NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff Sale—Biggar vs. Beaty.
No. 80—James Hollinrake.
Executors Sale of Lands—R. S. Appleby.
List of Letters—Milton P. O.
Robe Lost.
Division Court.
Lands for Sale—J. Foreman.

The Canadian Champion

MILTON, JAN. 4, 1866.

The Ministry.

The office of President of Council has been at length accepted by the Hon. Ferguson Blair, of Brock Division. The offies has gone a begging for the last few weeks after the resignation of Mr. Brown, and had been refused by Mr. McKenzie, of Lambton, after he had received a full explanation from the Hon. Mr. Howland, of the question at issue between Mr. Brown and the rest of the Ministry. After consulting with a number of Reform members at Toronto, Mr White being among the number, the Hon Ferguson Blair was offered the office, which he accepted. Mr Blair is a man of great respectability, of ample means and his name will be a tower of strength to the coalition. He will probably be elected by acclamation. As to the resignation of Mr Brown, having no data we are not in a position to judge whether it was right or wrong. It is supposed to be on the reciprocity question, if so, Mr Howland being a commercial man is likely to be a better guide on a commercial question and it is hardly probable that one man can be right and ten wrong. However, such things have been, and until we know more of it, it is well that no rash judgments be formed. We hope that the coalition may be allowed to go on and finish the great work of federating the British North American Provinces.

Highly Important.

CANADIAN CATTLE STOPPED AT FORT ERIE.

The Collector of Customs at Buffalo has ordered the immediate stoppage of the importation of Canadian cattle to the United States. This closes the traffic at Fort Erie, where many animal were awaiting transportation. It is expected that an order will speedily be given to close the live stock traffic at Suspension Bridge, but that one day will be allowed to pass the cattle in transit. Thus the American Government actually over-ride their treaty obligation, for a piece of petty spite upon the Canadians: for there is no cattle disease in Canada to call for this extra rigor in admitting live stock. If they think to drive us into annexation by this coercive policy, they are greatly mistaken, as Canadians will never be forced into union with a nation which show such petty meanness and such disregard of its treaty obligations. However, it is well that we can live without them. England, where the demand for cattle is very heavy in consequence of the cattle plague, and also our sister provinces will be our markets. We can also slaughter and dress our cattle and send them to the States, and make the Yankees pay a higher price in consequence, for they must buy our cattle for some time to come, and thus have to pay their own duty. So mote it be.

Municipal Elections.

MILTON.—In the North and East wards the former Councillors were re-elected by acclamation. In the South ward a keen contest was expected, but Dr. Freeman withdrew on the morning of the first, and Messrs. John Dewar, jr. F. McCallum and Dr. Crooker were declared elected. The Council, therefore consists of these three gentlemen and Messrs McGuffin, Smith, R. A. Lyon, Sheriff McKindsey, Whyte and Bastedo The only changes are in the South ward, where Dr. Crooker and Mr. Dewar are elected in the place of the retiring councillors, Watson and Freeman.

NASSAGAWEYA.—In this Township there was but one contest, in the third ward, between B. H. Kean and James Moffatt, Esqrs., but as the vote stood 30 to 7 the latter gentleman retired on the evening of the 1st day. The following are the Councillors elect:—

1st Ward T. Elliott.
2d do H. Cargill.
3d do B. H. Kean.
4th do A. Campbell.
5th do John Ramsay.

The only changes are Messrs. Cargill and Kean, in place of councillors Weir and McNair.

NELSON.—The only contest we have heard of was between Mr. Foster and Robert Thompson, Esq., store keeper, in Cumminsville, the former was elected by 18 majority.

In Trafalgar Messrs John Buck and W. C. Beaty are re-elected by acclamation. James White, Esq., was opposed by Wm. Hagar, Esq., but was elected by a large majority.

The Oakville Council is composed of the following gentlemen: R. K. Chisholm, Mayor. Ward No 1, G K Chisholm, Jeremiah Hagaman, W G Hagaman. Ward No. 2, W F Romain, P Macdonell, C H Moore. Ward No: [illegible] Chisholm, John Barclay, R [illegible]

We are indebted to R. Geddes, Esq., the Returning officer for Georgetown, for a statement of the vote at the close of the poll: Francis Barclay, 86; W. Freeman, M. D., 84; W. C. Wright, M. D., 82; James Barber, 68; James Young, 60; G. C. Dayfoot, 52; George Kennedy 38; Joseph Barber, 10. The first five gentlemen were declared duly elected. After addresses by the successful candidates, three cheers were given for the Queen and the meeting dispersed.

From Esquesing we learn that John McNaughton and W Clay, Esqrs., have been returned without opposition, and that another gentleman has been elected in place of Mr. Frazer. A full list from all the Municipalities will be given next week.

OIL.—There is comparatively little doing in oil matters in Halton just now, there being apparently an abatement of the "oil" fever. In Milton the requisite amount of capital has been subscribed, and the only delay is for an engine and other machinery. There is a very good offer from Guelph, and should the engine prove to be as good as represented, it will be purchased. The Oakville Company have purchased their machinery, and erected their derrick, on Wednesday 27th ult., and we suppose are now on the way to China or oil. They are the the pioneers of Halton; but in Milton we think we can allow them a fair start as our oil lies so much nearer the surface that we can easily catch up, when we commence the race. In Stewarttown oil matters are quiet, but we are authorized to state that the idea of digging is by no means given up. They are only awaiting for a favorable offer from a contractor.

A meeting of the Milton Company is called for important business on Monday evening next.

Local Intelligence.

Milton.

The annual meeting of the County Agricultural Society, will be held at the Town Hall, Milton, on Friday the 19th inst., at 11 a. m.

We have had handed us a list of 67 names of a committee for getting up a dinner to the Directors of the Society, at the Thompson House, on the evening of the annual meeting. The names on the committee comprise most of the leading agriculturists of the County, and we have no doubt the dinner will be a brilliant affair.

The annual meeting of the Nassagaweya Agricultural Society, will take place on Saturday the 13th inst., at 2 p. m.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—The examination of Mr Stark's School, Sec. No. 3 Nassagaweya, was held on Friday, the 22nd ult., and notwithstanding the stormy day, was well attended by the parents and others. The various classes were thoroughly examined and gave evidence of the industry of the teacher. $20 worth of prizes were given to the best pupils.

HALTON MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.—The annual dinner of the association will be held at the Thompson House, at 6 P. M., on Tuesday, the 16th instant.

HAVE WE A MAN IN THE MOON?—We doubt it, we do; but do not doubt Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers being good for a sore throat, hoarseness, cold, bad voice, etc.; 25 cents a box, at Wilmott's and Watson's. Try a few of these Wafers.

CURLING.—The medal will be contended for on Saturday next, at 12 M.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to learn that Laman Evans, Esq., teacher in Esquesing, has become a member of the fourth estate, inasmuch as he has been chosen "Local" of the Ottawa POST. Mr. Evans is well qualified for this position, and we shall doubtless hear of his rapid elevation among the members of the press.

☞ The Grammar School will resume work on Monday next, the 18th inst. It is now held in the Temperance Hall. Fee for all branches, one dollar a month.

COMMITTAL.—James Thompson, Tailor, was brought before W. D. Lyon, Esq., Mayor, and fined for being drunk. In default of payment he was committed to jail for six days.

QUARTER SESSIONS.—At an adjourned meeting of Magistrates, it was resolved that the watch, money, revolver and other effects of Tebow, the burglar, should be restored to the Rev. Lachlan Cameron, of Acton, in order to compensate him for the loss he sustained by the robbery.

MASONIC.—The Brethern of St. Clair Lodge, Milton, met for installation of Officers at the Lodge Room, when the following officers were installed, viz:—

W. Bro. D. Downie, W. M.
" G. T. Bastedo, } P. M.
" H. Watson, }
" R. Matheson, }
" W. L. P. Eager, }
Brother G. Smith, S. W.
" J. McGuffin, J. W.
" C. Freeman, T.
" N. R. Britton, S.
" W. VanAllen, S. D.
" T. Crooker, J. D.
" I. Hunter, D. of C.
" C. Nichaus, I. G.
" J. Wallace, }
" J. Lindsay, } Stewards.
" D. McQuarrie, }
" E. Bones, }
" W. Scott, Tyler.

At 8 P. M. the brethern and their friends to the number of about 50, sat down to a sumptuous dinner, prepared in Wallace's best style. The usual Masonic toasts and songs were given and the time passed very pleasantly, until the arrival of the "Wee sma' hours" warned Manons that as moderation was their boast, it was time to give the last toast, "Happy to meet, sorry to part, happy to meet again."

THE FAIR.—The second Monthly Fair is being held to-day in Milton. It is held regularly on the Thursday after the Guelph Fair, or on the first Thursday after the first Wednesday of each month. The Georgetown Fair is always the day after the Milton Fair and is consequently held to-morrow.

COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—We have received the annual Report of the Colonial, which shows the affairs of the Company to be in a most satisfactory condition. The Agent for Milton is Mr. Bartedo, from whom prospectuses and all information relating to the Company can be obtained.

Kilbride

At the last regular meeting of the Kilbride Orange Lodge, No 440, the following brethern were elected Office bearers for the ensuing year:

Master—Joseph Wallace.
Deputy Master—S. Heatherington.
Chaplain—Sylvester Bradt.
Secretary—J. Summerville.
Treasurer—J. Addison.
1st Com. Man—J. Heatherington.

Meetings as usual on first Monday in each month

Hornby.

HORNBY ORANGE LODGE, No. 243. The officers of this Lodge were elected on the 28th ult, and are as follows:

Master—F. B. Lindsay.
Deputy Master—J. Warren.
Secretary—Wm. Armstrong.
Treasurer—W. G. McKindsey.
1st Committee man—W. Armstrong.

After the Lodge was closed the brethern partook of a supper prepared by Brother Armstrong, at the expense of the Master elect, and spent a few hours together very pleasantly.

Nassagaweya.

FIRE.—The dwelling belonging to Mr. Wm Corner, Teacher, and occupied by Mr. John Husband, on Lot 25, in the 4th Concession, Nassagaweya, was consumed by fire on Christmas evening last. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective stovepipe.

Stewarttown.

EPISCOPAL SOIREE.—There will be a grand soiree in aid of the Episcopal Church, Stewarttown, on Monday next, at which the following gentleman are expected to deliver addresses. Revds. Messrs Arnold, Ewing, Tremayne, Dyer, and Dr. O'Meara. Good music in attendance.

Omagh.

OMAGH LODGE, No. 332.—The following are the names of the officers elect for the ensuing year:

Master—Wm Gibson.
Deputy Master—Wm. Beaty.
Secretary—John Wales.
1st Committee Man—Wm. Clark.
2nd do do—James Moore.
3rd do do—J. Williamson.
4th do do—Jno. Dearing.
5th do do—D. Williamson
Chaplain—Ezra Askin.
Director of Ceremonies—James Fox
Tiler—Lawrence Brown.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents. Our columns are open to all.

County Board Examination.

To the Editor of the CANADIAN CHAMPION.

Dear Sir,—I doubt not that you have often met persons ambitious of seeing their opinions in print, such a one I should suppose your correspondent "October" to be, since he again comes forward with some very crude ideas upon the above subject, expressed, as before, in very ambiguous terms. But as he says that I made a violent attack upon his "Queen's English", I shall abstain from doing so in replying to his last letter, notwithstanding, he gives me ample opportunities for so doing, but shall content myself with pointing out a few errors with which he has fallen.

Firstly—He says that November states that those who obtained special Certificates, did so on the "highest possible number of marks in each of these subjects," and that my lettter, giving the number of marks obtained, contradicted that statement. When I notice how loosely "October" puts words together, I can readily understand how easily the meaning of a word may escape his notice. If "October" will refer to his first brilliant production, and the reply of "November" thereto, he will find that he mentions various branches in which a low number of marks was obtained, to which "November" replies in the words quoted above, such Mr. Editor, was the fact. But "October" appears to have lost sight of the reference made by the words on these subjects.

Secondly—"October" attempts to criticize the grammatical structure of the reply to his first. His first objection will, I think, be found a typographical error; his second, third and fourth, he will find (if he will study grammar sufficiently to understand it) to be perfectly correct. The fourth objection, taking I believe from my letter, is correct upon the authority of "October" who directly after uses the same expression which he objects to, surely he will admit that to be a high authority, whatever the public may do. In conclusion Mr. Editor, "October" says that I admitted that these questions which he solved were simple. In that he is quite at fault. I admitted that the Euclid paper was too simple, but the questions which "October" solved were from the Arithmetic paper, which your readers will remember, I declared to be well adapted to draw out a teacher's knowledge of that subject. I am prepared to go yet further than that, and say, that the Arithmetic paper at the last examination was one of the most difficult ever prepared by the Halton Board. I hope we shall soon have Provincial Board of Examintions "where no man shall be known, and all shall be dealt with according to their deserts", but before presenting himself to such a board for examination, I would earnestly recommend "October" to take lessons in English Grammar and Composition, lest he get "plucked".

I am Dear Sir,
Yours &c.,
LAMAN EVANS.

Municipal Matters in Esquesing.

To the Editor of the "Canadian Champion."

SIR:—As my name is very freely made use of in a letter which appeared in your last issue, I deem it due to the other members of the Council as well as myself, that I should reply to the various charges brought against me. Mr. Hume did not offer to collect the taxes in Ward No. 1 for the year for $16 until the by-law appointing the collector was being read the third time, when he observed that the former collector who had performed his duties satisfactorily was being reappointed at the same salary as Mr. Hume had named in his application, viz. $20.—If Mr. Hume really thought the salary too high, and his intention was not merely to prevent the reappointment of the old collector, why did he not make the offer to accept $16 at first? The Reeve, Mr. Clay, very properly said that the Council did not keep an auction room. At the same time several of the collectors were petitioning for an increase of their salaries. Mr. H. got a salary of $25 as collector in 1855, and I do not think the duties are less onerous now than they were 10 years ago. Perhaps Mr. Hume will refund the $9 and interest. Mr. Hume did offer to perform the duties last year for $15, but he took good care not to do so until after the collectors were appointed. The fact that Mr. Hume has an itching for municipal honors for the past three years, and has in fact canvassed the Ward several times with that object, may, in part, account for his conduct in this connection. Thomas Chisholm, Esq, a very respectable farmer, is the party referred to as being willing to assess the Township for $90. Now, Mr. Chisholm neither applied for the office in person or by writing, and the Council thought he was quite competent to attend to his own business without the aid of such a busybody as Mr. Hume. I believe the fact is, Mr. Chisholm told Mr. Hume that the service was worth $118 or $120. The amount paid for assessing the Township, before last Militia and Absentee Land Tax Acts were passed, which have increased greatly the duties of assessors, was $118. The office of assessor is a most responsible one, and I do not think too highly remunerative even in Esquesing. And as our collector gets very little over two per cent for collecting, whilst School Trustees are authorized to allow 5 per cent, I do not think he is overpaid.

As regards the Colville matter, I cannot see how Mr. Hume can call it my private debt, when he himself twice asked the Council to pay it. He came to me and said that Colville was at his place in a state of destitution and wished me to come and see him. I did so, and found Colville in a feeble state. Mr Hume said that he wanted some clothing and I told him to get what was really necessary and the Council would see him paid. Four weeks afterwards he bargained with Dow, who resides out of the municipality, for $3 to keep Colville, and then bought him a shirt which he put over the 3 or 4 others he had on. Colville being at the same in a filthy condition the clothing was spoiled, and on Dow's telling Mr. Hume so, he told Dow to go to Lyons' and get what he wanted. Mr. Hume should at least have consulted the Reeve before ordering such an unlimited amount of board and clothing. But, no, he has no regard for economy when he expects the ratepayers of Esquesing to pay for what he calls my private debt. He charged $27 for board and $11.25 for clothing; he would have had a right to charge for four weeks board if he had taken proper care of Colville. The balance for board and clothing was contracted when Colville was out of the municipality and without orders, and, I consider, was Mr Hume's own debt. The Council, however, paid the $27, but advised that the clothing be paid by subscription, to which Mr. Hume consented. This was in November, 1862. In the following January Mr. Hume asked for $23.25 more, although he had been distinctly told that he could get no more. This was, however, granted him, and he was again told that no more would be given. Again Mr. Dow came for more funds, but the Council refused to allow the ratepayers to be imposed upon any longer by the ECONOMICAL arrangements of Mr. Hume! In the whole transaction I considered I was defending the ratepayers from a gross imposition.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN McNAUGHTON.

Esquesing, Dec. 28, 1865.

Omagh School Examination.

To the Editor of the Champion.

SIR:—Knowing the interest you take in in all matters pertaining to education, I proceed to give you an account of an examination, which took place at Omagh School, on the 22nd ult. This school for the last six years, has been under the able management of Miss C. M. Henderson, who is a very successful Teacher, and has by industry raised this school to a very high standard. The pupils who were examined in their several studies, acquitted themselves very creditably, which did honor both to their Teacher and themselves.

In the afternoon refreshments were supplied, to which, it is needless to say, both old and young did ample justice. After the wants of the inner man had been fully satisfied, came a various collection of amusing dialogues and recitations by the pupils, which did great credit to those engaged.

But the most pleasing feature of the day was yet to come; this was the presentation to Miss Henderson by her pupils. After the other business of the day had been concluded, Miss Rebecca Wales came forward and read an address, and at the same time Miss Emily Beaty presented her with a handsomely bound Bible and a beautifully gilt Album. The following is the

ADDRESS.

DEAR TEACHER,—We, on behalf of ourselves and schoolmates, wishing to express our high appreciation of you, take advantage of this opportunity of manifesting our good will towards you for the care and attention you have taken in striving to implant in our minds the rudiments of education. We solicit your acceptance of this Bible and Album as a memento of the regard and esteem we entertain for you.—And although these our offerings fall infinitely short of your deserts, they being small and trifling in themselves, nevertheless we hope you will prize them, and long keep them in remembrance of your old pupils; and although you may be removed far from us, yet when you think of these, your thoughts may be led back in kindly remembrance of those who gave them.—In looking back on the past six years, during which you have been engaged as our teacher our hearts are filled with gratitude and thankfulness to you, when we consider the pains you have taken and the patience you have exhibited towards us in striving to advance us in the different studies in which we have been engaged, as well as the interest you have taken in our welfare in general. In conclusion, dear teacher, allow me to express the hearty wish of all your pupils, which is for you long continued prosperity and happiness.

To which Miss Henderson read the following beautiful reply:

MY DEAR PUPILS,—I sincerely thank you for this expression of your appreciation of my endeavors to advance you in your several studies, and for the sentiments of regard for, and attachment to me, which are also expressed. With very great pleasure, dear pupils, I accept your beautiful and costly presents. Believe me this manifestation of your good will and affection is fully appreciated, and when the present has faded far into the past, they will still be dearly prized, and even kept in remembrance of the dear boys and girls at Omagh, with whom I have been so long associated. In reverting to the past years of my arduous labours in this school, my reminiscences are painful as well as pleasing, yet my regrets are buried, and you have doubly endeared yourselves to me by the sympathy expended in sorrow's darkest hour. And although the relationship which has existed between us for the last six years is now to be severed, rest assured dear pupils, that you will never be forgotten by me. And if it be the will of the Great Disposer that we should never meet again as teacher and pupils, may we meet at last in that better world where sorrow is not known.

The Grand Trunk Railway—Its Condition and Improvements.

It is hardly necessary to remind our readers, that for several years past the very mention of the name of the Grand Trunk Railway aroused in the public mind the most obious visions of jobbery and corruption, and so strong has been the prejudice of the people against this line of railway, that nothing connected with the construction of the road or its management was classed as good, or as conferring any material benefit upon the country. Time, the great leveller of prejudice, and the altered state of political parties for some time back, have done much to remove this old prejudice, and open the eyes of our public men and the press to the folly of unjustly traducing the condition and financial position of a corporation which is so closely bound up with the true interests and prosperity of Canada, to say nothing of the employment it affords thousands of our countrymen, of all grades and conditions in society. A journalist, therefore, may now do the Grand Trunk Railway Company justice, without the purity of his motives being called in question, or running the risk of giving mortal offence to his readers.

Regarded as a means to the great end now sought for of consolidating British interests on this continent, the importance of the Grand Trunk cannot be over-rated. If this be true, and we think it scarcely admits of a doubt, those who approve of and support the scheme of Confederation must at once see how futile that measure would prove without the connecting link supplied by the Grand Trunk, for the Intercolonial Railway. The connection of these two lines of railway would form an unbroken chain, to bind us to the Maritime Provinces, and would thus be as essential to our political existence and growth as a colony, as is the blood to the life and growth of the human system. It is a waste of time to attempt by argument to prove the great advantages which has derived from this line of railway. It would hardly be possible to conceive the deplorable condition of this province,—in a commercial point of view—were it not for the immense facilities afforded by the Grand Trunk during the winter season when all communication by water with the sea board is closed. Instead of the farmer getting as he now does, unusually high prices for nearly everything which he raises, his products would lay on his hands as a mere drug because it would be impossible to get them to market. And while we do not wish to conceal the fact that as a railroad it has aided largely in increasing the public debt, yet the advantages and comfort derived from it even in this one particular, far more than outbalance any such increase, while the plain fact is before us that by the construction of the Grand Trunk Railway, real estate, especially along the line, in a great majority of cases, has doubled in value. Here we would have our readers distinctly to understand, that although saying this much in favor of the company, we are not prepared to state that there was no jobbery and corruption indulged in by those who initiated its construction. On the contrary, we believe there was, but these days have passed, and this line, we are happy to know, is now under a new regime. For since its chief management has been placed under the control of Mr. Brydges, all must admit that its affairs have assumed a much more prosperous aspect, and the public have been better served, while the condition of the line, especially during the last few years, has been very greatly improved. Indeed, we were very much surprised to learn upon what we consider undoubted authority, that within the last five years over 517 miles of new rails have been laid down. This has re-laid more than half the entire length of the line. There have also been laid within the same period 1,750,000 new ties, which is about equal to entirely relaying with sleepers of 800 miles of the road, or within 250 miles of the whole line. It is also proposed, we understand, to put in annually a sufficient number of ties, so as to place the road in a thoroughly sound condition. Within the last three years about 390 miles of new rails have been laid, and it is contemplated to put in 100 miles every year for some time to come, which, in this respect, must render the road a safe thoroughfare for travellers. And here we should state that the ties now and hereafter to be used, are all much larger and of better material than they were originally; while the new rails that are being laid, and which are manufactured at Toronto are heavier than those used heretofore. We also understand that the company are experimenting in regard to the use of iron rails with steel heads, and these will in all probability be found to supersede the others before long. These improvements have involved the large outlay of £500,000 sterling, or about $2,500,000 in addition to the ordinary expenses of working the line. Such facts are highly gratifying, as showing not only the improvements made in the condition of the line but also the healthy state of the financial affairs of the company. It will at once be seen by these figures that the Grand Trunk Railway has been almost completely renovated. Not only is this the case, but a very large amount has been expended on the Rolling Stock, such as the refitting of engines, &c., an amount proportionate to that which has been expended on the permanent way. Steel axles and tires are being rapidly substituted in place of iron on the engines. Since Mr. Brydges assumed the management of the road he has, in the face of great financial difficulty added about 30 new engines. All the passenger cars, too, as will be noticed by the travelling public have been re-painted, and a large number of them have had their roofs raised, thereby rendering them much more healthy and comfortable to ride in, because better ventilated, while within the last 3 years 26 new passenger cars have been added to the large number formerly in use. Besides these beneficial changes, the freight cars have also been generally overhauled and repaired, and are now in as good condition as upon any road on the continent.

To those who wish to see this line of railway prosper, and we believe there are few who do not, the facts we have given above will be read with interest. They show that the Grand Trunk Railway is not the mere "rotten monopoly" its extreme opponents have pictured it to be, but that it is a hard-working corporation desirous of establishing railway interests on such a basis as to ensure the utmost attainable safety, comfort and accommodation to the immense traffic which feeds it. For the much needed andoft called for changes which have inaugurated this new state of things, the public are indebted to Mr. Brydges. As a railway Manager, clever, shrewd and calculating, he is allowed, even by those who oppose his policy, to have no superior on this continent. What the Grand Trunk now is, and its condition never was better, it owes to him alone. He has infused into its working a vigour and energy heretofore unknown, and from a selfish grasping opponent of the country's interests he has converted it into a powerful and useful friend.—BERLIN TELEGRAPH.

We intended to have written an article on the above subject, but the 'Telegraph' has so aptly and ably expressed our sentiments, that we give the article entire. We fully concur in the sentiments there in expressed.—ED. CHAMPION.

A NEW VOLUME.—The Phrenological Journal commences its 43d vol. with the present January Number—which contains Rufus Choate, John Marshall, Sir Mathew Hale, John Bright, Flat-headed Indians, etc., with Portraits. The Two Paths—8 Portraits. Character in shaking Hands, illustrated. Influence of Mind on Body. Love and Lovers.—Foresseeing and Foreknowing. Ghosts and Prophets. Heads and Hats. Dress and Disease. Engineering as a pursuit New York City, with engraved view. Advice to a Student. The Wolf and the Lamb. The Lion and the Mouse. The Ass and his driver. The Dog in the Manger etc.; with upwards of 30 illustrations. A Pictorial Double Number. 20 cents, or a year for $2. Address Messrs Fowler & Wells, 389 Broadway, New York.

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No traveller should be without a supply of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. in his pocket.

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JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, N. Y.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W. general agents for the Canadas. Sold in Milton by H. Watson, and J. B. Wilmott; J McMillen, Hornby; R. Dolmage, Palermo; T Ruston, Georgetown; J. Wildie & Co. Wellington Square, and all medicine dealers. v5n2-1y

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
GIFT BOOKS,
Ladies' Bags and Portmonies
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, &C.
A nice assortment at
J. B. Willmott's Drug Store.

Children's Toys
A large collection at
J. B. WILLMOTT'S.

A GOOD STOCK OF
School Books,
WRITING PAPER,
WALL PAPER, SHADES, &c.
at J. B. WILLMOTT'S.

FOR THE
BEST DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT
Medicines, Dye-Stuffs, &c., go to
J. B. WILMOTT'S,

J. B. WILLMOTT,
Surgeon Dentist.
EVERY operation in connection with the Profession carefully and skilfully performed. Artificial teeth inserted on Gold Silver, and Rubber Plates.
OFFICE IN REAR OF THE DRUG STORE.
Sept. 1, 1864. 414-1y.

J. B. Willmott;
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Main Street Milton. 5 26

Births.

In Nassagaweya, on Sunday, the 24th ult., the wife of John McPhedrain, Esq., of a son.

Marriages.

On the 25th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Pickard, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr Wm Leslie, of Meadowvale, to Miss Annie F. Howson, of Esquesing.

At the residence of the bride's father on the 12th inst., by the Rev. W. Willoughby, Rebecca Hind, daughter of Dr. Chamberlin, to Cyrus Kenney, all of Trafalgar.

On Friday, the 22nd ult., by the Rev. J H. Fowler, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Joseph Hall, Esq., Robert Frazer, Esq, to Miss Elizabeth Baily, all of Trafalgar.

On Christmas day, by the Rev. Mr. Gillespie, David Henderson, Esq., School Teacher, Nelson, to Miss Elsie Christie, of Milton.

Died.

At Glenwilliams, on Friday, 22nd ult., Mrs. Henry Ackert.

Very suddenly, on Sunday, the 24th ult., Lydia Culbane, wife of James McGuffin, Esq, Reeve of Milton.

Of Typhoid Fever, on Sunday, the 24th ult., Robert, son of John Holgate, Esq., Milton, aged 6 years.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Jan 3d 1866.

Fall Wheat	$1 00 to 1.20
Spring Wheat	1 00 to 1.12
Oatmeal per brl	2 62 to 3.00
Oats	0 30 to 0 32
Barley	0 60 to 0.72
Peas	0 58 to 0.62
Potatoes	0 55 to 0.60
Apples per brl	1 50 to 2 50
Pork per cwt	6 50 to 6 50
Eggs	0.18 to 0 20
Butter	0 19 to 0 22
Cheese	0.13 to 0.15

Guelph Markets.

Guelph, Jan. 3d. 1866.

Fall Wheat	1 00 @ 1 15
Spring Wheat	1 00 @ 1 03
Oats	0 30 @ 0 30
Barley	0 50 @ 0 56
Peas	0 50 @ 0 55
Potatoes, per bush	0 40 @ 0 55

HAMILTON MARKETS.

Jan. 3d, 1866.

Fall Wheat	1 15 @ 1 25
Midge proof	1 10 @ 1 10
Mediterranean	1 10 @ 1 15
Spring Wheat	1 00 @ 1 15
Barley	0 60 @ 0 65
Peas	0 50 @ 0 50
Oats	0 30 @ 0 37
Potatoes	0 50 @ 0 50
Butter	0 20 @ 0 22
Eggs	0 25 @ 0 00
Hay per ton	9 00 @ 0 00

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS SALE!

BY direction of the will of the late BARNETT GRIGGS, Esq., the following valuable lands and with timber, situated

ONE MILE FROM OAKVILLE
containing about
217 Acres of First Class Land

Including about 40 Acres of splendid Pine and Hardwood, with first class Frame Buildings, and an excellent Orchard. Being Lot No. 6, in the 3rd, and Broken Front in the 4th Concession, south Dundas Street, Trafalgar (the homestead of the late Barnett Griggs, Esq.) fronting on Lake Ontario. The above will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION!

At the Rooms of Wm. Wass, Esq., Oakville, on

Saturday, 27th January, 1866,

In one lot. Upset price, $5 600. Terms cash to this amount, the balance to be secured on Mortgage on the premises. Title indisputable.

All persons having claims against said Barnett Griggs are required to furnish the undersigned with particulars thereof and vouchers before the day of sale.

R. S. APPELBE.
Executors Solicitor, Oakville.
December 27th 1865. 30-td

SCARLET CHAPTER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Scarlet Chapter, will be opened in the Orange Hall, at Milton, on the 14th January 1866.

J. B. LINDSAY, K. C.
Milton, June 4th, 1866.

New Advertisements.

Sheriff's
Sale of Lands

COUNTY OF HALTON, } BY virtue
TO WIT: } of a Writ

of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas and to me directed, against the Lands and Tenements of WILLIAM BEATY, at the suit of Jessie Biggar, Administratrix of Andrew Biggar, deceased, I have seized and taken in execution the following Lands and Tenements, viz:—The West-half of Lot No. 8, in the Fifth Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Trafalgar, containing by admeasurement One Hundred Acres, more or less, which property, or the interest of the said William Beaty in and to the same, I will offer for sale at my Office, in MILTON, on Thursday, the 27th day of April, A.D. 1865, at two of the clock in the afternoon,

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton,
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 25th Jan'ry, 1865.

The above sale is adjourned to Friday, the Twelth day of May, 1865, at the same hour and place, and will be sold under and by virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas and Fieri Facias residue.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton,
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 27th April, 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Friday the 19th May, 1865, at the same hour and place.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton.
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 12th May, 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Saturday, the 26th May, 1865, at the same hour and place

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff Co. Halton.
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 19th May, 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Friday, the 9th June, 1865, at the same hour and place.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton.
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 20th May, 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Friday, the 8th day of December, 1865, at the same hour and place.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton.
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 9th June, 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Tuesday, the 2nd January, 1866 at the same hour and place.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff, Co. Halton,
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 8th Dec., 1865.

The above sale is further adjourned to Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1866, at the same hour and place.

G. CRAWFORD McKINDSEY,
Sheriff Co. Halton.
Sheriff's Office, Milton, 2nd Jany., 1866

To Sell or Rent.

FOR SALE or to lease for a term of years a Farm, 95 Acres cleared and under good cultivation, bounded by the village of Oakville. Also, a Farm with 60 acres cleared, three miles from Acton.—Also 10 acres of excellent land well cleared, at Silver Creek, Esquesing, County of Halton. For further particulars apply (post paid) to

JOHN FOREMAN,
Silver Creek P. O.

I will sell the Oakville farm in parcels if required. J. F.

Silver Creek, January 3rd, 1866. 30-1y

NO. 80.

JAMES HOLLINRAKE.

Cotton Yarn,
$8 Per Bundle.

SLEIGH ROBE FOUND!
NEAR MILTON.
ENQUIRE AT THE "CHAMPION" OFFICE.
Milton, January 3rd, 1866. 30-1in

DIVISION COURTS Co. Halton, 1866

Milton, Saturday	10th Feb
Nassagaweya, Monday	12th "
Acton, Tuesday	13th "
Georgetown, Wednesday	14th "
Oakville, Friday	16th "
Nelson, Saturday	17th "

J. DAVIS.
Judge.

J. EASTWOOD & CO.,
White's Block,
KING STREET, HAMILTON,

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY
TO PURCHASE
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
PAPER HANGINGS,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
AND
Fancy Goods.
Hamilton, Sept. 13, 1865. 16-tf