Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, July 18, 1891.

Of all the places of public interest at the national capital Uncle Sam's bureau of engraving and printing seems the most attractive to strangers, who come from far and wide to see how the government makes money. After seeing how easy it is to strike off a few million dollars it may not be clear to some rural mind why money should be so scarce up in his part of the country. It looks to the casual observer as if there were nothing to prevent any one about the place from pocketing $2,000,000 or $3,000,000 to take home with him after his day's work, or from taking an impression from one of the plates and printing at his own home money enough to meet his daily demands. With all the thousands of plates from which money is printed there, access to which would enable a man to all but bankrupt the government and to tax its credit to the very extreme; with all the possibilities for theft that access to such a place seems to open—it is, seemingly, one of the freest of government buildings to the public. Visitors enter without being challenged and are shown through without the consciousness of being watched. A polite guide shows them to the door when they leave, and they go their way rejoicing without knowing that they have for a time been prisoners of state. All the employees are prisoners during the day, having no freedom to leave the building until they have rendered a full account of all that has been placed in their keeping by the superior. The closing scene at the end of the day in this great money factory is interesting. In the morning each man and each woman has been given the proper assignment of work. Each employe on taking the material for work, whether it is paper or plates, gives a receipt for it to the custodian. At the end of the day each must return in one form or another all that his receipts show him to have had during the day, and until he has a check showing that this has been done he cannot leave the room. When all has been returned, the custodian puts it all in the vault. Then the keeper of the inner door of the vault must pull that door to without as much as putting his foot inside the vault and, while the rest stand apart from him so as not to see the combination, must lock it securely. The custodian of the vault then locks the outer door, which is provided with a time lock, so that, being once fastened it cannot be opened before the next day at the hour set. This being done the custodian and his assistants are free to go after the key has been put in the board at the main floor. Then all the plates which have been in use and all those which are in process of engraving, and all rolls and parts of plates have to be returned to the custodian of the plate vault. If one of these plates should be missing not a soul would be permitted to leave the building until it was found. It is almost impossible for anything to go astray, as nothing changes hands, even for a moment without the change being made of record.

Secretary Foster's views of the financial situation are given to the public in an editorial signed by himself and published in a New York paper. It is mainly devoted to a consideration of the appropriations made by the last Congress, all of which he does not pretend to say are beyond criticism. As to the ability of the Treasury to meet its obligations, he repeats the forecast he made some time ago that the Government will have money enough to cover all its expenditures and add a handsome sum to what has already been paid on the bonded debt. He also expects that the proposed extension of $51,000,000 of 4½ per cents. will be so favorably received by the banks that about $25,000,000 will be added to the circulation in national bank notes. It is rather a rose-colored view of the situation, and rather a novel way of presenting it to the public, but it remains to be seen whether his predictions will come true.

Hon. Charles Frederick Crisp, candidate of the "Empire State of the South" for Speaker of the next House, received your correspondent with his usual urbane air at the Metropolitan yesterday. He has been in New York ever since delivering his widely-lauded speech before Tammany braves on the 4th instant, enjoying the pleasures of life in the metropolis. "My friends speak very kindly and encouragingly regarding my chances for the Speakership," said Judge Crisp. "It is a friendly rivalry, and it matters not who wins, all the rest will rally to his support. We will act harmoniously to elect a Speaker, then with the same unity we can proceed to the election of a President." Judge Crisp leaves tonight for his home at Americus, Ga. —L.

Women and Baseball.

We are always glad to chronicle a new idea, especially when it is possessed of such great merit as that which is now presented to us in the August number of DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE, which has just arrived. One of the leading articles is a game of baseball all played out on paper by means of finely executed illustrations with explicit descriptions of each move. Those who have attempted to explain the game of baseball to a sister, wife, or wife-to-be, know what an almost hopeless task it was. Now here is the whole thing done for you, and so cleverly and clearly that after reading it a woman will be as anxious as any one of the other sex to see a match, and she will never again say, "Well! what is there in baseball, anyhow?" The article will save you hours of explanation, and shows the enterprise of this progressive Magazine, which strives to give the public what they want. This August number is certainly very attractive. 'A Happy Day at Cairo,' with its beautiful illustrations, gives a splendid idea of home life in Egypt; 'Summer's Birds' is one of Olive Thorne Miller's charming papers; 'The Game of Lawn Crooketta' describes the new pastime that is almost as fascinating as tennis; there are absorbing stories and beautiful poems; all the numerous departments are overflowing with good and seasonable things; and in addition there are over two hundred fine illustrations, including a beautiful water color of 'Swallows.' It is published by W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, at 15 East 14th St., New York. Price 20 cents; or $2 per year. Any of our local newsdealers will be glad to supply it.

Ale and Beer Prices Advanced.

The Dominion Brewers' Association met yesterday and passed a resolution raising the price of ale and porter ten cents per dozen bottles, and beer five cents per gallon. This increase of price is to come into effect to-day. The meeting was a very large one, all the breweries been represented, and the decision to advance prices unanimous. In conversation concerning the advance a retailer stated that bottled ale by retail would go up from ten to fifteen cents per bottle. Sold by the glass the quantity will be diminished, as already decided.—Globe.

A Grand Old Couple.

Hamilton Times.

Mr. John Miller Howell, J. P., Palermo, in the 90th year of his age, and his daughter, Mrs. Dr. Buck, are celebrating the 84th birthday of his sister, Mrs. David Ghent (mother of Mr. S. H. Ghent, of this city), at Mr. W. P. Moore's residence, Main street east. The old gentleman is hale and hearty, Mr. Ghent, too, is enjoying good health. The parents of Mr Howell and Mrs. Ghent (Mr. Samson Howell and his wife) came from New Jersey about the year 1787, and settled on Dundas street near the Sixteen Mile Creek. Mrs. Ghent was born there 1807. She was married to Mr. David Ghent in the year 1827, and with her husband settled in Nelson township, where she has since lived. Mr. Ghent died in 1884. Mrs. Ghent's recollection is bright with regard to events which occurred in the early history of Canada. She remembers her father, Mr. Samson Howell, leaving home to take part in the Battle of Queenston Heights in the year 1812, and the anxiety of her mother and the children as to his fate while absent. Mrs. Samson Howell, Mrs. Ghent's mother, was a brave woman. During those trying war times she never wavered in her duty towards her family, and Mrs. Ghent tells many interesting stories of her home life while the great war waged. Wandering Indians, sometimes numbering fifteen or twenty, would walk into the Howell dwelling at evening and coolly take up recumbent positions until daylight, when they would sally out again to return when they felt like it. They never injured the Howells, because they knew the Howells were their friends. Mrs. Ghent tells of how when twenty years of age, she accompanied her brother, Mr. John Miller Howell, back to New Jersey, whither he went for a wife. All the long, lone distance was traversed in a buggy. The wedding took place at Jenny Jump Mountain (Blue Mountain range), where her grandfather lived. The road for the most part lay through a wilderness, where man never trod before. When the Howells came from New Jersey they were accompanied by a family named Triller, who were relatives. The two families had quite a train of large, covered wagons drawn by many horses, and brought cows with them as well. In the wagons the churning, baking, washing and all other domestic work was accomplished during the journey, the same as if they were at home. Mrs. Howell (Mrs Ghent's mother) got out of one of the wagons one day to vary the monotony by walking a mile or so, and, being attracted by some beautiful flowers, wandered a few feet from the trail. When she looked up she was horrified to see a large American panther close by preparing to spring upon her. Mrs. Howell didn't yell out as some ladies do now-a-days if they see a mouse, but like a sensible woman paid no attention to the beast. Fortunately one of the wagoners caught sight of the animal and levelling his fowling piece shot him dead. The panther was skinned and the skin until this day is in possession of the Ghents. Mr. John Miller Howell as the Times stated in a paragraph some weeks ago is the oldest magistrate in this country. He has been a J. P. for over 60 years. The Times wishes for him and his respected sister good health and freedom from pain until the Master calls.—Hamilton Times.

Mr. Campbell Salfed.

Georgetown Herald

For some weeks past there has been considerable disorder in Glenwilliams caused by bad blood and over-much whiskey. The chief actors in the latest disruptions seem to have been Duncan Campbell and Thos. McInerny. The first case ventilated in court was tried by Mayor Dice, and Magistrate Lindsay at Milton last week, when McInerny was fined $1 and costs for assaulting Campbell—or as some some put it, for trespass. On Thursday McInerny had Campbell up before Reeve Kennedy and Magistrate McKenzie on a charge of threatening to do him bodily injury. This threat had been made at different times and places. During the course of the examination it leaked out that Campbell had on one occasion entered the hotel at the Glen and, without notice, smashed one man's hat, kicked a pipe out of another's mouth and slung the hotelkeeper part way across the highway. It also was testified that he he had threatened to break in several pieces the back of the Glenwilliams inn-keeper. For such loud talk Duncan Campbell was bound over to keep the peace for a year.

While court was in progress Constable Search was busy working up another case against the accused. It appears that on 31st May, 1886, when Campbell was a Georgetown meat dealer, he was, as C. C. puts it, "drunk and fighting on the streets of Georgetown." A warrant for his arrest was issued at the time but justice was not meted out until Thursday last. When the C. C. knew that Campbell was to appear in court it at once struck him that he might bring him to time "and make $10 for the corporation." He thus instructed Constable Harley to arrest Campbell in court, which he accordingly did, and a fine of $10 and $5.40 costs was imposed. Mr. Goodwillie for the prosecutor; Mr. Elliott for the defendant.

We hope now to hear of a complete restoration of order in Glenwilliams.

The C. P. R. Scheme

SOME FACTS ABOUT THE PROPOSED TOLEDO AND CHICAGO BEE LINE.

Chicago, July 14.—President Donald McLean, of the prospective Toledo and Chicago Bee line from Chicago via Toledo and Detroit, is in the city. A full description of the new road was sent out two weeks ago in three dispatches. President McLean admitted to-day the truth of the former article, and thought the Chicago terminus would be the Dearborn street station. He said work had already begun at Pioneer, Ohio, and would be pushed vigorously, both ways, and completed in January. The right of way cost but $44,000 and requires very little grading. The completed road will cost less than $20,000 a mile, and most of this has already been guaranteed in forms as already noted. The Canadian Pacific will have no interest in the road officially, but all the backing is furnished by the Canadian Pacific security-holders, and the Brice-Thomas syndicate. With the coming Buffalo connections of the Canadian Pacific it will furnish a Chicago entrance to all eastern and southern roads. It will undoubtedly do an immense business, as rates can be shaded freely on traffic going through Canada.

PROHIBITION DOES NOT PURIFY.—The marked increase of criminals in the Iowa penitentiaries since the State adopted prohibition six years ago affords food for reflection and reasoning. The Chicago Inter-Ocean seems inclined to question either (1) the reality and efficacy of prohibition as such, or (2) the asserted proportion and connection between drinking and crime. It puts prohibition on the horns of a dilemma.—Canadian Churchman.

A Higher Standard Needed.

Canada Presbyterian.

The need for a higher standard of public life is being emphasized by events now transpiring at Ottawa. The full moral can only be fairly drawn when the dark chapter of disclosures has come to an end. Enough, however, has come to light to impress all who have a regard for upright action that affairs cannot go on much longer as they have been. The degrading notion that selfish ends are what people in public and private life ought to pursue has percolated to far, and to a considerable extent has sapped public virtue. It is high time for a revival of personal and political integrity. It is a healthful sign of awakening conscience that on both sides of the political dividing line there is much plain speaking. The best elements in both parties are sick and ashamed of the disgraceful doings of those in places of public trust. Men with sordid aims and ignoble ambitions are sure to forge to the front, but the chief fault is with the people themselves. An intelligent and moral electorate will not rest satisfied with being represented by dishonest schemers. It is not to the credit nor to the safety of the country that vile men should be high in place.

They Shot the Old Man.

BELLIN, Ont., July 17.—Last night about 11.30, at Lexington, about five miles from here, as Jacob Zachman, who lives in a lonely log cabin, was retiring for the night one of the windows of his house was broken by someone with a fence rail, which also knocked over and exploded a lamp. A shotgun was immediately shoved through the opening thus made and discharged directly at Zachman, the charge taking effect in the abdomen, making a frightful wound. His wife hearing the report, and thinking he was dead, rushed out to alarm the neighbors, and while doing so was struck with several miniés and injured. Dr. Noecker, of Waterloo, was immediately sent for and after examining the wound sent for Dr Bingham. The doctors pronounced the wound serious after examination, and as Zachman is 75 years old he is not likely to recover. Five young men—Charles Meyer, Emmanuel Bean and his bother, Henry Smith and Philip Heck—were this morning placed under arrest by High Constable Klippert on suspicion. A feud has for some time been raging between some parties in the neighborhood and Zachman, and about a week ago the windows in his house were smashed in a similar manner. Other arrests may follow.

Thumped Mrs. Langtry.

LONDON, July 15.—Several stories are afloat with regard to Abingdon Baird's assault on Mrs. Langtry, about which there has been a good deal of gossip. The following story was told by some one who saw Mrs. Langtry just after the assault had been committed, with the blood streaming from her face:—Some time ago Mr. Baird bought York House, Regent's Park, for Mrs. Langtry, and also paid off her debts in connection with the Princess Theatre, of which she is at present leaseholder. On a recent occasion Baird returned home unexpectedly and found a young gentleman dining with Mrs. Langtry. Without more ado he proceeded to turn him out, and then he went for "the Lily" and knocked her down. Then he kicked her in the face in such a way that it is said she is now disfigured for life. Mrs. Langtry had to be carried to bed and attended by a surgeon, who declares it is probable she will never be able to act again. Mrs. Langtry began an action for assault against Baird, but when he sobered up he repented of what he had done and went to the house. Then to prevent this action he paid her the sum of £25,000 in Bank of England notes.

The Dominion Illustrated.

A fine portrait, on heavy plate paper, of the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, the new Premier of Canada, is issued as a special supplement with the last number of excellent journal, the DOMINION ILLUSTRATED. There is also a sketch of his life, and views of his Montreal residence, as well as of Earnscliffe, Ottawa, recently leased by him from Lady Macdonald. There are in the same issue a number of fine military views, in which figure the Queen's Own, Toronto; Royal Scots, Montreal, and the officers of the 65th Batt., Montreal. Among general articles, "A Day at Monaco and Monte Carlo," is illustrated with views of Monaco and the Theatre at Monte Carlo. This week's issue is an unusually fine one.

The Guilty Connivance of Law.

Canadian Churchman.

The state—our legislators—are responsible, if men and women have the evidence of their senses commonly contradicted by the lightness of the penalty for the crime of drunkenness. That is where the root of the matter really lies. A sentence on a drunk is a matter of joke and merriment. A few days confinement—just long enough to sober up—and the person is let loose on the public again. The punishment of this crime of putting oneself in position to commit other crime, ought to be increased a thousandfold. Our legislators and judges and juries owe it to society to see this thing set right.

Wanted Randy's Wife.

A London cable says: The story that Lord Randolph Churchill is about to sue for a divorce, naming the Duke of Clarence and Avondale as co-respondent, is pronounced a pure fabrication. Lord Randolph is in Africa, and will not return here for six months at least. The story probably gained its origin in the fact that three years ago the Duke, who was then Prince Albert Victor, became enamoured of Lady Randolph, but she sensibly sent him about his business, and laughed him out of his calf-love. Since then he has devoted his attention almost entirely to young unmarried ladies, and has behaved himself remarkably well.

He Is Doing Good.

Attempts to ridicule or belittle J. Israel Tarte, M. P., may lease bigoted partizans but will not appeal to the best instincts of right-thinking Canadians.

He has done not only a party but a whole nation a service by his exposure of crookedness that is a disgrace to the Dominion.

So far in his public life, Tarte has has been a clean-handed politician. Watever the motive of his effort to throw down the McGreevy gang the effect is good, and a knowledge that public opinion is with him may sustain the member for Montmorency amid the verbal and physical ruffianism of J. J. Curran.—Toronto Telegram.

Sir John's Long Head.

Toronto Telegram: Sir John knew what he was about when he sprung a general election ere the Grits could give evidence to show the need of Turning the Rascals out.

Dr. Death is practicing medicine in Ohio.

General Butler can repeat the four gospels from memory.

Distress prevails among the refugee Jews who recently arrived at Montreal from Russia.

At Braddock, Pa., a house caught fire from an exploded lamp and five persons were burned to death.

Salton lake, in the Colorado desert, continues rising. The overflow now reaches 2,000 square miles.

Ohio Democrats have adopted a platform which embraces a plank in favor of closer commercial relations with Canada.

The international cricket match at Toronto resulted in favor of the Americans by 36 runs after a closely played game.

Miss Leale, the only lady member of the National Rifle Association of Great Britain, has made 32 out of a possible 35 at Bisley; distance, 500 yards.

The murderers of M. Baltcheff, Bulgarian Minister of Finance, have been arrested, and confess that they were hired to do the job. They are students.

At Monticello, Ark., on Thursday, Prof. F. H. Haynes, a school teacher, was stabbed and killed by Bob Baker, one of his pupils.

A Chinaman who had been conducting a laundry in New York was last week discovered to have had leprosy for eight months.

Twenty eight Russian Jews were refused permission to land from the steamship Michigan at Boston. They will be returned to Europe.

The preliminary objections in the fifteen Nova Scotia election cases were dismissed by the Supreme Court at Halifax. All the petitions are to go on for trial.

It is reported that a big pork-packing establishment will be started at Moscow in order to supply the European market. Chicago hog merchants scout the idea as impracticable.

The United States census office has issued a bulletin concerning paupers in alms houses in 1890 which shows a total of 78,045, against 66,203 in 1880. New York heads the list with 10,272.

A movement is on foot to build extensive wharves at Copenhagen which will make the port accessible during the winter. It is hoped to make it a terminus for Atlantic and Baltic vessels.

France has come to an understanding with Hayti by which the question raised by the shooting of M. Rynaud has been settled. Hayti will pay the indemnity demanded by France.

The Executive Committee of the Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance refused to recommend any applicants for appointment on the Prohibition Commission.

A protest has been lodged with the U.S. State Department over the seizure of seven American fishing boats off the coast of Maine by the Dominion cruiser Dream.

A Wiarton despatch says that the body of a well dressed man, minus the head, has been found in lake near Tobermoray. It had evidently been in the water for some time.

Mr. Gladstone has written to a personal friend that he has not now nor has he had any intention of abandoning the field of politics, and that he intends to take an active part in the coming general elections.

Operations have been commenced on the construction of the much-talked of C. P. R. bridge over the Niagara, above the whirlpool. It is supposed the structure will be finished before the snow flies.

The French Senate has passed a bill to regulate the working of women and children in factories. The bill establishes a 10-hour working day forbids night duty and prescribes one day of rest in seven.

The grand jury at Carnarvon, Wales, found a true bill against R. C. Duncan, of Washington, D. C., accused of murderously assaulting his wife. Duncan was acquitted on the ground of insanity. The court ordered that he be detained in custody.

A large party of expelled Russian Jews reached Montreal last week per Hansa line steamer Pickluhen, and they are being cared for at the Baron Hirsch Institute in that city. The tales they tell show great inhumanity on the part of Russian officials.

Speaking of the Chicago World's Fair, the London Times says: "The more they see the wares England can produce, the more certain they are to become impatient at the system which leads these wares with almost prohibitory duties."

Dixon, the well-known Toronto photographer, crossed the Niagara just above the whirlpool rapids, on Thursday on a seven-eighth inch wire cable. Over 6,000 shuddering spectators witnessed the exciting spectacle. Dixon will shortly walk again.

The lynching affair gave the New Orleans Italians some new ideas of loyalty to the United States, for they run up the American flag on the Fourth of July for the first time in years. They did not thereby indorse the running up of their fellow countrymen, however.

A summary of the crop reports shows as an average of the accounts given that hay is everywhere light; wheat, rye, barley and oats are looking well, and may yield over the usual returns; peas, heavy; potatoes, looking splendid; apples, light; filling out finely; small fruits give varying promises according to the locality.

As a result of a judical investigation by U.S. Attorney-General Miller touching the subject of Chinese smuggled into the United States by way of Canada, the collector of Customs at Detroit has received instructions from the U. S. Treasury Department that in such cases the Chinese must be returned to China, and not to Canada.

The count of the money and bullion in the vaults at the treasury at Washington consequent on the transfer of the office of treasurer from Mr. Hudson to Mr. Nebeker, began April 27, and has involved the actual handling and counting, piece by piece, of $614,511,582,32, of which amount $26,048,000 is gold coin, and $139,902,000 silver coin. Not a dollar is missing.

Colonel Bob Ingersoll is gradually parting with his extreme atheistic notions, it is said, he having progressed from demanding that the Bible should be re-written to a determination to read it himself. This leads the Providence Telegram to remark that the Bible will bear a great many re-readings, and it will never induce a theistic notions in who ever reads or re-reads it.

SAHARA NO MORE.—The discovery of an immense underground natural reservoir in the Sahara desert bids fair to make that wilderness blossom as the rose, and we shall doubtless soon know the site as a great central emporium of civilization and commerce. The developments and discoveries of such natural resources sometimes occasion changes so rapid as almost to resemble the miraculous in their effects.

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Georgetown, July 10, 1891.

WM. McLEOD & CO.

Loyalty.

The loyalty that sent Samuel Lount and Peter Matthews to the gallows is not the loyalty that this free country admires. No loyalist need make a good name ridiculous by braying against the proposal to raise a monument over the graves of two men that died for their country.—Toronto Telegram.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bishop Wescott, who, according to the London Telegraph, is generally regarded as the greatest living theologian in the Church of England, recently gave his opinion to a private correspondent about theatergoing. "The universal instinct towards dramatic representations," he says, "appears to me to show, that, like music and art, they answer to a natural and a right desire."

Of the late Bishop Ames the following anecdote is told:—While the bishop was presiding over a certain conference in the West a member began a tirade against universities and education, thanking God that he had never been corrupted by contact with a college. After the speaker proceeded thus for a few minutes, the bishop interrupted with the question:—"Do I understand that the brother thanks God for his ignorance?" "Well, yes," was the answer, "you can put it that way if you want to." "Well, all I have to say," said the bishop in his sweetest musical tone—"all that I have to say is that the brother has a good deal to thank God for."

POULTNEY BIGELOW, who was a schoolmate of the German Emperor, will contribute an article to the Mid-summer (August) Number of The Century on the first three years of the Emperor's reign—the third anniversary of his ascent to the throne having taken place on the 15th of June. Mr. Bigelow believes that "since Frederick the Great no king of Prussia has understood his business like this emperor," and in this article he gives what he considers the secret of the power of William II with his people, and incidentally contributes many facts regarding his life. This number of The Century will be especially rich in illustrated articles and complete stories, and the illustrations of Mr. Bigelow's paper will include a number of views of the palaces at Berlin and Potsdam, and engraved portraits of the emperor and empress will form a double frontispiece.

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CONSUMPTION

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 20, 1888.

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Now is the Time to Secure Bargains.

For the next 30 days I shall sell about 2000 pairs of Boots & Shoes at less than wholesale prices, for CASH ONLY. Come early, as I am determined to clear out my present stock to make room for spring goods.

Felt Boots & Shoes at your own prices

AT THOS. WILSON'S

All accounts must be paid at once.

GREAT DOWNFALL

In the PRICES of all kinds

FURNITURE

The Subscriber now offers for Sale at his Ware Rooms, Stevenson Block, Main Street, Milton, his large and well-assorted stock of Furniture's at prices lower than has ever been offered hitherto in the Town of Milton, consisting of

Parlor Suits, Bed-Room Suits, Lounges, Extension Tables, Side Boards, Wire Mattrasses of all kinds. Also a large quantity of Sea Grass and Fibre Mattrasses, wool on both or on one side

Now is the time for families who wish to furnish their houses for very little money at the Furniture Rooms in the STEVENSON BLOCK, MAIN STREET, MILTON.

JAS. A. FRASER.

COUNTY OF HALTON.

LOCAL COURTS CALENDAR, 1891.

Place of Sittings & P. O. Address of Clerks.	Clerks.	Jan.	Mar.	May.	July.	Sept	Nov.	Jan. 1892.	Hours of Opening
Milton	Wm. Panton.	16	13	15	17	18	13	15	9.30 a.m.
Oakville	R. Balmer	7	4	6	8	9	4	6	10 a.m.
Georgetown	L. Grant	13	10	12	14	15	10	12	9.30 "
Acton	J. Matthews	15	12	14	16	17	12	14	10 a.m.
Campbellville	S. R. Lister	12	9	11	13	14	9	11	10 a.m.
Burlington	Jas. Robinson	6	3	5	7	8	3	5	11 "

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings, with or without Jury, Tuesday, 9th January, Tuesday, 8th December, at 10 a.m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, 7th April and 6th October, at 10 a. m.

County Court Sittings—Formerly Terms—12th January, 6th April, 6th July and 6th October, at 10 a.m.

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts—Friday, 2nd January, 2nd April, 8th July and 2nd October.

By order, T. G. MATHESON, Clerk of the Peace.

Established 1847.

MARSHALL BROS.

—IMPORTERS OF—

TEAS AND COFFEES.

No. 67 Dundas treet, LONDON, ONT.

A. Pilkey, Hamilton, Agent for the County of Halton. 28-8m

Advertise in 'The Champion.'

VOLUME 31.

The Canadian Champion.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY Thursday Morning —AT— MILTON, CO. OF HALTON, ONT.

CAMPBELL & PANTON, Props.

OFFICE:—On Main Street, one door east of the Wallace House.

TERMS:—$1 a year in advance or $1 25 at the end of six months from the date of subscribing if not paid in advance $2 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 Column	1 year	
1 do	6 months	
1 do	3 "	
1 do	1 year	
1 do	6 months	
1 do	3 "	
1 do	1 year	
1 do	6 months	

Business Cards of ten lines and under $5 per annum.

The number of lines in a column to be measured by nonpareil measurement.

Advertisements without specified instructions inserted till forbid, and charged for accordingly.

Orders for discontinuance of advertisements must be in writing, otherwise the publishers will not be responsible.

Any Special Notice, the insertion of which will promote the pecuniary interests of any individual or company, institution, or association, will be charged as advertisement, and charged accordingly.

No special notice of any kind will be inserted for less than 10 cents a line.

Local news at less than 5 cents a line.

Marriages and deaths, without comment, free.

Notices of births, deaths, and marriages, with comment, 5 cents each.

Transient advertisements ten cents a line for first insertion, and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion, except those of lost, strayed, stolen, found, etc., which will be inserted at 40 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Cash must accompany orders for transient advertisements.

Terms for job work, cash.

To Subscribers.—No paper will be sent out of the Province until all arrearages are paid, at the option of the proprietors. A prompt notice will be given when any subscription is about to expire, so that the publishers may be enabled to send out the paper without interruption, if the subscriber desires it, and he will kindly remit the amount of his subscription at once, if he does not wish to have his name struck off the list. Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly will confer a favor by notifying the publishers of the fact.

LEGAL.

D. McGIBBON, Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Commercial Block, Milton.

D. DEWAR, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc.—the Dewar Block, Main and Commercial streets, Milton. Agent for the Phœnix Fire Insurance Co. of London.

THOMAS G. MATHESON, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. County Crown Attorney for the County of Halton.

OFFICE.—In Court House, Milton. 38-tf

J. W. ELLIOTT, B. A. Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc.

OFFICE—In rooms formerly occupied by Dewar, Esq., upstairs in Block. Milton. Money to Loan. 52-tf.

M. E. MITCHELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc.

OFFICE—Town Hall, Milton. Money to loan at 6 per cent.

VICTOR CHISHOLM, Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Notary Public.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE—Next door to Bank of Hamilton.

BAIN, LAIDLAW & Co. Barristers & Solicitors.

OFFICE—over Imperial Bank, 34 Wellington Street, East. Entrance, Exchange Alley, Toronto.

JOHN BAIN. WILLIAM LAIDLAW. GEORGE KERR.

MEDICAL

DR. McCOLLOM

M. B. & M. C. Trinity College.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a.m. 6 to 8 p.m.

Residence, Corner Main and Commercial Streets, Opp. Commercial Hotel.

DR. D. ROBERTS

SURGERY—Main St., Milton, next door to McCollom's Drug Store.

Residence and private office, Nelson St., next Post Office.

DR. P. STUART

SURGERY

Main Street Milton, next door to McCollom's Drug Store.

Residence—Opposite Parsonage.

DENTAL.

G. S. THOMAS, L. D. S., Dentist, Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto. will be in Milton on the last Thursday of every month. Office, Nelson St., Thompson's Block.

House, where he can be consulted at all other times by his professional services.

B. GOLLOP, L.D.S., DENTIST

(Lately associated with Dr. Whale) Honor Graduate Toronto University.

OFFICE—Over Frazer's Furniture Store.

Visits Norval 2nd and 4th Monday.

R. H. WINN, L.D.S.

SURGICAL DENTIST

Office in John Dewar's Block.

T. T. HARRIS, L.D.S.

DENTIST, O

Will visit Milton on Wednesdays of each week. Office, lately occupied by Dr. Carrique. Open daily.

Money to Loan

REAL ESTATE

Apply to J. A. CULHAM, 33-1y. over Post Office.

CREDIT

Parties requiring money to lend on mortgage will please call at the Champion office, Milton, where all particulars of sales, &c., can be given. Licensed Auctioneers for the Counties of Halton and Wellington.