the disease itself. This remedy had consisted of an effort on Mr. Kane's part to lie awake all night and smoke a strong pipe loaded with hard smelling tobacco. As a consequence he had on several occasions set fire to the bed, and the unhappy couple barely escaped with their lives. On the night of March 12th last, Mr. Kane set fire to the bed. Mrs. Kane's pet dog, Gyp, was so seriously burned that he died.

Mrs. Kane placed her case in the hands of Attorney Robert Arundel, and that genial disciple of Blackstone, who is always ready to patch up these little marital differences, found, just after he had filed the case, a most novel method of healing the woes of the Kane family. At some place in his travels a friend of Mr. Arundel had come across a cure for snoring.

"It consists," he said to the lawyer, "olive oil and mustard—six drops of the former to a pinch of the latter—taken just before going to bed. The function of the oil is that of a lubricant to the larynx, while the mustard acts a counter-irritant. The cure, I am told, was discovered by the late Dr. O'Dowd, of Kilkenny, and has proved so effectual that no native of that country ever snores."

Attorney Arundel imparted his snore cure to Mrs. Kane, with the result that the couple Saturday resumed the felicities of married life. That is why he withdrew his case. Philadelphia Times.

The Dangers of a Scratch

Scarcely a day passes that many persons do not, in some way or other, get a scratch, a small cut or a bruise that may break the skin. In most instances not the slightest attention is paid to this beyond the temporary annoyance of the pain and the possible irritation when the hands are put into water or some subsequent blow in the same spot brings an exclamation on account of the hurt. This, while a common practice, is by no means a wise one. The air is full of floating disease-germs, especially the air of cities and towns, and an injury of this sort, be it ever so slight, might furnish excellent breeding-ground for some deadly bacteria. It is a good plan always to keep a bottle of prepared carbolic acid and glycerine and frequently touch all bruises or sore spots with it. This is one of the most convenient and effective germicides imaginable. It is said by excellent medical authority that either this preparation or listerine would prevent half of the contagious diseases that afflict the country. It is believed that many cases of fever and other serious ailments can be contracted by a floating germ coming in contact with the abraded skin. Once snugly lodged in this most congenial dwelling-place, the germ multiplies with amazing rapidity and soon overruns the entire system. Therefore, whenever there is a bruise or scratch or any injury of this sort, germicidal applications should be at once resorted to. Some physicians recommend the use of court-plaster, but this is rank poison to so many people that its general use can scarcely be commended.

New Postcards.

A curious instance of the influence of public pressure upon official conservatism is afforded by the success of the demand in England for postal-cards not of Government manufacture. For various reasons it would be a convenience to the public to be allowed to use its own cards, affixing to them the proper Government stamp. It is obvious that this would also be to the pecuniary advantage of the post-office. It would profit by saving the cost of the postal-card, for which it now makes no charge to the public, and it would lose only by the insignifinant cost of making the stamp. As the existing postal-cards could still be obtained by those who preferred them, it would seem that no one could possibly complain. The post-office, however, has sturdily replied to those who urged the concession that there were difficulties in the way of it which could not be overcome, although what these difficulties were it was impossible to find out. At all events, they have been overcome, for the post-office now announces that cards of the prescribed weight and size will henceforth be admitted to the mails when the proper stamp has been affixed. Since the expenditure of the department is increasing faster than its revenue, a saving effected without expense by yielding to a popular demand may not be unwelcome.—New York Post.

A BOON TO HORSEMEN.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or callouses—this and blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifles and sprains. Geo. Robb, Farrier, Markham, Ont. Higginbotham & Co., Agts. J. H. McCollom.

To Restore the Drowned

The London Daily News says that a young Italian doctor has published a pamphlet, recommending the operation of firmly holding the tongue of persons taken with syncope as a sure means of restoring life. The tongue can be held fast by means of wrapping a cloth round it, and must then be drawn backwards and forwards with a rythmical motion. The doctor describes a case in which he thus succeeded in restoring life. A young man while bathing was surprised by a wave and drowned. After a quarter of an hour he was taken out of the water, and every effort made to revive him. Two doctors for more than an hour used all their resources in vain. The young man seemed to be dead. Then the doctor arrived, who reports the facts; and, asking for a spoon, thrust it into the back of the mouth, seized the tongue, and worked it violently. Shortly after the patient gave a deep breath, and a little later vomited water. The operation was continued; the breaths became gradually more frequent. Meanwhile, cloths dipped in almost boiling water had been placed over the chest of the patient, and the extremities were rubbed vigorously. After half an hour thus employed, the heart began to beat, the face gained a little color, and the patient brightened. But the patient still needed careful attention four hours more to completely recover from his long syncope. The doctor hopes that this simple mode of restoring life should be adopted at all places on the sea, where life-saving apparatus is used. But even when no such arrangements are ready, any one can try the tongue-pulling process, and procure hot water for the application of heat.

Municipal Appointments.

The City Clerk of Brantford died the other day, and a furious squabble has been going on ever since for his place with its salary of $1,200 a year. It has been a lively faction fight, in which all the intrigues, the animosities and the baseness of party wire-pulling have been revealed in miniature, just as under similar circumstances on a larger scale in New York. If we are to judge from the press, some of the city Aldermen have been resorting to all sorts of alleging, deception and intrigue in order to keep themselves square with the warring elements and the public. This Brantford case is a faint suggestion of what would be seen in every county of the Province if the appointment of county officials were placed in the hands of County Councils. The theory that such representatives of the people would appoint men solely on account of their character and fitness for public office merely excite a smile with those who know anything of municipal affairs. Such power of appointment would produce a series of squabbles among municipal representatives themselves and their friends, out of which capable men would rarely win, and which would do a great deal to degrade and corrupt municipal affairs. No system, we suppose, is perfect. But the Government as truly represents the people as municipal bodies, and at a safe distance from the scene of petty conflict, is more apt to feel its responsibility, and to make wise selections. A few years' experience of the municipal appointive system, which some people advocate, would so thoroughly disgust the people with its working that they would soon return to the present one of legislative and governmental responsibility in matters chiefly relating to the Executive functions of government.—Woodstock Sentinel Review.

The From England

Young Mr. Hopkins went to the World's Fair at Chicago, and while there met a charming American young lady, who proved to be his fate. After a brief wooing they were wed, and young Hopkins sent to the old folks at home a glowing description of his wealthy, handsome and accomplished wife. A week or two ago they returned to England, and a few days after old Mr. Hopkins invited a few friends to a quiet supper to meet his "charming daughter-in-law," as he termed the lady. The evening passed off splendidly till supper time, and then we were astounded. The old gentleman asked Mrs. Hopkins, Jr., what she would take for supper, saying: "I am afraid our homely English dishes cannot compare with your American delicacies." "Perhaps not," came the unexpected reply. "But I'll tell you what I'd like, and that is some of that cold cabbage left from dinner. I'm a Nebuchadnezzar for greens."—London Telegraph.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

The Bishop of Winchester, in a letter to the clergy of his diocese, says:—"Temperance means self control is essential to manhood, and manhood is the only soil in which true religion can grow. But how shall temperance be fostered? Let those who covet legislation speak about it. When I think it near enough to deserve close attention, I, too, will speak about it. But legislation implies a good deal more maturing and defining of public opinion than at presents exists. We can well afford to wait a little longer for external law if we can secure more of the fear of God and the respect of man."

Sleep in the Dark

The sweetest and most undisturbed sleep is always enjoyed in a thoroughly darkened room, says a certified nurse, writing in the Gentlewoman. Light acts upon the brain, and those who sleep with their blinds up will find that in the summer time, when so few hours are really dark, their sleep is restless and disturbed. This is often placed to the account of heat, but more often than not it is the light which causes wakefulness, when, as a natural consequence, the body becomes aware of the heat.

Night-lights should never become a matter of necessity. A match and lamp by the bedside should be quite sufficient. The wish for artificial light through the night is a depraved taste in the young and healthy, and should not be encouraged. An old lady with whom the writer was acquainted, was for many years in the habit of waking up at 2 a. m., when she would enjoy a cup of strong tea, read some light work for an hour or so, and then sleep peacefully till she was called. She lived to the age of 89.

Political Ecclesiasticism.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

We believe the Methodist general conference has made a mistake in taking an aggressive stand in favor of national prohibition. The Methodist church, or any other church, steps out of its province when, as a church, it presumes to dictate to its adherents whom they shall vote for as members of parliament, and whom they shall vote against. No objection could be taken if the conference put itself on record in favor of temperance, or even total abstinence. But to presume to say that Methodists should vote only for candidates who favor the national prohibition of the liquor traffic is nothing short of intolerable intolerance. Let the churches keep out of politics. We have had too much political ecclesiasticism already.

Cures Sleep-Walking

An old colored "mammy," noted for her originality in methods of nursing, declares that she cured a whole family of sleep-walking by placing a strip of oil-cloth each side of the bed—the feet touching the cold floor awakening the sleeper. Wet carpet on the floor is a not unknown remedy, and a bath-tub of water where the wandering sleeper would descend into it on leaving the bed is the rather heroic treatment sometimes resorted to. The old mammy's method deserves a trial, and would seem to be both effective and not too severe.

Our telegraphed advices from the leading business centres of the United States continue to give a satisfactory account of commercial and industrial progress for the week ending last Saturday. The advance lately reported is not only sustained, but is increasing, and old time activity is now prevailing in many lines of trade. In some quarters a lower temperature has done much to stimulate trade, especially in warm clothes, and the demands for fuel and boots and shoes. In New Orleans, Augusta, Savannah, and other parts of the States there is an improved enquiry for money, owing to advances on cotton and corn. Money is active at Chicago, and bankers have advanced the interest on deposits. Bank clearances in the United States show an increase of fifteen per cent. as compared with the preceding week.

Among the principal articles in the September number of the ECLECTIC MAGAZINE are Frederick V. Fisher's 'Social Democracy and Liberty,' J. R. Seeley's 'History of English Policy,' 'The Kaiser, the Pope, and Crispi,' by the Rev. H. R. Haweis, and the able discussion, by Walter Trevelyan Thomson, of 'The Miners' Eight-Hour Question.' Of interest to journalists is a proposal to form 'A Fourth Estate,' from the Gentleman's Magazine, and the successful London playwright Bernard Shaw gives his views in the paper 'A Dramatic Realist to His Critics.' Among some practical and valuable articles reprinted from the London Spectator is a proposed remedy for intemperance—worthy of consideration—under the head of 'Reformed Publics.' There are several literary papers, some bright notes on travels, a good essay on 'Sleeplessness,' by A. Symons Eccles, and three or four short stories of various types. Published by E. R. PELTON, 144 Eight Street, New York. Terms, $5 per year; single numbers, 45 cents; trial subscription for 3 months, $1. Eclectic and any $4 Magazine, $8.

ITEMS.

Mount St. Elias, so long regarded as the giant mountain of the continent, and hitherto claimed by the United States, is found to be in Canadian territory.

Rev. Mr. Wye, rector of Amherstburg, will appeal the action of the Bishop of Huron removing him from his charge, and withdrawing his license to preach.

An official despatch from Pretoria, capital of the Transvaal, says that the chief leaders of the insurgent Kaffirs, after continued fighting, have surrendered to the Boer commanders.

The Cunard steamer Lucania has made the eastward passage between New York and Queenstown in 5 days 8 hours and 25 minutes, reducing the record by over two hours.

Col. Domville, of King's county, New Brunswick, who is in Montreal on a visit, stated to a newspaper correspondent that the people of his province were in favor of free trade, and were weary of the continual talk about tariffs, and the fruitless conferences and conventions.

A terrible hurricane passed over the southwest coast of Spain on Friday, wrecking many small vessels.

At the Methodist conference in London it was decided on Thursday that no change shall be made in regard to conference boundaries.

If the proposed fast Atlantic steamship line materalizes Southampton will probably become the English terminal port.

Chicago Marine Underwriters have advanced insurance rates on grain 10 cents per $100 to all points, taking effect September 15.

Rev. Prof. Jones has been appointed to fill the Provostship of Trinity College, Toronto, until a successor is appointed to Dr. Body.

There are scarcely any turnips left on many of the farms in Logan; they have been almost entirely eaten up by the grasshoppers. In some fields the vines are nearly all that is left, and the pests are now, having finished the leaves, attacking the roots. Few gardens have any cabbage left.

There seems to be a prospect for at least a partial revival of the American demand for Canadian barley. In consequence of the McKinley tariff one export of that grain to the United States fell from 6,454,600 bushels in 1889 to 638,279 bushels in 1893. Horses, flax, beans, vegetables of various kinds, and hay are articles on which the duties have been lowered, and there will likely be more or less improvement in the profits to be derived from raising all these articles. In the meantime the McKinley laws has had the effect of turning the thought and energy of our farmers into other directions, and especially into dairying. In cheese we have already captured the British market, but there is room for a large development in the butter industry. Altogether the prospects for Canadian farming are good.

"An Intra-Mural View," a very artistic brochure, has been received from The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia, publishers of The Ladies' Home Journal. As the title indicates, the booklet gives us glimpses of the interiors of the Journal's offices, and some idea of the work carried on there. The main building, entirely occupied by the editorial and business offices, was designed by Mr. Hardenberg, the architect of the Hotel Waldolf, New York, and was completed in January, 1893. The exterior is attractive and the interior is elegantly appointed and admirably planned. The numerous illustrations, showing the commodious and well-fitted offices, and the accompanying text, giving us some insight into the work in the different bureaus, requiring a force approximating four hundred employes, indicate the wonderful success which The Ladies' Home Journal has achieved in an almost incredibly short time. The first number was issued in December, 1893, so that less than eleven years have elapsed since Mr. Curtis conceived the idea which has developed into so vast an enterprise. In this short time its merits and steady improvement in all departments have received such recognition that its circulation has reached the enormous average of about 700,000, the largest magazine output in the world. The brocure also describes at some length the work of printing and binding the Journal, which is carried on in a separate building. "An Intra-Mural View" will be sent to any one who will address The Curtis Publishing Company, and inclose four cents in stamps for postage.

The experience of farmers in the Territories during the past ten years has been that the rainfall is not nearly heavy enough. Sometimes the drought is excessive. During the preset season, for instance, there have been at Moose Jaw only only one or two showers in the past four months, and the same conditions apply elsewhere. An experiment has been made in irrigation this summer at Moose Jaw in the C. P. R. experimental gardens. The drouth had all but killed the vegetables, ordinary sprinkling appearing to do no good; and four weeks ago the superintendent decided to try the effect of irrigation on a portion of the garden. An acre and a half was set apart, trenches two inches deep and three inches wide were made three feet apart, and water was pumped into them from a hydrant for an hour every day. The effect was marvellous. The vegetables began at once to pick up, and at the end of four weeks the small section of the garden, subject to irrigation, was in a most flourishing condition while the rest looked like a desert. Another remarkable effect of the irrigation was seen in the growth of the trees affected by them. There are about 10,000 trees in the garden grown from the seed; and the portion of these in the acre where the water ran are fully three feet higher than the others which are not in the track of irrigation. At Calgary an Irrigation League has been formed, and it has been empowered by a Parliamentary act passed at last session, to take water from Bow River for the irrigation of the adjacent settlements.

WOODS PHOSPHODINE, the Great English Remedy. This Preparation is sold under a positive guarantee to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Loss of Sexual Power, resulting from Abuse or Excess, Wakefulness, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, Loss of Power in either sex, Lost Manhood, Seminal Weakness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Wasting Diseases, Dizziness, Convulsions, Premature Old Age, Insanity, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Wasting in Consumption and Insanity, and many other diseases that lead to premature decay and death. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to everyone. The Genuine Woods Phosphodine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing the agent, WOODS MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont., Canada. Sold by all druggists.

Before and After.

LINDSAY'S.

At the quadrennial meeting of Methodists at London, Ont., it was decided, after a spirited discussion, that the official name of the young people's organization of the Church should be the Epworth League of the Methodist Church, at the same time giving to the local societies the liberty of having any local designation, including the name "Christian Endeavor," in addition to the name "Epworth League."

If you want to buy or sell a farm, advertise in the Toronto Weekly Mail. That paper reaches 100,000 farmers' homes every week and your advertisement should meet the eye of some one who wants to purchase. Advertisements of this class are inserted in the Toronto Weekly Mail for Five Cents a word for each insertion.

Twenty Cents a word for five insertions. Address The Mail, Toronto, Canada. 30 tf.

While Sir W. Lawson was prating in London yesterday, Henry Hulks, another temperance lecturer, was being fined for having taken so much "deadly and devilish" liquor that he had to be trundled home by a policeman in a wheelbarrow. It reads like a scene out of Marryat:—Sir Wilfrid (sternly) —"Who goes there?" Policeman—"Temperance lecturer drunk on a wheelbarrow." Sir Wilfrid (mildly)—"Pass temperance lecturer drunk on a wheelbarrow, and all's well."—London Globe, August 21.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by Higginbotham & Co., druggists. 35-1y.

THE MAN WHO GETS THERE.—To the near-sighted fellow with cobwebs across his main entrance: "There's a man just over the way with a nose for business." He's "making a long arm" and practically raking the money right out of the pockets of people who ought to be your best customers. Who is he? Look through your local paper—there's his announcement! As plain as a pike-staff, silently but surely picking the pockets of your townspeople—but that's business.—Winona (Minn.) Herald.

The third page of the Toronto Daily Mail is noted for "Want" advertisements. If you want a situation, a mechanic, a business, machinery, lodging, if you have lost or found anything, if you want to find out where any one is, advertise in the Toronto Daily Mail and read the advertisements on the third page of that paper. The charge is two cents a word each insertion, or ten cents a word for six insertions. Address the Mail, Toronto, Canada. tf.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Higginbotham & Co., druggists. 35-1y.

Major Sherwood, of the Dominion Police, has gone to London and Sarnia to investigate some alleged frauds in connection with "farming apprentices." Several gullible young Englishmen, unmindful of past revelations, have, it is said, paid premiums to certain people, who now prove swindlers.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Higginbotham & Co., druggists. 35-1y.

Mrs. Henry Wood, Edna Lyall, and Rider Haggard are the three most popular writers among those who take books out of the London free libraries, but the favorites are not the same in any two districts. At the Hammersmith Library, where the male readers outnumber the female, though the books oftenest taken out are "Jane Eyre," "Middlemarch," and "The Caxtons," the authors at the top of the list are Marie Coreill, Rider Haggard, and "Rita" closely followed by Robert Buchanan and Hall Caine.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—All cases organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Higginbotham & Co, and J. H. McCollom.

LOOK!

AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES OF

FURNITURE

For Bargains!

Plush Parlor Suites	$25 00
Oak Bed-room Suites	25 00
Elm " "	9 50
Sideboards	5 00
Cane and Perforated Seat Chairs	4 00
Fancy Oak Plush Rockers	3 00
Fancy Rattan Rockers	4 00
Cornice Poles	.25
Window Shades	.50

Everything in stock will be sold at cost. Come at once and secure bargains.

The cheapest Undertaking Supplies in the county.

CHAS. JONES.

1894 - FALL AND WINTER. - 1894

We are offering exceptional values in

Scotch and Canadian Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings.

Great care has been given in the selection of our goods for the fall and winter trade, and no effort will be spared to increase the confidence already existing between us and our customers and to merit a share from some who may not have already been dealing with us.

We have leading specialties in GENTS' FURNISHINGS, especially in Underwear, Shirts and Collars.

Our work all guarenteed first-class.

WM. BEWS & SONS.

Fix us in your mind when in want of . .

SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES

Colored Goods Selling At Cost.

THOS. WILSON.

[redacted]

MR. POTTS: "TRONS 75 CENTS. JOHN T. MOORE, HATTER, OPPOSITE TOWN HALL."

"Eight out of ten families are now praising the merits of the "Oxford" Cooking Stoves."

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEM

Retiring From Busine

IN GEORGETOWN

Having been in business here for 31 years, we h cided to retire and return our sincere thanks for the and generous patronage bestowed on us and beg to a a clearing sale of the stock. 10% discount shall be off the face of the goods or bill when made out. G be sold for cash or produce, including wool, but no di when produce is taken, or no discount off produce sold. Also a large line of Winter Mantles we are se half price, but no discount off them. The other M 10% off as before announced; also a large lot of dress marked down at ridiculously low prices. They are irr with the other Dress Goods, 10% off. Remember, our new stock of Fall Goods imported, and others most of them in the house before we decided on this c and you will get the full benefit of them. We have ful new Dress Goods and Silks, New Mantles, New ery, New Hosiery, New Underwear, New Fancy New Clothing, New Tweeds and Suitings, New Ov ings, New Carpets, New Curtains—in fact, new un numerous to mention.

Our Millinery, Mantle and Dress-making Depart were never in better shape to turn out proper style.

Our Fall Millinery and Dress Goods opening a play will be held on the 25th and 26th Sept., th the Esquesing Fall Fair.

10% Discount Sale will begin Thursday, Sept. 1

All parties having accounts are respectfully R to pay them as near 1st October as possible.

This is no Fake Sale but a genuine clearing discount sale, as we have leased premises elsewhere have got to take possession of about the beginning

WM. McLEOD & C

P. S.—Market Day in Georgetown Every Thurs

HARDWARE !

W. B. Clemen

CARRIES A LARGE AND FULL STOCK OF

SHELF : AND : HEAVY : HARDW

Paints.
Oils,
Glass.
Putty,

CUTLERY, SPECTACLES, E

Dewar's Block, Main Street, Milton.

County of Halton Local Courts Calen

FOR 1894.

Place of Sittings and P. O. Address of Clerks	CLERKS.	Jan.	Mar.	May.	July.	Sept.	Nov.	Jan., 1895.	
Milton	William Panton	19	16	18	13	28	16	18	9
Oakville	Robert Balmer	10	7	9	4	18	7	9	10
Georgetown	Lachlan Grant	16	18	15	10	25	13	15	9
Acton	Jas. Matthews	18	15	17	12	27	15	17	10
Campbellville	Neil McPhail	15	12	14	9	24	12	14	10
Burlington	Jas. Robinson	9	6	8	3	17	6	8	11

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings, with or with[illegible] jury, 12th June [illegible] December.

County Court Sittings, without jury, 3rd April and 2nd October.

County Court Sittings, formerly Terms—8th January, 2nd April, 3rd [illegible], and 8th October [illegible]

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts, 3rd January, 2nd April, 2nd July and 2nd October, at [illegible]

By order,

T. G. MATHESON,
Clerk of the Pe[illegible]