MILTON MAILS.

MAILS OPEN FROM

Hamilton and the South at	7.55 a. m.
Toronto and the East "	8.50 "
G. V. R. West "	4.55 p. m.
H. & N. W. R. North "	9.15 "

MAILS CLOSED FOR

H. & N. W. R. North at	7.00 a. m.
G. V. R. West "	8.30 "
Toronto and the East "	4.35 p. m.
Hamilton and the South "	7.00 "

An English M.P. on the Irish Question.

The current number of the CENTURY contains a remarkably thoughtful, candid, and dispassionate article on the Irish question by Mr. James Bryce, a member of the Imperial Parliament, who touches upon some phases of the subject which have hitherto been too little regarded. He begins by comparing the Anglo-Irish difficulty with similar troubles on the European continent between subject races and their conquerors of different nationalities, and pointing out that in many instances, which seemed far more difficult of solution, a *modus vivendi* of one sort or another has been found. That in spite of the evident desire of most Englishmen to deal fairly with Ireland the irritation and heart-burning should still remain unallayed is, he considers, an anomaly which will surprise observers in other countries. He shows, however, that these conditions, though unparalleled elsewhere, are not inexplicable, and in fact are readily accounted for by the peculiar circumstances of the case.

Mr. Bryce discards at the outset the notion that the discontent of the Irish is due either to the efforts of agitators, the inferiority and unfitness for freedom of the Celtic race, or the physical character of their country and climate. He finds the true solution in the history of Ireland, which has determined the national character and created the existing relations with England. Giving a brief synopsis of the leading events in Irish history since the Anglo-Norman invasion in the time of Henry II, and laying special stress on the operation of the penal laws, he points out that the result of conquest, insurrection, spoliation and persecution was to raise a powerful barrier between the peoples. To the original race-hatred between Celt and Saxon was added the resentment of the ejected landowner against those who dispossessed him, the indignation of those debarred from political rights against those who enjoyed them, and the animosity of Catholic against Protestant. These feelings had three generations of Irishmen to work on before the relaxation of the penal laws began. The writer then deals with the insurrection of 1798, Catholic emancipation, and the Repeal movement, shows that notwithstanding every improvement in the political and social condition of the Irish, the old disabilities still rankled in the minds of the mass of the people, the island being always virtually ruled by the landlord class and their adherents. The concessions made by England have failed to produce the expected effect, partly owing to the lack of those feelings which it has taken centuries to implant not being forgotten in a few years, but to a greater degree because the total administration is in the hands of a hostile class. English rule in Ireland is not merely alien rule, but government by a dominant caste which in former times enjoyed and abused a monopoly of political and civil rights.

"To the mind of an Irish peasant or tradesman the Government is not a distant abstraction which in return for a light tax gives him the protection of the law, not an imposing embodiment of the unity of the nation; it means the squirearchy, the landholding and locally domineering class to whom he pays rent, who are justices of the peace, who are connected by social or family ties with all the other powers that be, and who are still able to influence those powers for his good or evil. * * The rancour which he feels towards this class—a rancour stronger now than it was when they deserved it far more because brutality is less restrained by a sort than arrogance by a man swollen by newly won equality), extends itself to the Government, and England has the misfortune to incur a double inheritance of hatred, that of the foreign power which has conquered, that of the ruling caste which has tyrannized at home over the poor."

Mr. Bryce thinks that the identification of English power with that of this ruling caste belongs rather to the past than to the present, a conclusion which can hardly be considered as well founded in view of the Grand Jury system of county government, and the circumstance, which no observer of Irish social life can overlook, that the magistracy are all selected from the landlord class, and the popular party entirely ignored in filling all official posts. Despite the Land Reform the squirearchy is to day as much as ever the representative and the instrument of British rule in its immediate contact with the people of Ireland.

Mr. Bryce touches another main cause of irritation in dealing with what he describes as the unsympathetic and supercilious manner of the English towards the Irish and other dependent races. "The Englishman," he says, "has hitherto always assumed that his and his habits and ideas and laws are the normal and natural ones, and has applied them accordingly." While less often cruel and far less often unjust towards those they think their inferiors than and most Europeans, they make themselves cordially disliked by their contemptuous, or, at best, condescending ways. It is this want of suavity, this inability to appreciate anything that is not English, which, according to Mr. Bryce, is resented by Irishmen, and does much to keep alive the irritation and strengthen the feeling of Irish nationality. The difficulty of Ireland getting the ear of Parliament for her grievances—and the conviction forced on the Irish people by more than one illustration that only by violence or obstruction is it possible to arrest the attention of the English nation, and secure even a hearing, are further dwelt upon as important factors in the Irish question. Agrarian crime—a legacy from the last century, when landlords trained harsh laws to the utmost, and provoked vengeance by the abuse of their power—increases the difficulties of the situation, and forces every English Administration to have recourse to coercion. The writer, however, fails to discriminate between the use of the extraordinary powers of the law in repression of actual crime, and the ill advised and arbitrary suppression of opinion as in the case of the imprisonment of Davitt and Healy. The Government, by suppressing free speech, have done a good deal to promote the very evil of secret conspiracy, which they are anxious to uproot.

Comparing the present with former periods of Irish restlessness, Mr. Bryce sees every reason for encouragement. Though the element of secret crime is still formidable, the agitation is far more open and constitutional than usual, and the temper of the English people is better. England is no longer thinking chiefly of herself and the English garrison in Ireland, but seeking what is really best for all sections of the Irish people, and the task, though arduous, is not harder than what she has already done. The point on which everything turns is her perseverance in a policy that has a better promise for the future than any hitherto resorted to.

The Boston GLOBE says that in 1840, when Harriet Martineau visited this country she showed that only seven vocations were open at that time to women who wanted work. These were keeping boarders, setting type, teaching needlework, labor in cotton mills, and folding and stitching in book-binderies. Now there are 284 occupations open to women in Massachusetts and 551,158 members of the gentler sex in this State alone earn their own living, receiving from $150 to $5,000 each per annum. This does not include amateurs or mothers and daughters in the household. As there are 70,000 surplus women in Massachusetts these new avenues of employment are widely appreciated.

THE FROZEN TRUTH.—The truth is that Mr. Foster places his politics before his temperance principles, as do many other Tory temperance advocates, and there is no reliance to be placed in him. When it is in the interests of his party to truckle with the Licensed Victuallers he does not hesitate to sacrifice his temperance principles. Rum and Kind Doods make a very queer pair and they should travel together.—Napanee Express.

Farm and Garden Brevities.

Keep ahead of the weeds.

Warm milk and barley-meal constitute good food for young chickens.

It is said that salt sprinkled about premises infested with fleas will drive the pests away.

Plymouth Rocks are hardy, good for table and for eggs, and the hens are excellent mothers.

It is estimated that the United States wheat crop will this year be considerably less than in 1882.

There are about six hundred creameries in the State of Iowa, and the yield of butter is estimated at one million pounds per annum.

The heaviest fleece shorn at the Ripon, Wis., shearing was thirty-eight pounds eight ounces. The sheep, a buck, weighed in the fleece 153½ pounds.

Overfed fowls are liable to shed their feathers. When this occurs reduce the heating diet, give a little fresh meat, and enlarge the run.

Fodder crops will stave off to a considerable degree the bad effects of a drought upon cows. Farmers, remember this point as a preparatory measure.

The establishment of creameries throughout Eastern Pennsylvania has attained large proportions and is productive in the main of the most satisfactory results.

We contend for giving all animals plenty of fresh air and a reasonable amount of exercise, in addition to wholesome food and pure water. Then they thrive well, and turn out a good and profitable quality of meat.

The white grub is often destructive to the strawberry. When a vine is seen to drop its leaves, it will be found that its roots have been cut off. Search for, and find the worm before it can destroy other plants.

The North British Agriculturist reports a singular case of rats killing a very fine calf, the property of Mr. Alex. Black, of Muirhead. They first nibbled at the calf's feet to prevent its rising, and then cutting a blood-vessel, drank its life blood.

The frosts of winter heave the soil and it is well to pass a roller over the meadows and pastures to firm the surface and make it smooth for the mowing machine. All stones loosened by the frosts should be removed; large ones, if not needed for building purposes, may be sunk out of reach of the plow.

An Anglican Sisterhood.

The following article lately appeared in the N. Y. Churchmen:—

"Quite a flutter among Anglican quidnuncs has been caused by the announcement that a sisterhood will shortly be established in Toronto with the sanction of Bishop Sweatman. The scheme appears to have been quietly maturing for a long time, as it is stated that arrangements are nearly completed for a commencement, and funds are being rapidly raised in England and elsewhere. Of course the project meets with no favor from the extreme evangelical party, of whom the "Queen city" possesses many and influential exponents, but this is only what might be looked for and is in keeping with their uniform jealousy of anything that bears the remotest analogy to 'Romanism.' Be this as it may, there can be no doubt but that such an institution, kept within proper bounds and conducted on sound Church of England lines, cannot fail to be productive of immense good both to the Church and society. As Dr. Mockridge, of Hamilton, in an eloquent and forcible sermon on the subject, lately delivered, says 'the great crying need of the Church of Canada is, 'some order of consecrated women' to supplement the work of the clergy and to penetrate into places, and to perform offices from which men must be debarred. The experiment will be watched with much interest, and all good churchmen will pray that it may become a great power for good, and that it may infuse fresh life into many half paralyzed departments of church work."

The Cunning of an Indian Woman.

Buffalo Courier.

Thursday night as the accommodation train on the Lake Shore railway was running at its usual rate of speed, just this side of Irving, the brakes were applied and the train brought to a sudden stop. Up flew the windows, and the passengers were horrified to see lying beside the track the apparently headless body of human being. The conductor, brakeman and many of the passengers sprang off and ran back to pick up the remains. Upon near approach and investigation, the supposed corpse proved to be a live young squaw under the influence of liquor. A red handkerchief wrapped about her head and shoulders gave her a very ghastly appearance, from a distance. Being assisted to her feet she exclaimed; "Me want to die! Me git run over!" Of course the kind-hearted conductor couldn't think of such a thing, and ordered her put aboard the train and carried to the next station, some four or five miles distant. Upon arriving there she was very carefully assisted off the train, and, as it moved away, placed her thumb and fingers to her nasal organ and went through a series of movements that would have done credit to any gamin, winding up by wafting a graceful kiss after the conductor as he disappeared around the corner of the depot. She had obtained a free ride, much to the amusement of the passengers and the discomfiture of the conductor. Little squaw heap sharp.

A JUDGE in St. Louis has discharged a master of a public school who was prosecuted for whipping a boy after milder punishment had been of no avail. The court found that, in order to preserve discipline, the teacher must determine the necessity, the nature, and the extent of punishment, his act, like those of a parent, being subject to judical review. The judge also said: "Four years' experience in the administration of criminal law convinces me that the boys who become criminals are those boys who don't get whipped; and when it is remembered that a large percentage of the bolder crimes known to the law is commited by youths ranging in age from 14 to 20 years, the question arises, is it better to whip first or imprison afterward?" That is one view of the matter. There is another theory: That the goody-goody boy who never "gets licked" at school is a sneak, and always turns out to be a scoundrel in after life; while the young cub who, during his school days, is regularly caned every day, is always the boy who turns out well after he has left the school. The St. Louis judge may be wrong.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.

LOOK AFTER THEM.—This is about the season of the year when the moth-miller makes its appearance and goes in search of furs and woollen goods to deposit its eggs, and as a result destroys the garments or fabric. To guard against this destructive insect it is a good plan to line a box or trunk with tar paper, such as hardware dealers sell, and after wrapping your furs and woollens in newspapers, place them in such a receptacle, closing it carefully and well. When the winds of another winter have come you will find your goods to be free from the ravages of the moth.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The greatest medicial wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by J. H. McColl.

She Accepted the Situation.

Writers without number have entered protest against miscellaneous osculation. Jesters have made it the source of jokes from time immemorial. It cannot positively be asserted that it has been denounced in the pulpit, but perhaps it has. Nevertheless, like the soul of old John Brown, it continues to go right along. Now and then something transpires to show the practice in a more ridiculous light than it has hitherto assumed, and for a while the gushers becomes more circumspect, though unfortunately, in constant danger of a relapse. One of those uncommon incidents transpired the other evening in Cummingville that classic village that nestles on "Muddy Millcreeks marshy marge." A young lady of high social standing, possessing more than an ordinary share of beauty, amiability, and other feminine graces, and accomplishments (her name is positively unknown), was the recipient of a "surprise party." Wishing to welcome her visitors with the utmost cordiality, she began saluting the young ladies, as one by one they filed in, with the inevitable smack. This was very natural. All girls do it. But the surprisers were not all girls; there were several boys, or, more properly speaking, young men. The hospitable hostess, all smiles and blushes, in the dim religious light, made a mistake. The first young man that stepped was himself surprised by a warm hug and a most decided osculatory salute square in the middle of the mouth. With courage bordering on the sublime, the hostess did not faint. She saw that she had made a miscalculation which was simply awful. Nothing remained to her but to rest for ever after under the suspicion of partiality, or to treat all the boys alike. She choose the latter course. It is alleged that the young men bringing up the rear as they saw how matters were progressing in front, braced themselves up and moved forward with an air no painter can ever do justice to. The boys could have shown a much better appreciation on the young lady's amiable treatment by keeping "mum." But with scarcely an exception they have not done so. Hence these lines to offset any misapprehension that may possibly arise.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

DR. G. A. BAYNES, Editor *Public Health Magazine*, Montreal, says: "We have now for some time been prescribing Dr. T. B. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, and we must, in justice to the Doctor, state that it is quite equal, if not superior, to any compound of the kind. We have used it in the first stages of phthisis with market benefit, as also in cases of severe dyspepsia, where everything else had failed, and in many other affections. It is a pleasant preparation, and may be taken for a long time without 'palling' on the stomach."

A pretty good story on one of the Hamilton census enumerators has just come to light and is going the rounds pretty thoroughly. It appears that he tackled a certain part of one of the avenues in his list and at one place viewed a young married lady.

"Have you any children?" he asked.

"Yes," she answere.

"What is the age of the oldest?"

"Seven months."

"What is the next one's age?"

"The next one!" she exclaimed. You don't suppose there's been another one since, do you?"

Exit a crushed enumerator.—*Spectator.*

The manufacturers of the "Myrtle Navy" tabacco invite the very closest scrutiny of its quality. The expert whose trained senses teach him to recognize the exact quality of tobacco, and the smoker who judges by his experience in smoking it, will both come to the same conclusion that it is of the very highest quality anywhere to be found. It is made of the finest of Virginia leaf and is manufactured with the greatest possible care.

"Instead of dying out," says the *Central Presbyterian*, "the Jewish body shows increasing vitality. They cannot be stamped out or swallowed up. They pass from country to country to become practically masters wherever they go. They get the land in Germany and Hungary, and grow rich in Russia; they are the great bankers in London and Paris and the centres of European commerce. In ten (recent) years the Rothschilds furnished $500,000,000 in loans to England, Austria, Prussia, France, Russia, and Brazil. They increase faster than Christians, and of every 100,000 persons only 89 Jews die to 143 Christians."

Mrs. D. Morrison, Farham Centre, P. Q., writing about Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, says: George Bell used it on his son, and it cured him of rheumatism with only a few applications. The balance of the bottle was used by an old gentleman for Asthma, with the best results. It acts like a charm."

The New York Clipper decides that Sullivan did not knock Mitchell out at their recent contest in Madison square garden, but that the fight was merely stopped by the police, and was therefore drawn. It declares all bets off.

1,000,000 Acres Choice Lands

In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER L. R. CO. at $3 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fare and freight. Fare refunded to purchasers. A climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. The best market facilities. ☞ FREE, Guide and Maps giving full information. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.

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SALESMEN WANTED FOR THE GALT NURSERIES

To begin work at once. To men who will give their full time to the business liberal offers will be made, and steady employment guaranteed. An energetic person can realize very handsome profits. Satisfactory references required. Apply personally or by letter (enclosing photo if possible) to C. S. RACEY, GENERAL AGENT, Milton. OR W. A. CAVERS & CO., Brantford.

THE FARMERS AND TRADERS LOAN ASSOCIATION, HAMILTON, - ONT.

Authorized Capital, - - $1,000,000.

LOANS MADE AT REASONABLE RATES. LOANS RECEIVED AT CURRENT RATES. SALE NOTES NEGOTIATED.

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FOR THE Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs, THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—whatever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. To restore these therefore is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where WARNER'S SAFE CURE has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all Kidney, Liver and Urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE

For sale by all dealers.

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OUR CLUBBING LIST.

	Regular price.	With Champion
Weekly Globe.	$1.00	$1.75
" Advertiser,	1.50	2.15
Harper's Magazine,	4.00	4.20
" Weekly.	4.00	4.20
" Bazar,	4.00	4.20
" Young People,	1.50	2.20
Scientific American.	3.20	3.50
" Supplement	5.00	5.10
" and Supplement	7.00	7.00
Scribner's Monthly,	4.00	4.00
Gardners' Monthly and Horticulturist	2.10	2.50
National Live Stock Journal,	2.15	3.00
American Bee Journal,	2.00	2.80
Poultry Bulletin,	1.25	1.75
Irish American.	2.50	3.00
do do sixmonths,	1.25	1.50
Canada Farmer,	1.00	1.70
Canada Medical & Surgical Journal,	3.00	3.00
Philadelphia Practical Farmer,	2.00	2.35
Bicycling World & Archery Field,	2.50	3.00
American Agriculturist,	1.50	2.15
Godeys Lady's Book,	2.00	2.50
[illegible]	2.00	2.80
Lippincott's [illegible]	2.00	3.25
Philadelphia [illegible]	3.00	4.00
The Atlantic Monthly,	4.00	4.00
Eclectic Magazine,	5.00	5.00
Art Interchange,	2.00	2.50
Art Work Materials,	3.00	3.25
American Engineer,	10.00	10.00
Decorator & Monthly,	2.00	2.50
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For Old and Young, Male and Female. Positively cures Nervousness in all its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Seminal Prostration, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Barrenness, Spinal Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex. ☞ With each order for TWELVE packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our Written GUARANTEE to refund money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the Cheapest and best Medicine in the market. Pamphlet sent free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50, or will be mailed free of postage on receipt of money, by addressing Mack's Magnetic Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont., Canada.

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All sizes and colors, at the

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In the Upper Red River Valley. The Government and railway lands in Clay County, Minnesota, possess great advantages over all other sections of the GREAT WHEAT BELT now open for settlement, in proximity to markets, and perfection of shipping facilities, being traversed by three trunk lines of railway, leading to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Duluth. Cash prices for grain at the elevators at each railway station, range 50 TO 100 PER CENT higher, and cost of merchandise, implements, &c., is proportionately lower than in sections north and northwest, where the farmer's profits are consumed by heavy freight charges to and from the distant markets.

Most fertile lands in Red River Valley and the beautiful Park Region; largest yields of No. 1 Hard; cheap fuel and building materials; early spring; no destructive storms or floods. Abundance of pure water; unlimited supply of fish and feathered game. Also timber and prairie lands in Norman and Polk Counties.

Save money by purchasing ticket to St. Paul; then take land explorer's ticket at reduced rate, giving privilege of stopping over at all stations on St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Ry.

IT WILL PAY you to stop over at Barnesville, Clay County, and investigate the fine opportunities still open. For particulars address

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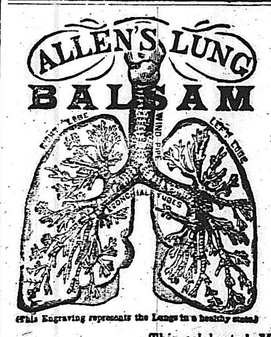
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM



(This Engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.)

THE WAY IT WILL AFFECT YOU.

It excites expectoration and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucous; *changes the secretions and purifies the blood;* heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. SUCH IS THE IMMEDIATE AND SATISFACTORY EFFECT that it *is warranted to break up the most distressing cough in a few hours time,* if not of too long standing. *It is warranted* TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION, EVEN IN THE *most confirmed cases of Consumption! It is warranted not* to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies), or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. *It is warranted to be perfectly harmless* to the most delicate child, although it is an active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. *There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption,* when ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will prevent it if only taken in time. Physicians having consumptive patients, and who, having failed to cure them with their own medicine, we would recommend to give ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM a trial. *Sold by all Druggists.*

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TAKEN INTERNALLY, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaint, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Sudden Colds, Sore Throat, Coughs, &c. Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores and Sprains, Swellings of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, Chapped Hands, Frost-bitten Feet, &c.

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Perry Davis' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

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Beg leave to intimate that they are daily in receipt of

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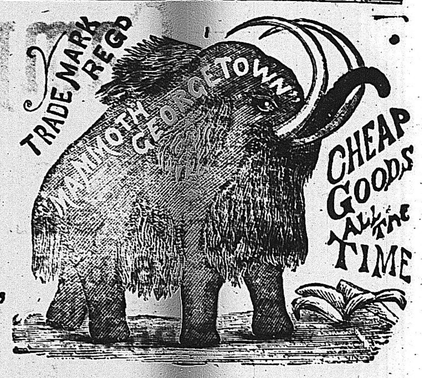

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We have exercised ourselves to our utmost capacity and made use of our long experience and large resources to secure a stock for price, variety and quality, that will surpass anything ever attempted in this county. We can assure the public that we will sell them goods at lower prices than smaller concerns have to pay for them. Our stock is large and varied, and we make daily additions to the newest and cheapest goods to be found in the makets of the world. We call special attention to our millenry—We get the newest and most fashionable material and we keep lightining hands to get up the same in superb style. Our dress making department has proved quite a success, specially of Mourning appearl and Wedding Trosseau. We have an immense stock of dress goods in all the newest materials, Silks, Satin, Satin De Lyon, Satin Marvillian, Cashmeres, &c. Prints, a magnificent assortment in the dark colors, Lively Patterns and with Borders. A beautiful dark print for 5c. per yard. Tickings, domestic goods, Checked Shirtings, Cottonades and drills—a drill for 30c. a yard that cannot be torn. We sell Grey and White Cotton at mill prices. Our Ordered Clothing Department is unsurpassed; it is one of the largest concerns of the kind in any Country Town. We guarantee satisfaction in quality, price, fit, and get up. Carpets, a magnificent stock; a Union Carpet for 30c. a yard, a Tapestry Carpet for 45c. worth 65. We have a stock that will compete with any Carpet House for style, quality and price; also a fine stock of floor oil cloths, Lace Curtains, large stock and cheap. We respectfully ask a continuance of the patronage of our friends, and cordially invite the public generally, and they may depend on getting first class value and courteous treatment from us.

McLeod, Anderson & Co'y.

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BOYS JERSEY SUITS, NEW STYLE—ALL SIZES—

I have just opened a case of these goods. They are a great improvement on the usual style of suits, the most substantial and cheapest Jersey Suits manufactured.

P. B. BARNARD'S, 36 King St. West.

—(o)—

SPECIAL EMBROIDERIES

Great Bargain in Embroideries to continue my special Embroidery Sale. I am showing 77 pices, best quality, the lot all to be sold at 5cts. per yard. Also BEAUTIFUL EMBROIDERIES 6 to 8 inches wide at 20cts. and 25cts. per yard.

NOVELTIES

New shades Taffeta Gloves 4, 6, 8, Button Length.
New shades Kid Gloves.
New Patterns Laces.
New Regatta Collars.
New Automaton Parasols.
New Passementerie Trimmings.
New Cretonne Table Covers.
New Tinsel Fans.
New Dress Trimmings.
New Spanish Laces.
New Spanish Lace Fringes.
New Dress & Mantle Buttons.

P. B. BARNARD'S LARGE SALE OF SPRING DRESS GOODS.

Spring De Beiges, Spring Nuns Veilings, Spring Cashmeres, Spring Buntings.
A Fine Lot of Fancy Sateens at 12½cts. per yard in the new colorings.

SPECIAL. A SPLENDID LOT OF CADET BLUE

Dress Material at 25c. per yard, and THIRTY PIECES —OF— NEW DRESS MUSLINS At 8, 10, 12½, 15, 17, 20 & 25c. per yard.

—TRY— P. B. BARNARD'S GREAT SALE OF NOVELTIES and BARGAINS.

SHIRTINGS.

All the best patterns in Oxford and Cambridge Shirtings at 12½ 15, and 18c. per yard at

P. B. BARNARD'S GREAT SALE

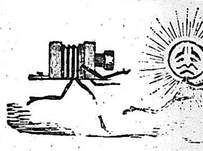
See the Brown, Navy and Cardinal Cotton Hose at 10, 12½, 15, 17 and 20cts.

$1000 Forfeit.

Having the utmost confidence in its superiority over all others, and after thousands of tests of the most complicated and severest cases we could find, we feel justified in offering to forfeit One Thousand Dollars for any case of coughs, colds, sore throat, influenza, hoarseness, bronchitis, consumption in its early stages, whooping cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, except asthma, for which we only claim relief, that we can't cure with West's Cough Syrup, when taken according to directions. Sample bottles 25 and 50 cents; large bottles one dollar. Genuine wrappers only in blue. Sold by all druggists, or sent by express on receipt of price. JOHN C. WEST & CO., 81 and 83 King St. East, Toronto, Ont. 22-1y

CAUTION

EACH PLUG OF THE Myrtle Navy! IS MARKED T. & B. IN BRONZE LETTERS. NONE OTHER GENUINE



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Small Photos...$1.00
Cabinets " ... 2.50
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Note the address.

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THE MOST POPULAR Sewing Machines —IS THE— LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME.

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William Bows

Has just received all the latest novelties in Spring and Summer Tweeds, Irish and Scotch Serges, English and French Worsteds.

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☞ Call and examine his stock.

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$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business that anyone knows of. Everything new. Capital not required: We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLET & Co., Portland, Maine.

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First class active farm workers wanted for the Lowe Farm, in Red River Valley, near Emerson. Good wages and railway fare from Hamilton. Apply personally to WM. STEPHENSON, *Manager*, At Dominion Hotel, Hamilton.

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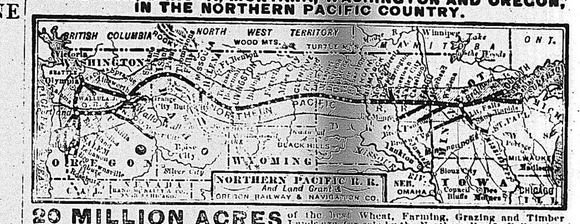

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SEWED WORK A SPECIALTY.

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ALWAYS IN STOCK A LARGE LINE OF MEN'S BOOTS, Neat and Strong.

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